

Report Prepared On: 04/29/13

Structured Product Details

Name	Yield Optimization Notes With Contingent Protection linked to Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc.
Issue Size	\$18.74 million
Issue Price	\$25.84
Term	6 Months
Annualized Coupon	10.75%
Pricing Date	December 16, 2010
Issue Date	December 22, 2010
Valuation Date	June 16, 2011
Maturity Date	June 22, 2011
Issuer	HSBC
CDS Rate	20.32 bps
Swap Rate	0.46%
Reference Asset	Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc.'s stock
Initial Level	\$25.84
Trigger Price	\$20.67
Conversion Price	\$25.84
Dividend Rate	0.77%
Implied Volatility	38.28%
Delta¹	0.4
Fair Price at Issue	\$25.15
Realized Return	11.46%
CUSIP	40432R328
SEC Link	www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/83246/000114420410067332/v205983_424b2.htm

Yield Optimization Notes With Contingent Protection linked to Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc.

Description

HSBC issued \$18.74 million of Yield Optimization Notes With Contingent Protection linked to Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc. on December 22, 2010 at \$25.84 per note.

These notes are HSBC-branded single observation reverse convertibles. Single observation reverse convertibles pay periodic interest coupons and at maturity convert into shares of the reference security if the price of the reference security at the notes' maturity is below the trigger price determined when the notes were issued.

These 6-month notes pay monthly coupons at an annualized rate of 10.75%. In addition to the monthly coupons, on June 22, 2011 investors will receive the market value of one share of Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc.'s stock if on June 16, 2011 Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc.'s stock closes below \$20.67 (80% of Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc.'s stock price on December 16, 2010). Otherwise, investors will receive the \$25.84 face value per note.

Valuation

This HSBC single observation reverse convertible linked to Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc.'s stock can be valued as a combination of a note from HSBC and a short European out-of-the-money cash-or-nothing binary put option, and a short European out-of-the-money put option on Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc.'s stock. For reasonable valuation inputs this note was worth \$25.15 per \$25.84 when it was issued on December 22, 2010 because investors were effectively being paid only \$1.32 for giving HSBC options which were worth \$2.01.

There is no active secondary market for most structured products. Structured products, including this note, therefore are much less liquid than simple stocks, bonds, notes and mutual funds. Investors are likely to receive less than the structured product's estimated market value if they try to sell the structured product prior to maturity. Our valuations do not incorporate this relative lack of liquidity and therefore should be considered an upper bound on the value of the structured product.

Related Research

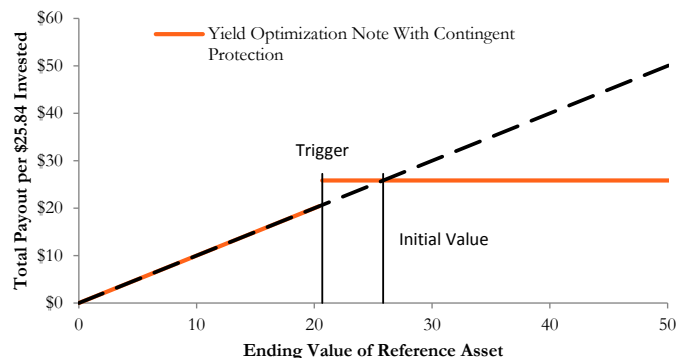
Research Papers:

www.slcg.com/research.php

- "Are Structured Products Suitable for Retail Investors?" December 2006.
- "Structured Products in the Aftermath of Lehman Brothers," November 2009.
- "What TiVo and JP Morgan Teach Us about Reverse Convertibles," June 2010.

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Payoff Curve at Maturity

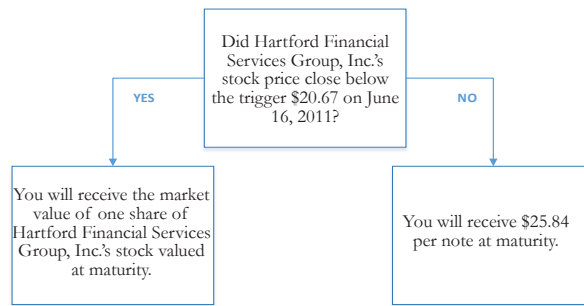


The payoff diagram shows the final payoff of this note given Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc.'s stock price (horizontal axis). For comparison, the dashed line shows the payoff if you invested in Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc.'s stock directly.

