

Report Prepared On: 04/23/14

**Structured Product Details**

<b>Name</b>	Trigger Phoenix Autocallable Optimization Securities linked to BP plc.
<b>Issue Size</b>	\$4.33 million
<b>Issue Price</b>	\$10
<b>Term</b>	60 Months
<b>Annualized Coupon</b>	7.00%
<b>Pricing Date</b>	March 21, 2014
<b>Issue Date</b>	March 26, 2014
<b>Valuation Date</b>	March 21, 2019
<b>Maturity Date</b>	March 27, 2019
<b>Issuer</b>	Deutsche Bank
<b>CDS Rate</b>	83.62 bps
<b>Swap Rate</b>	1.79%
<b>Reference Asset</b>	BP plc.'s stock
<b>Initial Level</b>	\$46.51
<b>Dividend Rate</b>	4.66%
<b>Implied Volatility</b>	18.25%

**Fair Price at Issue** \$9.65

**CUSIP** 25155Q300  
**SEC Link** [www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010314002084/dp45007\\_424b2-ps1980bk.htm](http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010314002084/dp45007_424b2-ps1980bk.htm)

**Related Research**

**Research Papers:**  
[www.slcg.com/research.php](http://www.slcg.com/research.php)

- "Are Structured Products Suitable for Retail Investors?" December 2006.
- "Structured Products in the Aftermath of Lehman Brothers," November 2009.
- "What TiVo and JP Morgan Teach Us about Reverse Convertibles," June 2010.

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**Trigger Phoenix Autocallable Optimization Securities linked to BP plc.**

**Description**

Deutsche Bank issued \$4.33 million of Trigger Phoenix Autocallable Optimization Securities linked to BP plc. on March 26, 2014 at \$10 per note.

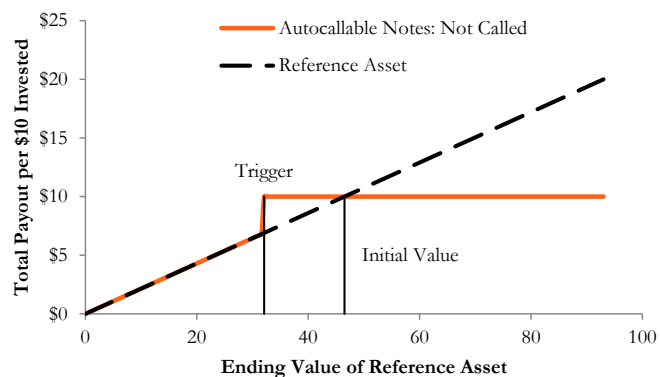
These 60-month notes are UBS-branded reverse convertible notes. On the monthly coupon observation date, if the notes are not called back, they pay either monthly coupon at an annualized rate of 7.00% if BP plc.'s stock price closes above the coupon barrier \$32.09, or no coupon if the stock price closes below the barrier. The first coupon observation date is April 21, 2014. This autocallable notes will be called back if the reference stock price on any monthly call observation date after March 23, 2015 exceeds the initial stock price \$46.51. In this case, investors receive the principal plus any unpaid coupons. At maturity, the notes convert into shares of the reference security—0.22 share of BP plc.'s stock in this case—if the market value of the reference stock at the note's maturity is below the trigger price \$32.09 (69% of the reference asset on March 21, 2014). Otherwise, investors will receive the \$10 face value.

**Valuation**

This note can be viewed as a combination of a zero-coupon note from Deutsche Bank, a series of contingent coupon payments, and a short put option on the reference asset. For reasonable valuation inputs this note was worth \$9.65 per \$10 face value when it was issued on March 26, 2014, including \$9.37 for the present value of the zero-coupon note, (\$0.96) for the short put options, and \$1.24 for the present value of all future contingent coupon payments.

There is no active secondary market for most structured products. Structured products, including this note, therefore are much less liquid than simple stocks, bonds, notes and mutual funds. Investors are likely to receive less than the structured product's estimated market value if they try to sell the structured product prior to maturity. Our valuations do not incorporate this relative lack of liquidity and therefore should be considered an upper bound on the value of the structured product.

