

Report Prepared On: 04/29/13

Structured Product Details

Name Trigger Yield Optimization Notes linked to JPMorgan

Issue Size \$9.41 million
 Issue Price \$37.10
 Term 24 Months
 Annualized Coupon 7.06%

Pricing Date August 14, 2012
 Issue Date August 17, 2012
 Valuation Date August 14, 2014
 Maturity Date August 20, 2014

Issuer HSBC
 CDS Rate 93.35 bps
 Swap Rate 0.47%

Reference Asset JPMorgan's stock

Initial Level \$37.10
 Trigger Price \$25.97
 Conversion Price TBD
 Dividend Rate 2.92%
 Implied Volatility 29.87%
 Delta¹ 0.4

Fair Price at Issue \$36.22

CUSIP 40433M260
 SEC Link www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/83246/000114420412046566/v725884-1_424b2.htm

Related Research

Research Papers:
www.slcg.com/research.php

- "Are Structured Products Suitable for Retail Investors?" December 2006.
- "Structured Products in the Aftermath of Lehman Brothers," November 2009.
- "What TiVo and JP Morgan Teach Us about Reverse Convertibles," June 2010.

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Trigger Yield Optimization Notes linked to JPMorgan

Description

HSBC issued \$9.41 million of Trigger Yield Optimization Notes linked to JPMorgan on August 17, 2012 at \$37.10 per note.

These notes are HSBC-branded single observation reverse convertibles. Single observation reverse convertibles pay periodic interest coupons and at maturity convert into shares of the reference security if the price of the reference security at the notes' maturity is below the trigger price determined when the notes were issued.

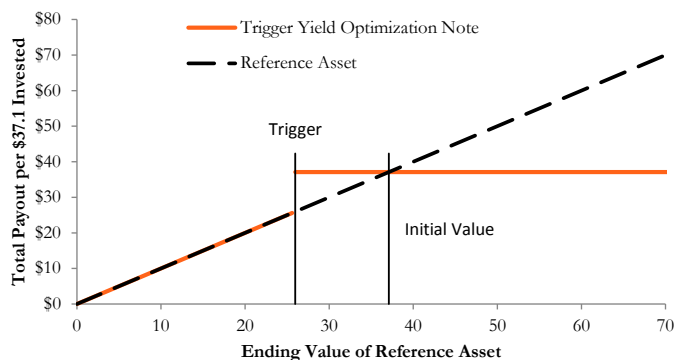
These 24-month notes pay monthly coupons at an annualized rate of 7.06%. In addition to the monthly coupons, on August 20, 2014 investors will receive the market value of one share of JPMorgan's stock if on August 14, 2014 JPMorgan's stock closes below \$25.97 (70% of JPMorgan's stock price on August 14, 2012). Otherwise, investors will receive the \$37.10 face value per note.

Valuation

This HSBC single observation reverse convertible linked to JPMorgan's stock can be valued as a combination of a note from HSBC and a short European out-of-the-money cash-or-nothing binary put option, and a short European out-of-the-money put option on JPMorgan's stock. For reasonable valuation inputs this note was worth \$36.22 per \$37.10 when it was issued on August 17, 2012 because investors were effectively being paid only \$4.12 for giving HSBC options which were worth \$5.00.

There is no active secondary market for most structured products. Structured products, including this note, therefore are much less liquid than simple stocks, bonds, notes and mutual funds. Investors are likely to receive less than the structured product's estimated market value if they try to sell the structured product prior to maturity. Our valuations do not incorporate this relative lack of liquidity and therefore should be considered an upper bound on the value of the structured product.

Payoff Curve at Maturity

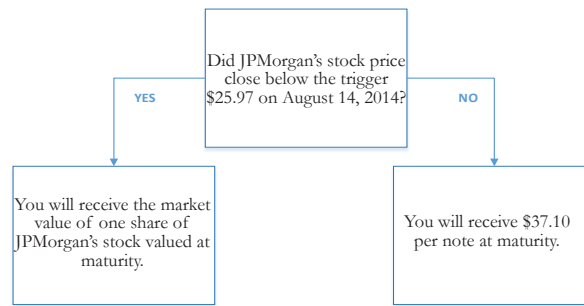


The payoff diagram shows the final payoff of this note given JPMorgan's stock price (horizontal axis). For comparison, the dashed line shows the payoff if you invested in JPMorgan's stock directly.