Principal Payback Table

Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc.'s Stock	Note Payoff
\$0.00	\$0.00
\$2.58	\$2.58
\$5.17	\$5.17
\$7.75	\$7.75
\$10.34	\$10.34
\$12.92	\$12.92
\$15.50	\$15.50
\$18.09	\$18.09
\$20.67	\$25.84
\$23.26	\$25.84
\$25.84	\$25.84
\$28.42	\$25.84
\$31.01	\$25.84
\$33.59	\$25.84
\$36.18	\$25.84
\$38.76	\$25.84

Maturity Payoff Diagram



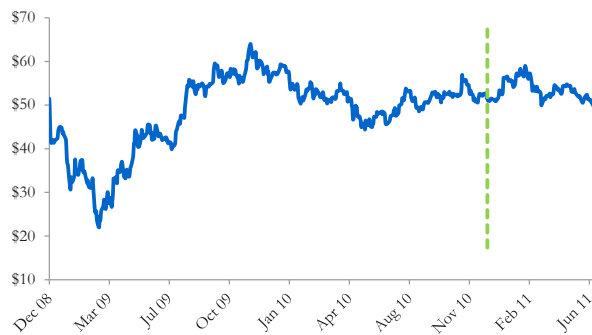
The contingent payoffs of this Yield Optimization Note With Contingent Protection.

Analysis

This single observation reverse convertible's 10.75% coupon rate is higher than the yield HSBC paid on its straight debt but, in addition to HSBC's credit risk, investors bear the risk that they will receive shares of Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc.'s stock when those shares are worth substantially less than the face value of the note at maturity.

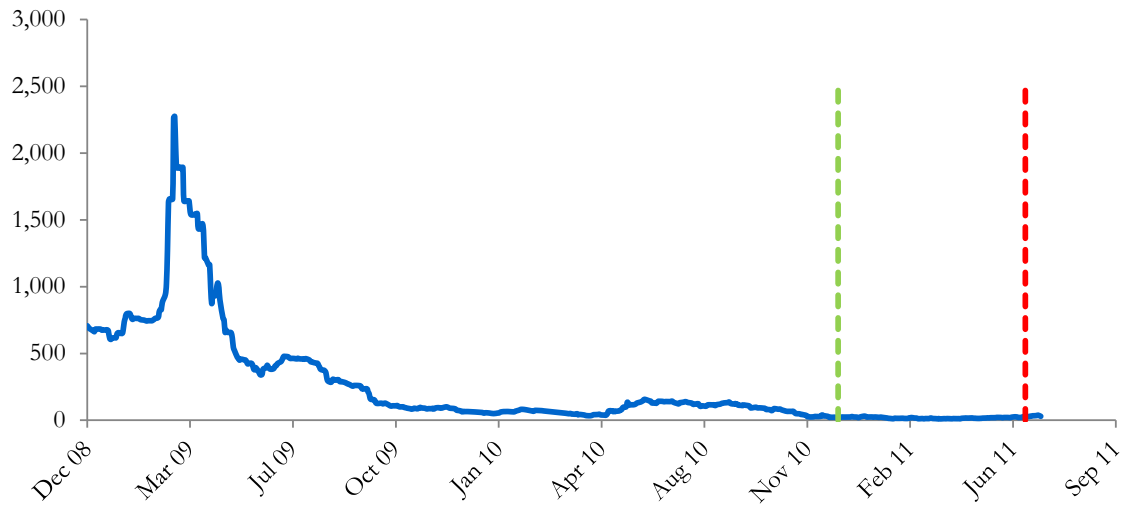
Investors purchasing these reverse convertibles effectively sell put options to HSBC and post the note's issue price as collateral to secure satisfaction of the investors' obligations under the option contracts. HSBC pays investors a "coupon" that is part payment for the put options and part interest on the investors' posted collateral. This reverse convertible is fairly priced if and only if the difference between the reverse convertible's "coupon rate" and interest paid on HSBC's straight debt equals the value of the put option investors are giving to HSBC. Whether this reverse convertible is suitable or not is identically equivalent to whether selling put options on the reference stock at the option premium being paid by HSBC was suitable for the investor.

