

*Consideraciones Especiales

Cada Fondo es una compañía de inversión no diversificada de fin cerrado inscrita bajo la Ley Número 6 de 19 de octubre de 1954, según enmendada. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo pueden solamente ser adquiridos por, o transferidos a, individuos que sean residentes de Puerto Rico y a entidades cuya oficina y localización de negocios principal estén localizados en Puerto Rico. El rendimiento, el valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y el precio en el mercado de las acciones de capital común del Fondo (en adelante, las "Acciones"), podrán fluctuar y se determinarán por factores como la demanda y oferta en el mercado de las Acciones y las condiciones económicas, políticas y del mercado en general, al igual que otros factores que están fuera del control de un Fondo. Las Acciones son negociadas al precio del mercado, el cual puede reflejar una prima o descuento del valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y no se puede dar representación alguna sobre su liquidez o el mercado para disponer de las mismas. A pesar de que es la intención de UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico (en adelante, "UBSFSPR") de continuar manteniendo un mercado secundario para las Acciones, no está obligada a continuar haciéndolo. De otra parte, puede que no exista otra fuente de información de precios para las Acciones u otros compradores para las Acciones que no sea UBSFSPR.

Riesgo de concentración geográfica: El Fondo está expuesto a ciertos riesgos debido a la diversificación geográfica reducida de su cartera de inversiones. Los activos del fondo están invertidos primariamente en valores de emisores de Puerto Rico. A consecuencia, el Fondo generalmente es más susceptible a factores económicos, políticos, regulatorios y otros que podrían afectar adversamente a emisores de Puerto Rico que otra compañía de inversión la cual no esté tan concentrada en emisores de Puerto Rico. En adición, valores emitidos por el Gobierno de Puerto Rico o sus instrumentalidades se afectan por las finanzas del gobierno central. Eso incluye, pero no se limita a. las obligaciones generales de Puerto Rico y los bonos de ingresos, contribuciones especiales o de agencias. El efecto en cada deuda específica podría no ser el mismo y depende de que parte del dinero del gobierno o sus ingresos se supone paque el interés de dicha deuda. En la medida que un porcentaje relativamente alto de los activos del Fondo pueden ser invertidos en obligaciones de un número limitado de emisores de Puerto Rico, el valor neto de activos y su rendimiento puede aumentar o disminuir más que él de una compañía de inversión más diversificada, como resultado de cambios en cuanto a la evaluación de la condición financiera o prospectos de dichos emisores de Puerto Rico. El Fondo también puede ser más susceptible a cualquier ocurrencia individual económica, política o regulatoria en Puerto Rico que una compañía de inversión más diversificada. En los pasados años, los bonos principales del Gobierno de Puerto Rico, al igual que valores emitidos por ciertas instituciones financieras de Puerto Rico han sido degradados por varios factores, incluyendo sin limitación, al empeoramiento experimentado por la economía de Puerto Rico y la condición financiera pobre del Gobierno de Puerto Rico. Al presente, el mercado de bonos de Puerto Rico está experimentando un periodo de mas volatilidad,

mas con los bonos de Puerto Rico traficando a precios más bajos y rendimientos más altos a los puntos de referencia de los pasados dos (2) años, y así afectando el valor neto de activos del Fondo.

Transacciones de cartera entre un Fondo y UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (en el caso de un Fondo comanejado con Banco Popular de Puerto Rico) y otras afiliadas son efectuadas conforme a ciertos procedimientos adoptados por la Junta de Directores de un Fondo con miras a atender posibles conflictos de interés

Divulgación de Mercado Secundario: Dado a que actualmente UBSFSPR es la fuente dominante, y podría ser la única fuente, de liquidez para la negociación de las Acciones en el mercado secundario, cabe la posibilidad que un inversionista no pueda vender sus Acciones en el mercado secundario o que solamente pueda venderlas a pérdida, si UBSFSPR cesara de facilitar un mercado secundario para la negociación de las Acciones. Por lo tanto, la habilidad de un inversionista para vender sus Acciones dependerá del interés de otros inversionistas que estén comprando Acciones o la disponibilidad de UBSFSPR de designar capital adicional para mantener Acciones en su inventario. UBSFSPR podrá, a su única discreción, comprometer capital adicional para mantener Acciones en inventario cuando así lo estime apropiado, dependiendo de las condiciones del mercado y otras consideraciones, e igualmente en otras ocasiones, podrá reducir la cantidad de capital comprometida para financiar dicho inventario de las Acciones. Por ejemplo, cuando UBSFSPR compra Acciones para su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrán permanecer a los niveles previamente cotizados o aumentar. Por otro lado, cuando UBSFSPR vende Acciones de su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrían reducirse. En situaciones en que UBSFSPR está vendiendo Acciones de su inventario, podría ofrecer vender dichas Acciones a precios más bajos que cualquier orden de venta pendiente que fue puesta sobre sus Acciones por cualquier inversionista. Cualquier decisión de UBSFSPR de aumentar o reducir su inventario será tomada a su única discreción y no son divulgadas al público.

Divulgación Contributiva sobre Acuerdos de Recompra: A pesar de que existe precedente contable que apoya el concepto que los acuerdos de recompra y recompra a la inversa sean considerados como préstamos con garantía colateral para propósitos contributivos en Puerto Rico, dicho precedente no es determinante en cuanto a las disposiciones contributivas aplicables a los acuerdos de recompra que normalmente el Fondo suscribe, que contienen disposiciones que conceden al comprador de los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos el derecho a vender, transferir, pignorar o hipotecar dichos valores. A pesar de que el Departamento de Hacienda de Puerto Rico (en adelante, "Hacienda") nunca se ha expresado sobre si estos tipos de acuerdos deben ser considerados como una transferencia de titularidad sobre los valores subyacentes, Hacienda podría adoptar dicha posición y que los tribunales de Puerto Rico estén de acuerdo con dicha posición. En dicho caso, el interés exento pagado sobre los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos podría considerarse

como ingreso no exento del pago de contribución para el vendedor de tales valores subyacentes. En la medida que el Fondo sea considerado el vendedor bajo el acuerdo de recompra correspondiente, los dividendos distribuidos sobre las Acciones que a su vez son derivados del ingreso del acuerdo de recompra correspondiente podría ser considerado como un dividendo suieto a tributación o ganancias de capital. Si tal dividendo fuera considerado como dividendo sujeto a tributación, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico podrían estar sujetos a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014) sobre el dividendo (o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y aquellos que sean inversionistas corporativos estarían sujetos a una máxima tasa efectiva de 5.85% (o 4.5% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014), debido a la deducción de 85% sobre dividendos recibidos, según dispuesto por el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico, multiplicando el 15% del dividendo por una tasa contributiva corporativa máxima de 39% para los dividendos distribuidos en o después del 1 de julio de 2014 y 30% para los dividendos distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014). Por otro lado, si tales dividendos fueran considerados como dividendos de ganancias de capital, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014 o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y los tenedores de las Acciones que tributa como corporaciones, estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 20% (tasa contributiva de 15% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014).

Cambios Recientes al Derecho Tributario de Puerto Rico: El 29 de mayo de 2015, el Gobernador de Puerto Rico promulgó la Ley 72-2015, la cual enmendó significativamente el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico de 2011, según enmendado (el "Código"). En lo relevante, el Código fue enmendado en cuanto a lo siguiente: (1) en el 2014, el Código se enmendó para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas por un individuo después del 30 de junio de 2014 que serían admitidas como deducción estaban limitadas a 90% de las ganancias de capital más el ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que fuere menor; la Ley 72-2015 restaura el lenguaje existente previo a la enmienda del 2014 para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas en un año contributivo serán admitidas como deducción hasta el monto de las ganancias de capital generadas durante dicho año contributivo, y que si las pérdidas exceden las ganancias de dicho año contributivo, el contribuyente podrá deducir dicho exceso hasta el monto del ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que sea menor; (2) en el caso de corporaciones, para años contributivos comenzados después del 31 de diciembre de 2014, las pérdidas de capital (incluyendo el arrastre de pérdidas de capital) serán admitidas como deducción hasta el 80% de las ganancias de capital; y (3) con relación a la transición del impuesto sobre ventas y uso ("IVU") al nuevo impuesto sobre valor añadido ("IVA") de 10.5%, que será efectivo a partir del 1 de abril de 2016, (i) la tasa

de IVU aplicable a los cargos bancarios impuestos sobre cuentas comerciales aumentó de 6.0% a 10.5%, efectivo el 1 de julio de 2015, y (ii) a partir del 1 de octubre de 2015 y hasta el 31 de marzo de 2016, un IVU de 4.0% será impuesto sobre, entre otros, servicios profesionales y otros servicios (con ciertas excepciones limitadas) prestados al Fondo. No obstante, los intereses y otros cargos por el uso del dinero y servicios prestados (que no sean cargos bancarios) por instituciones financieras, tales como los Fondos, continuarán excluidos de la imposición del IVU y tampoco serán tributables para propósitos del IVA.

Aviso Legal

Rendimientos anteriores no son garantía de resultados futuros similares. Los rendimientos actuales podrían ser más bajos o más altos que el rendimiento aquí citado. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo están sujetos a riesgo de mercado, incluyendo la pérdida del principal invertido. Este documento no es una oferta de compra ni una solicitud de una oferta de compra para cualquier inversión en un Fondo y es para propósitos informativos solamente. Las inversiones en un Fondo están diseñadas principalmente y son adecuadas para inversionistas a largo plazo y no deben ser consideradas como un vehículo para fines de negociación. Estas inversiones puede que no sean adecuadas para cualquier inversionista. Una inversión en un Fondo no es equivalente a una inversión en los valores subvacentes en los cuales un Fondo invierte. El uso de apalancamiento por un Fondo representa ciertos riesgos a los inversionistas en éste, y en ciertos casos, las fluctuaciones en las tasas de intereses podrían aumentar la volatilidad en su rendimiento y afectar a un Fondo a mayor grado que a una compañía de inversión no apalancada. Información más detallada en cuanto a un Fondo, incluvendo los cargos, gastos y penalidades aplicables, objetivo(s) y políticas de inversión, factores de riesgo y el efecto de apalancamiento, se incluye en la documentación de oferta del Fondo, el cual usted debe leer cuidadosamente antes de hacer **una inversión.** Para obtener más información en cuanto a un Fondo (incluyendo los rendimientos de inversión calculados conforme el Reglamento 5766 de 11 de marzo de 1998, según enmendado) o una copia del prospecto para la oferta de las Acciones o los informes anuales del Fondo, favor de contactar a la familia de fondos UBS Puerto Rico o Puerto Rico Investors al 787-773-3888 ó 787-751-5452, respectivamente. Para obtener más información en cuanto a los rendimientos del Fondo de fin de mes o información más actualizada, por favor contactar a su Asesor Financiero en UBSFSPR o verifique los comunicados de prensa ("press releases") en http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Glossary of fund terms

- Ask Price: generally refers to the lowest price at which a seller will sell a specified number of units of a given security at a particular time. The ask price may incorporate a markup, which may vary by transaction and may include commissions and other charges. The ask prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price and age of pending customer orders.

- Average Duration: a time measure of a bond's interest-rate sensitivity, based on the weighted average of the time periods over which a bond's cash flow accrue to the bondholder. Time periods are weighted by multiplying by the present value of its cash flow divided by the bond's price. (A bond's cash flow consist of coupon payments and repayment of capital.) A bond's duration will almost always be shorter than its maturity, with the exception of zero-coupon bonds, for which maturity and duration are equal.
- Bid Price: generally refers to the highest price a buyer is willing to pay at a particular time for a unit of a given security. UBSFSPR publishes two types of bid prices for the Shares: firm or indicative. A firm bid is provided when UBSFSPR has the risk capacity and/or appetite at the particular time to purchase a specified number of Shares. An investor can sell to UBSFSPR at the firm bid price up to the specified number of Shares at a particular time. On the other hand, an indicative bid is provided for informational purposes only when UBSFSPR does not have the risk capacity and/or appetite at a particular time to purchase Shares. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for the Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price, and age of pending customer orders, and may be higher (in which case the price is at a premium) or lower (in which case
- the price is at a discount) than the NAV of the Fund. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR may also be affected by its willingness to hold additional inventory of the Shares or by its need to sell its inventory of Shares. Depending on market liquidity conditions. orders to buy or sell at the quoted price may not receive immediate execution, and an investor may not be able to sell its Shares at the price quoted by UBSFSPR. Moreover, the proceeds an investor receives on a sale of Shares may be lower than the bid price due to discounts, markdowns, and other charges. Since inception, the Shares have historically traded at prices which reflect a premium to their respective NAV per Share, though on certain limited instances, they have traded at prices which reflect a discount to their respective NAV per Share. However, there is no assurance that the Shares will continue to trade at prices which reflect such a premium. The Fund is presently experiencing liquidity issues. As a result, the bid price is for a limited number of shares, and it may not be possible for sellers to obtain the current bid price.
- Credit Quality: a measure of the likelihood that a financial obligation will not be honored provided by one or more of the rating agencies. Rating agencies assign classifications to their ratings, with "AAA" being the highest and "D" being the lowest for Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"). The Fund may use other ratings and adjust them for use in this scale.
- Effective Duration: a calculation of duration that takes into account the embedded options in the securities of a portfolio and their expected changes in the cash flow of a portfolio caused by those options.

- Expense Ratio: The percentage of the Fund's average net assets attributable to holders of the Shares and which is used to pay operating expenses and takes into account investment management fees, administration fees, and other operating expenses such as legal, audit, insurance, and shareholder communications.
- Hedge Notional: refers to the total net face value, reflecting any offsetting positions, of derivative instruments employed in hedging strategies of the Fund.
- Hedge Ratio: ratio of the Fund's hedge notional amount to its total dollar amount of leverage as of the end of a calendar quarter, assuming the Fund is fully invested at quarter-end. The Fund's investment adviser may, at its discretion, use a variety of derivative instruments including securities options, financial futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and other interest rate protection transactions such as swap agreements, to attempt to hedge its portfolio of assets and seek to enhance its return. There can be no assurance that any particular hedging strategy used will succeed.
- Leverage: the Fund may issue preferred stock or debt, enter into repurchase agreements, or borrow money, in order to increase the amounts available for investment ("leverage"). This gives the Fund's investment adviser, in the fixed income area in particular, the opportunity to enhance yield. The use of leverage increases the likelihood of price volatility and market risk for the Shares. There is also the risk that the cost of funding leverage will exceed the earnings on the related investments, which will have the likely effect of reducing the Fund's yield and the value of its investments.

- Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration: effective duration adjusted for the impact of the Fund's utilization of leverage. A Fund that utilizes leverage will have a leverage-adjusted effective duration that is longer than its effective duration.
- Maturity: date on which the face value of a security/bond must be repaid. It measures the average length to maturity in years of all the bonds in the Fund's portfolio. For mortgagebacked securities, the maturity takes into account the prepayment of the underlying mortgages.
- NAV: Net Asset Value. On a per-Share basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities and dividing such result by the Shares outstanding. On an aggregate, Fund basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities.
- Undistributed Income: the Fund's net income that has not been distributed to holders of its Shares as of the latest available audited financial statements. In the case of a target maturity-type investment company (which is liquidated on or by a specific date), it also includes the amounts to be distributed on or by the liquidation date as the return of the initial investment.

For a definition of other terms, please see the Shares' prospectus.



Puerto Rico AAA Portfolio Bond Fund, Inc.

Investment Objectives and Policies

Seeks current income, consistent with the preservation of capital, by investing:

- up to 33% of its total assets in, among other things, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, its agencies, and instrumentalities
- at least 67% of its total assets in securities issued by Puerto Rico obligations (as described in the Prospectus)¹
- at least 95% of total assets in AAA-rated securities^{1,2}
- may issue leverage representing up to 50% of total assets¹

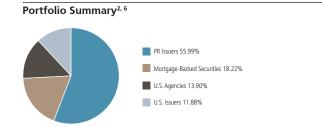
Pricing and Distribution History²

Initial Public Offering (IPO)	\$10.00
52-week Bid Low/High	\$7.53/\$8.67
YTD NAV Change	-\$0.63
YTD Bid Price Change	-\$0.67
IPO Yield⁵	5.10%
Current Yield ⁵	6.77%
Last Dividend Paid	\$0.0425
Last 12 Month Dividend	\$0.5100

Portfolio Statistics and Characteristics²

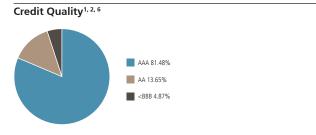
Commencement Shares Outstanding (mm) Bid Price Net Asset Value (NAV) Bid Price to NAV Ratio Net Assets (mm) Leverage (mm) Undistributed Income (mm) Expense Ratio	Jan-03 38.21 \$7.53 \$8.16 92.28% \$311.76 \$306.46 \$9.75 0.50%	Fiscal Year Weighted Avg. Coupon Average Maturity (yrs) Average Duration (yrs) Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration (yrs) Leverage % Leverage Cost Hedge Notional (mm) Hedge Ratio	30-Sep 4.50% 16.11 10.66 20.07 49.39% ¹ 1.52% \$120.10 39%
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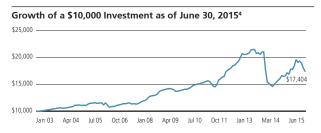
See Portfolio Holdings, Portfolio Manager, Special Considerations, Disclaimers, Glossary of Fund Terms, and Footnotes on reverse.













Portfolio Holdings^{2, 6}

PR Obligations		U.S. Obligations	
Mortgage-Backed Seco		Federal Home Loan	
CMO, COMM END,		Bank	7.84%
GNMA, FGLMC	18.22%	Federal Farm Credit	
EDB - BAB	23.02%	Bank	1.29%
EDB - FNMA	0.78%	FNMA Note	4.77%
PR Highway &		Build America Bonds	2.16%
Transportation (Insured	d) 4.15%	Tenn Valley Authority	9.72%
PR Sales Tax Financing	1.48%	U.S. Obligations	25.78%
PMSJ - FNMA Note	26.56%		
PR Obligations	74.22%		

Portfolio Manager Leslie Highley, Jr.

Portfolio Manager since inception UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico Geographic Concentration Risk. The Fund is exposed to certain risks resulting from the reduced geographic diversification of its portfolio. The Fund's assets are invested primarily in securities of Puerto Rico issuers. Consequently, the Fund in general is more susceptible to economic, political, regulatory or other factors adversely affecting issuers in Puerto Rico than an investment company that is not so concentrated in Puerto Rico issuers. In addition, securities issued by the Government of Puerto Rico or its instrumentalities are affected by the central government's finances. That includes, but is not limited to, general obligations of Puerto Rico and revenue bonds, special tax bonds, or agency bonds. The effect on each specific debt may not be the same; it depends on exactly what part of the government's money or revenue is supposed to pay the interest thereon. Inasmuch as a relatively high percentage of the Fund's assets may be invested in obligations of a limited number of Puerto Rico issuers, the Fund's net asset value and its yield may increase or decrease more than that of a more diversified investment company as a result of changes in the market's assessment of the financial condition and prospects of such Puerto Rico issuers. The Fund may also be more susceptible to any single economic, political, or regulatory occurrence in Puerto Rico than a more widely diversified investment company. Over the past years, the principal Puerto Rico Government bonds as well as the securities issued by several

Puerto Rico financial institutions have been downgraded as a result of several factors, including without limitation, the downtum experienced by the Puerto Rico economy and the strained financial condition of the Government of Puerto Rico. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years, thereby affecting the Fund's net asset value.

Portfolio transactions between the Fund and UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (in the case of a co-managed Fund with Banco Popular de Puerto Rico), and other affiliates, are conducted in accordance with procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Directors in an effort to address potential conflicts of interest

Secondary Market Disclosure: Given UBSFSPR is currently the dominant, and may be the sole source of secondary market liquidity for the Shares, an investor may not be able to sell its Shares or may only be able to sell them at a loss, if UBSFSPR were to cease to facilitate such secondary market for the Shares. Accordingly, an investor's ability to sell its Shares will depend on the interest of other investors buying Shares, or UBSFSPR's willingness to commit additional capital to holding Shares in inventory. UBSFSPR may, in its sole discretion, commit additional capital to hold Shares in inventory when it deems it appropriate to do so, given market conditions or other considerations, and similarly may reduce the amount of capital committed to fund such inventory of Shares at other times. For example, when UBSFSPR purchases Shares and holds them in its inventory, quoted prices may remain at the previously quoted levels or increase. Conversely, when UBSFSPR sells Shares from its inventory, the quoted prices may decrease. In situations where UBSFSPR is selling Shares from its inventory, it may offer to sell its Shares at prices that are lower than pending sell orders that were placed by investors in the Shares. Decisions by UBSFSPR to increase or decrease inventory are made at its sole discretion and are

Repurchase Agreement Tax Disclosure: While there is authority generally supporting the treatment of repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements as collateralized loans for Puerto Rico income tax purposes, that authority does not specifically address the tax treatment of the repurchase agreements that the Fund typically enters into, which contain provisions that grant the buyer the right to sell, transfer, pledge, or hypothecate the securities that are the object of such agreements.

Although the Puerto Rico Treasury Department ("PR Treasury") has never pronounced itself as to whether this type of arrangement should be viewed as a transfer of ownership of the underlying securities, it is possible that the PR Treasury could take that position in the future and that Puerto Rico courts would agree with that view. In such event, the tax exempt interest paid on such underlying securities could be deemed not to constitute tax exempt income for the seller of such securities; to the extent that the Fund was such seller, the dividends distributed on its Shares from such income could be treated either as taxable dividends or capital gain dividends. If such dividends were treated as taxable dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts could be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014) on the dividend (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and those which are corporate investors would be subject to a maximum effective income tax rate of 5.85% (or 4.5% for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014), (due to the 85% dividend received deduction of the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, 15% of the dividend multiplied by a 39% maximum corporate income tax rate for dividends distributed on or after July 1, 2014 and 30% for dividends distributed before July 1, 2014). On the other hand, if such dividends were treated as capital gains dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts would be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014) (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and holders of the Shares which are taxed as corporations would be subject to a 20% income tax (15% income tax for capital dividends distributed

Recent changes in the Puerto Rico tax law: Act No. 72-2015, enacted on May 29, 2015, introduced significant changes to the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code of 2011. as amended ("Code").

In relevant part, the Code was amended as to the following: (1) the Code was amended in 2014 to provide that the amount of a capital loss incurred by an individual after June 30, 2014 that may be claimed as a deduction is limited to 90% of capital gains plus the individual's net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; Act No. 72-2015 reinstates the pre-2014 amendment rules, to provide that capital losses derived in a taxable year may be deducted against capital gains generated in the taxable year and that if the capital losses exceed capital gains, the amount of the excess that may be claimed as a deduction is an amount equal to the individual's

net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; (2) in the case of corporations, for taxable years beginning after December 31st, 2014, capital losses (including capital loss carryovers) may only offset up to 80% of a corporate taxpayer's capital gains; and (3) in connection with the transition from a sales and use tax ("SUT") to a 10.5% value added tax ("VAT"), which would become effective on April 1, 2016, (i) the SUT rate applicable to bank charges on commercial accounts increased from 6.0% to 10.5%, effective July 1, 2015; and (ii) a 4% SUT will be imposed, beginning on October 1, 2015 and through March 31, 2016, on, among others, professional and other services (with limited exceptions) rendered to the Fund. Note, however, that interest and other charges for the use money and charges for services (other than bank charges) provided by financial institutions, such as the Funds, will continue to be excluded from the SUT and will not be subject to the VAT.

Legal Disclaimer

Past performance does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Securities issued by the Fund are subject to market risk, including the loss of principal amounts invested. This document is not an offer to sell, or the solicitation of an offer to buy any investment in the Fund, and is for informational purposes only. Fund investments are designed primarily and suitable for long-term investors and not viewed as a vehicle for trading purposes. They may not be suitable to all investors. Fund investments are not equivalent to investments in its underlying securities. The Fund's utilization of leverage poses certain risks to investors, and in some cases, interest rate fluctuations may increase the volatility of its return and affect the Fund to a significantly greater extent than a non-leveraged investment company. More detailed information about the Fund, including applicable fees, costs, penalties, investment objectives and policies, risk factors, and the effects of leverage, is further described in the Share's prospectus, which you should read carefully prior to making an investment. To obtain additional information related to the Fund (including investment returns calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended) or a copy of the Shares' prospectus or Fund's annual report, please contact the UBS Puerto Rico Family of Funds at 787-773-3888. To obtain the Fund's month-end performance or more up-to-date information, please contact your UBS Financial Advisor or see "press releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Footnotes:

Generally, the Fund must invest at least 67% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage) and cash, including cash equivalents, but excluding non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market), in Puerto Rico securities. Additionally, the Fund may issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage, representing not more than 50% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage), cash (including cash equivalents), and non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap markedto-market), immediately after the issuance of any such preferred stock, or other debt securities. Moreover, the Fund may not issue preferred stock. debt securities, or other forms of leverage unless the value of its total assets less all its liabilities and indebtedness, other than the preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage being issued or already outstanding, is at least equal to 200% of the total aggregate liquidation preference/principal amount of all its outstanding preferred stock (not including any accumulated dividends or other distributions), debt securities, and other forms of leverage. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years. In view of these volatile market conditions, the Puerto Rico Office of the Commissioner of Financial Institutions (the "PROCFI") has granted to the Fund a temporary regulatory waiver from the Funds' investment requirement in Puerto Rico securities of at least 67% of the Fund's total assets and leverage limitation of 50% of its total assets and 200% asset coverage requirement described above, through January 31, 2016. These temporary waivers may be renewed by the PROCFI for additional periods of time, should market conditions warrant, and upon written request by the Fund. It is the Fund's intention to re-comply with these requirements as soon as market conditions permit, but there is no assurance as to whether and when the Fund will be able to do so.

