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Structured Products
Research Report

Reverse Convertible Notes linked to Gamestop Corp.

Description
Barclays issued $2.00 million of Reverse Convertible Notes linked to Gamestop Corp. on January 29, 2010 at $1,000 per note.

These notes are Barclays-branded reverse convertibles. Reverse convertibles pay periodic interest coupons and at maturity convert into shares of the reference security if the price of the reference stock at the notes’ maturity is below its price when the notes were issued and had closed below a specified “trigger” during the term of the notes.

These 6-month notes pay monthly coupons at an annualized rate of 10.00%. In addition to the monthly coupons, at maturity on July 29, 2010 investors will receive the market value of 50.92 shares of Gamestop Corp.’s stock if on July 26, 2010 Gamestop Corp.’s stock price closes below $19.64 (Gamestop Corp.’s stock price on January 26, 2010) and had ever closed at or below $15.71 during the term of the notes. Otherwise, investors will receive the $1,000 face value per note.

Valuation
This Barclays reverse convertible linked to Gamestop Corp.’s stock can be valued as a combination of a note from Barclays and a short down-and-in, at-the-money put option on Gamestop Corp.’s stock. For reasonable valuation inputs this note was worth $941.22 per $1,000 when it was issued on January 29, 2010 because investors were effectively being paid only $45.05 for giving Barclays an option which was worth $103.84.

There is no active secondary market for most structured products. Structured products, including this note, therefore are much less liquid than simple stocks, bonds, notes and mutual funds. Investors are likely to receive less than the structured product’s estimated market value if they try to sell the structured product prior to maturity. Our valuations do not incorporate this relative lack of liquidity and therefore should be considered an upper bound on the value of the structured product.

Payoff Curve at Maturity

The payoff diagram shows the final payoff of this note given Gamestop Corp.’s stock price (horizontal axis). For comparison, the dashed line shows the payoff if you invested in Gamestop Corp.’s stock directly.

Related Research

Research Papers:
www.slcg.com/research.php

• “Are Structured Products Suitable for Retail Investors?” December 2006.
• “Stradford Products in the Aftermath of Lehman Brothers,” November 2009.

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Did Gamestop Corp.’s stock price close below the trigger level $15.71 during the term of the notes?

Did Gamestop Corp.’s stock price on July 26, 2010 close below $19.64?

You will receive $1,000 per note at maturity.

You will receive the market value of 50.92 shares of Gamestop Corp.’s stock at maturity.

The contingent payoffs of this Reverse Convertible Note.

Analysis

This reverse convertible’s 10.00% coupon rate is higher than the yield Barclays paid on its straight debt but, in addition to Barclays’s credit risk, investors bear the risk that they will receive shares of Gamestop Corp.’s stock when they are worth substantially less than the face value of the note at maturity.

Investors purchasing reverse convertibles effectively sell put options to Barclays and post the note’s issue price as collateral to secure satisfaction of the investors’ obligations under the option contracts. Barclays pays investors a “coupon” that is part payment for the put options and part interest on the investors’ posted collateral. This reverse convertible is fairly priced if and only if the excess of the reverse convertible’s “coupon rate” above the interest Barclays pays on its straight debt equals the value of the put option investors are giving to Barclays. Whether the reverse convertible is suitable or not is equivalent to whether selling put options on the reference stock at the option premium being paid by Barclays was suitable for the investor.

Barclays’s Stock Price

The graph above shows the adjusted closing price of the issuer Barclays for the past several years. The stock price of the issuer is an indication of the financial strength of Barclays. The adjusted price shown above incorporates any stock split, reverse stock split, etc.
Barclays’s CDS Rate

Credit default swap (CDS) rates are the market price that investors require to bear credit risk of an issuer such as Barclays. CDS rates are usually given in basis points (bps). One basis point equals 0.01%. Higher CDS rates reflect higher perceived credit risk, higher required yields, and therefore lower market value of Barclays’s debt, including outstanding Reverse Convertible Note. Fluctuations in Barclays’s CDS rate impact the market value of the notes in the secondary market.

Gamestop Corp.’s Stock Price

The graph above shows the historical levels of Gamestop Corp.’s stock for the past several years. The final payoff of this note is determined by Gamestop Corp.’s stock price at maturity. Higher fluctuations in Gamestop Corp.’s stock price correspond to a greater uncertainty in the final payout of this Reverse Convertible Note.

Realized Payoff

This note matured on July 29, 2010 and investors received $1,000.00 per note.
Reference Asset Gamestop Corp.'s Stock's Implied Volatility

The annualized implied volatility of Gamestop Corp.'s stock on January 26, 2010 was 40.58%, meaning that options contracts on Gamestop Corp.'s stock were trading at prices that reflect an expected annual volatility of 40.58%. The higher the implied volatility, the larger the expected fluctuations of Gamestop Corp.'s stock price and of the Note's market value during the life of the Notes.

Decomposition of this Reverse Convertible Note

1. Delta measures the sensitivity of the price of the note to the Gamestop Corp.'s stock price on January 26, 2010.
2. CDS rates can be considered a measure of the probability that an issuer will default over a certain period of time and the likely loss given a default. The lower the CDS rate, the lower the default probability. CDS rate is given in basis points (1 basis point equals 0.01%), and is considered as a market premium, on top of the risk-free rate, that investors require to insure against a potential default.
3. Fair price evaluation is based on the Black-Scholes model of the Gamestop Corp.'s stock on January 26, 2010.
4. Calculated payout at maturity is only an approximation, and may differ from actual payouts at maturity.
5. Our evaluation does not include any transaction fees, broker commissions, or liquidity discounts on the notes.

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