**Payoff Curve at Maturity**

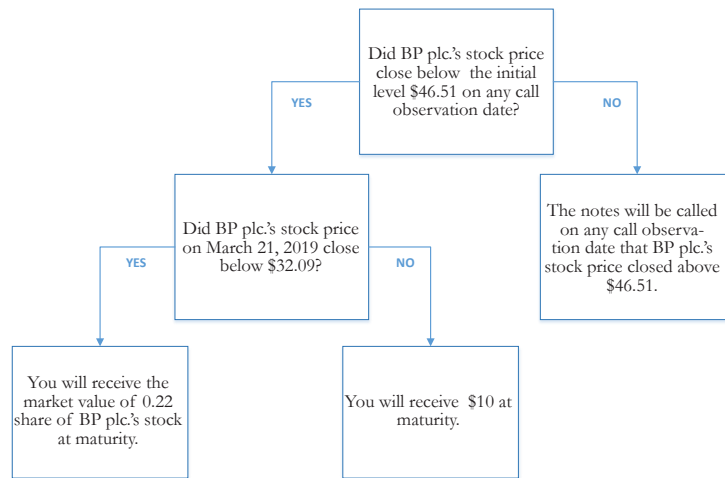


The payoff diagram shows the final payoff of this note given BP plc.'s stock price (horizontal axis). For comparison, the dashed line shows the payoff if you invested in BP plc.'s stock directly.

**Principal Payback Table**

BP plc.'s Stock	Note Payoff
\$0.00	\$0.00
\$4.65	\$1.00
\$9.30	\$2.00
\$13.95	\$3.00
\$18.60	\$4.00
\$23.26	\$5.00
\$27.91	\$6.00
\$32.56	\$10.00
\$37.21	\$10.00
\$41.86	\$10.00
<b>\$46.51</b>	<b>\$10.00</b>
\$51.16	\$10.00
\$55.81	\$10.00
\$60.46	\$10.00
\$65.11	\$10.00
\$69.77	\$10.00

**Maturity Payoff Diagram**



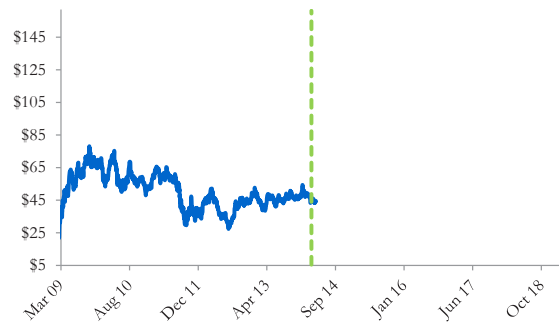
*The contingent payoffs of this Trigger Phoenix Autocallable Optimization Security.*

**Analysis**

The 7.00% coupon rate on this Trigger Phoenix Autocallable Optimization Security is higher than those paid by Deutsche Bank on its straight debts but, in addition to Deutsche Bank's credit risk, investors bear the risk that, 1) the note may be called; 2) the note may pay zero coupon because of the coupon contingency; 3) and the note will be converted into shares of BP plc.'s stock when BP plc.'s stock is worth substantially less than the face value of the note.

Investors purchasing these autocallable phoenix notes effectively sell contingent put options to Deutsche Bank and post the note's issue price as collateral to secure satisfaction of the investors' obligations under the option contracts. Deutsche Bank pays investors a contingent coupon that is part payment for the put options and part interest on the investors' posted collateral. This Trigger Phoenix Autocallable Optimization Security is fairly priced if and only if the difference between the contingent coupon and interest paid on Deutsche Bank's straight debt equals the value of the contingent put options investors are giving to Deutsche Bank. Whether this Trigger Phoenix Autocallable Optimization Security is suitable or not is identically equivalent to whether selling put options on the reference stock at the option premium being paid by Deutsche Bank was suitable for the investor.

