

Structured Product Details

Name	Reverse Convertible Notes linked to Apple, Inc.		
Issue Size Issue Price Term Annualized C	\$8.40 million \$1,00 3 Month 26.00%	0 s	
Pricing Date Issue Date Valuation Dat Maturity Date	December 7, 200 December 12, 200 March 7, 200 March 12, 200	7 8	
Issuer CDS Rate Swap Rate	Morgan Stanle 126.03 bp 5.08%	s	
Reference As	et Apple, Inc.'s stock	ĸ	
Initial Leve Trigger Pri Conversion Dividend F Implied Vo Delta ¹	re \$155.4 Price \$122.2 ate 0.00%	4 5 6	
Fair Price at I Realized Retu	#****		
CUSIP SEC Link	617446Z4 www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar data/895421/000095010307002969 dp07869_424b2-ps447.htr	; /	

Structured Products Research Report

Report Prepared On: 12/05/12

Reverse Convertible Notes linked to Apple, Inc.

Description

Morgan Stanley issued \$8.40 million of Reverse Convertible Notes linked to Apple, Inc. on December 12, 2007 at \$1,000 per note.

These notes are Morgan Stanley-branded reverse convertibles. Reverse convertibles pay periodic interest coupons and at maturity convert into shares of the reference security if the price of the reference stock at the notes' maturity is below its price when the notes were issued and had closed below a specified "trigger" during the term of the notes.

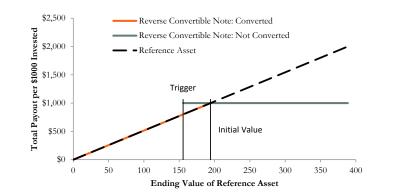
These 3-month notes pay monthly coupons at an annualized rate of 26.00%. In addition to the monthly coupons, at maturity on March 12, 2008 investors will receive the market value of 5.15 shares of Apple, Inc.'s stock if on March 7, 2008 Apple, Inc.'s stock price closes below \$194.30 (Apple, Inc.'s stock price on December 7, 2007) and had ever closed at or below \$155.44 during the term of the notes. Otherwise, investors will receive the \$1,000 face value per note.

Valuation

This Morgan Stanley reverse convertible linked to Apple, Inc.'s stock can be valued as a combination of a note from Morgan Stanley and a short down-and-in, at-the-money put option on Apple, Inc.'s stock. For reasonable valuation inputs this note was worth \$967.88 per \$1,000 when it was issued on December 12, 2007 because investors were effectively being paid only \$48.61 for giving Morgan Stanley an option which was worth \$80.72.

There is no active secondary market for most structured products. Structured products, including this note, therefore are much less liquid than simple stocks, bonds, notes and mutual funds. Investors are likely to receive less than the structured product's estimated market value if they try to sell the structured product prior to maturity. Our valuations do not incorporate this relative lack of liquidity and therefore should be considered an upper bound on the value of the structured product.

Payoff Curve at Maturity



The payoff diagram shows the final payoff of this note given Apple, Inc.'s stock price (horizontal axis). For comparison, the dashed line shows the payoff if you invested in Apple, Inc.'s stock directly.

Geng Deng, Ph.D., FRM Director, SLCG (+1) 703.890.0741 GengDeng@slcg.com

> FIND SLCG STRUCTURED PRODUCTS RESEARCH AT www.SLCG.com

© 2012 SECURITIES LITIGATION & CONSULTING GROUP. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. 3998 FAIR RIDGE DRIVE, SUITE 250, FAIRFAX, VA 22033 | MAIN (703) 246-9380 | INFO@SLCG.COM 100 WILSHIRE BLVD, SUITE 950, SANTA MONICA, CA 90401 | MAIN (310) 917-1075

Related Research

Research Papers:

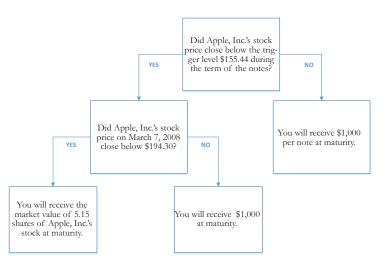
www.slcg.com/research.php

- "Are Structured Products Suitable for Retail Investors?" December 2006.
- *"Structured Products in the Aftermath of Lehman Brothers,"* November 2009.
- "What TiVo and JP Morgan Teach Us about Reverse Convertibles," June 2010.