² The "Expense Ratio" calculation may reflect a partial waiver of the investment advisory and administration fees payable to UBS Trust Company of Puerto Rico, implemented on October 1, 2013. For more up-to-date information with respect to such partial fee waivers, if any, please see "Press Releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Credit quality is as of June 30, 2015. The Fund's investment portfolio is actively managed, and its composition (including the portfolio statistics and characteristics) will vary over time. Credit quality percentages include only fixed income securities and vary over time, as new investment securities are acquired and the credit rating of any investment held by the Fund is reassessed. For purposes of determining compliance with the Fund's investment requirements, ratings are as of the time of purchase, using a Standard & Poor's equivalent ratings scale. Fitch, Moody's, and S&P have recently downgraded further the general obligation bonds ("GOs") of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, as well as the obligations of certain Commonwealth agencies and public corporations, including COFINA, on numerous occasions. On June 29, 2015, Fitch and S&P further downgraded the GOs and related debt ratings from "B" to "CC" and from "CCC+" to "CCC-," respectively. Moody's followed suit on July 1, 2015, downgrading the GOs and COFINA's senior bonds to "Caa3," and S&P further downgraded all of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico's tax-backed debt to "CC" on September 10, 2015. All such ratings carry a negative outlook. Moreover, on June 29, 2015, the Government of Puerto Rico presented a report entitled "Puerto Rico—A Way Forward" by consultants and former International Monetary Fund economists Krueger, Teja, and Wolfe, which identified a deteriorating cash flow position and very large out-year central government budget gaps that approach the size of current full year general fund revenues. The report projects a fiscal 2016 budget gap of \$3.7 billion, absent corrective action, which would rise to \$6.0 billion by 2018 and higher in subsequent years. The Government of Puerto Rico also announced that it would seek to negotiate with bondholders to defer and/or restructure its \$72 billion debt load and also designated the Working Group for the Fiscal and Economic Recovery of Puerto Rico, to provide a debt restructuring plan. Thereafter, on August 3, 2015, the Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation failed to make a required \$58 million payment on its debt, representing the first time a Puerto Rico agency defaulted on its debt. The Working Group released the Puerto Rico Fiscal and Economic Growth Plan on September 9, 2015, which among other things, recommends restructuring all tax-backed debt, including GOs and COFINA sales tax debt. In this context, one could expect to see interruptions in cash flow on debt payments, in addition to more price volatility across Puerto Rico securities, as the results of many of the fiscal and budgetary measures adopted and to be adopted in the future

by the Government of Puerto Rico are fully realized and such Plan or other debt restructuring is implemented. As a result of the foregoing, none of the bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico and its instrumentalities without credit enhancement currently carry an investment-grade credit rating. In view of the fact that the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years and the subsequent credit rating downgrades of certain Puerto Rico bonds. Investors are encouraged to refer to current or more up-to-date information regarding the Fund's portfolio holdings available at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds. Currently, the Fund's percentage investment in securities rated below "AAA" or which are unrated, amounted to 18.52% of the Fund's total portfolio, which exceeds the Fund's maximum investment threshold of 5% of its total assets invested in securities rated below "AAA" or which are unrated. To the extent that such investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality are exceeded, Fund management may determine to continue to hold such lower-rated securities. provided any new investment proceeds are directed to acquire investment securities which satisfy the Fund's minimum credit rating requirements. On August 2015, the Board of Directors approved an extension of the Fund's existing share repurchase program for the acquisition of up to 50% of the Fund's issued Shares. The Repurchase Program is intended to enhance shareholder value by providing additional liquidity to Fund shareholders. For the quarter ended June 30, 2015, the Fund had repurchased 837,219 Shares in the open market with an NAV of \$6,930,994, at a cost of \$6,371,345. Since the program's inception, the Fund has repurchased 19,714,704 Shares of common stock in the open market with an NAV of \$154.571,760, at a cost of \$146,765,186, and which represent 34.03% of the aggregate number of Shares issued by the Fund (net of Shares acquired for dividend reinvestment purposes and which remain outstanding)

³ As of June 30, 2015. Return figures were not calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended, which requires that investment returns for an individual retirement account ("IRA") be calculated in the manner provided therein. To the extent that an individual invests in the Fund through an IRA, his or her investment return figures will be less than those reported

herein, when computed in accordance with Regulation 5766 and inasmuch as actual sales charges applicable to such IRA investments are taken into consideration. "Average Annual Total Return" figures reflect the percentage change in the market value, determined by calculating the average between the bid and ask prices, plus any income and capital gain dividends, and return of capital distributions, all such dividends and distributions reinvested as of the corresponding record date thereof, at the month-end NAV as of that date. In the case of "NAV Total Return," the Fund's NAV per Share is used, rather than the average between the bid and ask prices, to determine such total return, as applicable. "Rolling Period Annual Returns" measure the monthly movement in the average of the Annualized Average Market Return figures over a one-year, three-year, five-year, and ten-year period (as applicable), as it moves over a consecutive time series that begins on the Fund's inception date. Additionally, in the case of the Average Annual Total Return and Rolling Period Annual Return figures, commissions or sales charges payable in connection with a purchase or sale of Shares may vary with each brokerage institution. Total return figures are not representative of the performance of any individual investment, and taxes on capital gain distributions or income dividends, if any, have not been deducted. All calculations were performed by Thomson Reuters, based on certain financial data provided by this Fund and are annualized with the exception of year-to-date figures.

- ⁴ A \$10,000 investment is hypothetical and is shown for illustrative
- purposes only.

 5" IPO Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the initial public offering price. "Current Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the month-end bid orice.
- ⁶ Percentages may not total 100% due to rounding.



*Consideraciones Especiales

Cada Fondo es una compañía de inversión no diversificada de fin cerrado inscrita bajo la Ley Número 6 de 19 de octubre de 1954, según enmendada. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo pueden solamente ser adquiridos por, o transferidos a, individuos que sean residentes de Puerto Rico y a entidades cuya oficina y localización de negocios principal estén localizados en Puerto Rico. El rendimiento, el valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y el precio en el mercado de las acciones de capital común del Fondo (en adelante, las "Acciones"), podrán fluctuar y se determinarán por factores como la demanda y oferta en el mercado de las Acciones y las condiciones económicas, políticas y del mercado en general, al igual que otros factores que están fuera del control de un Fondo. Las Acciones son negociadas al precio del mercado, el cual puede reflejar una prima o descuento del valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y no se puede dar representación alguna sobre su liquidez o el mercado para disponer de las mismas. A pesar de que es la intención de UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico (en adelante, "UBSFSPR") de continuar manteniendo un mercado secundario para las Acciones, no está obligada a continuar haciéndolo. De otra parte, puede que no exista otra fuente de información de precios para las Acciones u otros compradores para las Acciones que no sea UBSFSPR.

Riesgo de concentración geográfica: El Fondo está expuesto a ciertos riesgos debido a la diversificación geográfica reducida de su cartera de inversiones. Los activos del fondo están invertidos primariamente en valores de emisores de Puerto Rico. A consecuencia, el Fondo generalmente es más susceptible a factores económicos, políticos, regulatorios y otros que podrían afectar adversamente a emisores de Puerto Rico que otra compañía de inversión la cual no esté tan concentrada en emisores de Puerto Rico. En adición, valores emitidos por el Gobierno de Puerto Rico o sus instrumentalidades se afectan por las finanzas del gobierno central. Eso incluye, pero no se limita a. las obligaciones generales de Puerto Rico y los bonos de ingresos, contribuciones especiales o de agencias. El efecto en cada deuda específica podría no ser el mismo y depende de que parte del dinero del gobierno o sus ingresos se supone paque el interés de dicha deuda. En la medida que un porcentaje relativamente alto de los activos del Fondo pueden ser invertidos en obligaciones de un número limitado de emisores de Puerto Rico, el valor neto de activos y su rendimiento puede aumentar o disminuir más que él de una compañía de inversión más diversificada, como resultado de cambios en cuanto a la evaluación de la condición financiera o prospectos de dichos emisores de Puerto Rico. El Fondo también puede ser más susceptible a cualquier ocurrencia individual económica, política o regulatoria en Puerto Rico que una compañía de inversión más diversificada. En los pasados años, los bonos principales del Gobierno de Puerto Rico, al igual que valores emitidos por ciertas instituciones financieras de Puerto Rico han sido degradados por varios factores, incluyendo sin limitación, al empeoramiento experimentado por la economía de Puerto Rico y la condición financiera pobre del Gobierno de Puerto Rico. Al presente, el mercado de bonos de Puerto Rico está experimentando un periodo de mas volatilidad,

mas con los bonos de Puerto Rico traficando a precios más bajos y rendimientos más altos a los puntos de referencia de los pasados dos (2) años, y así afectando el valor neto de activos del Fondo.

Transacciones de cartera entre un Fondo y UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (en el caso de un Fondo comanejado con Banco Popular de Puerto Rico) y otras afiliadas son efectuadas conforme a ciertos procedimientos adoptados por la Junta de Directores de un Fondo con miras a atender posibles conflictos de interés

Divulgación de Mercado Secundario: Dado a que actualmente UBSFSPR es la fuente dominante, y podría ser la única fuente, de liquidez para la negociación de las Acciones en el mercado secundario, cabe la posibilidad que un inversionista no pueda vender sus Acciones en el mercado secundario o que solamente pueda venderlas a pérdida, si UBSFSPR cesara de facilitar un mercado secundario para la negociación de las Acciones. Por lo tanto, la habilidad de un inversionista para vender sus Acciones dependerá del interés de otros inversionistas que estén comprando Acciones o la disponibilidad de UBSFSPR de designar capital adicional para mantener Acciones en su inventario. UBSFSPR podrá, a su única discreción, comprometer capital adicional para mantener Acciones en inventario cuando así lo estime apropiado, dependiendo de las condiciones del mercado y otras consideraciones, e igualmente en otras ocasiones, podrá reducir la cantidad de capital comprometida para financiar dicho inventario de las Acciones. Por ejemplo, cuando UBSFSPR compra Acciones para su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrán permanecer a los niveles previamente cotizados o aumentar. Por otro lado, cuando UBSFSPR vende Acciones de su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrían reducirse. En situaciones en que UBSFSPR está vendiendo Acciones de su inventario, podría ofrecer vender dichas Acciones a precios más bajos que cualquier orden de venta pendiente que fue puesta sobre sus Acciones por cualquier inversionista. Cualquier decisión de UBSFSPR de aumentar o reducir su inventario será tomada a su única discreción y no son divulgadas al público.

Divulgación Contributiva sobre Acuerdos de Recompra: A pesar de que existe precedente contable que apoya el concepto que los acuerdos de recompra y recompra a la inversa sean considerados como préstamos con garantía colateral para propósitos contributivos en Puerto Rico, dicho precedente no es determinante en cuanto a las disposiciones contributivas aplicables a los acuerdos de recompra que normalmente el Fondo suscribe, que contienen disposiciones que conceden al comprador de los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos el derecho a vender, transferir, pignorar o hipotecar dichos valores. A pesar de que el Departamento de Hacienda de Puerto Rico (en adelante, "Hacienda") nunca se ha expresado sobre si estos tipos de acuerdos deben ser considerados como una transferencia de titularidad sobre los valores subyacentes, Hacienda podría adoptar dicha posición y que los tribunales de Puerto Rico estén de acuerdo con dicha posición. En dicho caso, el interés exento pagado sobre los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos podría considerarse

como ingreso no exento del pago de contribución para el vendedor de tales valores subyacentes. En la medida que el Fondo sea considerado el vendedor bajo el acuerdo de recompra correspondiente, los dividendos distribuidos sobre las Acciones que a su vez son derivados del ingreso del acuerdo de recompra correspondiente podría ser considerado como un dividendo suieto a tributación o ganancias de capital. Si tal dividendo fuera considerado como dividendo sujeto a tributación, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico podrían estar sujetos a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014) sobre el dividendo (o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y aquellos que sean inversionistas corporativos estarían sujetos a una máxima tasa efectiva de 5.85% (o 4.5% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014), debido a la deducción de 85% sobre dividendos recibidos, según dispuesto por el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico, multiplicando el 15% del dividendo por una tasa contributiva corporativa máxima de 39% para los dividendos distribuidos en o después del 1 de julio de 2014 y 30% para los dividendos distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014). Por otro lado, si tales dividendos fueran considerados como dividendos de ganancias de capital, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014 o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y los tenedores de las Acciones que tributa como corporaciones, estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 20% (tasa contributiva de 15% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014).

Cambios Recientes al Derecho Tributario de Puerto Rico: El 29 de mayo de 2015, el Gobernador de Puerto Rico promulgó la Ley 72-2015, la cual enmendó significativamente el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico de 2011, según enmendado (el "Código"). En lo relevante, el Código fue enmendado en cuanto a lo siguiente: (1) en el 2014, el Código se enmendó para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas por un individuo después del 30 de junio de 2014 que serían admitidas como deducción estaban limitadas a 90% de las ganancias de capital más el ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que fuere menor; la Ley 72-2015 restaura el lenguaje existente previo a la enmienda del 2014 para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas en un año contributivo serán admitidas como deducción hasta el monto de las ganancias de capital generadas durante dicho año contributivo, y que si las pérdidas exceden las ganancias de dicho año contributivo, el contribuyente podrá deducir dicho exceso hasta el monto del ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que sea menor; (2) en el caso de corporaciones, para años contributivos comenzados después del 31 de diciembre de 2014, las pérdidas de capital (incluyendo el arrastre de pérdidas de capital) serán admitidas como deducción hasta el 80% de las ganancias de capital; y (3) con relación a la transición del impuesto sobre ventas y uso ("IVU") al nuevo impuesto sobre valor añadido ("IVA") de 10.5%, que será efectivo a partir del 1 de abril de 2016, (i) la tasa

de IVU aplicable a los cargos bancarios impuestos sobre cuentas comerciales aumentó de 6.0% a 10.5%, efectivo el 1 de julio de 2015, y (ii) a partir del 1 de octubre de 2015 y hasta el 31 de marzo de 2016, un IVU de 4.0% será impuesto sobre, entre otros, servicios profesionales y otros servicios (con ciertas excepciones limitadas) prestados al Fondo. No obstante, los intereses y otros cargos por el uso del dinero y servicios prestados (que no sean cargos bancarios) por instituciones financieras, tales como los Fondos, continuarán excluidos de la imposición del IVU y tampoco serán tributables para propósitos del IVA.

Aviso Legal

Rendimientos anteriores no son garantía de resultados futuros similares. Los rendimientos actuales podrían ser más bajos o más altos que el rendimiento aquí citado. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo están sujetos a riesgo de mercado, incluyendo la pérdida del principal invertido. Este documento no es una oferta de compra ni una solicitud de una oferta de compra para cualquier inversión en un Fondo y es para propósitos informativos solamente. Las inversiones en un Fondo están diseñadas principalmente y son adecuadas para inversionistas a largo plazo y no deben ser consideradas como un vehículo para fines de negociación. Estas inversiones puede que no sean adecuadas para cualquier inversionista. Una inversión en un Fondo no es equivalente a una inversión en los valores subvacentes en los cuales un Fondo invierte. El uso de apalancamiento por un Fondo representa ciertos riesgos a los inversionistas en éste, y en ciertos casos, las fluctuaciones en las tasas de intereses podrían aumentar la volatilidad en su rendimiento y afectar a un Fondo a mayor grado que a una compañía de inversión no apalancada. Información más detallada en cuanto a un Fondo, incluvendo los cargos, gastos y penalidades aplicables, objetivo(s) y políticas de inversión, factores de riesgo y el efecto de apalancamiento, se incluye en la documentación de oferta del Fondo, el cual usted debe leer cuidadosamente antes de hacer **una inversión.** Para obtener más información en cuanto a un Fondo (incluyendo los rendimientos de inversión calculados conforme el Reglamento 5766 de 11 de marzo de 1998, según enmendado) o una copia del prospecto para la oferta de las Acciones o los informes anuales del Fondo, favor de contactar a la familia de fondos UBS Puerto Rico o Puerto Rico Investors al 787-773-3888 ó 787-751-5452, respectivamente. Para obtener más información en cuanto a los rendimientos del Fondo de fin de mes o información más actualizada, por favor contactar a su Asesor Financiero en UBSFSPR o verifique los comunicados de prensa ("press releases") en http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Glossary of fund terms

- Ask Price: generally refers to the lowest price at which a seller will sell a specified number of units of a given security at a particular time. The ask price may incorporate a markup, which may vary by transaction and may include commissions and other charges. The ask prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price and age of pending customer orders.

- Average Duration: a time measure of a bond's interest-rate sensitivity, based on the weighted average of the time periods over which a bond's cash flow accrue to the bondholder. Time periods are weighted by multiplying by the present value of its cash flow divided by the bond's price. (A bond's cash flow consist of coupon payments and repayment of capital.) A bond's duration will almost always be shorter than its maturity, with the exception of zero-coupon bonds, for which maturity and duration are equal.
- Bid Price: generally refers to the highest price a buyer is willing to pay at a particular time for a unit of a given security. UBSFSPR publishes two types of bid prices for the Shares: firm or indicative. A firm bid is provided when UBSFSPR has the risk capacity and/or appetite at the particular time to purchase a specified number of Shares. An investor can sell to UBSFSPR at the firm bid price up to the specified number of Shares at a particular time. On the other hand, an indicative bid is provided for informational purposes only when UBSFSPR does not have the risk capacity and/or appetite at a particular time to purchase Shares. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for the Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price, and age of pending customer orders, and may be higher (in which case the price is at a premium) or lower (in which case
- the price is at a discount) than the NAV of the Fund. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR may also be affected by its willingness to hold additional inventory of the Shares or by its need to sell its inventory of Shares. Depending on market liquidity conditions. orders to buy or sell at the quoted price may not receive immediate execution, and an investor may not be able to sell its Shares at the price quoted by UBSFSPR. Moreover, the proceeds an investor receives on a sale of Shares may be lower than the bid price due to discounts, markdowns, and other charges. Since inception, the Shares have historically traded at prices which reflect a premium to their respective NAV per Share, though on certain limited instances, they have traded at prices which reflect a discount to their respective NAV per Share. However, there is no assurance that the Shares will continue to trade at prices which reflect such a premium. The Fund is presently experiencing liquidity issues. As a result, the bid price is for a limited number of shares, and it may not be possible for sellers to obtain the current bid price.
- Credit Quality: a measure of the likelihood that a financial obligation will not be honored provided by one or more of the rating agencies. Rating agencies assign classifications to their ratings, with "AAA" being the highest and "D" being the lowest for Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"). The Fund may use other ratings and adjust them for use in this scale.
- Effective Duration: a calculation of duration that takes into account the embedded options in the securities of a portfolio and their expected changes in the cash flow of a portfolio caused by those options.

- Expense Ratio: The percentage of the Fund's average net assets attributable to holders of the Shares and which is used to pay operating expenses and takes into account investment management fees, administration fees, and other operating expenses such as legal, audit, insurance, and shareholder communications.
- Hedge Notional: refers to the total net face value, reflecting any offsetting positions, of derivative instruments employed in hedging strategies of the Fund.
- Hedge Ratio: ratio of the Fund's hedge notional amount to its total dollar amount of leverage as of the end of a calendar quarter, assuming the Fund is fully invested at quarter-end. The Fund's investment adviser may, at its discretion, use a variety of derivative instruments including securities options, financial futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and other interest rate protection transactions such as swap agreements, to attempt to hedge its portfolio of assets and seek to enhance its return. There can be no assurance that any particular hedging strategy used will succeed.
- Leverage: the Fund may issue preferred stock or debt, enter into repurchase agreements, or borrow money, in order to increase the amounts available for investment ("leverage"). This gives the Fund's investment adviser, in the fixed income area in particular, the opportunity to enhance yield. The use of leverage increases the likelihood of price volatility and market risk for the Shares. There is also the risk that the cost of funding leverage will exceed the earnings on the related investments, which will have the likely effect of reducing the Fund's yield and the value of its investments.

- Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration: effective duration adjusted for the impact of the Fund's utilization of leverage. A Fund that utilizes leverage will have a leverage-adjusted effective duration that is longer than its effective duration.
- Maturity: date on which the face value of a security/bond must be repaid. It measures the average length to maturity in years of all the bonds in the Fund's portfolio. For mortgagebacked securities, the maturity takes into account the prepayment of the underlying mortgages.
- NAV: Net Asset Value. On a per-Share basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities and dividing such result by the Shares outstanding. On an aggregate, Fund basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities.
- Undistributed Income: the Fund's net income that has not been distributed to holders of its Shares as of the latest available audited financial statements. In the case of a target maturity-type investment company (which is liquidated on or by a specific date), it also includes the amounts to be distributed on or by the liquidation date as the return of the initial investment.

For a definition of other terms, please see the Shares' prospectus.



Puerto Rico AAA Portfolio Bond Fund II, Inc.

Investment Objectives and Policies

Seeks current income, consistent with the preservation of capital, by investing:

- up to 33% of its total assets in, among other things, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, its agencies, and instrumentalities
- at least 67% of its total assets in securities issued by Puerto Rico issuers (as described in the Prospectus)¹
- at least 95% of total assets in AAA-rated securities^{1, 2}
- may issue leverage representing up to 50% of total assets¹

Pricing and Distribution History²

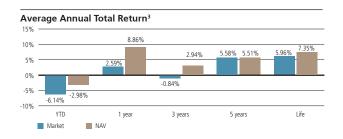
Initial Public Offering (IPO)	\$10.00
52-week Bid Low/High	\$8.78/\$10.12
YTD NAV Change	-\$0.58
YTD Bid Price Change	-\$0.84
IPO Yield ⁵	5.65%
Current Yield ⁵	6.43%
Last Dividend Paid	\$0.0471
Last 12 Month Dividend	\$0.5678

Portfolio Statistics and Characteristics²

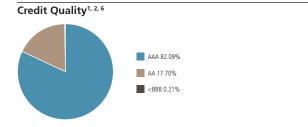
Share Bid Pr Net A Bid Pr Net A Levera Undis	sset Value (NAV) rice to NAV Ratio ssets (mm) age (mm) tributed Income (mm)	Aug-05 5.12 \$8.78 \$9.62 91.27% \$49.32 \$43.28 \$0.56	Fiscal Year Weighted Avg. Coupon Average Maturity (yrs) Average Duration (yrs) Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration (yrs) Leverage % Leverage Cost Hedge Notional (mm)	30-Jun 4.40% 14.63 9.83 19.96 46.54% ¹ 1.41% \$10.83
	ise Ratio	0.45%	Hedge Ratio	25%

See Portfolio Holdings, Portfolio Managers, Special Considerations, Disclaimers, Glossary of Fund Terms, and Footnotes on reverse.













Additional Distributions (per share)

	Current Quarter	YTD	Since Inception
Special			
Dividend	\$-	\$-	\$0.5717
Capital Gain			
Distribution	\$-	\$-	\$0.4825

Portfolio Holdings^{2, 6}

PR Obligations		PRASA (Insured)	3.05%
Mortgage-Backed Secu	ırities	PMSJ - FNMA Note	10.36%
CMO, COMM END,	FNMA,	PR Obligations	67.53%
GNMA, FGLMC	7.45%	-	
EDB - BAB	6.03%	U.S. Obligations	
EDB - FNMA	15.71%	Federal Home Loan	
Employees Retirement		Bank	5.74%
System	0.21%	Federal Farm Credit	
Municipal Finance		Bank	2.55%
(Insured)	0.86%	Build America Bonds	2.20%
PR Highway & Transpor	rtation	U.S. Municipals	9.70%
(Insured)	14.96%	Tenn Valley Authority	12.28%
PR Housing Finance		U.S. Obligations	32.47%
(Insured)	8.89%	_	

Portfolio Manager

Leslie Highley, Jr.

Portfolio Manager since inception UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico

Geographic Concentration Risk. The Fund is exposed to certain risks resulting from the reduced geographic diversification of its portfolio. The Fund's assets are invested primarily in securities of Puerto Rico issuers. Consequently, the Fund in general is more susceptible to economic, political, regulatory or other factors adversely affecting issuers in Puerto Rico than an investment company that is not so concentrated in Puerto Rico issuers. In addition, securities issued by the Government of Puerto Rico or its instrumentalities are affected by the central government's finances. That includes, but is not limited to, general obligations of Puerto Rico and revenue bonds, special tax bonds, or agency bonds. The effect on each specific debt may not be the same; it depends on exactly what part of the government's money or revenue is supposed to pay the interest thereon. Inasmuch as a relatively high percentage of the Fund's assets may be invested in obligations of a limited number of Puerto Rico issuers, the Fund's net asset value and its yield may increase or decrease more than that of a more diversified investment company as a result of changes in the market's assessment of the financial condition and prospects of such Puerto Rico issuers. The Fund may also be more susceptible to any single economic, political, or regulatory occurrence in Puerto Rico than a more widely diversified investment company. Over the past years, the principal Puerto Rico Government bonds as well as the securities issued by several

Puerto Rico financial institutions have been downgraded as a result of several factors, including without limitation, the downturn experienced by the Puerto Rico economy and the strained financial condition of the Government of Puerto Rico. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years, thereby affecting the Fund's net asset value.

Portfolio transactions between the Fund and UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (in the case of a co-managed Fund with Banco Popular de Puerto Rico), and other affiliates, are conducted in accordance with procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Directors in an effort to address potential conflicts of interest

Secondary Market Disclosure: Given UBSFSPR is currently the dominant, and may be the sole source of secondary market liquidity for the Shares, an investor may not be able to sell its Shares or may only be able to sell them at a loss, if UBSFSPR were to cease to facilitate such secondary market for the Shares. Accordingly, an investor's ability to sell its Shares will depend on the interest of other investors buying Shares, or UBSFSPR's willingness to commit additional capital to holding Shares in inventory. UBSFSPR may, in its sole discretion, commit additional capital to hold Shares in inventory when it deems it appropriate to do so, given market conditions or other considerations, and similarly may reduce the amount of capital committed to fund such inventory of Shares at other times. For example, when UBSFSPR purchases Shares and holds them in its inventory, quoted prices may remain at the previously quoted levels or increase. Conversely, when UBSFSPR sells Shares from its inventory, the quoted prices may decrease. In situations where UBSFSPR is selling Shares from its inventory, it may offer to sell its Shares at prices that are lower than pending sell orders that were placed by investors in the Shares. Decisions by UBSFSPR to increase or decrease inventory are made at its sole discretion and are not generally disclosed.

Repurchase Agreement Tax Disclosure: While there is authority generally supporting the treatment of repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements as collateralized loans for Puerto Rico income tax purposes, that authority does not specifically address the tax treatment of the repurchase agreements that the Fund typically enters into, which contain provisions that grant the buyer the right to sell, transfer, pledge, or hyoothecate the securities that are the object of such agreements.

Although the Puerto Rico Treasury Department ("PR Treasury") has never pronounced itself as to whether this type of arrangement should be viewed as a transfer of ownership of the underlying securities, it is possible that the PR Treasury could take that position in the future and that Puerto Rico courts would agree with that view. In such event, the tax exempt interest paid on such underlying securities could be deemed not to constitute tax exempt income for the seller of such securities; to the extent that the Fund was such seller, the dividends distributed on its Shares from such income could be treated either as taxable dividends or capital gain dividends. If such dividends were treated as taxable dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts could be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014) on the dividend (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and those which are corporate investors would be subject to a maximum effective income tax rate of 5.85% (or 4.5% for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014), (due to the 85% dividend received deduction of the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, 15% of the dividend multiplied by a 39% maximum corporate income tax rate for dividends distributed on or after July 1, 2014 and 30% for dividends distributed before July 1, 2014). On the other hand, if such dividends were treated as capital gains dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts would be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014) (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and holders of the Shares which are taxed as corporations would be subject to a 20% income tax (15% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014).

Recent changes in the Puerto Rico tax law: Act No. 72-2015, enacted on May 29, 2015, introduced significant changes to the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code of 2011. as amended ("Code").

In relevant part, the Code was amended as to the following: (1) the Code was amended in 2014 to provide that the amount of a capital loss incurred by an individual after June 30, 2014 that may be claimed as a deduction is limited to 90% of capital gains plus the individual's net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; Act No. 72-2015 reinstates the pre-2014 amendment rules, to provide that capital losses derived in a taxable year may be deducted against capital gains generated in the taxable year and that if the capital losses exceed capital gains, the amount of the excess that may be claimed as a deduction is an amount equal to the individual's

net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; (2) in the case of corporations, for taxable years beginning after December 31st, 2014, capital losses (including capital loss carryovers) may only offset up to 80% of a corporate taxpayer's capital gains; and (3) in connection with the transition from a sales and use tax ("SUT") to a 10.5% value added tax ("VAT"), which would become effective on April 1, 2016, (i) the SUT rate applicable to bank charges on commercial accounts increased from 6.0% to 10.5%, effective July 1, 2015; and (ii) a 4% SUT will be imposed, beginning on October 1, 2015 and through March 31, 2016, on, among others, professional and other services (with limited exceptions) rendered to the Fund. Note, however, that interest and other charges for the use money and charges for services (other than bank charges) provided by financial institutions, such as the Funds, will continue to be excluded from the SUT and will not be subject to the VAT.