HSBC's Stock Price



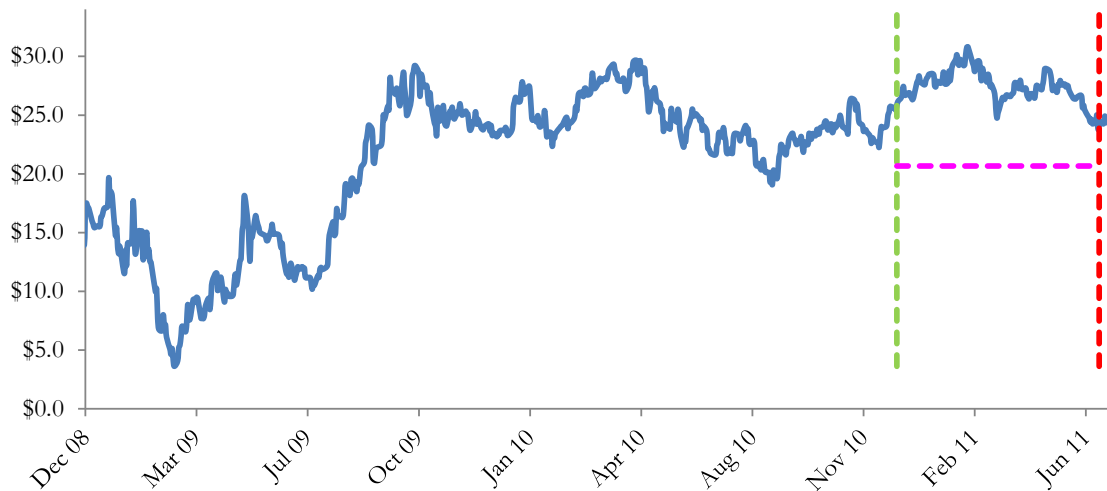
The graph above shows the adjusted closing price of the issuer HSBC for the past several years. The stock price of the issuer is an indication of the financial strength of HSBC. The adjusted price shown above incorporates any stock split, reverse stock split, etc.

HSBC's CDS Rate



Credit default swap (CDS) rates are the market price that investors require to bear credit risk of an issuer such as HSBC. CDS rates are usually given in basis points (bps). One basis point equals 0.01%. Higher CDS rates reflect higher perceived credit risk, higher required yields, and therefore lower market value of HSBC's debt, including outstanding Yield Optimization Note With Contingent Protection. Fluctuations in HSBC's CDS rate impact the market value of the notes in the secondary market.

Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc.'s Stock Price

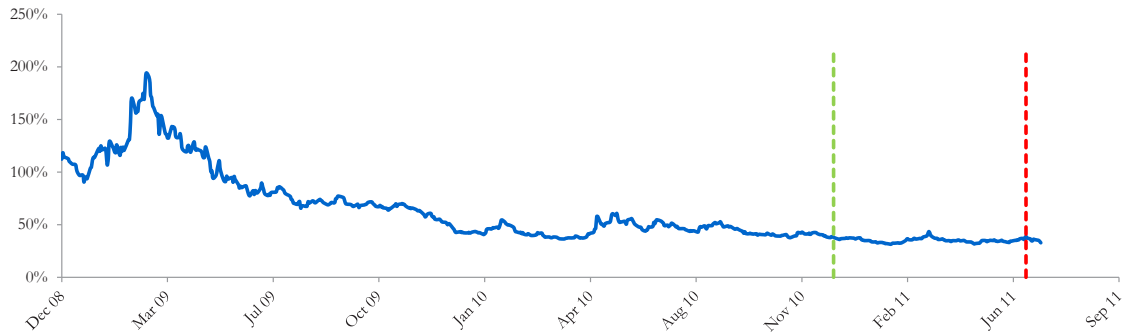


The graph above shows the historical levels of Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc.'s stock for the past several years. The final payoff of this note is determined by Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc.'s stock price at maturity. Higher fluctuations in Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc.'s stock price correspond to a greater uncertainty in the final payout of this Yield Optimization Note With Contingent Protection.