Principal Payback Table

Apple, Inc.'s Stock	Converted Note Payoff	Non-Con- verted Note Payoff
\$0.00	\$0.00	
\$19.43	\$100.00	
\$38.86	\$200.00	
\$58.29	\$300.00	
\$77.72	\$400.00	
\$97.15	\$500.00	
\$116.58	\$600.00	
\$136.01	\$700.00	
\$155.44	\$800.00	\$1,000.00
\$174.87	\$900.00	\$1,000.00
\$194.30	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00
\$213.73	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00
\$233.16	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00
\$252.59	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00
\$272.02	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00
\$291.45	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00

Maturity Payoff Diagram



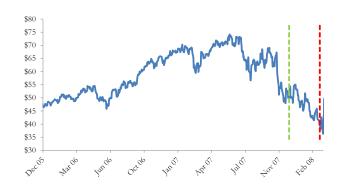
The contingent payoffs of this Reverse Convertible Note.

Analysis

This reverse convertible's 26.00% coupon rate is higher than the yield Morgan Stanley paid on its straight debt but, in addition to Morgan Stanley's credit risk, investors bear the risk that they will receive shares of Apple, Inc.'s stock when they are worth substantially less than the face value of the note at maturity.

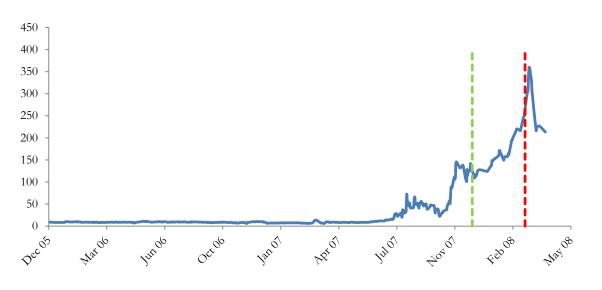
Investors purchasing reverse convertibles effectively sell put options to Morgan Stanley and post the note's issue price as collateral to secure satisfaction of the investors' obligations under the option contracts. Morgan Stanley pays investors a "coupon" that is part payment for the put options and part interest on the investors' posted collateral. This reverse convertible is fairly priced if and only if the excess of the reverse convertible's "coupon rate" above the interest Morgan Stanley pays on its straight debt equals the value of the put option investors are giving to Morgan Stanley. Whether the reverse convertible is suitable or not is equivalent to whether selling put options on the reference stock at the option premium being paid by Morgan Stanley was suitable for the investor.

Morgan Stanley's Stock Price

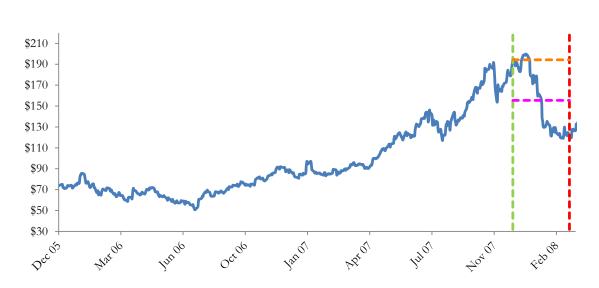


The graph above shows the adjusted closing price of the issuer Morgan Stanley for the past several years. The stock price of the issuer is an indication of the financial strength of Morgan Stanley. The adjusted price shown above incorporates any stock split, reverse stock split, etc.