Legal Disclaimer

Past performance does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Securities issued by the Fund are subject to market risk, including the loss of principal amounts invested. This document is not an offer to sell, or the solicitation of an offer to buy any investment in the Fund, and is for informational purposes only. Fund investments are designed primarily and suitable for long-term investors and not viewed as a vehicle for trading purposes. They may not be suitable to all investors. Fund investments are not equivalent to investments in its underlying securities. The Fund's utilization of leverage poses certain risks to investors, and in some cases, interest rate fluctuations may increase the volatility of its return and affect the Fund to a significantly greater extent than a non-leveraged investment company. More detailed information about the Fund, including applicable fees, costs, penalties, investment objectives and policies, risk factors, and the effects of leverage, is further described in the Share's prospectus, which you should read carefully prior to making an investment. To obtain additional information related to the Fund (including investment returns calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended) or a copy of the Shares' prospectus or Fund's annual report, please contact the UBS Puerto Rico Family of Funds at 787-773-3888. To obtain the Fund's month-end performance or more up-to-date information, please contact your UBS Financial Advisor or see "press releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Footnotes:

Generally, the Fund must invest at least 67% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage) and cash, including cash equivalents, but excluding non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market), in Puerto Rico securities. Additionally, the Fund may issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage, representing not more than 50% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage), cash (including cash equivalents), and non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap markedto-market), immediately after the issuance of any such preferred stock, or other debt securities. Moreover, the Fund may not issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage unless the value of its total assets. less all its liabilities and indebtedness, other than the preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage being issued or already outstanding, is at least equal to 200% of the total aggregate liquidation preference/principal amount of all its outstanding preferred stock (not including any accumulated dividends or other distributions), debt securities, and other forms of leverage. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years. In view of these volatile market conditions, the Puerto Rico Office of the Commissioner of Financial Institutions (the "PROCFI") has granted to the Fund a temporary regulatory waiver from the Funds' investment requirement in Puerto Rico securities of at least 67% of the Fund's total assets and leverage limitation of 50% of its total assets and 200% asset coverage requirement described above, through January 31, 2016. These temporary waivers may be renewed by the PROCFI for additional periods of time, should market conditions warrant, and upon written request by the Fund. It is the Fund's intention to recomply with these requirements as soon as market conditions permit, but there is no assurance as to whether and when the Fund will be able to do so.

² The "Expense Ratio" calculation may reflect a partial waiver of the investment advisory and administration fees payable to UBS Trust Company of Puerto Rico, implemented on October 1, 2013. For more up-to-date information with respect to such partial fee waivers, if any, please see "Press Releases" at http://www.ubs.com/orfunds.

Credit quality is as of June 30, 2015. The Fund's investment portfolio is actively managed, and its composition (including the portfolio statistics and characteristics) will vary over time. Credit quality percentages include only fixed income securities and vary over time, as new investment securities are acquired and the credit rating of any investment held by the Fund is reassessed. For purposes of determining compliance with the Fund's investment requirements, ratings are as of the time of purchase, using a Standard & Poor's equivalent ratings scale. Fitch, Moody's, and S&P have recently downgraded further the general obligation bonds ("GOs") of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, as well as the obligations of certain Commonwealth agencies and public corporations, including COFINA, on numerous occasions. On June 29, 2015, Fitch and S&P further downgraded the GOs and related debt ratings from "B" to "CC" and from "CCC+" to "CCC-," respectively. Moody's followed suit on July 1, 2015, downgrading the GOs and COFINA's senior bonds to "Caa3," and S&P further downgraded all of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico's tax-backed debt to "CC" on September 10, 2015. All such ratings carry a negative outlook. Moreover, on June 29, 2015, the Government of Puerto Rico presented a report entitled "Puerto Rico—A Way Forward" by consultants and former International Monetary Fund economists Krueger, Teja, and Wolfe, which identified a deteriorating cash flow position and very large out-year central government budget gaps that approach the size of current full year general fund revenues. The report projects a fiscal 2016 budget gap of \$3.7 billion, absent corrective action, which would rise to \$6.0 billion by 2018 and higher in subsequent years. The Government of Puerto Rico also announced that it would seek to negotiate with bondholders to defer and/or restructure its \$72 billion debt load and also designated the Working Group for the Fiscal and Economic Recovery of Puerto Rico, to provide a debt restructuring plan. Thereafter on August 3, 2015, the Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation failed to make a required \$58 million payment on its debt, representing the first time a Puerto Rico agency defaulted on its debt. The Working Group released the Puerto Rico Fiscal and Economic Growth Plan on September 9, 2015, which among other things, recommends restructuring all tax-backed debt, including GOs and COFINA sales tax debt. In this context, one could expect to see interruptions in cash flow on debt payments, in addition to more price

volatility across Puerto Rico securities, as the results of many of the fiscal and budgetary measures adopted and to be adopted in the future by the Government of Puerto Rico are fully realized and such Plan or other debt restructuring is implemented. As a result of the foregoing, none of the bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico and its instrumentalities without credit enhancement currently carry an investment-grade credit rating. In view of the fact that the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years and the subsequent credit rating downgrades of certain Puerto Rico bonds. Investors are encouraged to refer to current or more up-to-date information regarding the Fund's portfolio holdings available at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds. Currently, the Fund's percentage investment in securities rated below "AAA" or which are unrated, amounted to 17.91% of the Fund's total portfolio, which exceeds the Fund's maximum investment threshold of 5% of its total assets invested in securities rated below "AAA" or which are unrated. To the extent that such investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality are exceeded, Fund management may determine to continue to hold such lower-rated securities, provided any new investment proceeds are directed to acquire investment securities which satisfy the Fund's minimum credit

On August 2015, the Board of Directors approved an extension of the Fund's existing share repurchase program for the acquisition of up to 60% of the Fund's issued Shares. The Repurchase Program is intended to enhance shareholder value by providing additional liquidity to Fund shareholders. For the quarter ended June 30, 2015, the Fund had repurchased 117,179 Shares in the open market with an NAV of \$1,079,243, at a cost of \$1,046,991. Since the program's inception, the Fund has repurchased 3,208,883 Shares of common stock in the open market with an NAV of \$29,494,444, at a cost of \$28,497,083, and which represent 43,29% of the aggregate number of Shares issued by the Fund (net of Shares acquired for dividend reinvestment purposes and which remain outstanding).

As of June 30, 2015. Return figures were not calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended, which requires that investment returns for an individual therein. To the extent that an individual invests in the Fund through an IRA, his or her investment return figures will be less than those reported herein, when computed in accordance with Regulation 5766 and inasmuch as actual sales charges applicable to such IRA investments are taken into consideration, "Average Annual Total Return" figures reflect the percentage change in the market value, determined by calculating the average between the bid and ask prices, plus any income and capital gain dividends, and return of capital distributions, all such dividends and distributions reinvested as of the corresponding record date thereof, at the month-end NAV as of that date. In the case of "NAV Total Return," the Fund's NAV per Share is used, rather than the average between the bid and ask prices, to determine such total return, as applicable. "Rolling Period Annual Returns" measure the monthly movement in the average of the Annualized Average Market Return figures over a one-year, three-year, five-year, and ten-year period (as applicable), as it moves over a consecutive time series that begins on the Fund's inception date. Additionally, in the case of the Average Annual Total Return and Rolling Period Annual Return figures, commissions or sales charges payable in connection with a purchase or sale of Shares may vary with each brokerage institution. Total return figures are not representative of the performance of any individual investment, and taxes on capital gain distributions or income dividends, if any, have not been deducted. All calculations were performed by Thomson Reuters, based on certain financial data provided by this Fund and are annualized with the exception of yearto-date figures.

retirement account ("IRA") be calculated in the manner provided

- 4 A \$10,000 investment is hypothetical and is shown for illustrative purposes only.
- 5 "IPO Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the initial public offering price. "Current Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the month-end bid price.
- Percentages may not total 100% due to rounding.



*Consideraciones Especiales

Cada Fondo es una compañía de inversión no diversificada de fin cerrado inscrita bajo la Ley Número 6 de 19 de octubre de 1954, según enmendada. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo pueden solamente ser adquiridos por, o transferidos a, individuos que sean residentes de Puerto Rico y a entidades cuya oficina y localización de negocios principal estén localizados en Puerto Rico. El rendimiento, el valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y el precio en el mercado de las acciones de capital común del Fondo (en adelante, las "Acciones"), podrán fluctuar y se determinarán por factores como la demanda y oferta en el mercado de las Acciones y las condiciones económicas, políticas y del mercado en general, al igual que otros factores que están fuera del control de un Fondo. Las Acciones son negociadas al precio del mercado, el cual puede reflejar una prima o descuento del valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y no se puede dar representación alguna sobre su liquidez o el mercado para disponer de las mismas. A pesar de que es la intención de UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico (en adelante, "UBSFSPR") de continuar manteniendo un mercado secundario para las Acciones, no está obligada a continuar haciéndolo. De otra parte, puede que no exista otra fuente de información de precios para las Acciones u otros compradores para las Acciones que no sea UBSFSPR.

Riesgo de concentración geográfica: El Fondo está expuesto a ciertos riesgos debido a la diversificación geográfica reducida de su cartera de inversiones. Los activos del fondo están invertidos primariamente en valores de emisores de Puerto Rico. A consecuencia, el Fondo generalmente es más susceptible a factores económicos, políticos, regulatorios y otros que podrían afectar adversamente a emisores de Puerto Rico que otra compañía de inversión la cual no esté tan concentrada en emisores de Puerto Rico. En adición, valores emitidos por el Gobierno de Puerto Rico o sus instrumentalidades se afectan por las finanzas del gobierno central. Eso incluye, pero no se limita a. las obligaciones generales de Puerto Rico y los bonos de ingresos, contribuciones especiales o de agencias. El efecto en cada deuda específica podría no ser el mismo y depende de que parte del dinero del gobierno o sus ingresos se supone paque el interés de dicha deuda. En la medida que un porcentaje relativamente alto de los activos del Fondo pueden ser invertidos en obligaciones de un número limitado de emisores de Puerto Rico, el valor neto de activos y su rendimiento puede aumentar o disminuir más que él de una compañía de inversión más diversificada, como resultado de cambios en cuanto a la evaluación de la condición financiera o prospectos de dichos emisores de Puerto Rico. El Fondo también puede ser más susceptible a cualquier ocurrencia individual económica, política o regulatoria en Puerto Rico que una compañía de inversión más diversificada. En los pasados años, los bonos principales del Gobierno de Puerto Rico, al igual que valores emitidos por ciertas instituciones financieras de Puerto Rico han sido degradados por varios factores, incluyendo sin limitación, al empeoramiento experimentado por la economía de Puerto Rico y la condición financiera pobre del Gobierno de Puerto Rico. Al presente, el mercado de bonos de Puerto Rico está experimentando un periodo de mas volatilidad,

mas con los bonos de Puerto Rico traficando a precios más bajos y rendimientos más altos a los puntos de referencia de los pasados dos (2) años, y así afectando el valor neto de activos del Fondo.

Transacciones de cartera entre un Fondo y UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (en el caso de un Fondo comanejado con Banco Popular de Puerto Rico) y otras afiliadas son efectuadas conforme a ciertos procedimientos adoptados por la Junta de Directores de un Fondo con miras a atender posibles conflictos de interés

Divulgación de Mercado Secundario: Dado a que actualmente UBSFSPR es la fuente dominante, y podría ser la única fuente, de liquidez para la negociación de las Acciones en el mercado secundario, cabe la posibilidad que un inversionista no pueda vender sus Acciones en el mercado secundario o que solamente pueda venderlas a pérdida, si UBSFSPR cesara de facilitar un mercado secundario para la negociación de las Acciones. Por lo tanto, la habilidad de un inversionista para vender sus Acciones dependerá del interés de otros inversionistas que estén comprando Acciones o la disponibilidad de UBSFSPR de designar capital adicional para mantener Acciones en su inventario. UBSFSPR podrá, a su única discreción, comprometer capital adicional para mantener Acciones en inventario cuando así lo estime apropiado, dependiendo de las condiciones del mercado y otras consideraciones, e igualmente en otras ocasiones, podrá reducir la cantidad de capital comprometida para financiar dicho inventario de las Acciones. Por ejemplo, cuando UBSFSPR compra Acciones para su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrán permanecer a los niveles previamente cotizados o aumentar. Por otro lado, cuando UBSFSPR vende Acciones de su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrían reducirse. En situaciones en que UBSFSPR está vendiendo Acciones de su inventario, podría ofrecer vender dichas Acciones a precios más bajos que cualquier orden de venta pendiente que fue puesta sobre sus Acciones por cualquier inversionista. Cualquier decisión de UBSFSPR de aumentar o reducir su inventario será tomada a su única discreción y no son divulgadas al público.

Divulgación Contributiva sobre Acuerdos de Recompra: A pesar de que existe precedente contable que apoya el concepto que los acuerdos de recompra y recompra a la inversa sean considerados como préstamos con garantía colateral para propósitos contributivos en Puerto Rico, dicho precedente no es determinante en cuanto a las disposiciones contributivas aplicables a los acuerdos de recompra que normalmente el Fondo suscribe, que contienen disposiciones que conceden al comprador de los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos el derecho a vender, transferir, pignorar o hipotecar dichos valores. A pesar de que el Departamento de Hacienda de Puerto Rico (en adelante, "Hacienda") nunca se ha expresado sobre si estos tipos de acuerdos deben ser considerados como una transferencia de titularidad sobre los valores subyacentes, Hacienda podría adoptar dicha posición y que los tribunales de Puerto Rico estén de acuerdo con dicha posición. En dicho caso, el interés exento pagado sobre los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos podría considerarse

como ingreso no exento del pago de contribución para el vendedor de tales valores subyacentes. En la medida que el Fondo sea considerado el vendedor bajo el acuerdo de recompra correspondiente, los dividendos distribuidos sobre las Acciones que a su vez son derivados del ingreso del acuerdo de recompra correspondiente podría ser considerado como un dividendo suieto a tributación o ganancias de capital. Si tal dividendo fuera considerado como dividendo sujeto a tributación, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico podrían estar sujetos a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014) sobre el dividendo (o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y aquellos que sean inversionistas corporativos estarían sujetos a una máxima tasa efectiva de 5.85% (o 4.5% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014), debido a la deducción de 85% sobre dividendos recibidos, según dispuesto por el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico, multiplicando el 15% del dividendo por una tasa contributiva corporativa máxima de 39% para los dividendos distribuidos en o después del 1 de julio de 2014 y 30% para los dividendos distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014). Por otro lado, si tales dividendos fueran considerados como dividendos de ganancias de capital, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014 o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y los tenedores de las Acciones que tributa como corporaciones, estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 20% (tasa contributiva de 15% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014).

Cambios Recientes al Derecho Tributario de Puerto Rico: El 29 de mayo de 2015, el Gobernador de Puerto Rico promulgó la Ley 72-2015, la cual enmendó significativamente el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico de 2011, según enmendado (el "Código"). En lo relevante, el Código fue enmendado en cuanto a lo siguiente: (1) en el 2014, el Código se enmendó para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas por un individuo después del 30 de junio de 2014 que serían admitidas como deducción estaban limitadas a 90% de las ganancias de capital más el ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que fuere menor; la Ley 72-2015 restaura el lenguaje existente previo a la enmienda del 2014 para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas en un año contributivo serán admitidas como deducción hasta el monto de las ganancias de capital generadas durante dicho año contributivo, y que si las pérdidas exceden las ganancias de dicho año contributivo, el contribuyente podrá deducir dicho exceso hasta el monto del ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que sea menor; (2) en el caso de corporaciones, para años contributivos comenzados después del 31 de diciembre de 2014, las pérdidas de capital (incluyendo el arrastre de pérdidas de capital) serán admitidas como deducción hasta el 80% de las ganancias de capital; y (3) con relación a la transición del impuesto sobre ventas y uso ("IVU") al nuevo impuesto sobre valor añadido ("IVA") de 10.5%, que será efectivo a partir del 1 de abril de 2016, (i) la tasa

de IVU aplicable a los cargos bancarios impuestos sobre cuentas comerciales aumentó de 6.0% a 10.5%, efectivo el 1 de julio de 2015, y (ii) a partir del 1 de octubre de 2015 y hasta el 31 de marzo de 2016, un IVU de 4.0% será impuesto sobre, entre otros, servicios profesionales y otros servicios (con ciertas excepciones limitadas) prestados al Fondo. No obstante, los intereses y otros cargos por el uso del dinero y servicios prestados (que no sean cargos bancarios) por instituciones financieras, tales como los Fondos, continuarán excluidos de la imposición del IVU y tampoco serán tributables para propósitos del IVA.

Aviso Legal

Rendimientos anteriores no son garantía de resultados futuros similares. Los rendimientos actuales podrían ser más bajos o más altos que el rendimiento aquí citado. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo están sujetos a riesgo de mercado, incluyendo la pérdida del principal invertido. Este documento no es una oferta de compra ni una solicitud de una oferta de compra para cualquier inversión en un Fondo y es para propósitos informativos solamente. Las inversiones en un Fondo están diseñadas principalmente y son adecuadas para inversionistas a largo plazo y no deben ser consideradas como un vehículo para fines de negociación. Estas inversiones puede que no sean adecuadas para cualquier inversionista. Una inversión en un Fondo no es equivalente a una inversión en los valores subvacentes en los cuales un Fondo invierte. El uso de apalancamiento por un Fondo representa ciertos riesgos a los inversionistas en éste, y en ciertos casos, las fluctuaciones en las tasas de intereses podrían aumentar la volatilidad en su rendimiento y afectar a un Fondo a mayor grado que a una compañía de inversión no apalancada. Información más detallada en cuanto a un Fondo, incluvendo los cargos, gastos y penalidades aplicables, objetivo(s) y políticas de inversión, factores de riesgo y el efecto de apalancamiento, se incluye en la documentación de oferta del Fondo, el cual usted debe leer cuidadosamente antes de hacer **una inversión.** Para obtener más información en cuanto a un Fondo (incluyendo los rendimientos de inversión calculados conforme el Reglamento 5766 de 11 de marzo de 1998, según enmendado) o una copia del prospecto para la oferta de las Acciones o los informes anuales del Fondo, favor de contactar a la familia de fondos UBS Puerto Rico o Puerto Rico Investors al 787-773-3888 ó 787-751-5452, respectivamente. Para obtener más información en cuanto a los rendimientos del Fondo de fin de mes o información más actualizada, por favor contactar a su Asesor Financiero en UBSFSPR o verifique los comunicados de prensa ("press releases") en http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Glossary of fund terms

- Ask Price: generally refers to the lowest price at which a seller will sell a specified number of units of a given security at a particular time. The ask price may incorporate a markup, which may vary by transaction and may include commissions and other charges. The ask prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price and age of pending customer orders.

- Average Duration: a time measure of a bond's interest-rate sensitivity, based on the weighted average of the time periods over which a bond's cash flow accrue to the bondholder. Time periods are weighted by multiplying by the present value of its cash flow divided by the bond's price. (A bond's cash flow consist of coupon payments and repayment of capital.) A bond's duration will almost always be shorter than its maturity, with the exception of zero-coupon bonds, for which maturity and duration are equal.
- Bid Price: generally refers to the highest price a buyer is willing to pay at a particular time for a unit of a given security. UBSFSPR publishes two types of bid prices for the Shares: firm or indicative. A firm bid is provided when UBSFSPR has the risk capacity and/or appetite at the particular time to purchase a specified number of Shares. An investor can sell to UBSFSPR at the firm bid price up to the specified number of Shares at a particular time. On the other hand, an indicative bid is provided for informational purposes only when UBSFSPR does not have the risk capacity and/or appetite at a particular time to purchase Shares. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for the Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price, and age of pending customer orders, and may be higher (in which case the price is at a premium) or lower (in which case
- the price is at a discount) than the NAV of the Fund. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR may also be affected by its willingness to hold additional inventory of the Shares or by its need to sell its inventory of Shares. Depending on market liquidity conditions. orders to buy or sell at the quoted price may not receive immediate execution, and an investor may not be able to sell its Shares at the price quoted by UBSFSPR. Moreover, the proceeds an investor receives on a sale of Shares may be lower than the bid price due to discounts, markdowns, and other charges. Since inception, the Shares have historically traded at prices which reflect a premium to their respective NAV per Share, though on certain limited instances, they have traded at prices which reflect a discount to their respective NAV per Share. However, there is no assurance that the Shares will continue to trade at prices which reflect such a premium. The Fund is presently experiencing liquidity issues. As a result, the bid price is for a limited number of shares, and it may not be possible for sellers to obtain the current bid price.
- Credit Quality: a measure of the likelihood that a financial obligation will not be honored provided by one or more of the rating agencies. Rating agencies assign classifications to their ratings, with "AAA" being the highest and "D" being the lowest for Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"). The Fund may use other ratings and adjust them for use in this scale.
- Effective Duration: a calculation of duration that takes into account the embedded options in the securities of a portfolio and their expected changes in the cash flow of a portfolio caused by those options.

- Expense Ratio: The percentage of the Fund's average net assets attributable to holders of the Shares and which is used to pay operating expenses and takes into account investment management fees, administration fees, and other operating expenses such as legal, audit, insurance, and shareholder communications.
- Hedge Notional: refers to the total net face value, reflecting any offsetting positions, of derivative instruments employed in hedging strategies of the Fund.
- Hedge Ratio: ratio of the Fund's hedge notional amount to its total dollar amount of leverage as of the end of a calendar quarter, assuming the Fund is fully invested at quarter-end. The Fund's investment adviser may, at its discretion, use a variety of derivative instruments including securities options, financial futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and other interest rate protection transactions such as swap agreements, to attempt to hedge its portfolio of assets and seek to enhance its return. There can be no assurance that any particular hedging strategy used will succeed.
- Leverage: the Fund may issue preferred stock or debt, enter into repurchase agreements, or borrow money, in order to increase the amounts available for investment ("leverage"). This gives the Fund's investment adviser, in the fixed income area in particular, the opportunity to enhance yield. The use of leverage increases the likelihood of price volatility and market risk for the Shares. There is also the risk that the cost of funding leverage will exceed the earnings on the related investments, which will have the likely effect of reducing the Fund's yield and the value of its investments.

- Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration: effective duration adjusted for the impact of the Fund's utilization of leverage. A Fund that utilizes leverage will have a leverage-adjusted effective duration that is longer than its effective duration.
- Maturity: date on which the face value of a security/bond must be repaid. It measures the average length to maturity in years of all the bonds in the Fund's portfolio. For mortgagebacked securities, the maturity takes into account the prepayment of the underlying mortgages.
- NAV: Net Asset Value. On a per-Share basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities and dividing such result by the Shares outstanding. On an aggregate, Fund basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities.
- Undistributed Income: the Fund's net income that has not been distributed to holders of its Shares as of the latest available audited financial statements. In the case of a target maturity-type investment company (which is liquidated on or by a specific date), it also includes the amounts to be distributed on or by the liquidation date as the return of the initial investment.

For a definition of other terms, please see the Shares' prospectus.



Puerto Rico AAA Portfolio Target Maturity Fund, Inc.

Investment Objectives and Policies

Seeks current income, consistent with the preservation of capital, and the distribution to shareholders of common stock of an amount equal to \$10 per share, by investing:

- up to 33% of its total assets in, among other things, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, its agencies, and instrumentalities
- at least 67% of its total assets in securities issued by Puerto

Rico issuers (as described in the Prospectus)¹

- at least 95% of total assets in AAArated securities^{1, 2}
- return initial investment of \$10 per share by or before December 31, 2032; distributions of principal have commenced^{A, 2}
- may issue leverage representing up to 50% of total assets¹

Pricing and Distribution History²

Initial Public Offering (IPO)	\$10.0
Distribution to date	\$0.8
Remaining capital	\$9.2
IPO Yield ⁵	4.80%
Current Yield ⁵	5.77%
YTD Bid Price Change	-\$1.1
Last Dividend Paid	\$0.036
Last 12 Month Dividend	\$0.464

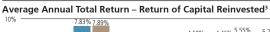
Portfolio Statistics and Characteristics²

Commencement Shares Outstanding (mm) Bid Price Net Asset Value (NAV) Net Assets (mm) Leverage (mm) Expense Ratio Average Maturity (yrs)	July-02 43.71 \$7.66 \$7.99 \$349.25 \$348.01 0.45% 13.66	Average Duration (yrs) Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration (yrs) Fiscal Year Leverage % Leverage Cost Hedge Notional (mm) Hedge Ratio	10.03 16.75 30-Jun 49.75% ¹ 1.21% \$116.60 34%
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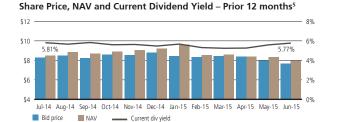
See Portfolio Holdings, Portfolio Manager, Special Considerations, Disclaimers, Glossary of Fund Terms, and Footnotes on reverse.

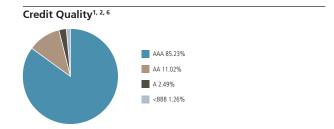
Portfolio Summary^{2, 6}















Portfolio Holdings^{2, 6}

PR Obligations Mortgage-Backed Secución, COMM END, GNMA, FGLMC EDB - BAB	rities	PRPBA (Insured)	1.42%
	FNMA,	PMSJ - FNMA Note	15.78%
	5.25%	PR Farm Credit/FFCB	0.41%
	14.72%	PR Obligations	73.64%
EDB - U.S. Municipals EDB - FNMA Employees Retirement System PR GOs (Insured) PR Housing Finance PR Sales Tax Financing PRASA (Insured)	4.34% 18.02% 0.83% 0.97% 10.78%	U.S. Obligations Federal Home Loan Bank Federal Farm Credit Bank Build America Bonds U.S. Municipals U.S. Obligations	21.27% 1.60% 0.23% 3.26% 26.36%

Pro-Forma	Actual	Capital	Pro-Forma
Bid Price	\$7.66	\$0.80	\$8.46
NAV	\$7.99	\$0.80	\$8.79

Portfolio Manager

Leslie Highley, Jr.

Portfolio Manager since inception UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico

A During the principal distribution period, the Fund will distribute pro-rata to holders of common stock the principal payments received by the Fund on its portfolio securities, in addition to the regular monthly distributions of net investment income and annual distributions of net capital gains.

*Special Considerations

The Fund is a non-diversified, closed-end management investment company registered under the Puerto Rico Investment Companies Act of 1954, as amended. Securities issued by the Fund may be purchased or otherwise transferred only to individuals who are residents of Puerto Rico and to entities whose principal office and principal place of business are located in Puerto Rico. The Fund's yield and net asset value and the market price of the Fund's shares of Common Stock (the "Shares") may fluctuate and will be determined by such factors as relative demand for and supply of the Shares in the market, as well as general market, political, and economic conditions and other factors beyond the control of the Fund. The Shares trade at market price, which may be at a discount or premium to NAV, and no assurance can be given as to their liquidity or trading market. While it is the intention of UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico ("UBSFSPR") to continue to maintain a secondary market for the Shares, it is not obligated to continue to do so. Moreover, there may be no other source of price information for the Shares or other purchasers of the Shares other than UBSFSPR.

Geographic Concentration Risk. The Fund is exposed to certain risks resulting from the reduced geographic diversification of its portfolio. The Fund's assets are invested primarily in securities of Puerto Rico issuers. Consequently, the Fund in general is more susceptible to economic, political, regulatory or other factors adversely affecting issuers in Puerto Rico than an investment company that is not so concentrated in Puerto Rico issuers. In addition, securities issued by the Government of Puerto Rico or its instrumentalities are affected by the central government's finances. That includes, but is not limited to, general obligations of Puerto Rico and revenue bonds, special tax bonds, or agency bonds. The effect on each specific debt may not be the same; it depends on exactly what part of the government's money or revenue is supposed to pay the interest thereon. Inasmuch as a relatively high percentage of the Fund's assets may be invested in obligations of a limited number of Puerto Rico issuers, the Fund's net asset value and its yield may increase or decrease more than that of a more diversified investment company as a result of changes in the market's assessment of the financial condition and prospects of such Puerto Rico issuers. The Fund may also be more susceptible to any single economic, political, or regulatory occurrence in Puerto Rico than a more widely diversified investment company. Over the past years, the principal Puerto Rico Government bonds as well as the securities issued by several

Puerto Rico financial institutions have been downgraded as a result of several factors, including without limitation, the downturn experienced by the Puerto Rico economy and the strained financial condition of the Government of Puerto Rico. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years, thereby affecting the Fund's net asset value.