Principal Payback Table

JPMorgan's Stock	Note Payoff
\$0.00	\$0.00
\$3.71	\$3.71
\$7.42	\$7.42
\$11.13	\$11.13
\$14.84	\$14.84
\$18.55	\$18.55
\$22.26	\$22.26
\$25.97	\$37.10
\$29.68	\$37.10
\$33.39	\$37.10
\$37.10	\$37.10
\$40.81	\$37.10
\$44.52	\$37.10
\$48.23	\$37.10
\$51.94	\$37.10
\$55.65	\$37.10

Maturity Payoff Diagram



The contingent payoffs of this Trigger Yield Optimization Note.

Analysis

This single observation reverse convertible's 7.06% coupon rate is higher than the yield HSBC paid on its straight debt but, in addition to HSBC's credit risk, investors bear the risk that they will receive shares of JPMorgan's stock when those shares are worth substantially less than the face value of the note at maturity.

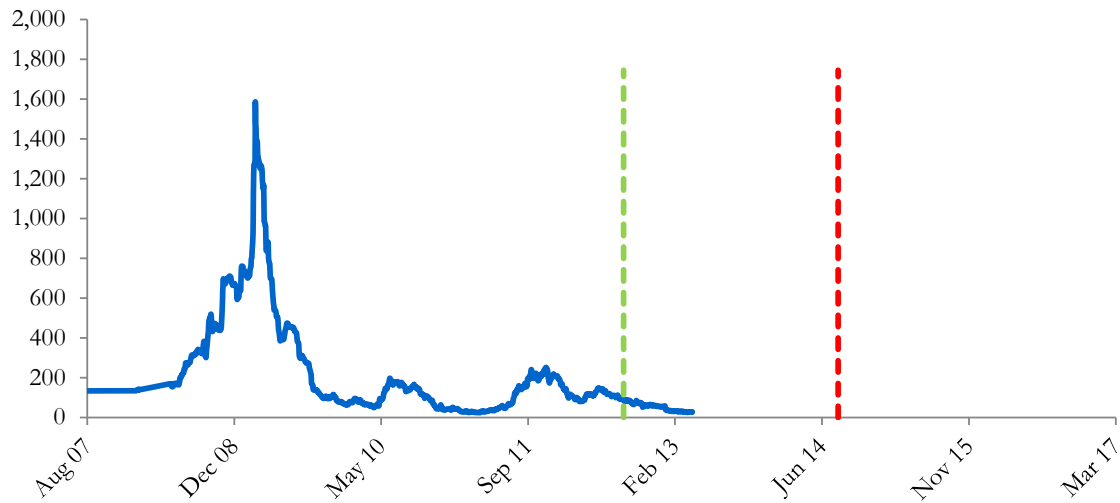
Investors purchasing these reverse convertibles effectively sell put options to HSBC and post the note's issue price as collateral to secure satisfaction of the investors' obligations under the option contracts. HSBC pays investors a "coupon" that is part payment for the put options and part interest on the investors' posted collateral. This reverse convertible is fairly priced if and only if the difference between the reverse convertible's "coupon rate" and interest paid on HSBC's straight debt equals the value of the put option investors are giving to HSBC. Whether this reverse convertible is suitable or not is identically equivalent to whether selling put options on the reference stock at the option premium being paid by HSBC was suitable for the investor.