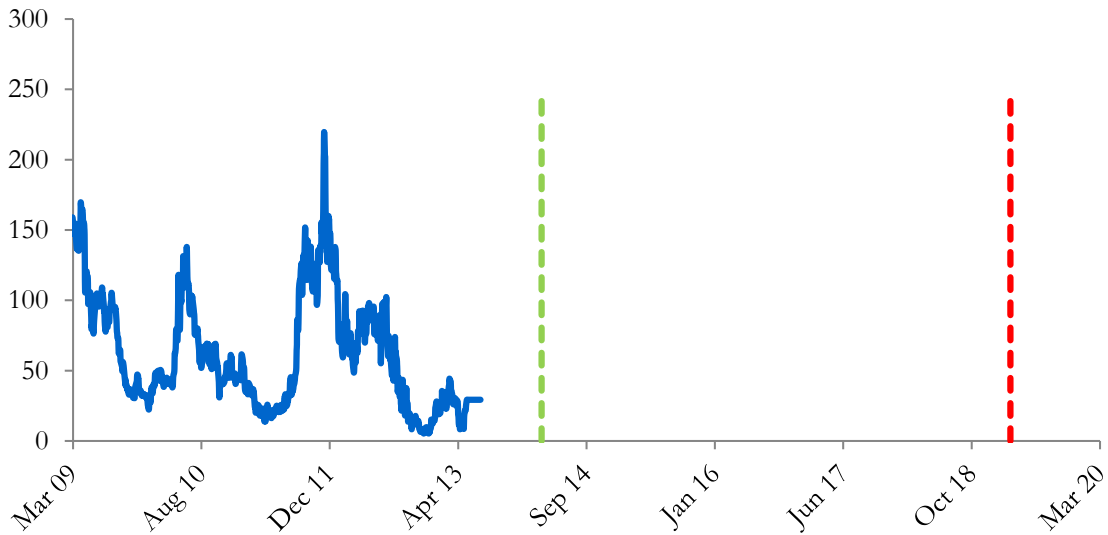
**Deutsche Bank's Stock Price**



*The graph above shows the adjusted closing price of the issuer Deutsche Bank for the past several years. The stock price of the issuer is an indication of the financial strength of Deutsche Bank. The adjusted price shown above incorporates any stock split, reverse stock split, etc.*

### Deutsche Bank's CDS Rate

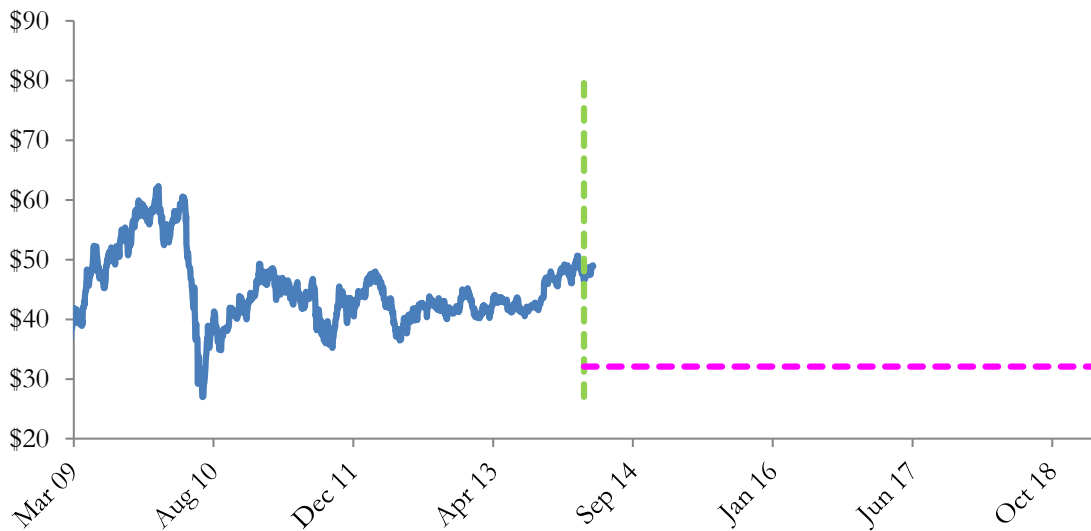
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Credit default swap (CDS) rates are the market price that investors require to bear credit risk of an issuer such as Deutsche Bank. CDS rates are usually given in basis points (bps). One basis point equals 0.01%. Higher CDS rates reflect higher perceived credit risk, higher required yields, and therefore lower market value of Deutsche Bank's debt, including outstanding Trigger Phoenix Autocallable Optimization Security. Fluctuations in Deutsche Bank's CDS rate impact the market value of the notes in the secondary market.

### BP plc.'s Stock Price

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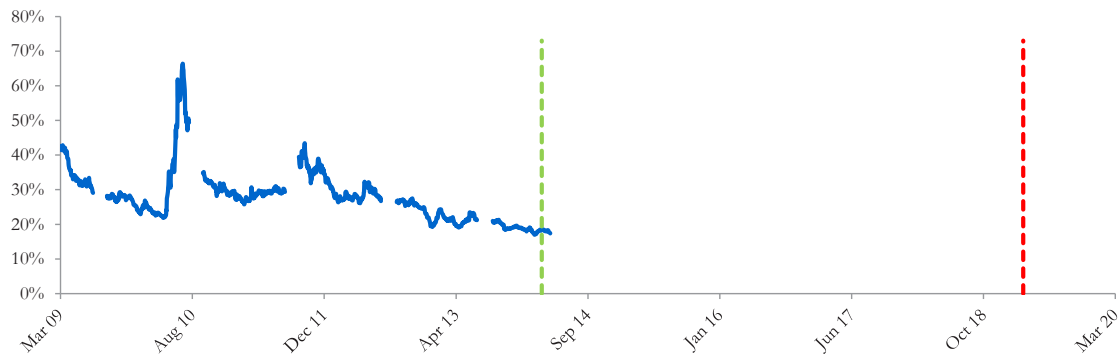
The graph above shows the historical levels of BP plc.'s stock for the past several years. The final payoff of this note is determined by BP plc.'s stock price at maturity. Higher fluctuations in BP plc.'s stock price correspond to a greater uncertainty in the final payout of this Trigger Phoenix Autocallable Optimization Security.