Portfolio transactions between the Fund and UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (in the case of a co-managed Fund with Banco Popular de Puerto Rico). and other affiliates, are conducted in accordance with procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Directors in an effort to address potential conflicts

Secondary Market Disclosure: Given UBSFSPR is currently the dominant, and may be the sole source of secondary market liquidity for the Shares, an investor may not be able to sell its Shares or may only be able to sell them at a loss, if UBSFSPR were to cease to facilitate such secondary market for the Shares. Accordingly, an investor's ability to sell its Shares will depend on the interest of other investors buying Shares, or UBSFSPR's willingness to commit additional capital to holding Shares in inventory. UBSFSPR may, in its sole discretion, commit additional capital to hold Shares in inventory when it deems it appropriate to do so, given market conditions or other considerations, and similarly may reduce the amount of capital committed to fund such inventory of Shares at other times. For example, when UBSFSPR purchases Shares and holds them in its inventory, quoted prices may remain at the previously quoted levels or increase. Conversely, when UBSFSPR sells Shares from its inventory, the quoted prices may decrease. In situations where UBSFSPR is selling Shares from its inventory, it may offer to sell its Shares at prices that are lower than pending sell orders that were placed by investors in the Shares. Decisions by UBSFSPR to increase or decrease inventory are made at its sole discretion and are

Repurchase Agreement Tax Disclosure: While there is authority generally supporting the treatment of repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements as collateralized loans for Puerto Rico income tax purposes, that authority does not specifically address the tax treatment of the repurchase agreements that the Fund typically enters into, which contain provisions that grant the buyer the right to sell, transfer, pledge, or hypothecate the securities that are the object of such agreements.

Although the Puerto Rico Treasury Department ("PR Treasury") has never pronounced itself as to whether this type of arrangement should be viewed as a transfer of ownership of the underlying securities, it is possible that the PR Treasury could take that position in the future and that Puerto Rico courts would agree with that view. In such event, the tax exempt interest paid on such underlying securities could be deemed not to constitute tax exempt income for the seller of such securities; to the extent that the Fund was such seller, the dividends distributed on its Shares from such income could be treated either as taxable dividends or capital gain dividends. If such dividends were treated as taxable dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts could be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014) on the dividend (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and those which are corporate investors would be subject to a maximum effective income tax rate of 5.85% (or 4.5% for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014), (due to the 85% dividend received deduction of the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, 15% of the dividend multiplied by a 39% maximum corporate income tax rate for dividends distributed on or after July 1, 2014 and 30% for dividends distributed before July 1, 2014). On the other hand, if such dividends were treated as capital gains dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts would be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014) (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and holders of the Shares which are taxed as corporations would be subject to a 20% income tax (15% income tax for capital dividends distributed

Recent changes in the Puerto Rico tax law: Act No. 72-2015, enacted on May 29, 2015, introduced significant changes to the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code of 2011, as amended ("Code").

In relevant part, the Code was amended as to the following: (1) the Code was amended in 2014 to provide that the amount of a capital loss incurred by an individual after June 30, 2014 that may be claimed as a deduction is limited to 90% of capital gains plus the individual's net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; Act No. 72-2015 reinstates the pre-2014 amendment rules, to provide that capital losses derived in a taxable year may be deducted against capital gains generated in the taxable year and that if the capital losses exceed capital gains, the amount of the excess that may be claimed as a deduction is an amount equal to the individual's

net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; (2) in the case of corporations, for taxable years beginning after December 31st, 2014, capital losses (including capital loss carryovers) may only offset up to 80% of a corporate taxpayer's capital gains; and (3) in connection with the transition from a sales and use tax ("SUT") to a 10.5% value added tax ("VAT"), which would become effective on April 1, 2016, (i) the SUT rate applicable to bank charges on commercial accounts increased from 6.0% to 10.5%, effective July 1, 2015; and (ii) a 4% SUT will be imposed, beginning on October 1, 2015 and through March 31, 2016, on, among others, professional and other services (with limited exceptions) rendered to the Fund. Note, however, that interest and other charges for the use money and charges for services (other than bank charges) provided by financial institutions, such as the Funds, will continue to be excluded from the SUT and will not be subject to the VAT.

Legal Disclaimer

Past performance does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Securities issued by the Fund are subject to market risk, including the loss of principal amounts invested. This document is not an offer to sell, or the solicitation of an offer to buy any investment in the Fund, and is for informational purposes only. Fund investments are designed primarily and suitable for long-term investors and not viewed as a vehicle for trading purposes. They may not be suitable to all investors. Fund investments are not equivalent to investments in its underlying securities. The Fund's utilization of leverage poses certain risks to investors, and in some cases, interest rate fluctuations may increase the volatility of its return and affect the Fund to a significantly greater extent than a non-leveraged investment company. More detailed information about the Fund, including applicable fees, costs, penalties, investment objectives and policies, risk factors, and the effects of leverage, is further described in the Share's prospectus, which you should read carefully prior to making an investment. To obtain additional information related to the Fund (including investment returns calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended) or a copy of the Shares' prospectus or Fund's annual report, please contact the UBS Puerto Rico Family of Funds at 787-773-3888. To obtain the Fund's month-end performance or more up-to-date information, please contact your UBS Financial Advisor or see "press releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

¹ Generally, the Fund must invest at least 67% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage) and cash, including cash equivalents, but excluding non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market), in Puerto Rico securities. Additionally, the Fund may issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage, representing not more than 50% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage), cash (including cash equivalents), and non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap markedto-market), immediately after the issuance of any such preferred stock, or other debt securities. Moreover, the Fund may not issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage unless the value of its total assets less all its liabilities and indebtedness, other than the preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage being issued or already outstanding, is at least equal to 200% of the total aggregate liquidation preference/principal amount of all its outstanding preferred stock (not including any accumulated dividends or other distributions) debt securities, and other forms of leverage Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years. In view of these volatile market conditions, the Puerto Rico Office of the Commissioner of Financial Institutions (the "PROCFI") has granted to the Fund a temporary regulatory waiver from the Funds' investment requirement in Puerto Rico securities of at least 67% of the Fund's total assets and leverage limitation of 50% of its total assets and 200% asset coverage requirement described above, through January 31, 2016. These temporary waivers may be renewed by the PROCFI for additional periods of time, should market conditions warrant, and upon written request by the Fund. It is the Fund's intention to recomply with these requirements as soon as market conditions permit, but there is no assurance as to whether and when the Fund will be able to do so.

² The "Expense Ratio" calculation may reflect a partial waiver of the investment advisory and administration fees payable to UBS Trust Company of Puerto Rico, implemented on October 1, 2013. For more up-to-date information with respect to such partial fee waivers, if any, please see "Press Releases" at

http://www.ubs.com/prfunds. Credit quality is as of June 30, 2015. The Fund's investment portfolio is actively managed, and its composition (including the portfolio statistics and characteristics) will vary over time. Credit quality percentages include only fixed income securities and vary over time, as new investment securities are acquired and the credit rating of any investment held by the Fund is reassessed. For purposes of determining compliance with the Fund's investment requirements, ratings are as of the time of purchase, using a Standard & Poor's equivalent ratings scale. Fitch, Moody's, and S&P have recently downgraded further the general obligation bonds ("GOs") of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, as well as the obligations of certain Commonwealth agencies and public corporations, including COFINA, on numerous occasions. On June 29, 2015, Fitch and S&P further downgraded the GOs and related debt ratings from "B" to "CC" and from "CCC+" to "CCC-," respectively. Moody's followed suit on July 1, 2015, downgrading the GOs and COFINA's senior bonds to "Caa3." and S&P further downgraded all of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico's tax-backed debt to "CC" on September 10, 2015, All such ratings carry a negative outlook. Moreover, on June 29, 2015, the Government of Puerto Rico presented a report entitled "Puerto Rico-A Way Forward" by consultants and former International Monetary Fund economists Krueger, Teia, and Wolfe, which identified a deteriorating cash flow position and very large out-year central government budget gaps that approach the size of current full year general fund revenues. The report projects a fiscal 2016 budget gap of \$3.7 billion, absent corrective action, which would rise to \$6.0 billion by 2018 and higher in subsequent years. The Government of Puerto Rico also announced that it would seek to negotiate with bondholders to defer and/or restructure its \$72 billion debt load and also designated the Working Group for the Fiscal and Economic Recovery of Puerto Rico, to provide a debt restructuring plan. Thereafter, on August 3, 2015, the Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation failed to make a required \$58 million payment on its debt, representing the first time a Puerto Rico agency defaulted on its debt. The Working Group released the Puerto Rico Fiscal and Economic Growth Plan on September 9. 2015, which among other things, recommends restructuring all tax-backed debt, including GOs and COFINA sales tax debt. In this context, one could

expect to see interruptions in cash flow on debt payments, in addition to more price volatility across Puerto Rico securities, as the results of many of the fiscal and budgetary measures adopted and to be adopted in the future by the Government of Puerto Rico are fully realized and such Plan or other debt restructuring is implemented. As a result of the foregoing, none of the bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico and its instrumentalities without credit enhancement currently carry an investment-grade credit rating. In view of the fact that the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years and the subsequent credit rating downgrades of certain Puerto Rico bonds. Investors are encouraged to refer to current or more up-to-date information regarding the Fund's portfolio holdings available at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds_Currently_the Fund's percentage investment in securities rated below "AAA" or which are unrated, amounted to 14.77% of the Fund's total portfolio, which exceeds the Fund's maximum investment threshold of 5% of its total assets invested in securities rated below "AAA" or which are unrated. To the extent that such investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality are exceeded. Fund management may determine to continue to hold such lower-rated securities. provided any new investment proceeds are directed to acquire investment securities which satisfy the Fund's minimum credit rating requirements. On August 2015, the Board of Directors approved an extension of the Fund's existing share repurchase program for the acquisition of up to 50% of the Fund's issued Shares. The Repurchase Program is intended to enhance shareholder value by providing additional liquidity to Fund shareholders. For the guarter ended June 30, 2015, the Fund had repurchased 1,116,883 Shares in the open market with an NAV of \$8,989,173, at a cost of \$8,566,634. Since the program's inception, the Fund has repurchased 11,492,460 Shares of common stock in the open market with an NAV of \$95,007,804, at a cost of \$91,514,685, and which represent 20.82% of the aggregate number of Shares issued by the Fund (net of Shares acquired for dividend reinvestment purposes and which remain outstanding). ³ As of June 30, 2015. Return figures were not calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended. which requires that investment returns for an individual

retirement account ("IRA") be calculated in the manner provided

⁴ A \$10,000 investment is hypothetical and is shown for illustrative nurnoses only. 5 "IPO Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the remaining capital. "Current Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's

distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the month-end bid price.

6 Percentages may not total 100% due to rounding.

as actual sales charges applicable to such IRA investments are taken into consideration. "Average Annual Total Return" figures reflect the percentage change in the market value, determined by calculating the average between the bid and ask prices, plus any income and capital gain dividends, and return of capital distributions, all such dividends and distributions reinvested as of the corresponding record date thereof, at the month-end NAV as of that date. In the case of "NAV Total Return," the Fund's NAV per Share is used, rather than the average between the bid and ask prices, to determine such total return, as applicable. "Rolling Period Annual Returns" measure the monthly movement in the average of the Annualized Average Market Return figures over a one-year, three-year, five-year, and ten-year period (as applicable), as it moves over a consecutive time series that begins on the Fund's inception date. Additionally, in the case of the Average Annual Total Return and Rolling Period Annual Return figures, commissions or sales charges payable in connection with a purchase or sale of Shares may vary with each brokerage institution. Total return figures are not representative of the performance of any individual investment, and taxes on capital gain distributions or income dividends, if any, have not been deducted. All calculations were performed by Thomson Reuters, based on certain financial data provided by this Fund and are annualized with the exception of year-to-date figures.

therein. To the extent that an individual invests in the Fund through an

IRA his or her investment return figures will be less than those reported

herein, when computed in accordance with Regulation 5766 and inasmuch

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*Consideraciones Especiales

Cada Fondo es una compañía de inversión no diversificada de fin cerrado inscrita bajo la Ley Número 6 de 19 de octubre de 1954, según enmendada. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo pueden solamente ser adquiridos por, o transferidos a, individuos que sean residentes de Puerto Rico y a entidades cuya oficina y localización de negocios principal estén localizados en Puerto Rico. El rendimiento, el valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y el precio en el mercado de las acciones de capital común del Fondo (en adelante, las "Acciones"), podrán fluctuar y se determinarán por factores como la demanda y oferta en el mercado de las Acciones y las condiciones económicas, políticas y del mercado en general, al igual que otros factores que están fuera del control de un Fondo. Las Acciones son negociadas al precio del mercado, el cual puede reflejar una prima o descuento del valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y no se puede dar representación alguna sobre su liquidez o el mercado para disponer de las mismas. A pesar de que es la intención de UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico (en adelante, "UBSFSPR") de continuar manteniendo un mercado secundario para las Acciones, no está obligada a continuar haciéndolo. De otra parte, puede que no exista otra fuente de información de precios para las Acciones u otros compradores para las Acciones que no sea UBSFSPR.

Riesgo de concentración geográfica: El Fondo está expuesto a ciertos riesgos debido a la diversificación geográfica reducida de su cartera de inversiones. Los activos del fondo están invertidos primariamente en valores de emisores de Puerto Rico. A consecuencia, el Fondo generalmente es más susceptible a factores económicos, políticos, regulatorios y otros que podrían afectar adversamente a emisores de Puerto Rico que otra compañía de inversión la cual no esté tan concentrada en emisores de Puerto Rico. En adición, valores emitidos por el Gobierno de Puerto Rico o sus instrumentalidades se afectan por las finanzas del gobierno central. Eso incluye, pero no se limita a. las obligaciones generales de Puerto Rico y los bonos de ingresos, contribuciones especiales o de agencias. El efecto en cada deuda específica podría no ser el mismo y depende de que parte del dinero del gobierno o sus ingresos se supone paque el interés de dicha deuda. En la medida que un porcentaje relativamente alto de los activos del Fondo pueden ser invertidos en obligaciones de un número limitado de emisores de Puerto Rico, el valor neto de activos y su rendimiento puede aumentar o disminuir más que él de una compañía de inversión más diversificada, como resultado de cambios en cuanto a la evaluación de la condición financiera o prospectos de dichos emisores de Puerto Rico. El Fondo también puede ser más susceptible a cualquier ocurrencia individual económica, política o regulatoria en Puerto Rico que una compañía de inversión más diversificada. En los pasados años, los bonos principales del Gobierno de Puerto Rico, al igual que valores emitidos por ciertas instituciones financieras de Puerto Rico han sido degradados por varios factores, incluyendo sin limitación, al empeoramiento experimentado por la economía de Puerto Rico y la condición financiera pobre del Gobierno de Puerto Rico. Al presente, el mercado de bonos de Puerto Rico está experimentando un periodo de mas volatilidad,

mas con los bonos de Puerto Rico traficando a precios más bajos y rendimientos más altos a los puntos de referencia de los pasados dos (2) años, y así afectando el valor neto de activos del Fondo.

Transacciones de cartera entre un Fondo y UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (en el caso de un Fondo comanejado con Banco Popular de Puerto Rico) y otras afiliadas son efectuadas conforme a ciertos procedimientos adoptados por la Junta de Directores de un Fondo con miras a atender posibles conflictos de interés

Divulgación de Mercado Secundario: Dado a que actualmente UBSFSPR es la fuente dominante, y podría ser la única fuente, de liquidez para la negociación de las Acciones en el mercado secundario, cabe la posibilidad que un inversionista no pueda vender sus Acciones en el mercado secundario o que solamente pueda venderlas a pérdida, si UBSFSPR cesara de facilitar un mercado secundario para la negociación de las Acciones. Por lo tanto, la habilidad de un inversionista para vender sus Acciones dependerá del interés de otros inversionistas que estén comprando Acciones o la disponibilidad de UBSFSPR de designar capital adicional para mantener Acciones en su inventario. UBSFSPR podrá, a su única discreción, comprometer capital adicional para mantener Acciones en inventario cuando así lo estime apropiado, dependiendo de las condiciones del mercado y otras consideraciones, e igualmente en otras ocasiones, podrá reducir la cantidad de capital comprometida para financiar dicho inventario de las Acciones. Por ejemplo, cuando UBSFSPR compra Acciones para su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrán permanecer a los niveles previamente cotizados o aumentar. Por otro lado, cuando UBSFSPR vende Acciones de su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrían reducirse. En situaciones en que UBSFSPR está vendiendo Acciones de su inventario, podría ofrecer vender dichas Acciones a precios más bajos que cualquier orden de venta pendiente que fue puesta sobre sus Acciones por cualquier inversionista. Cualquier decisión de UBSFSPR de aumentar o reducir su inventario será tomada a su única discreción y no son divulgadas al público.

Divulgación Contributiva sobre Acuerdos de Recompra: A pesar de que existe precedente contable que apoya el concepto que los acuerdos de recompra y recompra a la inversa sean considerados como préstamos con garantía colateral para propósitos contributivos en Puerto Rico, dicho precedente no es determinante en cuanto a las disposiciones contributivas aplicables a los acuerdos de recompra que normalmente el Fondo suscribe, que contienen disposiciones que conceden al comprador de los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos el derecho a vender, transferir, pignorar o hipotecar dichos valores. A pesar de que el Departamento de Hacienda de Puerto Rico (en adelante, "Hacienda") nunca se ha expresado sobre si estos tipos de acuerdos deben ser considerados como una transferencia de titularidad sobre los valores subyacentes, Hacienda podría adoptar dicha posición y que los tribunales de Puerto Rico estén de acuerdo con dicha posición. En dicho caso, el interés exento pagado sobre los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos podría considerarse

como ingreso no exento del pago de contribución para el vendedor de tales valores subyacentes. En la medida que el Fondo sea considerado el vendedor bajo el acuerdo de recompra correspondiente, los dividendos distribuidos sobre las Acciones que a su vez son derivados del ingreso del acuerdo de recompra correspondiente podría ser considerado como un dividendo suieto a tributación o ganancias de capital. Si tal dividendo fuera considerado como dividendo sujeto a tributación, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico podrían estar sujetos a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014) sobre el dividendo (o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y aquellos que sean inversionistas corporativos estarían sujetos a una máxima tasa efectiva de 5.85% (o 4.5% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014), debido a la deducción de 85% sobre dividendos recibidos, según dispuesto por el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico, multiplicando el 15% del dividendo por una tasa contributiva corporativa máxima de 39% para los dividendos distribuidos en o después del 1 de julio de 2014 y 30% para los dividendos distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014). Por otro lado, si tales dividendos fueran considerados como dividendos de ganancias de capital, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014 o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y los tenedores de las Acciones que tributa como corporaciones, estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 20% (tasa contributiva de 15% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014).

Cambios Recientes al Derecho Tributario de Puerto Rico: El 29 de mayo de 2015, el Gobernador de Puerto Rico promulgó la Ley 72-2015, la cual enmendó significativamente el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico de 2011, según enmendado (el "Código"). En lo relevante, el Código fue enmendado en cuanto a lo siguiente: (1) en el 2014, el Código se enmendó para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas por un individuo después del 30 de junio de 2014 que serían admitidas como deducción estaban limitadas a 90% de las ganancias de capital más el ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que fuere menor; la Ley 72-2015 restaura el lenguaje existente previo a la enmienda del 2014 para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas en un año contributivo serán admitidas como deducción hasta el monto de las ganancias de capital generadas durante dicho año contributivo, y que si las pérdidas exceden las ganancias de dicho año contributivo, el contribuyente podrá deducir dicho exceso hasta el monto del ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que sea menor; (2) en el caso de corporaciones, para años contributivos comenzados después del 31 de diciembre de 2014, las pérdidas de capital (incluyendo el arrastre de pérdidas de capital) serán admitidas como deducción hasta el 80% de las ganancias de capital; y (3) con relación a la transición del impuesto sobre ventas y uso ("IVU") al nuevo impuesto sobre valor añadido ("IVA") de 10.5%, que será efectivo a partir del 1 de abril de 2016, (i) la tasa

de IVU aplicable a los cargos bancarios impuestos sobre cuentas comerciales aumentó de 6.0% a 10.5%, efectivo el 1 de julio de 2015, y (ii) a partir del 1 de octubre de 2015 y hasta el 31 de marzo de 2016, un IVU de 4.0% será impuesto sobre, entre otros, servicios profesionales y otros servicios (con ciertas excepciones limitadas) prestados al Fondo. No obstante, los intereses y otros cargos por el uso del dinero y servicios prestados (que no sean cargos bancarios) por instituciones financieras, tales como los Fondos, continuarán excluidos de la imposición del IVU y tampoco serán tributables para propósitos del IVA.

Aviso Legal

Rendimientos anteriores no son garantía de resultados futuros similares. Los rendimientos actuales podrían ser más bajos o más altos que el rendimiento aquí citado. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo están sujetos a riesgo de mercado, incluyendo la pérdida del principal invertido. Este documento no es una oferta de compra ni una solicitud de una oferta de compra para cualquier inversión en un Fondo y es para propósitos informativos solamente. Las inversiones en un Fondo están diseñadas principalmente y son adecuadas para inversionistas a largo plazo y no deben ser consideradas como un vehículo para fines de negociación. Estas inversiones puede que no sean adecuadas para cualquier inversionista. Una inversión en un Fondo no es equivalente a una inversión en los valores subvacentes en los cuales un Fondo invierte. El uso de apalancamiento por un Fondo representa ciertos riesgos a los inversionistas en éste, y en ciertos casos, las fluctuaciones en las tasas de intereses podrían aumentar la volatilidad en su rendimiento y afectar a un Fondo a mayor grado que a una compañía de inversión no apalancada. Información más detallada en cuanto a un Fondo, incluvendo los cargos, gastos y penalidades aplicables, objetivo(s) y políticas de inversión, factores de riesgo y el efecto de apalancamiento, se incluye en la documentación de oferta del Fondo, el cual usted debe leer cuidadosamente antes de hacer **una inversión.** Para obtener más información en cuanto a un Fondo (incluyendo los rendimientos de inversión calculados conforme el Reglamento 5766 de 11 de marzo de 1998, según enmendado) o una copia del prospecto para la oferta de las Acciones o los informes anuales del Fondo, favor de contactar a la familia de fondos UBS Puerto Rico o Puerto Rico Investors al 787-773-3888 ó 787-751-5452, respectivamente. Para obtener más información en cuanto a los rendimientos del Fondo de fin de mes o información más actualizada, por favor contactar a su Asesor Financiero en UBSFSPR o verifique los comunicados de prensa ("press releases") en http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Glossary of fund terms

- Ask Price: generally refers to the lowest price at which a seller will sell a specified number of units of a given security at a particular time. The ask price may incorporate a markup, which may vary by transaction and may include commissions and other charges. The ask prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price and age of pending customer orders.

- Average Duration: a time measure of a bond's interest-rate sensitivity, based on the weighted average of the time periods over which a bond's cash flow accrue to the bondholder. Time periods are weighted by multiplying by the present value of its cash flow divided by the bond's price. (A bond's cash flow consist of coupon payments and repayment of capital.) A bond's duration will almost always be shorter than its maturity, with the exception of zero-coupon bonds, for which maturity and duration are equal.
- Bid Price: generally refers to the highest price a buyer is willing to pay at a particular time for a unit of a given security. UBSFSPR publishes two types of bid prices for the Shares: firm or indicative. A firm bid is provided when UBSFSPR has the risk capacity and/or appetite at the particular time to purchase a specified number of Shares. An investor can sell to UBSFSPR at the firm bid price up to the specified number of Shares at a particular time. On the other hand, an indicative bid is provided for informational purposes only when UBSFSPR does not have the risk capacity and/or appetite at a particular time to purchase Shares. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for the Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price, and age of pending customer orders, and may be higher (in which case the price is at a premium) or lower (in which case
- the price is at a discount) than the NAV of the Fund. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR may also be affected by its willingness to hold additional inventory of the Shares or by its need to sell its inventory of Shares. Depending on market liquidity conditions. orders to buy or sell at the quoted price may not receive immediate execution, and an investor may not be able to sell its Shares at the price quoted by UBSFSPR. Moreover, the proceeds an investor receives on a sale of Shares may be lower than the bid price due to discounts, markdowns, and other charges. Since inception, the Shares have historically traded at prices which reflect a premium to their respective NAV per Share, though on certain limited instances, they have traded at prices which reflect a discount to their respective NAV per Share. However, there is no assurance that the Shares will continue to trade at prices which reflect such a premium. The Fund is presently experiencing liquidity issues. As a result, the bid price is for a limited number of shares, and it may not be possible for sellers to obtain the current bid price.
- Credit Quality: a measure of the likelihood that a financial obligation will not be honored provided by one or more of the rating agencies. Rating agencies assign classifications to their ratings, with "AAA" being the highest and "D" being the lowest for Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"). The Fund may use other ratings and adjust them for use in this scale.
- Effective Duration: a calculation of duration that takes into account the embedded options in the securities of a portfolio and their expected changes in the cash flow of a portfolio caused by those options.

- Expense Ratio: The percentage of the Fund's average net assets attributable to holders of the Shares and which is used to pay operating expenses and takes into account investment management fees, administration fees, and other operating expenses such as legal, audit, insurance, and shareholder communications.
- Hedge Notional: refers to the total net face value, reflecting any offsetting positions, of derivative instruments employed in hedging strategies of the Fund.
- Hedge Ratio: ratio of the Fund's hedge notional amount to its total dollar amount of leverage as of the end of a calendar quarter, assuming the Fund is fully invested at quarter-end. The Fund's investment adviser may, at its discretion, use a variety of derivative instruments including securities options, financial futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and other interest rate protection transactions such as swap agreements, to attempt to hedge its portfolio of assets and seek to enhance its return. There can be no assurance that any particular hedging strategy used will succeed.
- Leverage: the Fund may issue preferred stock or debt, enter into repurchase agreements, or borrow money, in order to increase the amounts available for investment ("leverage"). This gives the Fund's investment adviser, in the fixed income area in particular, the opportunity to enhance yield. The use of leverage increases the likelihood of price volatility and market risk for the Shares. There is also the risk that the cost of funding leverage will exceed the earnings on the related investments, which will have the likely effect of reducing the Fund's yield and the value of its investments.

- Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration: effective duration adjusted for the impact of the Fund's utilization of leverage. A Fund that utilizes leverage will have a leverage-adjusted effective duration that is longer than its effective duration.
- Maturity: date on which the face value of a security/bond must be repaid. It measures the average length to maturity in years of all the bonds in the Fund's portfolio. For mortgagebacked securities, the maturity takes into account the prepayment of the underlying mortgages.
- NAV: Net Asset Value. On a per-Share basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities and dividing such result by the Shares outstanding. On an aggregate, Fund basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities.
- Undistributed Income: the Fund's net income that has not been distributed to holders of its Shares as of the latest available audited financial statements. In the case of a target maturity-type investment company (which is liquidated on or by a specific date), it also includes the amounts to be distributed on or by the liquidation date as the return of the initial investment.