HSBC's Stock Price



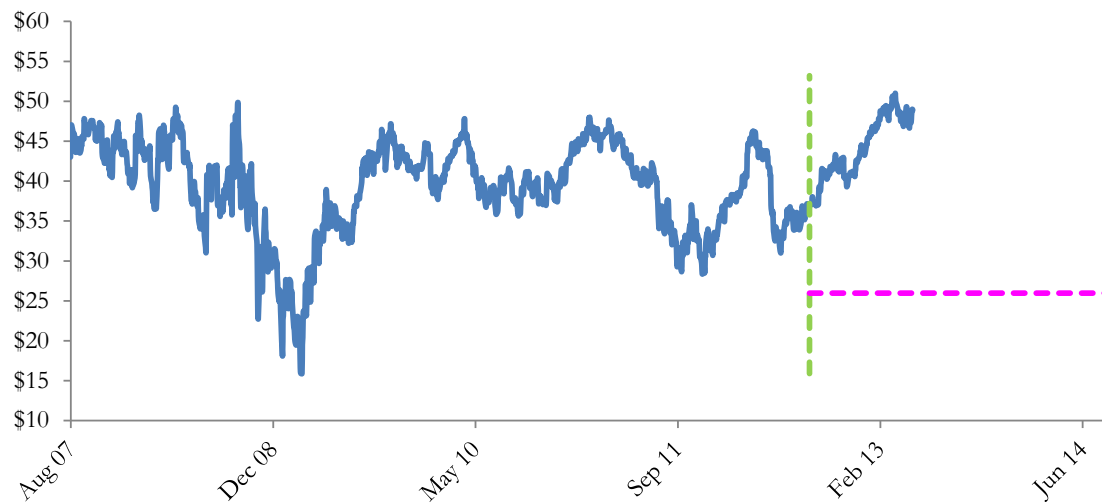
The graph above shows the adjusted closing price of the issuer HSBC for the past several years. The stock price of the issuer is an indication of the financial strength of HSBC. The adjusted price shown above incorporates any stock split, reverse stock split, etc.

HSBC's CDS Rate



Credit default swap (CDS) rates are the market price that investors require to bear credit risk of an issuer such as HSBC. CDS rates are usually given in basis points (bps). One basis point equals 0.01%. Higher CDS rates reflect higher perceived credit risk, higher required yields, and therefore lower market value of HSBC's debt, including outstanding Trigger Yield Optimization Note. Fluctuations in HSBC's CDS rate impact the market value of the notes in the secondary market.

JPMorgan's Stock Price

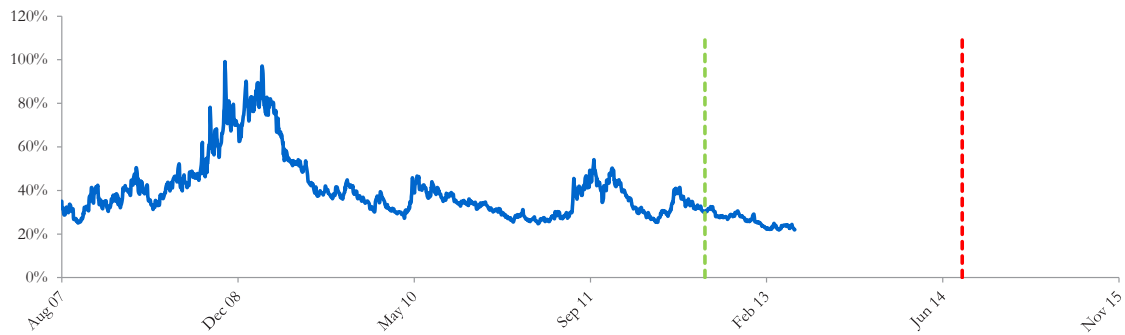


The graph above shows the historical levels of JPMorgan's stock for the past several years. The final payoff of this note is determined by JPMorgan's stock price at maturity. Higher fluctuations in JPMorgan's stock price correspond to a greater uncertainty in the final payout of this Trigger Yield Optimization Note.