Realized Payoff

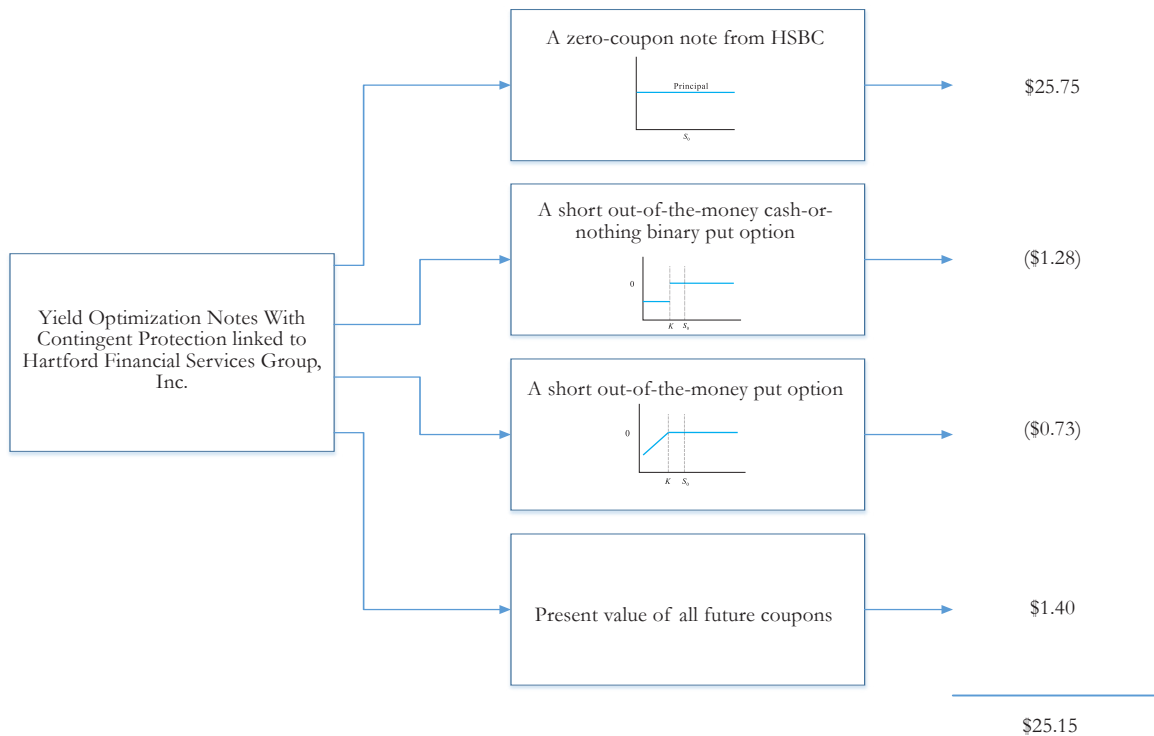
This note matured on June 22, 2011 and investors received \$25.84 per note.

Reference Asset Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc.'s Stock's Implied Volatility



The annualized implied volatility of Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc.'s stock on December 16, 2010 was 38.28%, meaning that options contracts on Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc.'s stock were trading at prices that reflect an expected annual volatility of 38.28%. The higher the implied volatility, the larger the expected fluctuations of Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc.'s stock price and of the Note's market value during the life of the Notes.

Decomposition of this Yield Optimization Note With Contingent Protection



This note can be decomposed into different components, and each component can be valued separately. The chart above shows the value of each component of this Yield Optimization Note With Contingent Protection.

1. Delta measures the sensitivity of the price of the note to the Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc.'s stock price on December 16, 2010.
2. CDS rates can be considered a measure of the probability that an issuer will default over a certain period of time and the likely loss given a default. The lower the CDS rate, the lower the default probability. CDS rate is given in basis points (1 basis point equals 0.01%), and is considered as a market premium, on top of the risk-free rate, that investors require to insure against a potential default.
3. Fair price evaluation is based on the Black-Scholes model of the Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc.'s stock on December 16, 2010.
4. Calculated payout at maturity is only an approximation, and may differ from actual payouts at maturity.
5. Our evaluation does not include any transaction fees, broker commissions, or liquidity discounts on the notes.