For a definition of other terms, please see the Shares' prospectus.



Puerto Rico Fixed Income Fund, Inc.

Investment Objectives and Policies

Seeks current income, consistent with the preservation of capital, by investing:

- up to 33% of its total assets in, among other things, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, its agencies, and instrumentalities
- at least 67% of its total assets in securities issued by Puerto Rico issuers (as described in the Prospectus)¹
- at least 80% of total assets in investment-grade securities^{1, 2}
- may issue leverage representing up to 50% of total assets¹

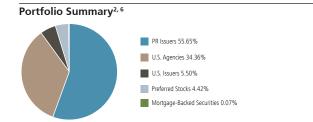
Pricing and Distribution History²

Initial Public Offering (IPO)	\$10.00
52-week Bid Low/High	\$2.02/\$3.42
YTD NAV Change	-\$1.05
YTD Bid Price Change	-\$1.13
IPO Yield⁵	5.20%
Current Yield ⁵	25.74%
Last Dividend Paid	\$0.0433
Last 12 Month Dividend	\$0.5213

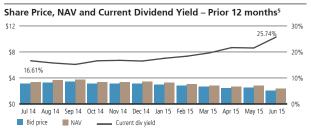
Portfolio Statistics and Characteristics²

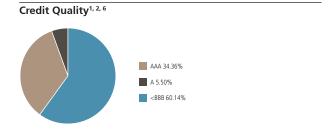
Commencement Shares Outstanding (mm) Bid Price Net Asset Value (NAV) Bid Price to NAV Ratio Net Assets (mm) Leverage (mm) Undistributed Income (mm) Expense Ratio	July-03 29.22 \$2.02 \$2.35 85.96% \$68.72 \$77.21 \$5.85 0.63%	Fiscal Year Weighted Avg. Coupon Average Maturity (yrs) Average Duration (yrs) Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration (yrs) Leverage % Leverage Cost Hedge Notional (mm) Hedge Ratio	30-Jun 4.24% 24.26 11.07 19.78 52.37% ¹ 1.59% \$19.45 25%
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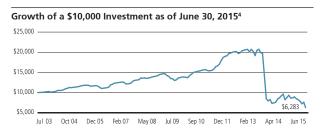
See Portfolio Holdings, Portfolio Manager, Special Considerations, Disclaimers, Glossary of Fund Terms, and Footnotes on reverse.













Portfolio Holdings^{2, 6}

PR Obligations		U.S. Obligations	
Preferred Stocks		Federal Home Loan	
Universal	4.42%	Bank	34.36%
Mortgage-Backed Seci		Build America Bonds	3.10%
CMO, COMM END,		U.S. Municipals	2.40%
GNMA, FGLMC	0.07%	U.S. Obligations	39.86%
Employees Retirement		y	
System	34.21%		
PR Sales Tax Financing	20.07%		
PREPA	1.37%		
PR Obligations	60.14%		

Portfolio Manager

Leslie Highley, Jr.

Portfolio Manager since inception UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico

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*Special Considerations

The Fund is a non-diversified, closed-end management investment company registered under the Puerto Rico Investment Companies Act of 1954, as amended. Securities issued by the Fund may be purchased or otherwise transferred only to individuals who are residents of Puerto Rico and to entities whose principal office and principal place of business are located in Puerto Rico. The Fund's yield and net asset value and the market price of the Fund's shares of Common Stock (the "Shares") may fluctuate and will be determined by such factors as relative demand for and supply of the Shares in the market, as well as general market, political, and economic conditions and other factors beyond the control of the Fund. The Shares trade at market price, which may be at a discount or premium to NAV, and no assurance can be given as to their liquidity or trading market. While it is the intention of UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico ("UBSFSPR") to continue to maintain a secondary market for the Shares, it is not obligated to continue to do so. Moreover, there may be no other source of price information for the Shares or other purchasers of the Shares other than UBSFSPR.

Geographic Concentration Risk. The Fund is exposed to certain risks resulting from the reduced geographic diversification of its portfolio. The Fund's assets are invested primarily in securities of Puerto Rico issuers. Consequently, the Fund in general is more susceptible to economic, political, regulatory or other factors adversely affecting issuers in Puerto Rico than an investment company that is not so concentrated in Puerto Rico issuers. In addition, securities issued by the Government of Puerto Rico or its instrumentalities are affected by the central government's finances. That includes, but is not limited to, general obligations of Puerto Rico and revenue bonds, special tax bonds, or agency bonds. The effect on each specific debt may not be the same; it depends on exactly what part of the government's money or revenue is supposed to pay the interest thereon. Inasmuch as a relatively high percentage of the Fund's assets may be invested in obligations of a limited number of Puerto Rico issuers, the Fund's net asset value and its yield may increase or decrease more than that of a more diversified investment company as a result of changes in the market's assessment of the financial condition and prospects of such Puerto Rico issuers. The Fund may also be more susceptible to any single economic, political, or regulatory occurrence in Puerto Rico than a more widely diversified investment company. Over the past years, the principal Puerto Rico Government bonds as well as the securities issued by several

Puerto Rico financial institutions have been downgraded as a result of several factors, including without limitation, the downturn experienced by the Puerto Rico economy and the strained financial condition of the Government of Puerto Rico. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years, thereby affecting the Fund's net asset value.

Portfolio transactions between the Fund and UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (in the case of a co-managed Fund with Banco Popular de Puerto Rico), and other affiliates, are conducted in accordance with procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Directors in an effort to address potential conflicts of interest

Secondary Market Disclosure: Given UBSFSPR is currently the dominant, and may be the sole source of secondary market liquidity for the Shares, an investor may not be able to sell its Shares or may only be able to sell them at a loss, if UBSFSPR were to cease to facilitate such secondary market for the Shares. Accordingly, an investor's ability to sell its Shares will depend on the interest of other investors buying Shares, or UBSFSPR's willingness to commit additional capital to holding Shares in inventory. UBSFSPR may, in its sole discretion, commit additional capital to hold Shares in inventory when it deems it appropriate to do so, given market conditions or other considerations, and similarly may reduce the amount of capital committed to fund such inventory of Shares at other times. For example, when UBSFSPR purchases Shares and holds them in its inventory, quoted prices may remain at the previously quoted levels or increase. Conversely, when UBSFSPR sells Shares from its inventory, the quoted prices may decrease. In situations where UBSFSPR is selling Shares from its inventory, it may offer to sell its Shares at prices that are lower than pending sell orders that were placed by investors in the Shares. Decisions by UBSFSPR to increase or decrease inventory are made at its sole discretion and are

Repurchase Agreement Tax Disclosure: While there is authority generally supporting the treatment of repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements as collateralized loans for Puerto Rico income tax purposes, that authority does not specifically address the tax treatment of the repurchase agreements that the Fund typically enters into, which contain provisions that grant the buyer the right to sell, transfer, pledge, or hypothecate the securities that are the object of such agreements.

Although the Puerto Rico Treasury Department ("PR Treasury") has never pronounced itself as to whether this type of arrangement should be viewed as a transfer of ownership of the underlying securities, it is possible that the PR Treasury could take that position in the future and that Puerto Rico courts would agree with that view. In such event, the tax exempt interest paid on such underlying securities could be deemed not to constitute tax exempt income for the seller of such securities; to the extent that the Fund was such seller, the dividends distributed on its Shares from such income could be treated either as taxable dividends or capital gain dividends. If such dividends were treated as taxable dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts could be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014) on the dividend (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and those which are corporate investors would be subject to a maximum effective income tax rate of 5.85% (or 4.5% for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014), (due to the 85% dividend received deduction of the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, 15% of the dividend multiplied by a 39% maximum corporate income tax rate for dividends distributed on or after July 1, 2014 and 30% for dividends distributed before July 1, 2014). On the other hand, if such dividends were treated as capital gains dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts would be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014) (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and holders of the Shares which are taxed as corporations would be subject to a 20% income tax (15% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014).

Recent changes in the Puerto Rico tax law: Act No. 72-2015, enacted on May 29, 2015, introduced significant changes to the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code of 2011. as amended ("Code").

In relevant part, the Code was amended as to the following: (1) the Code was amended in 2014 to provide that the amount of a capital loss incurred by an individual after June 30, 2014 that may be claimed as a deduction is limited to 90% of capital gains plus the individual's net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; Act No. 72-2015 reinstates the pre-2014 amendment rules, to provide that capital losses derived in a taxable year may be deducted against capital gains generated in the taxable year and that if the capital losses exceed capital gains, the amount of the excess that may be claimed as a deduction is an amount equal to the individual's

net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; (2) in the case of corporations, for taxable years beginning after December 31st, 2014, capital losses (including capital loss carryovers) may only offset up to 80% of a corporate taxpayer's capital gains; and (3) in connection with the transition from a sales and use tax ("SUT") to a 10.5% value added tax ("VAT"), which would become effective on April 1, 2016, (i) the SUT rate applicable to bank charges on commercial accounts increased from 6.0% to 10.5%, effective July 1, 2015; and (ii) a 4% SUT will be imposed, beginning on October 1, 2015 and through March 31, 2016, on, among others, professional and other services (with limited exceptions) rendered to the Fund. Note, however, that interest and other charges for the use money and charges for services (other than bank charges) provided by financial institutions, such as the Funds, will continue to be excluded from the SUT and will not be subject to the VAT.

Legal Disclaimer

Past performance does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Securities issued by the Fund are subject to market risk, including the loss of principal amounts invested. This document is not an offer to sell, or the solicitation of an offer to buy any investment in the Fund, and is for informational purposes only. Fund investments are designed primarily and suitable for long-term investors and not viewed as a vehicle for trading purposes. They may not be suitable to all investors. Fund investments are not equivalent to investments in its underlying securities. The Fund's utilization of leverage poses certain risks to investors, and in some cases, interest rate fluctuations may increase the volatility of its return and affect the Fund to a significantly greater extent than a non-leveraged investment company. More detailed information about the Fund, including applicable fees, costs, penalties, investment objectives and policies, risk factors, and the effects of leverage, is further described in the Share's prospectus, which you should read carefully prior to making an investment. To obtain additional information related to the Fund (including investment returns calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended) or a copy of the Shares' prospectus or Fund's annual report, please contact the UBS Puerto Rico Family of Funds at 787-773-3888. To obtain the Fund's month-end performance or more up-to-date information, please contact your UBS Financial Advisor or see "press releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Footnotes

Generally, the Fund must invest at least 67% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage) and cash, including cash equivalents, but excluding non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market), in Puerto Rico securities. Additionally, the Fund may issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage, representing not more than 50% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage), cash (including cash equivalents), and non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market), immediately after the issuance of any such preferred stock, or other debt securities. Moreover, the Fund may not issue preferred stock, debt securities. or other forms of leverage unless the value of its total assets less all its liabilities and indebtedness, other than the preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage being issued or already outstanding, is at least equal to 200% of the total aggregate liquidation preference/principal amount of all its outstanding preferred stock (not including any accumulated dividends or other distributions), debt securities, and other forms of leverage, Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years. In view of these volatile market conditions, the Puerto Rico Office of the Commissioner of Financial Institutions (the "PROCFI") has granted to the Fund a temporary regulatory waiver from the Funds' investment requirement in Puerto Rico securities of at least 67% of the Fund's total assets and leverage limitation of 50% of its total assets and 200% asset coverage requirement described above, through January 31, 2016. Based on the representations and opinion of the Fund's investment adviser and consistent with the Fund's investment objective, the PROCFI has also granted no-objection relief with respect to the Fund's investment-grade credit rating requirement for Puerto Rico securities, which permit the Fund to continue to invest in Puerto Rico municipal securities that do not have an investment grade credit rating, under certain conditions, at the discretion of the Fund's investment adviser. These temporary waivers and no-objection relief may be renewed by the PROCFI for additional periods of time, should market conditions warrant, and upon written request by the Fund. It is

the Fund's intention to re-comply with these requirements as soon as market conditions permit, but there is no assurance as to whether and when the Fund will be able to do so.

² The "Expense Ratio" calculation may reflect a partial waiver of the investment advisory and administration fees payable to UBS Trust Company of Puerto Rico, implemented on October 1, 2013. For more up-to-date information with respect to such partial fee waivers, if any, please see "Press Releases" at http://www.ubs.com/orfunds

http://www.ubs.com/prfunds. Credit quality is as of June 30, 2015. The Fund's investment portfolio is actively managed, and its composition (including the portfolio statistics and characteristics) will vary over time. Credit quality percentages include only fixed income securities and vary over time, as new investment securities are acquired and the credit rating of any investment held by the Fund is reassessed. For purposes of determining compliance with the Fund's investment requirements. ratings are as of the time of purchase, using a Standard & Poor's equivalent ratings scale. Fitch, Moody's, and S&P have recently downgraded further the general obligation bonds ("GOs") of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, as well as the obligations of certain Commonwealth agencies and public corporations, including COFINA on numerous occasions. On June 29, 2015. Fitch and S&P further downgraded the GOs and related debt ratings from "B" to "CC" and from "CCC+" to "CCC-," respectively. Moody's followed suit on July 1, 2015, downgrading the GOs and COFINA's senior bonds to "Caa3," and S&P further downgraded all of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico's tax-backed debt to "CC" on September 10, 2015. All such ratings carry a negative outlook. Moreover, on June 29, 2015, the Government of Puerto Rico presented a report entitled "Puerto Rico-A Way Forward" by consultants and former International Monetary Fund economists Krueger, Teja, and Wolfe, which identified a deteriorating cash flow position and very large out-year central government budget gaps that approach the size of current full year general fund revenues. The report projects a fiscal 2016 budget gap of \$3.7 billion, absent corrective action, which would rise to \$6.0 billion by 2018 and higher in subsequent years. The Government of Puerto Rico also announced that it would seek to negotiate with bondholders to defer and/or restructure its \$72 billion debt load and also designated the Working Group for the Fiscal and Economic Recovery of Puerto Rico, to provide a debt restructuring plan. Thereafter, on August 3, 2015, the Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation failed to make a required \$58 million payment on its debt, representing the first time a Puerto Rico agency defaulted on its debt. The Working Group released the Puerto Rico Fiscal and Economic Growth Plan on September 9, 2015, which among

other things, recommends restructuring all tax-backed debt, including GOs and COFINA sales tax debt. In this context, one could expect to see interruptions in cash flow on debt payments, in addition to more price volatility across Puerto Rico securities, as the results of many of the fiscal and budgetary measures adopted and to be adopted in the future by the Government of Puerto Rico are fully realized and such Plan or other debt restructuring is implemented. As a result of the foregoing, none of the bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico and its instrumentalities without credit enhancement currently carry an investment-grade credit rating. Inasmuch as the Fund invests a substantial portion of its assets in securities issued by the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, these recent rating downgrades will negatively impact the Fund's ability to maintain compliance with its maximum/minimum investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality. To the extent that such investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality are exceeded. Fund management may determine to continue to hold such lower-rated securities, provided any new investment proceeds are directed to acquire investment securities which satisfy the Fund's minimum credit rating requirements. In view of the fact that the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years and the subsequent credit rating downgrades of certain Puerto Rico bonds. Investors are encouraged to refer to current or more up-to-date information regarding the Fund's portfolio holdings available at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds. Currently, the Fund's percentage investment in securities rated below investment-grade (below "BBB" rating) or which are unrated, amounted to 60 14% of the Fund's total portfolio, which exceeds the Fund's maximum investment threshold of 20% of its total assets invested in securities rated below investment-grade or which are unrated. Moreover, the Fund's percentage investment in debt securities rated below investment-grade (below "BBB" rating) or which are not of investment-grade credit quality, amounted to 60.14% of the Fund's total assets, which exceeds the Fund's maximum investment threshold of 0% of its total assets. On August 2015, the Board of Directors approved an extension of the Fund's existing share repurchase program for the acquisition of up to 60% of the Fund's issued Shares. The Renurchase Program is intended to enhance shareholder value by providing additional liquidity to Fund shareholders. For the guarter ended June 30, 2015, the Fund had repurchased 1,994,483 Shares in the open market with an NAV of \$5.313.223, at a cost of \$4.437,586. Since

the program's inception, the Fund has repurchased 25,159,729 Shares of common stock in the open market with an NAV of \$87,164,429, at a cost of \$80,443,295, and which represent 46.35% of the aggregate number of Shares issued by the Fund (net of Shares acquired for dividend reinvestment purposes and which remain outstanding).

As of June 30, 2015, Return figures were not calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended, which requires that investment returns for an individual retirement account ("IRA") be calculated in the manner provided therein. To the extent that an individual invests in the Fund through an IRA, his or her investment return figures will be less than those reported herein, when computed in accordance with Regulation 5766 and inasmuch as actual sales charges applicable to such IRA investments are taken into consideration. "Average Annual Total Return" figures reflect the percentage change in the market value, determined by calculating the average between the bid and ask prices. plus any income and capital gain dividends, and return of capital distributions, all such dividends and distributions reinvested as of the corresponding record date thereof, at the month-end NAV as of that date. In the case of "NAV Total Return," the Fund's NAV per Share is used, rather than the average between the bid and ask prices, to determine such total return, as applicable. "Rolling Period Annual Returns" measure the monthly movement in the average of the Annualized Average Market Return figures over a one-year, three-year, five-year, and ten-year period (as applicable), as it moves over a consecutive time series that begins on the Fund's inception date. Additionally, in the case of the Average Annual Total Return and Rolling Period Annual Return figures, commissions or sales charges payable in connection with a purchase or sale of Shares may vary with each brokerage institution. Total return figures are not representative of the performance of any individual investment, and taxes on capital gain distributions or income dividends, if any, have not been deducted. All calculations were performed by Thomson Reuters, based on certain financial data provided by this Fund and are annualized with the exception of year-to-date figures. ⁴ A \$10,000 investment is hypothetical and is shown for illustrative

- A \$10,000 investment is hypothetical and is shown for illustrative purposes only.
 "IPO Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's
- distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the initial public offering price. "Current Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the month-end bid price. 6 Percentages may not total 100% due to rounding.



*Consideraciones Especiales

Cada Fondo es una compañía de inversión no diversificada de fin cerrado inscrita bajo la Ley Número 6 de 19 de octubre de 1954, según enmendada. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo pueden solamente ser adquiridos por, o transferidos a, individuos que sean residentes de Puerto Rico y a entidades cuya oficina y localización de negocios principal estén localizados en Puerto Rico. El rendimiento, el valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y el precio en el mercado de las acciones de capital común del Fondo (en adelante, las "Acciones"), podrán fluctuar y se determinarán por factores como la demanda y oferta en el mercado de las Acciones y las condiciones económicas, políticas y del mercado en general, al igual que otros factores que están fuera del control de un Fondo. Las Acciones son negociadas al precio del mercado, el cual puede reflejar una prima o descuento del valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y no se puede dar representación alguna sobre su liquidez o el mercado para disponer de las mismas. A pesar de que es la intención de UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico (en adelante, "UBSFSPR") de continuar manteniendo un mercado secundario para las Acciones, no está obligada a continuar haciéndolo. De otra parte, puede que no exista otra fuente de información de precios para las Acciones u otros compradores para las Acciones que no sea UBSFSPR.

Riesgo de concentración geográfica: El Fondo está expuesto a ciertos riesgos debido a la diversificación geográfica reducida de su cartera de inversiones. Los activos del fondo están invertidos primariamente en valores de emisores de Puerto Rico. A consecuencia, el Fondo generalmente es más susceptible a factores económicos, políticos, regulatorios y otros que podrían afectar adversamente a emisores de Puerto Rico que otra compañía de inversión la cual no esté tan concentrada en emisores de Puerto Rico. En adición, valores emitidos por el Gobierno de Puerto Rico o sus instrumentalidades se afectan por las finanzas del gobierno central. Eso incluye, pero no se limita a. las obligaciones generales de Puerto Rico y los bonos de ingresos, contribuciones especiales o de agencias. El efecto en cada deuda específica podría no ser el mismo y depende de que parte del dinero del gobierno o sus ingresos se supone paque el interés de dicha deuda. En la medida que un porcentaje relativamente alto de los activos del Fondo pueden ser invertidos en obligaciones de un número limitado de emisores de Puerto Rico, el valor neto de activos y su rendimiento puede aumentar o disminuir más que él de una compañía de inversión más diversificada, como resultado de cambios en cuanto a la evaluación de la condición financiera o prospectos de dichos emisores de Puerto Rico. El Fondo también puede ser más susceptible a cualquier ocurrencia individual económica, política o regulatoria en Puerto Rico que una compañía de inversión más diversificada. En los pasados años, los bonos principales del Gobierno de Puerto Rico, al igual que valores emitidos por ciertas instituciones financieras de Puerto Rico han sido degradados por varios factores, incluyendo sin limitación, al empeoramiento experimentado por la economía de Puerto Rico y la condición financiera pobre del Gobierno de Puerto Rico. Al presente, el mercado de bonos de Puerto Rico está experimentando un periodo de mas volatilidad,

mas con los bonos de Puerto Rico traficando a precios más bajos y rendimientos más altos a los puntos de referencia de los pasados dos (2) años, y así afectando el valor neto de activos del Fondo.

Transacciones de cartera entre un Fondo y UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (en el caso de un Fondo comanejado con Banco Popular de Puerto Rico) y otras afiliadas son efectuadas conforme a ciertos procedimientos adoptados por la Junta de Directores de un Fondo con miras a atender posibles conflictos de interés

Divulgación de Mercado Secundario: Dado a que actualmente UBSFSPR es la fuente dominante, y podría ser la única fuente, de liquidez para la negociación de las Acciones en el mercado secundario, cabe la posibilidad que un inversionista no pueda vender sus Acciones en el mercado secundario o que solamente pueda venderlas a pérdida, si UBSFSPR cesara de facilitar un mercado secundario para la negociación de las Acciones. Por lo tanto, la habilidad de un inversionista para vender sus Acciones dependerá del interés de otros inversionistas que estén comprando Acciones o la disponibilidad de UBSFSPR de designar capital adicional para mantener Acciones en su inventario. UBSFSPR podrá, a su única discreción, comprometer capital adicional para mantener Acciones en inventario cuando así lo estime apropiado, dependiendo de las condiciones del mercado y otras consideraciones, e igualmente en otras ocasiones, podrá reducir la cantidad de capital comprometida para financiar dicho inventario de las Acciones. Por ejemplo, cuando UBSFSPR compra Acciones para su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrán permanecer a los niveles previamente cotizados o aumentar. Por otro lado, cuando UBSFSPR vende Acciones de su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrían reducirse. En situaciones en que UBSFSPR está vendiendo Acciones de su inventario, podría ofrecer vender dichas Acciones a precios más bajos que cualquier orden de venta pendiente que fue puesta sobre sus Acciones por cualquier inversionista. Cualquier decisión de UBSFSPR de aumentar o reducir su inventario será tomada a su única discreción y no son divulgadas al público.

Divulgación Contributiva sobre Acuerdos de Recompra: A pesar de que existe precedente contable que apoya el concepto que los acuerdos de recompra y recompra a la inversa sean considerados como préstamos con garantía colateral para propósitos contributivos en Puerto Rico, dicho precedente no es determinante en cuanto a las disposiciones contributivas aplicables a los acuerdos de recompra que normalmente el Fondo suscribe, que contienen disposiciones que conceden al comprador de los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos el derecho a vender, transferir, pignorar o hipotecar dichos valores. A pesar de que el Departamento de Hacienda de Puerto Rico (en adelante, "Hacienda") nunca se ha expresado sobre si estos tipos de acuerdos deben ser considerados como una transferencia de titularidad sobre los valores subyacentes, Hacienda podría adoptar dicha posición y que los tribunales de Puerto Rico estén de acuerdo con dicha posición. En dicho caso, el interés exento pagado sobre los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos podría considerarse

como ingreso no exento del pago de contribución para el vendedor de tales valores subyacentes. En la medida que el Fondo sea considerado el vendedor bajo el acuerdo de recompra correspondiente, los dividendos distribuidos sobre las Acciones que a su vez son derivados del ingreso del acuerdo de recompra correspondiente podría ser considerado como un dividendo suieto a tributación o ganancias de capital. Si tal dividendo fuera considerado como dividendo sujeto a tributación, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico podrían estar sujetos a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014) sobre el dividendo (o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y aquellos que sean inversionistas corporativos estarían sujetos a una máxima tasa efectiva de 5.85% (o 4.5% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014), debido a la deducción de 85% sobre dividendos recibidos, según dispuesto por el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico, multiplicando el 15% del dividendo por una tasa contributiva corporativa máxima de 39% para los dividendos distribuidos en o después del 1 de julio de 2014 y 30% para los dividendos distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014). Por otro lado, si tales dividendos fueran considerados como dividendos de ganancias de capital, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014 o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y los tenedores de las Acciones que tributa como corporaciones, estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 20% (tasa contributiva de 15% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014).

Cambios Recientes al Derecho Tributario de Puerto Rico: El 29 de mayo de 2015, el Gobernador de Puerto Rico promulgó la Ley 72-2015, la cual enmendó significativamente el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico de 2011, según enmendado (el "Código"). En lo relevante, el Código fue enmendado en cuanto a lo siguiente: (1) en el 2014, el Código se enmendó para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas por un individuo después del 30 de junio de 2014 que serían admitidas como deducción estaban limitadas a 90% de las ganancias de capital más el ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que fuere menor; la Ley 72-2015 restaura el lenguaje existente previo a la enmienda del 2014 para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas en un año contributivo serán admitidas como deducción hasta el monto de las ganancias de capital generadas durante dicho año contributivo, y que si las pérdidas exceden las ganancias de dicho año contributivo, el contribuyente podrá deducir dicho exceso hasta el monto del ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que sea menor; (2) en el caso de corporaciones, para años contributivos comenzados después del 31 de diciembre de 2014, las pérdidas de capital (incluyendo el arrastre de pérdidas de capital) serán admitidas como deducción hasta el 80% de las ganancias de capital; y (3) con relación a la transición del impuesto sobre ventas y uso ("IVU") al nuevo impuesto sobre valor añadido ("IVA") de 10.5%, que será efectivo a partir del 1 de abril de 2016, (i) la tasa

de IVU aplicable a los cargos bancarios impuestos sobre cuentas comerciales aumentó de 6.0% a 10.5%, efectivo el 1 de julio de 2015, y (ii) a partir del 1 de octubre de 2015 y hasta el 31 de marzo de 2016, un IVU de 4.0% será impuesto sobre, entre otros, servicios profesionales y otros servicios (con ciertas excepciones limitadas) prestados al Fondo. No obstante, los intereses y otros cargos por el uso del dinero y servicios prestados (que no sean cargos bancarios) por instituciones financieras, tales como los Fondos, continuarán excluidos de la imposición del IVU y tampoco serán tributables para propósitos del IVA.