Morgan Stanley's CDS Rate



Credit default swap (CDS) rates are the market price that investors require to bear credit risk of an issuer such as Morgan Stanley. CDS rates are usually given in basis points (bps). One basis point equals 0.01%. Higher CDS rates reflect higher perceived credit risk, higher required yields, and therefore lower market value of Morgan Stanley's debt, including outstanding Reverse Convertible Note. Fluctuations in Morgan Stanley's CDS rate impact the market value of the notes in the secondary market.



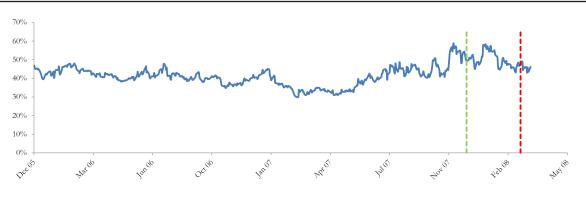
Apple, Inc.'s Stock Price

The graph above shows the historical levels of Apple, Inc.'s stock for the past several years. The final payoff of this note is determined by Apple, Inc.'s stock price at maturity. Higher fluctuations in Apple, Inc.'s stock price correspond to a greater uncertainty in the final payout of this Reverse Convertible Note.

Realized Payoff

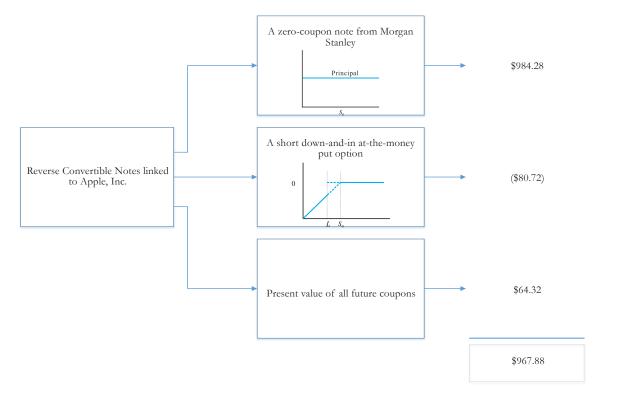
This note matured on March 12, 2008 and investors received \$629.18 per note (or equal to the value of 5.15 shares of Apple, Inc. stock's closing price on March 7, 2008).

Reference Asset Apple, Inc.'s Stock's Implied Volatility



The annualized implied volatility of Apple, Inc.'s stock on December 7, 2007 was 49.53%, meaning that options contracts on Apple, Inc.'s stock were trading at prices that reflect an expected annual volatility of 49.53%. The bigher the implied volatility, the larger the expected fluctuations of Apple, Inc.'s stock price and of the Note's market value during the life of the Notes.

Decomposition of this Reverse Convertible Note



This note can be decomposed into different components, and each component can be valued separately. The chart above shows the value of each component of this Reverse Convertible Note.

- Delta measures the sensitivity of the price of the note to the Apple, Inc.'s stock price on December 7, 2007.
 CDS rates can be considered a measure of the probability that an issuer will default over a certain period of time and the likely loss given a default. The lower the CDS rate, the lower the default probability. CDS rate is given in basis points (1 basis point equals 0.01%), and is considered as a market premium, on top of the risk-free rate, that investors require to insure against a potential default.
 Fair price evaluation is based on the Black-Scholes model of the Apple, Inc.'s stock on December 7, 2007.
 Calculated payout at maturity is only an approximation, and may differ from actual payouts at maturity.
 Our evaluation does not include any transaction fees, broker commissions, or liquidity discounts on the notes.

©2012 Securities Litigation and Consulting Group. All Rights Reserved. This research report and its contents are for informational and educational purposes only. The views and opinions on this document are those of the authors and should not be considered investment advice. Decisions based on information obtained from this document are your sole responsibility, and before making any decision on the basis of this information, you should consider whether the information is appropriate in light of your particular investment needs, objectives and financial circumstances. Investors should seek financial advice regarding the suitability of investing in any securities or following any investment strategies.