Realized Payoff

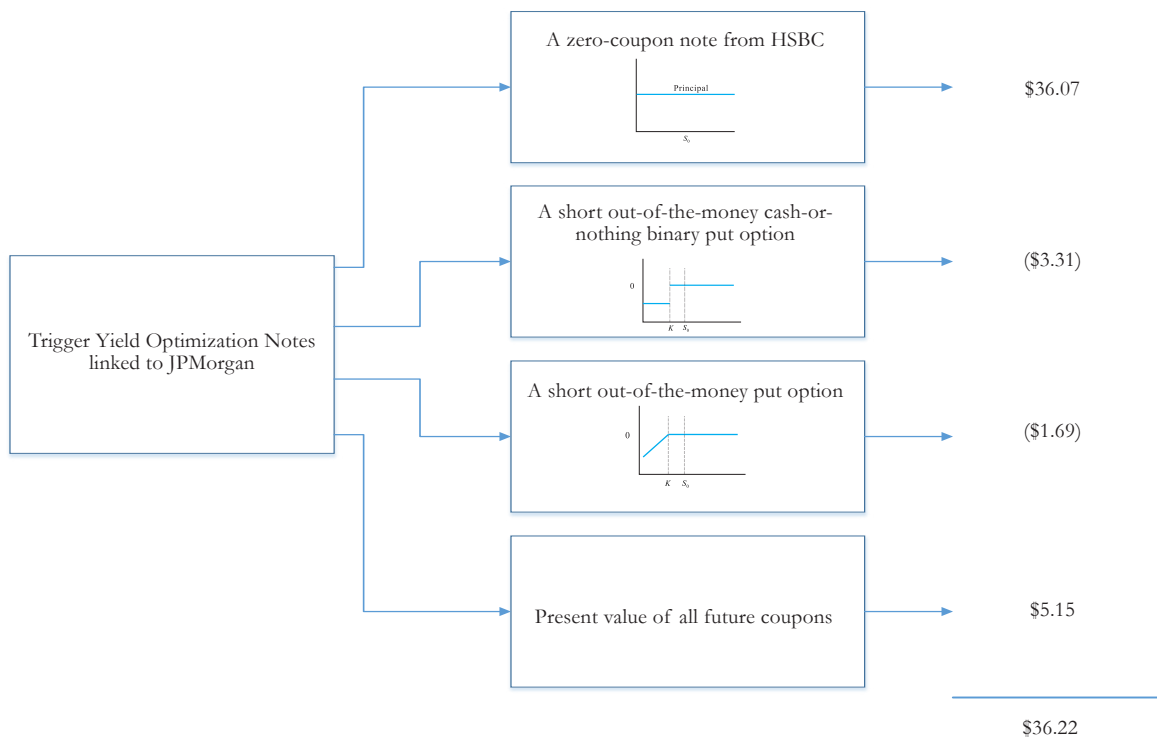
This product will mature on August 20, 2014.

Reference Asset JPMorgan's Stock's Implied Volatility



The annualized implied volatility of JPMorgan's stock on August 14, 2012 was 29.87%, meaning that options contracts on JPMorgan's stock were trading at prices that reflect an expected annual volatility of 29.87%. The higher the implied volatility, the larger the expected fluctuations of JPMorgan's stock price and of the Note's market value during the life of the Notes.

Decomposition of this Trigger Yield Optimization Note



This note can be decomposed into different components, and each component can be valued separately. The chart above shows the value of each component of this Trigger Yield Optimization Note.

1. Delta measures the sensitivity of the price of the note to the JPMorgan's stock price on August 14, 2012.
2. CDS rates can be considered a measure of the probability that an issuer will default over a certain period of time and the likely loss given a default. The lower the CDS rate, the lower the default probability. CDS rate is given in basis points (1 basis point equals 0.01%), and is considered as a market premium, on top of the risk-free rate, that investors require to insure against a potential default.
3. Fair price evaluation is based on the Black-Scholes model of the JPMorgan's stock on August 14, 2012.
4. Calculated payout at maturity is only an approximation, and may differ from actual payouts at maturity.
5. Our evaluation does not include any transaction fees, broker commissions, or liquidity discounts on the notes.