Aviso Legal

Rendimientos anteriores no son garantía de resultados futuros similares. Los rendimientos actuales podrían ser más bajos o más altos que el rendimiento aquí citado. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo están sujetos a riesgo de mercado, incluyendo la pérdida del principal invertido. Este documento no es una oferta de compra ni una solicitud de una oferta de compra para cualquier inversión en un Fondo y es para propósitos informativos solamente. Las inversiones en un Fondo están diseñadas principalmente y son adecuadas para inversionistas a largo plazo y no deben ser consideradas como un vehículo para fines de negociación. Estas inversiones puede que no sean adecuadas para cualquier inversionista. Una inversión en un Fondo no es equivalente a una inversión en los valores subvacentes en los cuales un Fondo invierte. El uso de apalancamiento por un Fondo representa ciertos riesgos a los inversionistas en éste, y en ciertos casos, las fluctuaciones en las tasas de intereses podrían aumentar la volatilidad en su rendimiento y afectar a un Fondo a mayor grado que a una compañía de inversión no apalancada. Información más detallada en cuanto a un Fondo, incluvendo los cargos, gastos y penalidades aplicables, objetivo(s) y políticas de inversión, factores de riesgo y el efecto de apalancamiento, se incluye en la documentación de oferta del Fondo, el cual usted debe leer cuidadosamente antes de hacer **una inversión.** Para obtener más información en cuanto a un Fondo (incluyendo los rendimientos de inversión calculados conforme el Reglamento 5766 de 11 de marzo de 1998, según enmendado) o una copia del prospecto para la oferta de las Acciones o los informes anuales del Fondo, favor de contactar a la familia de fondos UBS Puerto Rico o Puerto Rico Investors al 787-773-3888 ó 787-751-5452, respectivamente. Para obtener más información en cuanto a los rendimientos del Fondo de fin de mes o información más actualizada, por favor contactar a su Asesor Financiero en UBSFSPR o verifique los comunicados de prensa ("press releases") en http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Glossary of fund terms

- Ask Price: generally refers to the lowest price at which a seller will sell a specified number of units of a given security at a particular time. The ask price may incorporate a markup, which may vary by transaction and may include commissions and other charges. The ask prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price and age of pending customer orders.

- Average Duration: a time measure of a bond's interest-rate sensitivity, based on the weighted average of the time periods over which a bond's cash flow accrue to the bondholder. Time periods are weighted by multiplying by the present value of its cash flow divided by the bond's price. (A bond's cash flow consist of coupon payments and repayment of capital.) A bond's duration will almost always be shorter than its maturity, with the exception of zero-coupon bonds, for which maturity and duration are equal.
- Bid Price: generally refers to the highest price a buyer is willing to pay at a particular time for a unit of a given security. UBSFSPR publishes two types of bid prices for the Shares: firm or indicative. A firm bid is provided when UBSFSPR has the risk capacity and/or appetite at the particular time to purchase a specified number of Shares. An investor can sell to UBSFSPR at the firm bid price up to the specified number of Shares at a particular time. On the other hand, an indicative bid is provided for informational purposes only when UBSFSPR does not have the risk capacity and/or appetite at a particular time to purchase Shares. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for the Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price, and age of pending customer orders, and may be higher (in which case the price is at a premium) or lower (in which case
- the price is at a discount) than the NAV of the Fund. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR may also be affected by its willingness to hold additional inventory of the Shares or by its need to sell its inventory of Shares. Depending on market liquidity conditions. orders to buy or sell at the quoted price may not receive immediate execution, and an investor may not be able to sell its Shares at the price quoted by UBSFSPR. Moreover, the proceeds an investor receives on a sale of Shares may be lower than the bid price due to discounts, markdowns, and other charges. Since inception, the Shares have historically traded at prices which reflect a premium to their respective NAV per Share, though on certain limited instances, they have traded at prices which reflect a discount to their respective NAV per Share. However, there is no assurance that the Shares will continue to trade at prices which reflect such a premium. The Fund is presently experiencing liquidity issues. As a result, the bid price is for a limited number of shares, and it may not be possible for sellers to obtain the current bid price.
- Credit Quality: a measure of the likelihood that a financial obligation will not be honored provided by one or more of the rating agencies. Rating agencies assign classifications to their ratings, with "AAA" being the highest and "D" being the lowest for Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"). The Fund may use other ratings and adjust them for use in this scale.
- Effective Duration: a calculation of duration that takes into account the embedded options in the securities of a portfolio and their expected changes in the cash flow of a portfolio caused by those options.

- Expense Ratio: The percentage of the Fund's average net assets attributable to holders of the Shares and which is used to pay operating expenses and takes into account investment management fees, administration fees, and other operating expenses such as legal, audit, insurance, and shareholder communications.
- Hedge Notional: refers to the total net face value, reflecting any offsetting positions, of derivative instruments employed in hedging strategies of the Fund.
- Hedge Ratio: ratio of the Fund's hedge notional amount to its total dollar amount of leverage as of the end of a calendar quarter, assuming the Fund is fully invested at quarter-end. The Fund's investment adviser may, at its discretion, use a variety of derivative instruments including securities options, financial futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and other interest rate protection transactions such as swap agreements, to attempt to hedge its portfolio of assets and seek to enhance its return. There can be no assurance that any particular hedging strategy used will succeed.
- Leverage: the Fund may issue preferred stock or debt, enter into repurchase agreements, or borrow money, in order to increase the amounts available for investment ("leverage"). This gives the Fund's investment adviser, in the fixed income area in particular, the opportunity to enhance yield. The use of leverage increases the likelihood of price volatility and market risk for the Shares. There is also the risk that the cost of funding leverage will exceed the earnings on the related investments, which will have the likely effect of reducing the Fund's yield and the value of its investments.

- Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration: effective duration adjusted for the impact of the Fund's utilization of leverage. A Fund that utilizes leverage will have a leverage-adjusted effective duration that is longer than its effective duration.
- Maturity: date on which the face value of a security/bond must be repaid. It measures the average length to maturity in years of all the bonds in the Fund's portfolio. For mortgagebacked securities, the maturity takes into account the prepayment of the underlying mortgages.
- NAV: Net Asset Value. On a per-Share basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities and dividing such result by the Shares outstanding. On an aggregate, Fund basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities.
- Undistributed Income: the Fund's net income that has not been distributed to holders of its Shares as of the latest available audited financial statements. In the case of a target maturity-type investment company (which is liquidated on or by a specific date), it also includes the amounts to be distributed on or by the liquidation date as the return of the initial investment.

For a definition of other terms, please see the Shares' prospectus.



Puerto Rico Fixed Income Fund II, Inc.

Investment Objectives and Policies

Seeks current income, consistent with the preservation of capital, by investing:

- up to 33% of its total assets in, among other things, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, its agencies, and instrumentalities
- at least 67% of its total assets in securities issued by Puerto Rico issuers (as described in the Prospectus)¹
- at least 80% of total assets in investment-grade securities1,2
- may issue leverage representing up to 50% of total assets¹

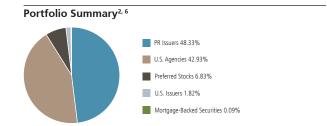
Pricing and Distribution History²

Initial Public Offering (IPO)	\$10.0
52-week Bid Low/High	\$2.34/\$3.9
YTD NAV Change	-\$1.0
YTD Bid Price Change	-\$1.2
IPO Yield ⁵	5.55%
Current Yield ⁵	23.72%
Last Dividend Paid	\$0.046
Last 12 Month Dividend	\$0.555

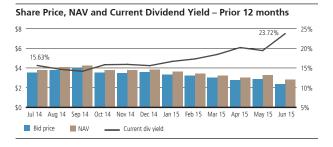
Portfolio Statistics and Characteristics²

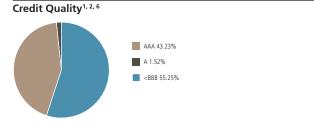
		, -		30-Sep 4.15% 20.85 9.33 13.31 50.02% ¹ 0.47% \$23.90 25%
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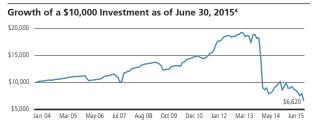
See Portfolio Holdings, Portfolio Manager, Special Considerations, Disclaimers, Glossary of Fund Terms, and Footnotes on reverse.













Portfolio Holdings^{2, 6}

PR Obligations		U.S. Obligations	
Preferred Stocks Universal	6.83%	Federal Home Loan Bank	30.76%
Mortgage -Backed Sec		Federal Farm Credit	30.7070
COMM END, FNMA	, GNMA	Bank	12.17%
FGLMC	0.09%	Build America Bonds	1.43%
Employee Retirement	20.700/	U.S. Municipals	0.39%
System	30.78%	U.S. Obligations	44.75%
PR Sales Tax Financing	14.49%	y	
PREPA	2.52%		
GDB	0.54%		
PR Obligations	55.25%		

Portfolio Manager

Leslie Highley, Jr.

Portfolio Manager since inception UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico

or other purchasers of the Shares other than UBSFSPR.

Geographic Concentration Risk. The Fund is exposed to certain risks resulting from the reduced geographic diversification of its portfolio. The Fund's assets are invested primarily in securities of Puerto Rico issuers. Consequently, the Fund in general is more susceptible to economic, political, regulatory or other factors adversely affecting issuers in Puerto Rico than an investment company that is not so concentrated in Puerto Rico issuers. In addition, securities issued by the Government of Puerto Rico or its instrumentalities are affected by the central government's finances. That includes, but is not limited to, general obligations of Puerto Rico and revenue bonds, special tax bonds, or agency bonds. The effect on each specific debt may not be the same; it depends on exactly what part of the government's money or revenue is supposed to pay the interest thereon. Inasmuch as a relatively high percentage of the Fund's assets may be invested in obligations of a limited number of Puerto Rico issuers, the Fund's net asset value and its yield may increase or decrease more than that of a more diversified investment company as a result of changes in the market's assessment of the financial condition and prospects of such Puerto Rico issuers. The Fund may also be more susceptible to any single economic, political, or regulatory occurrence in Puerto Rico than a more widely diversified investment company. Over the past years, the principal Puerto Rico Government bonds as well as the securities issued by several

Puerto Rico financial institutions have been downgraded as a result of several factors, including without limitation, the downtrun experienced by the Puerto Rico economy and the strained financial condition of the Government of Puerto Rico. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years, thereby affecting the Fund's net asset value.

Portfolio transactions between the Fund and UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (in the case of a co-managed Fund with Banco Popular de Puerto Rico), and other affiliates, are conducted in accordance with procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Directors in an effort to address potential conflicts of interest.

Secondary Market Disclosure: Given UBSFSPR is currently the dominant, and may be the sole source of secondary market liquidity for the Shares, an investor may not be able to sell its Shares or may only be able to sell them at a loss, if UBSFSPR were to cease to facilitate such secondary market for the Shares. Accordingly, an investor's ability to sell its Shares will depend on the interest of other investors buying Shares, or UBSFSPR's willingness to commit additional capital to holding Shares in inventory. UBSFSPR may, in its sole discretion, commit additional capital to hold Shares in inventory when it deems it appropriate to do so, given market conditions or other considerations, and similarly may reduce the amount of capital committed to fund such inventory of Shares at other times. For example, when UBSFSPR purchases Shares and holds them in its inventory, quoted prices may remain at the previously quoted levels or increase. Conversely, when UBSFSPR sells Shares from its inventory, the quoted prices may decrease. In situations where UBSFSPR is selling Shares from its inventory, it may offer to sell its Shares at prices that are lower than pending sell orders that were placed by investors in the Shares. Decisions by UBSFSPR to increase or decrease inventory are made at its sole discretion and are

Repurchase Agreement Tax Disclosure: While there is authority generally supporting the treatment of repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements as collateralized loans for Puerto Rico income tax purposes, that authority does not specifically address the tax treatment of the repurchase agreements that the Fund typically enters into, which contain provisions that grant the buyer the right to sell, transfer, pledge, or hypothecate the securities that are the object of such agreements.

Although the Puerto Rico Treasury Department ("PR Treasury") has never pronounced itself as to whether this type of arrangement should be viewed as a transfer of ownership of the underlying securities, it is possible that the PR Treasury could take that position in the future and that Puerto Rico courts would agree with that view. In such event, the tax exempt interest paid on such underlying securities could be deemed not to constitute tax exempt income for the seller of such securities; to the extent that the Fund was such seller, the dividends distributed on its Shares from such income could be treated either as taxable dividends or capital gain dividends. If such dividends were treated as taxable dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts could be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014) on the dividend (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and those which are corporate investors would be subject to a maximum effective income tax rate of 5.85% (or 4.5% for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014), (due to the 85% dividend received deduction of the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, 15% of the dividend multiplied by a 39% maximum corporate income tax rate for dividends distributed on or after July 1, 2014 and 30% for dividends distributed before July 1, 2014). On the other hand, if such dividends were treated as capital gains dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts would be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014) (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and holders of the Shares which are taxed as corporations would be subject to a 20% income tax (15% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014).

Recent changes in the Puerto Rico tax law: Act No. 72-2015, enacted on May 29, 2015, introduced significant changes to the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code of 2011. as amended ("Code").

In relevant part, the Code was amended as to the following: (1) the Code was amended in 2014 to provide that the amount of a capital loss incurred by an individual after June 30, 2014 that may be claimed as a deduction is limited to 90% of capital gains plus the individual's net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; Act No. 72-2015 reinstates the pre-2014 amendment rules, to provide that capital losses derived in a taxable year may be deducted against capital gains generated in the taxable year and that if the capital losses exceed capital gains, the amount of the excess that may be claimed as a deduction is an amount equal to the individual's

net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; (2) in the case of corporations, for taxable years beginning after December 31st, 2014, capital losses (including capital loss carryovers) may only offset up to 80% of a corporate taxpayer's capital gains; and (3) in connection with the transition from a sales and use tax ("SUT") to a 10.5% value added tax ("VAT"), which would become effective on April 1, 2016, (i) the SUT rate applicable to bank charges on commercial accounts increased from 6.0% to 10.5%, effective July 1, 2015; and (ii) a 4% SUT will be imposed, beginning on October 1, 2015 and through March 31, 2016, on, among others, professional and other services (with limited exceptions) rendered to the Fund. Note, however, that interest and other charges for the use money and charges for services (other than bank charges) provided by financial institutions, such as the Funds, will continue to be excluded from the SUT and will not be subject to the VAT.

Legal Disclaimer

Past performance does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Securities issued by the Fund are subject to market risk, including the loss of principal amounts invested. This document is not an offer to sell, or the solicitation of an offer to buy any investment in the Fund, and is for informational purposes only. Fund investments are designed primarily and suitable for long-term investors and not viewed as a vehicle for trading purposes. They may not be suitable to all investors. Fund investments are not equivalent to investments in its underlying securities. The Fund's utilization of leverage poses certain risks to investors, and in some cases, interest rate fluctuations may increase the volatility of its return and affect the Fund to a significantly greater extent than a non-leveraged investment company. More detailed information about the Fund, including applicable fees, costs, penalties, investment objectives and policies, risk factors, and the effects of leverage, is further described in the Share's prospectus, which you should read carefully prior to making an investment. To obtain additional information related to the Fund (including investment returns calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended) or a copy of the Shares' prospectus or Fund's annual report, please contact the UBS Puerto Rico Family of Funds at 787-773-3888. To obtain the Fund's month-end performance or more up-to-date information, please contact your UBS Financial Advisor or see "press releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Footnotes:

Generally, the Fund must invest at least 67% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage) and cash, including cash equivalents, but excluding non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market), in Puerto Rico securities. Additionally, the Fund may issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage, representing not more than 50% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage), cash (including cash equivalents), and non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap markedto-market), immediately after the issuance of any such preferred stock, or other debt securities. Moreover, the Fund may not issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage unless the value of its total assets less all its liabilities and indebtedness, other than the preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage being issued or already outstanding, is at least equal to 200% of the total aggregate liquidation preference/principal amount of all its outstanding preferred stock (not including any accumulated dividends or other distributions), debt securities, and other forms of leverage. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years. In view of these volatile market conditions, the Puerto Rico Office of the Commissioner of Financial Institutions (the "PROCFI") has granted to the Fund a temporary regulatory waiver from the Funds' investment requirement in Puerto Rico securities of at least 67% of the Fund's total assets and leverage limitation of 50% of its total assets and 200% asset coverage requirement described above, through January 31, 2016. Based on the representations and opinion of the Fund's investment adviser and consistent with the Fund's investment objective, the PROCFI has also granted no-objection relief with respect to the Fund's investment-grade credit rating requirement for Puerto Rico securities, which permit the Fund to continue to invest in Puerto Rico municipal securities that do not have an investment grade credit rating, under certain conditions, and at the discretion of the Fund's investment adviser. These temporary waivers and no-objection relief may be renewed by the PROCFI for additional periods of time, should market conditions warrant, and upon

written request by the Fund. It is the Fund's intention to re-comply

with these requirements as soon as market conditions permit, but there is no assurance as to whether and when the Fund will be able to do so

² The "Expense Ratio" calculation may reflect a partial waiver of the investment advisory and administration fees payable to UBS Trust Company of Puerto Rico, implemented on October 1, 2013. For more up-to-date information with respect to such partial fee waivers, if any, please see "Press Releases" at http://www.ubs.com/orfunds.

Credit quality is as of June 30, 2015. The Fund's investment portfolio is actively managed, and its composition (including the portfolio statistics and characteristics) will vary over time. Credit quality percentages include only fixed income securities and vary over time, as new investment securities are acquired and the credit rating of any investment held by the Fund is reassessed. For purposes of determining compliance with the Fund's investment requirements, ratings are as of the time of purchase, using a Standard & Poor's equivalent ratings scale. Fitch, Moody's, and S&P have recently downgraded further the general obligation bonds ("GOs") of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, as well as the obligations of certain Commonwealth agencies and public corporations, including COFINA, on numerous occasions. On June 29, 2015, Fitch and S&P further downgraded the GOs and related debt ratings from "B" to "CC" and from "CCC+" to "CCC-," respectively. Moody's followed suit on July 1, 2015, downgrading the GOs and COFINA's senior bonds to "Caa3." and S&P further downgraded all of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico's tax-backed debt to "CC" on September 10, 2015. All such ratings carry a negative outlook. Moreover, on June 29, 2015, the Government of Puerto Rico presented a report entitled "Puerto Rico—A Way Forward" by consultants and former International Monetary Fund economists Krueger, Teja, and Wolfe, which identified a deteriorating cash flow position and very large out-year central government budget gaps that approach the size of current full year general fund revenues. The report projects a fiscal 2016 budget gap of \$3.7 billion, absent corrective action, which would rise to \$6.0 hillion by 2018 and higher in subsequent years. The Government of Puerto Rico also announced that it would seek to negotiate with bondholders to defer and/or restructure its \$72 billion debt load and also designated the Working Group for the Fiscal and Economic Recovery of Puerto Rico, to provide a debt restructuring plan. Thereafter, on August 3, 2015, the Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation failed to make a required \$58 million payment on its debt, representing the first time a Puerto Rico agency defaulted on its debt. The Working Group released the Puerto Rico Fiscal and Economic Growth Plan on September 9, 2015, which among

other things, recommends restructuring all tax-backed debt, including GOs and COFINA sales tax debt. In this context, one could expect to see interruptions in cash flow on debt payments, in addition to more price volatility across Puerto Rico securities, as the results of many of the fiscal and budgetary measures adopted and to be adopted in the future by the Government of Puerto Rico are fully realized and such Plan or other debt restructuring is implemented. As a result of the foregoing, none of the bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico and its instrumentalities without credit enhancement currently carry an investment-grade credit rating. Inasmuch as the Fund invests a substantial portion of its assets in securities issued by the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, these recent rating downgrades will negatively impact the Fund's ability to maintain compliance with its maximum/minimum investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality. To the extent that such investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality are exceeded. Fund management may determine to continue to hold such lower-rated securities, provided any new investment proceeds are directed to acquire investment securities which satisfy the Fund's minimum credit rating requirements. In view of the fact that the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years and the subsequent credit rating downgrades of certain Puerto Rico bonds. Investors are encouraged to refer to current or more up-to-date information regarding the Fund's portfolio holdings available at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds. Currently, the Fund's percentage investment in securities rated below investment-grade (below "BBB" rating) or which are unrated, amounted to 55.25% of the Fund's total portfolio, which exceeds the Fund's maximum investment threshold of 20% of its total assets invested in securities rated below investment-grade or which are unrated. Moreover, the Fund's percentage investment in debt securities rated below investment-grade (below "BBB" rating) or which are not of investment-grade credit quality, amounted to 55.25% of the Fund's total assets, which exceeds the Fund's maximum investment threshold of 5% of its total assets. On August 2015, the Board of Directors approved an extension of the Fund's existing share repurchase program for the acquisition of up to 50% of the Fund's issued Shares. The Repurchase Program is intended to enhance shareholder value by providing additional liquidity to Fund shareholders. For the quarter ended June 30, 2015, the Fund had repurchased 2,513,408 Shares in the open market with an NAV of \$7,774,579, at a cost of

\$6,504,061. Since the program's inception, the Fund has repurchased 22.330.140 Shares of common stock in the open market with an NAV of \$91,624,683, at a cost of \$84,784,153, and which represent 40.41% of the aggregate number of Shares issued by the Fund (net of Shares acquired for dividend reinvestment purposes and which remain outstanding). 3 As of June 30, 2015, Return figures were not calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended, which requires that investment returns for an individual retirement account ("IRA") be calculated in the manner provided therein. To the extent that an individual invests in the Fund through an IRA, his or her investment return figures will be less than those reported herein, when computed in accordance with Regulation 5766 and inasmuch as actual sales charges applicable to such IRA investments are taken into consideration, "Average Annual Total Return" figures reflect the percentage change in the market value, determined by calculating the average between the bid and ask prices, plus any income and capital gain dividends, and return of capital distributions, all such dividends and distributions reinvested as of the corresponding record date thereof, at the month-end NAV as of that date. In the case of "NAV Total Return," the Fund's NAV per Share is used, rather than the average between the hid and ask prices, to determine such total return, as applicable. "Rolling Period Annual Returns" measure the monthly movement in the average of the Annualized Average Market Return figures over a one-year, three-year, five-year, and ten-year period (as applicable), as it moves over a consecutive time series that begins on the Fund's inception date. Additionally, in the case of the Average Annual Total Return and Rolling Period Annual Return figures, commissions or sales charges payable in connection with a purchase or sale of Shares may vary with each brokerage institution. Total return figures are not representative of the performance of any individual investment, and taxes on capital gain distributions or income dividends, if any, have not been deducted. All calculations were performed by Thomson Reuters, based on certain financial data provided by this Fund and

are annualized with the exception of year-to-date figures.

*A \$10,000 investment is hypothetical and is shown for illustrative purposes only.

5"IPO Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the initial public offering price. "Current Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the month-end bid price.

6 Percentages may not total 100% due to rounding.



*Consideraciones Especiales

Cada Fondo es una compañía de inversión no diversificada de fin cerrado inscrita bajo la Ley Número 6 de 19 de octubre de 1954, según enmendada. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo pueden solamente ser adquiridos por, o transferidos a, individuos que sean residentes de Puerto Rico y a entidades cuya oficina y localización de negocios principal estén localizados en Puerto Rico. El rendimiento, el valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y el precio en el mercado de las acciones de capital común del Fondo (en adelante, las "Acciones"), podrán fluctuar y se determinarán por factores como la demanda y oferta en el mercado de las Acciones y las condiciones económicas, políticas y del mercado en general, al igual que otros factores que están fuera del control de un Fondo. Las Acciones son negociadas al precio del mercado, el cual puede reflejar una prima o descuento del valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y no se puede dar representación alguna sobre su liquidez o el mercado para disponer de las mismas. A pesar de que es la intención de UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico (en adelante, "UBSFSPR") de continuar manteniendo un mercado secundario para las Acciones, no está obligada a continuar haciéndolo. De otra parte, puede que no exista otra fuente de información de precios para las Acciones u otros compradores para las Acciones que no sea UBSFSPR.

Riesgo de concentración geográfica: El Fondo está expuesto a ciertos riesgos debido a la diversificación geográfica reducida de su cartera de inversiones. Los activos del fondo están invertidos primariamente en valores de emisores de Puerto Rico. A consecuencia, el Fondo generalmente es más susceptible a factores económicos, políticos, regulatorios y otros que podrían afectar adversamente a emisores de Puerto Rico que otra compañía de inversión la cual no esté tan concentrada en emisores de Puerto Rico. En adición, valores emitidos por el Gobierno de Puerto Rico o sus instrumentalidades se afectan por las finanzas del gobierno central. Eso incluye, pero no se limita a. las obligaciones generales de Puerto Rico y los bonos de ingresos, contribuciones especiales o de agencias. El efecto en cada deuda específica podría no ser el mismo y depende de que parte del dinero del gobierno o sus ingresos se supone paque el interés de dicha deuda. En la medida que un porcentaje relativamente alto de los activos del Fondo pueden ser invertidos en obligaciones de un número limitado de emisores de Puerto Rico, el valor neto de activos y su rendimiento puede aumentar o disminuir más que él de una compañía de inversión más diversificada, como resultado de cambios en cuanto a la evaluación de la condición financiera o prospectos de dichos emisores de Puerto Rico. El Fondo también puede ser más susceptible a cualquier ocurrencia individual económica, política o regulatoria en Puerto Rico que una compañía de inversión más diversificada. En los pasados años, los bonos principales del Gobierno de Puerto Rico, al igual que valores emitidos por ciertas instituciones financieras de Puerto Rico han sido degradados por varios factores, incluyendo sin limitación, al empeoramiento experimentado por la economía de Puerto Rico y la condición financiera pobre del Gobierno de Puerto Rico. Al presente, el mercado de bonos de Puerto Rico está experimentando un periodo de mas volatilidad,

mas con los bonos de Puerto Rico traficando a precios más bajos y rendimientos más altos a los puntos de referencia de los pasados dos (2) años, y así afectando el valor neto de activos del Fondo.

Transacciones de cartera entre un Fondo y UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (en el caso de un Fondo comanejado con Banco Popular de Puerto Rico) y otras afiliadas son efectuadas conforme a ciertos procedimientos adoptados por la Junta de Directores de un Fondo con miras a atender posibles conflictos de interés

Divulgación de Mercado Secundario: Dado a que actualmente UBSFSPR es la fuente dominante, y podría ser la única fuente, de liquidez para la negociación de las Acciones en el mercado secundario, cabe la posibilidad que un inversionista no pueda vender sus Acciones en el mercado secundario o que solamente pueda venderlas a pérdida, si UBSFSPR cesara de facilitar un mercado secundario para la negociación de las Acciones. Por lo tanto, la habilidad de un inversionista para vender sus Acciones dependerá del interés de otros inversionistas que estén comprando Acciones o la disponibilidad de UBSFSPR de designar capital adicional para mantener Acciones en su inventario. UBSFSPR podrá, a su única discreción, comprometer capital adicional para mantener Acciones en inventario cuando así lo estime apropiado, dependiendo de las condiciones del mercado y otras consideraciones, e igualmente en otras ocasiones, podrá reducir la cantidad de capital comprometida para financiar dicho inventario de las Acciones. Por ejemplo, cuando UBSFSPR compra Acciones para su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrán permanecer a los niveles previamente cotizados o aumentar. Por otro lado, cuando UBSFSPR vende Acciones de su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrían reducirse. En situaciones en que UBSFSPR está vendiendo Acciones de su inventario, podría ofrecer vender dichas Acciones a precios más bajos que cualquier orden de venta pendiente que fue puesta sobre sus Acciones por cualquier inversionista. Cualquier decisión de UBSFSPR de aumentar o reducir su inventario será tomada a su única discreción y no son divulgadas al público.