### Realized Payoff

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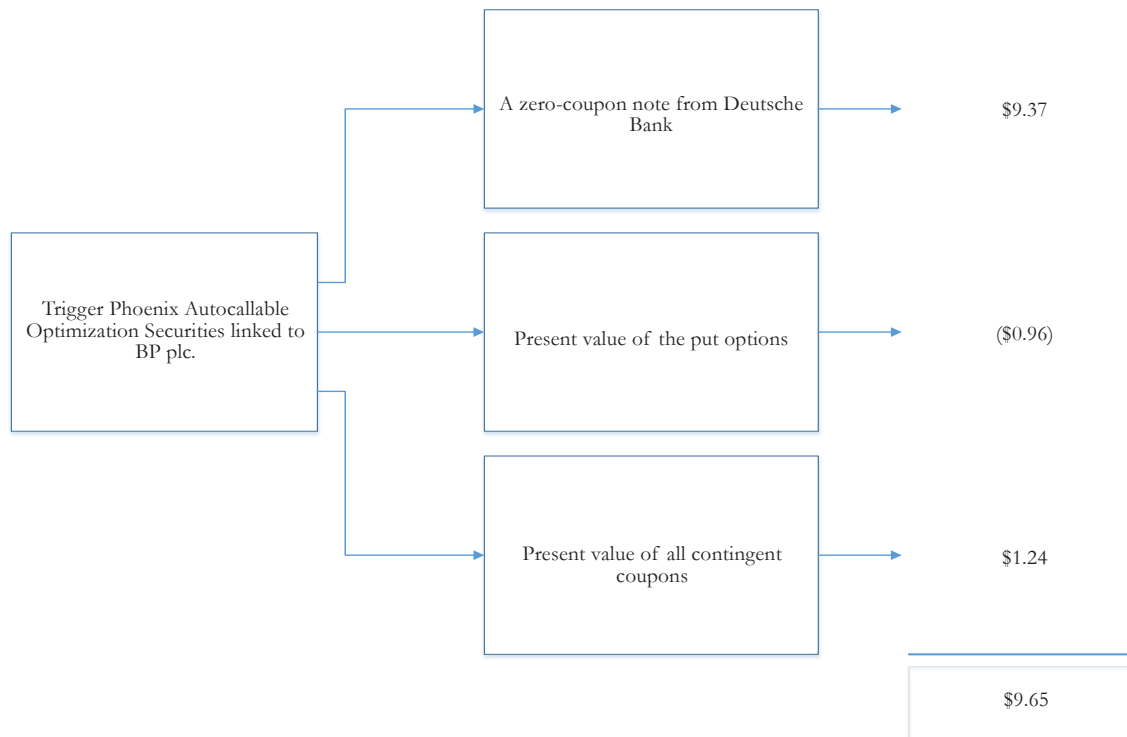
This product will mature on March 27, 2019.

## Reference Asset BP plc.'s Stock's Implied Volatility



The annualized implied volatility of BP plc.'s stock on March 21, 2014 was 18.25%, meaning that options contracts on BP plc.'s stock were trading at prices that reflect an expected annual volatility of 18.25%. The higher the implied volatility, the larger the expected fluctuations of BP plc.'s stock price and of the Note's market value during the life of the Notes.

## Decomposition of this Trigger Phoenix Autocallable Optimization Security



This note can be decomposed into different components, and each component can be valued separately. The chart above shows the value of each component of this Trigger Phoenix Autocallable Optimization Security.

1. Delta measures the sensitivity of the price of the note to the BP plc.'s stock price on March 21, 2014.
2. CDS rates can be considered a measure of the probability that an issuer will default over a certain period of time and the likely loss given a default. The lower the CDS rate, the lower the default probability. CDS rate is given in basis points (1 basis point equals 0.01%), and is considered as a market premium, on top of the risk-free rate, that investors require to insure against a potential default.
3. Fair price evaluation is based on the Black-Scholes model of the BP plc.'s stock on March 21, 2014.
4. Calculated payout at maturity is only an approximation, and may differ from actual payouts at maturity.
5. Our evaluation does not include any transaction fees, broker commissions, or liquidity discounts on the notes.