Divulgación Contributiva sobre Acuerdos de Recompra: A pesar de que existe precedente contable que apoya el concepto que los acuerdos de recompra y recompra a la inversa sean considerados como préstamos con garantía colateral para propósitos contributivos en Puerto Rico, dicho precedente no es determinante en cuanto a las disposiciones contributivas aplicables a los acuerdos de recompra que normalmente el Fondo suscribe, que contienen disposiciones que conceden al comprador de los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos el derecho a vender, transferir, pignorar o hipotecar dichos valores. A pesar de que el Departamento de Hacienda de Puerto Rico (en adelante, "Hacienda") nunca se ha expresado sobre si estos tipos de acuerdos deben ser considerados como una transferencia de titularidad sobre los valores subyacentes, Hacienda podría adoptar dicha posición y que los tribunales de Puerto Rico estén de acuerdo con dicha posición. En dicho caso, el interés exento pagado sobre los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos podría considerarse

como ingreso no exento del pago de contribución para el vendedor de tales valores subyacentes. En la medida que el Fondo sea considerado el vendedor bajo el acuerdo de recompra correspondiente, los dividendos distribuidos sobre las Acciones que a su vez son derivados del ingreso del acuerdo de recompra correspondiente podría ser considerado como un dividendo suieto a tributación o ganancias de capital. Si tal dividendo fuera considerado como dividendo sujeto a tributación, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico podrían estar sujetos a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014) sobre el dividendo (o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y aquellos que sean inversionistas corporativos estarían sujetos a una máxima tasa efectiva de 5.85% (o 4.5% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014), debido a la deducción de 85% sobre dividendos recibidos, según dispuesto por el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico, multiplicando el 15% del dividendo por una tasa contributiva corporativa máxima de 39% para los dividendos distribuidos en o después del 1 de julio de 2014 y 30% para los dividendos distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014). Por otro lado, si tales dividendos fueran considerados como dividendos de ganancias de capital, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014 o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y los tenedores de las Acciones que tributa como corporaciones, estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 20% (tasa contributiva de 15% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014).

Cambios Recientes al Derecho Tributario de Puerto Rico: El 29 de mayo de 2015, el Gobernador de Puerto Rico promulgó la Ley 72-2015, la cual enmendó significativamente el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico de 2011, según enmendado (el "Código"). En lo relevante, el Código fue enmendado en cuanto a lo siguiente: (1) en el 2014, el Código se enmendó para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas por un individuo después del 30 de junio de 2014 que serían admitidas como deducción estaban limitadas a 90% de las ganancias de capital más el ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que fuere menor; la Ley 72-2015 restaura el lenguaje existente previo a la enmienda del 2014 para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas en un año contributivo serán admitidas como deducción hasta el monto de las ganancias de capital generadas durante dicho año contributivo, y que si las pérdidas exceden las ganancias de dicho año contributivo, el contribuyente podrá deducir dicho exceso hasta el monto del ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que sea menor; (2) en el caso de corporaciones, para años contributivos comenzados después del 31 de diciembre de 2014, las pérdidas de capital (incluyendo el arrastre de pérdidas de capital) serán admitidas como deducción hasta el 80% de las ganancias de capital; y (3) con relación a la transición del impuesto sobre ventas y uso ("IVU") al nuevo impuesto sobre valor añadido ("IVA") de 10.5%, que será efectivo a partir del 1 de abril de 2016, (i) la tasa

de IVU aplicable a los cargos bancarios impuestos sobre cuentas comerciales aumentó de 6.0% a 10.5%, efectivo el 1 de julio de 2015, y (ii) a partir del 1 de octubre de 2015 y hasta el 31 de marzo de 2016, un IVU de 4.0% será impuesto sobre, entre otros, servicios profesionales y otros servicios (con ciertas excepciones limitadas) prestados al Fondo. No obstante, los intereses y otros cargos por el uso del dinero y servicios prestados (que no sean cargos bancarios) por instituciones financieras, tales como los Fondos, continuarán excluidos de la imposición del IVU y tampoco serán tributables para propósitos del IVA.

Aviso Legal

Rendimientos anteriores no son garantía de resultados futuros similares. Los rendimientos actuales podrían ser más bajos o más altos que el rendimiento aquí citado. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo están sujetos a riesgo de mercado, incluyendo la pérdida del principal invertido. Este documento no es una oferta de compra ni una solicitud de una oferta de compra para cualquier inversión en un Fondo y es para propósitos informativos solamente. Las inversiones en un Fondo están diseñadas principalmente y son adecuadas para inversionistas a largo plazo y no deben ser consideradas como un vehículo para fines de negociación. Estas inversiones puede que no sean adecuadas para cualquier inversionista. Una inversión en un Fondo no es equivalente a una inversión en los valores subvacentes en los cuales un Fondo invierte. El uso de apalancamiento por un Fondo representa ciertos riesgos a los inversionistas en éste, y en ciertos casos, las fluctuaciones en las tasas de intereses podrían aumentar la volatilidad en su rendimiento y afectar a un Fondo a mayor grado que a una compañía de inversión no apalancada. Información más detallada en cuanto a un Fondo, incluvendo los cargos, gastos y penalidades aplicables, objetivo(s) y políticas de inversión, factores de riesgo y el efecto de apalancamiento, se incluye en la documentación de oferta del Fondo, el cual usted debe leer cuidadosamente antes de hacer **una inversión.** Para obtener más información en cuanto a un Fondo (incluyendo los rendimientos de inversión calculados conforme el Reglamento 5766 de 11 de marzo de 1998, según enmendado) o una copia del prospecto para la oferta de las Acciones o los informes anuales del Fondo, favor de contactar a la familia de fondos UBS Puerto Rico o Puerto Rico Investors al 787-773-3888 ó 787-751-5452, respectivamente. Para obtener más información en cuanto a los rendimientos del Fondo de fin de mes o información más actualizada, por favor contactar a su Asesor Financiero en UBSFSPR o verifique los comunicados de prensa ("press releases") en http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Glossary of fund terms

- Ask Price: generally refers to the lowest price at which a seller will sell a specified number of units of a given security at a particular time. The ask price may incorporate a markup, which may vary by transaction and may include commissions and other charges. The ask prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price and age of pending customer orders.

- Average Duration: a time measure of a bond's interest-rate sensitivity, based on the weighted average of the time periods over which a bond's cash flow accrue to the bondholder. Time periods are weighted by multiplying by the present value of its cash flow divided by the bond's price. (A bond's cash flow consist of coupon payments and repayment of capital.) A bond's duration will almost always be shorter than its maturity, with the exception of zero-coupon bonds, for which maturity and duration are equal.
- Bid Price: generally refers to the highest price a buyer is willing to pay at a particular time for a unit of a given security. UBSFSPR publishes two types of bid prices for the Shares: firm or indicative. A firm bid is provided when UBSFSPR has the risk capacity and/or appetite at the particular time to purchase a specified number of Shares. An investor can sell to UBSFSPR at the firm bid price up to the specified number of Shares at a particular time. On the other hand, an indicative bid is provided for informational purposes only when UBSFSPR does not have the risk capacity and/or appetite at a particular time to purchase Shares. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for the Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price, and age of pending customer orders, and may be higher (in which case the price is at a premium) or lower (in which case
- the price is at a discount) than the NAV of the Fund. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR may also be affected by its willingness to hold additional inventory of the Shares or by its need to sell its inventory of Shares. Depending on market liquidity conditions. orders to buy or sell at the quoted price may not receive immediate execution, and an investor may not be able to sell its Shares at the price quoted by UBSFSPR. Moreover, the proceeds an investor receives on a sale of Shares may be lower than the bid price due to discounts, markdowns, and other charges. Since inception, the Shares have historically traded at prices which reflect a premium to their respective NAV per Share, though on certain limited instances, they have traded at prices which reflect a discount to their respective NAV per Share. However, there is no assurance that the Shares will continue to trade at prices which reflect such a premium. The Fund is presently experiencing liquidity issues. As a result, the bid price is for a limited number of shares, and it may not be possible for sellers to obtain the current bid price.
- Credit Quality: a measure of the likelihood that a financial obligation will not be honored provided by one or more of the rating agencies. Rating agencies assign classifications to their ratings, with "AAA" being the highest and "D" being the lowest for Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"). The Fund may use other ratings and adjust them for use in this scale.
- Effective Duration: a calculation of duration that takes into account the embedded options in the securities of a portfolio and their expected changes in the cash flow of a portfolio caused by those options.

- Expense Ratio: The percentage of the Fund's average net assets attributable to holders of the Shares and which is used to pay operating expenses and takes into account investment management fees, administration fees, and other operating expenses such as legal, audit, insurance, and shareholder communications.
- Hedge Notional: refers to the total net face value, reflecting any offsetting positions, of derivative instruments employed in hedging strategies of the Fund.
- Hedge Ratio: ratio of the Fund's hedge notional amount to its total dollar amount of leverage as of the end of a calendar quarter, assuming the Fund is fully invested at quarter-end. The Fund's investment adviser may, at its discretion, use a variety of derivative instruments including securities options, financial futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and other interest rate protection transactions such as swap agreements, to attempt to hedge its portfolio of assets and seek to enhance its return. There can be no assurance that any particular hedging strategy used will succeed.
- Leverage: the Fund may issue preferred stock or debt, enter into repurchase agreements, or borrow money, in order to increase the amounts available for investment ("leverage"). This gives the Fund's investment adviser, in the fixed income area in particular, the opportunity to enhance yield. The use of leverage increases the likelihood of price volatility and market risk for the Shares. There is also the risk that the cost of funding leverage will exceed the earnings on the related investments, which will have the likely effect of reducing the Fund's yield and the value of its investments.

- Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration: effective duration adjusted for the impact of the Fund's utilization of leverage. A Fund that utilizes leverage will have a leverage-adjusted effective duration that is longer than its effective duration.
- Maturity: date on which the face value of a security/bond must be repaid. It measures the average length to maturity in years of all the bonds in the Fund's portfolio. For mortgagebacked securities, the maturity takes into account the prepayment of the underlying mortgages.
- NAV: Net Asset Value. On a per-Share basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities and dividing such result by the Shares outstanding. On an aggregate, Fund basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities.
- Undistributed Income: the Fund's net income that has not been distributed to holders of its Shares as of the latest available audited financial statements. In the case of a target maturity-type investment company (which is liquidated on or by a specific date), it also includes the amounts to be distributed on or by the liquidation date as the return of the initial investment.

For a definition of other terms, please see the Shares' prospectus.



Puerto Rico Fixed Income Fund III, Inc.

Investment Objectives and Policies

Seeks current income, consistent with the preservation of capital, by investing:

- up to 33% of its total assets in, among other things, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, its agencies, and instrumentalities
- at least 67% of its total assets in securities issued by Puerto Rico issuers (as described in the Prospectus)¹
- at least 80% of total assets in investment-grade securities^{1, 2}
- may issue leverage representing up to 50% of total assets¹

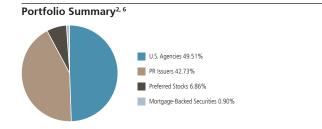
Pricing and Distribution History²

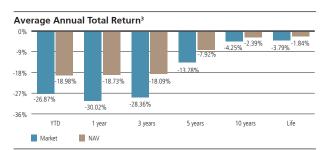
Initial Public Offering (IPO)	\$10.0
52-week Bid Low/High	\$2.43/\$3.8
YTD NAV Change	-\$0.9
YTD Bid Price Change	-\$1.1
IPO Yield ⁵	5.35%
Current Yield ⁵	22.01%
Last Dividend Paid	\$0.044
Last 12 Month Dividend	\$0.537

Portfolio Statistics and Characteristics²

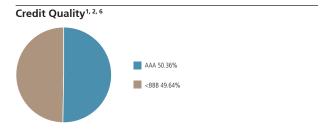
Commencement Shares Outstanding (mm) Bid Price Net Asset Value (NAV) Bid Price to NAV Ratio Net Assets (mm) Leverage (mm) Undistributed Income (mm) Expense Ratio	Aug-04 31.18 \$2.43 \$2.91 83.51% \$90.86 \$97.36 \$5.56	Fiscal Year Weighted Avg. Coupon Average Maturity (yrs) Average Duration (yrs) Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration (yrs) Leverage % Leverage Cost Hedge Notional (mm) Hedge Ratio	51.27% ¹ 0.45% \$24.85
Expense Ratio	1.66%	Hedge Ratio	26%

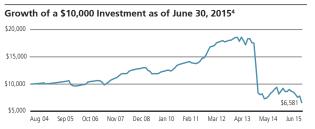
See Portfolio Holdings, Portfolio Manager, Special Considerations, Disclaimers, Glossary of Fund Terms, and Footnotes on reverse.













Portfolio Holdings^{2, 6}

PR Obligations		GDB	0.58%
Preferred Stocks Universal	6.86%	PR Obligations	50.49%
Mortgage -Backed Sec CMO, COMM END, GNMA, FGLMC		U.S. Obligations Federal Home Loan Bank	44.87%
Employee Retirement System PR Sales Tax Financing PREPA	26.92% 12.73% 2.50%	Federal Farm Credit Bank U.S. Obligations	4.64% 49.51%

Portfolio Manager

Leslie Highley, Jr.

Portfolio Manager since inception UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico

*Special Considerations

The Fund is a non-diversified, closed-end management investment company registered under the Puerto Rico Investment Companies Act of 1954, as amended. Securities issued by the Fund may be purchased or otherwise transferred only to individuals who are residents of Puerto Rico and to entities whose principal office and principal place of business are located in Puerto Rico. The Fund's yield and net asset value and the market price of the Fund's shares of Common Stock (the "Shares") may fluctuate and will be determined by such factors as relative demand for and supply of the Shares in the market, as well as general market, political, and economic conditions and other factors beyond the control of the Fund. The Shares trade at market price, which may be at a discount or premium to NAV, and no assurance can be given as to their liquidity or trading market. While it is the intention of UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico ("UBSFSPR") to continue to maintain a secondary market for the Shares, it is not obligated to continue to do so. Moreover, there may be no other source of price information for the Shares or other purchasers of the Shares other than UBSFSPR.

Geographic Concentration Risk. The Fund is exposed to certain risks resulting from the reduced geographic diversification of its portfolio. The Fund's assets are invested primarily in securities of Puerto Rico issuers. Consequently, the Fund in general is more susceptible to economic, political, regulatory or other factors adversely affecting issuers in Puerto Rico than an investment company that is not so concentrated in Puerto Rico issuers. In addition, securities issued by the Government of Puerto Rico or its instrumentalities are affected by the central government's finances. That includes, but is not limited to, general obligations of Puerto Rico and revenue bonds, special tax bonds, or agency bonds. The effect on each specific debt may not be the same; it depends on exactly what part of the government's money or revenue is supposed to pay the interest thereon. Inasmuch as a relatively high percentage of the Fund's assets may be invested in obligations of a limited number of Puerto Rico issuers, the Fund's net asset value and its yield may increase or decrease more than that of a more diversified investment company as a result of changes in the market's assessment of the financial condition and prospects of such Puerto Rico issuers. The Fund may also be more susceptible to any single economic, political, or regulatory occurrence in Puerto Rico than a more widely diversified investment company. Over the past years, the principal Puerto Rico Government bonds as well as the securities issued by several

Puerto Rico financial institutions have been downgraded as a result of several factors, including without limitation, the downtum experienced by the Puerto Rico economy and the strained financial condition of the Government of Puerto Rico. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years, thereby affecting the Fund's net asset value.

Portfolio transactions between the Fund and UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (in the case of a co-managed Fund with Banco Popular de Puerto Rico), and other affiliates, are conducted in accordance with procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Directors in an effort to address potential conflicts of interest

Secondary Market Disclosure: Given UBSFSPR is currently the dominant, and may be the sole source of secondary market liquidity for the Shares, an investor may not be able to sell its Shares or may only be able to sell them at a loss, if UBSFSPR were to cease to facilitate such secondary market for the Shares. Accordingly, an investor's ability to sell its Shares will depend on the interest of other investors buying Shares, or UBSFSPR's willingness to commit additional capital to holding Shares in inventory. UBSFSPR may, in its sole discretion, commit additional capital to hold Shares in inventory when it deems it appropriate to do so, given market conditions or other considerations, and similarly may reduce the amount of capital committed to fund such inventory of Shares at other times. For example, when UBSFSPR purchases Shares and holds them in its inventory, quoted prices may remain at the previously quoted levels or increase. Conversely, when UBSFSPR sells Shares from its inventory, the quoted prices may decrease. In situations where UBSFSPR is selling Shares from its inventory, it may offer to sell its Shares at prices that are lower than pending sell orders that were placed by investors in the Shares. Decisions by UBSFSPR to increase or decrease inventory are made at its sole discretion and are

Repurchase Agreement Tax Disclosure: While there is authority generally supporting the treatment of repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements as collateralized loans for Puerto Rico income tax purposes, that authority does not specifically address the tax treatment of the repurchase agreements that the Fund typically enters into, which contain provisions that grant the buyer the right to sell, transfer, pledge, or hypothecate the securities that are the object of such agreements.

Although the Puerto Rico Treasury Department ("PR Treasury") has never pronounced itself as to whether this type of arrangement should be viewed as a transfer of ownership of the underlying securities, it is possible that the PR Treasury could take that position in the future and that Puerto Rico courts would agree with that view. In such event, the tax exempt interest paid on such underlying securities could be deemed not to constitute tax exempt income for the seller of such securities; to the extent that the Fund was such seller, the dividends distributed on its Shares from such income could be treated either as taxable dividends or capital gain dividends. If such dividends were treated as taxable dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts could be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014) on the dividend (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and those which are corporate investors would be subject to a maximum effective income tax rate of 5.85% (or 4.5% for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014), (due to the 85% dividend received deduction of the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, 15% of the dividend multiplied by a 39% maximum corporate income tax rate for dividends distributed on or after July 1, 2014 and 30% for dividends distributed before July 1, 2014). On the other hand, if such dividends were treated as capital gains dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts would be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014) (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and holders of the Shares which are taxed as corporations would be subject to a 20% income tax (15% income tax for capital dividends distributed

Recent changes in the Puerto Rico tax law: Act No. 72-2015, enacted on May 29, 2015, introduced significant changes to the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code of 2011, as amended ("Code").

In relevant part, the Code was amended as to the following: (1) the Code was amended in 2014 to provide that the amount of a capital loss incurred by an individual after June 30, 2014 that may be claimed as a deduction is limited to 90% of capital gains plus the individual's net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; Act No. 72-2015 reinstates the pre-2014 amendment rules, to provide that capital losses derived in a taxable year may be deducted against capital gains generated in the taxable year and that if the capital losses exceed capital gains, the amount of the excess that may be claimed as a deduction is an amount equal to the individual's

net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; (2) in the case of corporations, for taxable years beginning after December 31st, 2014, capital losses (including capital loss carryovers) may only offset up to 80% of a corporate taxpayer's capital gains; and (3) in connection with the transition from a sales and use tax ("SUT") to a 10.5% value added tax ("VAT"), which would become effective on April 1, 2016, (i) the SUT rate applicable to bank charges on commercial accounts increased from 6.0% to 10.5%, effective July 1, 2015; and (ii) a 4% SUT will be imposed, beginning on October 1, 2015 and through March 31, 2016, on, among others, professional and other services (with limited exceptions) rendered to the Fund. Note, however, that interest and other charges for the use money and charges for services (other than bank charges) provided by financial institutions, such as the Funds, will continue to be excluded from the SUT and will not be subject to the VAT.

Legal Disclaimer

Past performance does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Securities issued by the Fund are subject to market risk, including the loss of principal amounts invested. This document is not an offer to sell, or the solicitation of an offer to buy any investment in the Fund, and is for informational purposes only. Fund investments are designed primarily and suitable for long-term investors and not viewed as a vehicle for trading purposes. They may not be suitable to all investors. Fund investments are not equivalent to investments in its underlying securities. The Fund's utilization of leverage poses certain risks to investors, and in some cases, interest rate fluctuations may increase the volatility of its return and affect the Fund to a significantly greater extent than a non-leveraged investment company. More detailed information about the Fund, including applicable fees, costs, penalties, investment objectives and policies, risk factors, and the effects of leverage, is further described in the Share's prospectus, which you should read carefully prior to making an investment. To obtain additional information related to the Fund (including investment returns calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended) or a copy of the Shares' prospectus or Fund's annual report, please contact the UBS Puerto Rico Family of Funds at 787-773-3888. To obtain the Fund's month-end performance or more up-to-date information, please contact your UBS Financial Advisor or see "press releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Footnotes

Generally, the Fund must invest at least 67% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage) and cash, including cash equivalents, but excluding non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market), in Puerto Rico securities. Additionally, the Fund may issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage, representing not more than 50% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage), cash (including cash equivalents), and non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market), immediately after the issuance of any such preferred stock, or other debt securities. Moreover, the Fund may not issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage unless the value of its total assets less all its liabilities and indebtedness, other than the preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage being issued or already outstanding, is at least equal to 200% of the total aggregate liquidation preference/principal amount of all its outstanding preferred stock (not including any accumulated dividends or other distributions), debt securities, and other forms of leverage, Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years. In view of these volatile market conditions, the Puerto Rico Office of the Commissioner of Financial Institutions (the "PROCFI") has granted to the Fund a temporary regulatory waiver from the Funds' investment requirement in Puerto Rico securities of at least 67% of the Fund's total assets and leverage limitation of 50% of its total assets and 200% asset coverage requirement described above, through January 31, 2016. Based on the representations and opinion of the Fund's investment adviser and consistent with the Fund's investment objective, the PROCFI has also granted no-objection relief with respect to the Fund's investment-grade credit rating requirement for Puerto Rico securities, which permit the Fund to continue to invest in Puerto Rico municipal securities that do not have an investment grade credit rating, under certain conditions, at the discretion of the Fund's investment adviser. These temporary waivers and no-objection relief may be renewed by the PROCFI for additional periods of time, should market

conditions warrant, and upon written request by the Fund. It is

the Fund's intention to re-comply with these requirements as soon as market conditions permit, but there is no assurance as to whether and when the Fund will be able to do so.

² The "Expense Ratio" calculation may reflect a partial waiver of the investment advisory and administration fees payable to UBS Trust Company of Puerto Rico, implemented on October 1, 2013. For more up-to-date information with respect to such partial fee waivers, if any, please see "Press Releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Credit quality is as of June 30, 2015. The Fund's investment portfolio is actively managed, and its composition (including the portfolio statistics and characteristics) will vary over time. Credit quality percentages include only fixed income securities and vary over time, as new investment securities are acquired and the credit rating of any investment held by the Fund is reassessed. For purposes of determining compliance with the Fund's investment requirements. ratings are as of the time of purchase, using a Standard & Poor's equivalent ratings scale. Fitch, Moody's, and S&P have recently downgraded further the general obligation bonds ("GOs") of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, as well as the obligations of certain Commonwealth agencies and public corporations, including COFINA on numerous occasions. On June 29, 2015. Fitch and S&P further downgraded the GOs and related debt ratings from "B" to "CC" and from "CCC+" to "CCC-," respectively. Moody's followed suit on July 1, 2015, downgrading the GOs and COFINA's senior bonds to "Caa3," and S&P further downgraded all of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico's tax-backed debt to "CC" on September 10, 2015. All such ratings carry a negative outlook. Moreover, on June 29, 2015, the Government of Puerto Rico presented a report entitled "Puerto Rico—A Way Forward" by consultants and former International Monetary Fund economists Krueger, Teja, and Wolfe, which identified a deteriorating cash flow position and very large out-year central government budget gaps that approach the size of current full year general fund revenues. The report projects a fiscal 2016 budget gap of \$3.7 billion, absent corrective action, which would rise to \$6.0 billion by 2018 and higher in subsequent vears. The Government of Puerto Rico also announced that it would seek to negotiate with bondholders to defer and/or restructure its \$72 billion debt load and also designated the Working Group for the Fiscal and Economic Recovery of Puerto Rico, to provide a debt restructuring plan. Thereafter, on August 3, 2015, the Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation failed to make a required \$58 million payment on its debt, representing the first time a Puerto Rico agency defaulted on its debt. The Working Group released the Puerto Rico Fiscal and Economic Growth Plan on September 9, 2015, which among

other things, recommends restructuring all tax-backed debt, including GOs and COFINA sales tax debt. In this context, one could expect to see interruptions in cash flow on debt payments, in addition to more price volatility across Puerto Rico securities, as the results of many of the fiscal and budgetary measures adopted and to be adopted in the future by the Government of Puerto Rico are fully realized and such Plan or other debt restructuring is implemented. As a result of the foregoing, none of the bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico and its instrumentalities without credit enhancement currently carry an investment-grade credit rating. Inasmuch as the Fund invests a substantial portion of its assets in securities issued by the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, these recent rating downgrades will negatively impact the Fund's ability to maintain compliance with its maximum/minimum investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality. To the extent that such investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality are exceeded. Fund management may determine to continue to hold such lower-rated securities, provided any new investment proceeds are directed to acquire investment securities which satisfy the Fund's minimum credit rating requirements. In view of the fact that the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years and the subsequent credit rating downgrades of certain Puerto Rico bonds. Investors are encouraged to refer to current or more up-to-date information regarding the Fund's portfolio holdings available at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds. Currently, the Fund's percentage investment in securities rated below investment-grade (below "BBB" rating) or which are unrated, amounted to 49 64% of the Fund's total portfolio, which exceeds the Fund's maximum investment threshold of 20% of its total assets invested in securities rated below investment-grade or which are unrated. Moreover, the Fund's percentage investment in debt securities rated below investment-grade (below "BBB" rating) or which are not of investment-grade credit quality, amounted to 49.64% of the Fund's total assets, which exceeds the Fund's maximum investment threshold of 5% of its total assets. On August 2015, the Board of Directors approved an extension of the Fund's existing share repurchase program for the acquisition of up to 60% of the Fund's issued Shares. The Repurchase Program is intended to enhance shareholder value by providing additional liquidity to Fund shareholders. For the quarter ended June 30, 2015, the Fund had repurchased 2,397,713 Shares in the open market with an NAV of \$7,742,935, at a cost of \$6,395,640.

Since the program's inception, the Fund has repurchased 28,662,692 Shares of common stock in the open market with an NAV of \$113,180,853, at a cost of \$104,443,544, and which represent 47.96% of the aggregate number of Shares issued by the Fund (net of Shares acquired for dividend reinvestment purposes and which remain outstanding).

As of June 30, 2015. Return figures were not calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended, which requires that investment returns for an individual retirement account ("IRA") he calculated in the manner provided therein. To the extent that an individual invests in the Fund through an IRA, his or her investment return figures will be less than those reported herein, when computed in accordance with Regulation 5766 and inasmuch as actual sales charges applicable to such IRA investments are taken into consideration. "Average Annual Total Return" figures reflect the percentage change in the market value, determined by calculating the average between the bid and ask prices plus any income and capital gain dividends, and return of capital distributions, all such dividends and distributions reinvested as of the corresponding record date thereof, at the month-end NAV as of that date. In the case of "NAV Total Return," the Fund's NAV per Share is used, rather than the average between the bid and ask prices, to determine such total return, as applicable, "Rolling Period Applial Returns" measure the monthly movement in the average of the Annualized Average Market Return figures over a one-year, three-year, five-year, and ten-year period (as applicable), as it moves over a consecutive time series that begins on the Fund's inception date, Additionally, in the case of the Average Annual Total Return and Rolling Period Annual Return figures, commissions or sales charges payable in connection with a purchase or sale of Shares may vary with each brokerage institution. Total return figures are not representative of the performance of any individual investment, and taxes on capital gain distributions or income dividends, if any, have not been deducted. All calculations were performed by Thomson Reuters, based on certain financial data provided by this Fund and are annualized with the exception of year-to-date figures.

4 A \$10,000 investment is hypothetical and is shown for illustrative purposes only. 5 "IPO Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the initial public offering price. "Current Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the month-end bid price.
6 Percentages may not total 100% due to rounding.



*Consideraciones Especiales

Cada Fondo es una compañía de inversión no diversificada de fin cerrado inscrita bajo la Ley Número 6 de 19 de octubre de 1954, según enmendada. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo pueden solamente ser adquiridos por, o transferidos a, individuos que sean residentes de Puerto Rico y a entidades cuya oficina y localización de negocios principal estén localizados en Puerto Rico. El rendimiento, el valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y el precio en el mercado de las acciones de capital común del Fondo (en adelante, las "Acciones"), podrán fluctuar y se determinarán por factores como la demanda y oferta en el mercado de las Acciones y las condiciones económicas, políticas y del mercado en general, al igual que otros factores que están fuera del control de un Fondo. Las Acciones son negociadas al precio del mercado, el cual puede reflejar una prima o descuento del valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y no se puede dar representación alguna sobre su liquidez o el mercado para disponer de las mismas. A pesar de que es la intención de UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico (en adelante, "UBSFSPR") de continuar manteniendo un mercado secundario para las Acciones, no está obligada a continuar haciéndolo. De otra parte, puede que no exista otra fuente de información de precios para las Acciones u otros compradores para las Acciones que no sea UBSFSPR.

Riesgo de concentración geográfica: El Fondo está expuesto a ciertos riesgos debido a la diversificación geográfica reducida de su cartera de inversiones. Los activos del fondo están invertidos primariamente en valores de emisores de Puerto Rico. A consecuencia, el Fondo generalmente es más susceptible a factores económicos, políticos, regulatorios y otros que podrían afectar adversamente a emisores de Puerto Rico que otra compañía de inversión la cual no esté tan concentrada en emisores de Puerto Rico. En adición, valores emitidos por el Gobierno de Puerto Rico o sus instrumentalidades se afectan por las finanzas del gobierno central. Eso incluye, pero no se limita a. las obligaciones generales de Puerto Rico y los bonos de ingresos, contribuciones especiales o de agencias. El efecto en cada deuda específica podría no ser el mismo y depende de que parte del dinero del gobierno o sus ingresos se supone paque el interés de dicha deuda. En la medida que un porcentaje relativamente alto de los activos del Fondo pueden ser invertidos en obligaciones de un número limitado de emisores de Puerto Rico, el valor neto de activos y su rendimiento puede aumentar o disminuir más que él de una compañía de inversión más diversificada, como resultado de cambios en cuanto a la evaluación de la condición financiera o prospectos de dichos emisores de Puerto Rico. El Fondo también puede ser más susceptible a cualquier ocurrencia individual económica, política o regulatoria en Puerto Rico que una compañía de inversión más diversificada. En los pasados años, los bonos principales del Gobierno de Puerto Rico, al igual que valores emitidos por ciertas instituciones financieras de Puerto Rico han sido degradados por varios factores, incluyendo sin limitación, al empeoramiento experimentado por la economía de Puerto Rico y la condición financiera pobre del Gobierno de Puerto Rico. Al presente, el mercado de bonos de Puerto Rico está experimentando un periodo de mas volatilidad,

mas con los bonos de Puerto Rico traficando a precios más bajos y rendimientos más altos a los puntos de referencia de los pasados dos (2) años, y así afectando el valor neto de activos del Fondo.

Transacciones de cartera entre un Fondo y UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (en el caso de un Fondo comanejado con Banco Popular de Puerto Rico) y otras afiliadas son efectuadas conforme a ciertos procedimientos adoptados por la Junta de Directores de un Fondo con miras a atender posibles conflictos de interés

Divulgación de Mercado Secundario: Dado a que actualmente UBSFSPR es la fuente dominante, y podría ser la única fuente, de liquidez para la negociación de las Acciones en el mercado secundario, cabe la posibilidad que un inversionista no pueda vender sus Acciones en el mercado secundario o que solamente pueda venderlas a pérdida, si UBSFSPR cesara de facilitar un mercado secundario para la negociación de las Acciones. Por lo tanto, la habilidad de un inversionista para vender sus Acciones dependerá del interés de otros inversionistas que estén comprando Acciones o la disponibilidad de UBSFSPR de designar capital adicional para mantener Acciones en su inventario. UBSFSPR podrá, a su única discreción, comprometer capital adicional para mantener Acciones en inventario cuando así lo estime apropiado, dependiendo de las condiciones del mercado y otras consideraciones, e igualmente en otras ocasiones, podrá reducir la cantidad de capital comprometida para financiar dicho inventario de las Acciones. Por ejemplo, cuando UBSFSPR compra Acciones para su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrán permanecer a los niveles previamente cotizados o aumentar. Por otro lado, cuando UBSFSPR vende Acciones de su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrían reducirse. En situaciones en que UBSFSPR está vendiendo Acciones de su inventario, podría ofrecer vender dichas Acciones a precios más bajos que cualquier orden de venta pendiente que fue puesta sobre sus Acciones por cualquier inversionista. Cualquier decisión de UBSFSPR de aumentar o reducir su inventario será tomada a su única discreción y no son divulgadas al público.

Divulgación Contributiva sobre Acuerdos de Recompra: A pesar de que existe precedente contable que apoya el concepto que los acuerdos de recompra y recompra a la inversa sean considerados como préstamos con garantía colateral para propósitos contributivos en Puerto Rico, dicho precedente no es determinante en cuanto a las disposiciones contributivas aplicables a los acuerdos de recompra que normalmente el Fondo suscribe, que contienen disposiciones que conceden al comprador de los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos el derecho a vender, transferir, pignorar o hipotecar dichos valores. A pesar de que el Departamento de Hacienda de Puerto Rico (en adelante, "Hacienda") nunca se ha expresado sobre si estos tipos de acuerdos deben ser considerados como una transferencia de titularidad sobre los valores subyacentes, Hacienda podría adoptar dicha posición y que los tribunales de Puerto Rico estén de acuerdo con dicha posición. En dicho caso, el interés exento pagado sobre los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos podría considerarse

como ingreso no exento del pago de contribución para el vendedor de tales valores subyacentes. En la medida que el Fondo sea considerado el vendedor bajo el acuerdo de recompra correspondiente, los dividendos distribuidos sobre las Acciones que a su vez son derivados del ingreso del acuerdo de recompra correspondiente podría ser considerado como un dividendo suieto a tributación o ganancias de capital. Si tal dividendo fuera considerado como dividendo sujeto a tributación, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico podrían estar sujetos a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014) sobre el dividendo (o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y aquellos que sean inversionistas corporativos estarían sujetos a una máxima tasa efectiva de 5.85% (o 4.5% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014), debido a la deducción de 85% sobre dividendos recibidos, según dispuesto por el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico, multiplicando el 15% del dividendo por una tasa contributiva corporativa máxima de 39% para los dividendos distribuidos en o después del 1 de julio de 2014 y 30% para los dividendos distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014). Por otro lado, si tales dividendos fueran considerados como dividendos de ganancias de capital, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014 o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y los tenedores de las Acciones que tributa como corporaciones, estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 20% (tasa contributiva de 15% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014).

Cambios Recientes al Derecho Tributario de Puerto Rico: El 29 de mayo de 2015, el Gobernador de Puerto Rico promulgó la Ley 72-2015, la cual enmendó significativamente el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico de 2011, según enmendado (el "Código"). En lo relevante, el Código fue enmendado en cuanto a lo siguiente: (1) en el 2014, el Código se enmendó para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas por un individuo después del 30 de junio de 2014 que serían admitidas como deducción estaban limitadas a 90% de las ganancias de capital más el ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que fuere menor; la Ley 72-2015 restaura el lenguaje existente previo a la enmienda del 2014 para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas en un año contributivo serán admitidas como deducción hasta el monto de las ganancias de capital generadas durante dicho año contributivo, y que si las pérdidas exceden las ganancias de dicho año contributivo, el contribuyente podrá deducir dicho exceso hasta el monto del ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que sea menor; (2) en el caso de corporaciones, para años contributivos comenzados después del 31 de diciembre de 2014, las pérdidas de capital (incluyendo el arrastre de pérdidas de capital) serán admitidas como deducción hasta el 80% de las ganancias de capital; y (3) con relación a la transición del impuesto sobre ventas y uso ("IVU") al nuevo impuesto sobre valor añadido ("IVA") de 10.5%, que será efectivo a partir del 1 de abril de 2016, (i) la tasa

de IVU aplicable a los cargos bancarios impuestos sobre cuentas comerciales aumentó de 6.0% a 10.5%, efectivo el 1 de julio de 2015, y (ii) a partir del 1 de octubre de 2015 y hasta el 31 de marzo de 2016, un IVU de 4.0% será impuesto sobre, entre otros, servicios profesionales y otros servicios (con ciertas excepciones limitadas) prestados al Fondo. No obstante, los intereses y otros cargos por el uso del dinero y servicios prestados (que no sean cargos bancarios) por instituciones financieras, tales como los Fondos, continuarán excluidos de la imposición del IVU y tampoco serán tributables para propósitos del IVA.

Aviso Legal

Rendimientos anteriores no son garantía de resultados futuros similares. Los rendimientos actuales podrían ser más bajos o más altos que el rendimiento aquí citado. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo están sujetos a riesgo de mercado, incluyendo la pérdida del principal invertido. Este documento no es una oferta de compra ni una solicitud de una oferta de compra para cualquier inversión en un Fondo y es para propósitos informativos solamente. Las inversiones en un Fondo están diseñadas principalmente y son adecuadas para inversionistas a largo plazo y no deben ser consideradas como un vehículo para fines de negociación. Estas inversiones puede que no sean adecuadas para cualquier inversionista. Una inversión en un Fondo no es equivalente a una inversión en los valores subvacentes en los cuales un Fondo invierte. El uso de apalancamiento por un Fondo representa ciertos riesgos a los inversionistas en éste, y en ciertos casos, las fluctuaciones en las tasas de intereses podrían aumentar la volatilidad en su rendimiento y afectar a un Fondo a mayor grado que a una compañía de inversión no apalancada. Información más detallada en cuanto a un Fondo, incluvendo los cargos, gastos y penalidades aplicables, objetivo(s) y políticas de inversión, factores de riesgo y el efecto de apalancamiento, se incluye en la documentación de oferta del Fondo, el cual usted debe leer cuidadosamente antes de hacer **una inversión.** Para obtener más información en cuanto a un Fondo (incluyendo los rendimientos de inversión calculados conforme el Reglamento 5766 de 11 de marzo de 1998, según enmendado) o una copia del prospecto para la oferta de las Acciones o los informes anuales del Fondo, favor de contactar a la familia de fondos UBS Puerto Rico o Puerto Rico Investors al 787-773-3888 ó 787-751-5452, respectivamente. Para obtener más información en cuanto a los rendimientos del Fondo de fin de mes o información más actualizada, por favor contactar a su Asesor Financiero en UBSFSPR o verifique los comunicados de prensa ("press releases") en http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Glossary of fund terms

- Ask Price: generally refers to the lowest price at which a seller will sell a specified number of units of a given security at a particular time. The ask price may incorporate a markup, which may vary by transaction and may include commissions and other charges. The ask prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price and age of pending customer orders.

- Average Duration: a time measure of a bond's interest-rate sensitivity, based on the weighted average of the time periods over which a bond's cash flow accrue to the bondholder. Time periods are weighted by multiplying by the present value of its cash flow divided by the bond's price. (A bond's cash flow consist of coupon payments and repayment of capital.) A bond's duration will almost always be shorter than its maturity, with the exception of zero-coupon bonds, for which maturity and duration are equal.
- Bid Price: generally refers to the highest price a buyer is willing to pay at a particular time for a unit of a given security. UBSFSPR publishes two types of bid prices for the Shares: firm or indicative. A firm bid is provided when UBSFSPR has the risk capacity and/or appetite at the particular time to purchase a specified number of Shares. An investor can sell to UBSFSPR at the firm bid price up to the specified number of Shares at a particular time. On the other hand, an indicative bid is provided for informational purposes only when UBSFSPR does not have the risk capacity and/or appetite at a particular time to purchase Shares. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for the Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price, and age of pending customer orders, and may be higher (in which case the price is at a premium) or lower (in which case
- the price is at a discount) than the NAV of the Fund. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR may also be affected by its willingness to hold additional inventory of the Shares or by its need to sell its inventory of Shares. Depending on market liquidity conditions. orders to buy or sell at the quoted price may not receive immediate execution, and an investor may not be able to sell its Shares at the price quoted by UBSFSPR. Moreover, the proceeds an investor receives on a sale of Shares may be lower than the bid price due to discounts, markdowns, and other charges. Since inception, the Shares have historically traded at prices which reflect a premium to their respective NAV per Share, though on certain limited instances, they have traded at prices which reflect a discount to their respective NAV per Share. However, there is no assurance that the Shares will continue to trade at prices which reflect such a premium. The Fund is presently experiencing liquidity issues. As a result, the bid price is for a limited number of shares, and it may not be possible for sellers to obtain the current bid price.
- Credit Quality: a measure of the likelihood that a financial obligation will not be honored provided by one or more of the rating agencies. Rating agencies assign classifications to their ratings, with "AAA" being the highest and "D" being the lowest for Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"). The Fund may use other ratings and adjust them for use in this scale.
- Effective Duration: a calculation of duration that takes into account the embedded options in the securities of a portfolio and their expected changes in the cash flow of a portfolio caused by those options.

- Expense Ratio: The percentage of the Fund's average net assets attributable to holders of the Shares and which is used to pay operating expenses and takes into account investment management fees, administration fees, and other operating expenses such as legal, audit, insurance, and shareholder communications.
- Hedge Notional: refers to the total net face value, reflecting any offsetting positions, of derivative instruments employed in hedging strategies of the Fund.
- Hedge Ratio: ratio of the Fund's hedge notional amount to its total dollar amount of leverage as of the end of a calendar quarter, assuming the Fund is fully invested at quarter-end. The Fund's investment adviser may, at its discretion, use a variety of derivative instruments including securities options, financial futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and other interest rate protection transactions such as swap agreements, to attempt to hedge its portfolio of assets and seek to enhance its return. There can be no assurance that any particular hedging strategy used will succeed.
- Leverage: the Fund may issue preferred stock or debt, enter into repurchase agreements, or borrow money, in order to increase the amounts available for investment ("leverage"). This gives the Fund's investment adviser, in the fixed income area in particular, the opportunity to enhance yield. The use of leverage increases the likelihood of price volatility and market risk for the Shares. There is also the risk that the cost of funding leverage will exceed the earnings on the related investments, which will have the likely effect of reducing the Fund's yield and the value of its investments.

- Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration: effective duration adjusted for the impact of the Fund's utilization of leverage. A Fund that utilizes leverage will have a leverage-adjusted effective duration that is longer than its effective duration.
- Maturity: date on which the face value of a security/bond must be repaid. It measures the average length to maturity in years of all the bonds in the Fund's portfolio. For mortgagebacked securities, the maturity takes into account the prepayment of the underlying mortgages.
- NAV: Net Asset Value. On a per-Share basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities and dividing such result by the Shares outstanding. On an aggregate, Fund basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities.
- Undistributed Income: the Fund's net income that has not been distributed to holders of its Shares as of the latest available audited financial statements. In the case of a target maturity-type investment company (which is liquidated on or by a specific date), it also includes the amounts to be distributed on or by the liquidation date as the return of the initial investment.

For a definition of other terms, please see the Shares' prospectus.



Puerto Rico Fixed Income Fund IV, Inc.

Investment Objectives and Policies

Seeks current income, consistent with the preservation of capital, by investing:

- up to 33% of its total assets in, among other things, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, its agencies, and instrumentalities
- at least 67% of its total assets in securities issued by Puerto Rico issuers (as described in the Prospectus)¹
- at least 80% of total assets in investment-grade securities^{1, 2}
- may issue leverage representing up to 50% of total assets¹

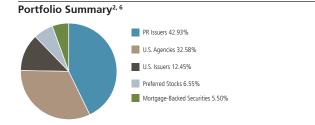
Pricing and Distribution History²

Initial Public Offering (IPO)	\$10.00
52-week Bid Low/High	\$3.19/\$4.86
YTD NAV Change	-\$1.15
YTD Bid Price Change	-\$1.29
IPO Yield ⁵	6.50%
Current Yield ⁵	20.38%
Last Dividend Paid	\$0.0542
Last 12 Month Dividend	\$0.6600

Portfolio Statistics and Characteristics²

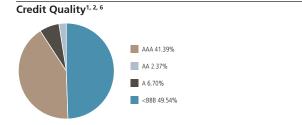
Commencement Shares Outstanding (mm) Bid Price Net Asset Value (NAV) Bid Price to NAV Ratio Net Assets (mm) Leverage (mm) Undistributed Income (mm) Expense Ratio	Mar-05 32.78 \$3.19 \$3.70 86.22% \$121.16 \$127.63 \$12.13 1.24%	Fiscal Year Weighted Avg. Coupon Average Maturity (yrs) Average Duration (yrs) Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration (yrs) Leverage % Leverage Cost Hedge Notional (mm) Hedge Ratio	31-Mar 5.14% 22.95 9.17 16.77 50.88%¹ 0.70% \$32.05 25%
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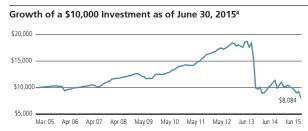
See Portfolio Holdings, Portfolio Managers, Special Considerations, Disclaimers, Glossary of Fund Terms, and Footnotes on reverse.













Additional Distributions (per share)

	Current Quarter	YTD	Since Inception
Special			
Dividend	\$-	\$-	\$0.1500
Capital Gain			
Distribution	\$-	\$-	\$-

Portfolio Holdings^{2, 6}

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PR Obligations		U.S. Obligations	
Preferred Stocks		Federal Home Loan	/
Universal	6.55%	Bank	23.57%
Mortgage -Backed Sec	urites	Federal Farm Credit	
CMO, COMM END,	FNMA	Bank	9.01%
GNMA, FGLMC	5.50%	Build America Bonds	6.66%
Employee Retirement		Build America Bonds	
System	24.75%	(Insured)	2.37%
PR Sales Tax Financing	16.48%	U.S. Municipals	3.42%
PREPA	1.30%	U.S. Obligations	45.02%
GDB	0.40%	3	
PR Obligations	54.98%		

Portfolio Manager

Leslie Highley, Jr.

Portfolio Manager since inception UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico

*Special Considerations

The Fund is a non-diversified, closed-end management investment company registered under the Puerto Rico Investment Companies Act of 1954, as amended. Securities issued by the Fund may be purchased or otherwise transferred only to individuals who are residents of Puerto Rico and to entities whose principal office and principal place of business are located in Puerto Rico. The Fund's yield and net asset value and the market price of the Fund's shares of Common Stock (the "Shares") may fluctuate and will be determined by such factors as relative demand for and supply of the Shares in the market, as well as general market, political, and economic conditions and other factors beyond the control of the Fund. The Shares trade at market price, which may be at a discount or premium to NAV, and no assurance can be given as to their liquidity or trading market. While it is the intention of UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico ("UBSFSPR") to continue to maintain a secondary market for the Shares, it is not obligated to continue to do so. Moreover, there may be no other source of price information for the Shares or other purchasers of the Shares other than UBSFSPR.

Geographic Concentration Risk. The Fund is exposed to certain risks resulting from the reduced geographic diversification of its portfolio. The Fund's assets are invested primarily in securities of Puerto Rico issuers. Consequently, the Fund in general is more susceptible to economic, political, regulatory or other factors adversely affecting issuers in Puerto Rico than an investment company that is not so concentrated in Puerto Rico issuers. In addition, securities issued by the Government of Puerto Rico or its instrumentalities are affected by the central government's finances. That includes, but is not limited to, general obligations of Puerto Rico and revenue bonds, special tax bonds, or agency bonds. The effect on each specific debt may not be the same; it depends on exactly what part of the government's money or revenue is supposed to pay the interest thereon. Inasmuch as a relatively high percentage of the Fund's assets may be invested in obligations of a limited number of Puerto Rico issuers, the Fund's net asset value and its yield may increase or decrease more than that of a more diversified investment company as a result of changes in the market's assessment of the financial condition and prospects of such Puerto Rico issuers. The Fund may also be more susceptible to any single economic, political, or regulatory occurrence in Puerto Rico than a more widely diversified investment company. Over the past years, the principal Puerto Rico Government bonds as well as the securities issued by several

Puerto Rico financial institutions have been downgraded as a result of several factors, including without limitation, the downturn experienced by the Puerto Rico economy and the strained financial condition of the Government of Puerto Rico. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years, thereby affecting the Fund's net asset value.

Portfolio transactions between the Fund and UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (in the case of a co-managed Fund with Banco Popular de Puerto Rico). and other affiliates, are conducted in accordance with procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Directors in an effort to address potential conflicts

Secondary Market Disclosure: Given UBSFSPR is currently the dominant, and may be the sole source of secondary market liquidity for the Shares, an investor may not be able to sell its Shares or may only be able to sell them at a loss, if UBSFSPR were to cease to facilitate such secondary market for the Shares. Accordingly, an investor's ability to sell its Shares will depend on the interest of other investors buying Shares, or UBSFSPR's willingness to commit additional capital to holding Shares in inventory. UBSFSPR may, in its sole discretion, commit additional capital to hold Shares in inventory when it deems it appropriate to do so, given market conditions or other considerations, and similarly may reduce the amount of capital committed to fund such inventory of Shares at other times. For example, when UBSFSPR purchases Shares and holds them in its inventory, quoted prices may remain at the previously quoted levels or increase. Conversely, when UBSFSPR sells Shares from its inventory, the quoted prices may decrease. In situations where UBSFSPR is selling Shares from its inventory, it may offer to sell its Shares at prices that are lower than pending sell orders that were placed by investors in the Shares. Decisions by UBSFSPR to increase or decrease inventory are made at its sole discretion and are

Repurchase Agreement Tax Disclosure: While there is authority generally supporting the treatment of repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements as collateralized loans for Puerto Rico income tax purposes. that authority does not specifically address the tax treatment of the repurchase agreements that the Fund typically enters into, which contain provisions that grant the buyer the right to sell, transfer, pledge, or hypothecate the securities that are the object of such agreements.

Although the Puerto Rico Treasury Department ("PR Treasury") has never pronounced itself as to whether this type of arrangement should be viewed as a transfer of ownership of the underlying securities, it is possible that the PR Treasury could take that position in the future and that Puerto Rico courts would agree with that view. In such event, the tax exempt interest paid on such underlying securities could be deemed not to constitute tax exempt income for the seller of such securities; to the extent that the Fund was such seller, the dividends distributed on its Shares from such income could be treated either as taxable dividends or capital gain dividends. If such dividends were treated as taxable dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts could be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014) on the dividend (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and those which are corporate investors would be subject to a maximum effective income tax rate of 5.85% (or 4.5% for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014), (due to the 85% dividend received deduction of the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, 15% of the dividend multiplied by a 39% maximum corporate income tax rate for dividends distributed on or after July 1, 2014 and 30% for dividends distributed before July 1, 2014). On the other hand, if such dividends were treated as capital gains dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts would be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014) (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and holders of the Shares which are taxed as corporations would be subject to a 20% income tax (15% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014).

Recent changes in the Puerto Rico tax law: Act No. 72-2015, enacted on May 29, 2015, introduced significant changes to the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code of 2011, as amended ("Code").

In relevant part, the Code was amended as to the following: (1) the Code was amended in 2014 to provide that the amount of a capital loss incurred by an individual after June 30, 2014 that may be claimed as a deduction is limited to 90% of capital gains plus the individual's net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; Act No. 72-2015 reinstates the pre-2014 amendment rules, to provide that capital losses derived in a taxable year may be deducted against capital gains generated in the taxable year and that if the capital losses exceed capital gains, the amount of the excess that may be claimed as a deduction is an amount equal to the individual's

net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; (2) in the case of corporations, for taxable years beginning after December 31st, 2014, capital losses (including capital loss carryovers) may only offset up to 80% of a corporate taxpayer's capital gains; and (3) in connection with the transition from a sales and use tax ("SUT") to a 10.5% value added tax ("VAT"), which would become effective on April 1, 2016, (i) the SUT rate applicable to bank charges on commercial accounts increased from 6.0% to 10.5%, effective July 1, 2015; and (ii) a 4% SUT will be imposed, beginning on October 1, 2015 and through March 31, 2016, on, among others, professional and other services (with limited exceptions) rendered to the Fund. Note, however, that interest and other charges for the use money and charges for services (other than bank charges) provided by financial institutions, such as the Funds, will continue to be excluded from the SUT and will not be subject to the VAT.

Legal Disclaimer

Past performance does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Securities issued by the Fund are subject to market risk, including the loss of principal amounts invested. This document is not an offer to sell, or the solicitation of an offer to buy any investment in the Fund, and is for informational purposes only. Fund investments are designed primarily and suitable for long-term investors and not viewed as a vehicle for trading purposes. They may not be suitable to all investors. Fund investments are not equivalent to investments in its underlying securities. The Fund's utilization of leverage poses certain risks to investors, and in some cases, interest rate fluctuations may increase the volatility of its return and affect the Fund to a significantly greater extent than a non-leveraged investment company. More detailed information about the Fund, including applicable fees, costs, penalties, investment objectives and policies, risk factors, and the effects of leverage, is further described in the Share's prospectus, which you should read carefully prior to making an investment. To obtain additional information related to the Fund (including investment returns calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended) or a copy of the Shares' prospectus or Fund's annual report, please contact the UBS Puerto Rico Family of Funds at 787-773-3888. To obtain the Fund's month-end performance or more up-to-date information, please contact your UBS Financial Advisor or see "press releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

¹ Generally, the Fund must invest at least 67% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage) and cash, including cash equivalents, but excluding non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market), in Puerto Rico securities. Additionally, the Fund may issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage, representing not more than 50% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage), cash (including cash equivalents), and non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market), immediately after the issuance of any such preferred stock, or other debt securities. Moreover, the Fund may not issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage unless the value of its total assets less all its liabilities and indebtedness, other than the preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage being issued or already outstanding, is at least equal to 200% of the total aggregate liquidation preference/principal amount of all its outstanding preferred stock (not including any accumulated dividends or other distributions), debt securities, and other forms of leverage. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years. In view of these volatile market conditions, the Puerto Rico Office of the Commissioner of Financial Institutions (the "PROCFI") has granted to the Fund a temporary regulatory waiver from the Funds' investment requirement in Puerto Rico securities of at least 67% of the Fund's total assets and leverage limitation of 50% of its total assets and 200% asset coverage requirement described above, through January 31, 2016. Based on the representations and opinion of the Fund's investment adviser and consistent with the Fund's investment objective, the PROCFI has also granted no-objection relief with respect to the Fund's investment-grade credit rating requirement for Puerto Rico securities, which permit the Fund to continue to invest in Puerto Rico municipal securities that do not have an investment grade credit rating, under certain conditions, at the discretion of the Fund's investment adviser. These temporary waivers and no-objection relief may be renewed by the PROCFI for additional periods of time, should market conditions warrant.

and upon written request by the Fund. It is the Fund's intention to re-comply with these requirements as soon as market conditions permit, but there is no assurance as to whether and when the Fund will be able to do so.

² The "Expense Ratio" calculation may reflect a partial waiver of the investment advisory and administration fees payable to UBS Trust Company of Puerto Rico, implemented on October 1, 2013. For more up-to-date information with respect to such partial fee waivers, if any, please see "Press Releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds

Credit quality is as of June 30, 2015. The Fund's investment portfolio is actively managed, and its composition (including the portfolio statistics and characteristics) will vary over time. Credit quality percentages include only fixed income securities and vary over time, as new investment securities are acquired and the credit rating of any investment held by the Fund is reassessed. For purposes of determining compliance with the Fund's investment requirements, ratings are as of the time of purchase, using a Standard & Poor's equivalent ratings scale. Fitch, Moody's, and S&P have recently downgraded further the general obligation bonds ("GOs") of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, as well as the obligations of certain Commonwealth agencies and public corporations, including COFINA, on numerous occasions. On June 29, 2015, Fitch and S&P further downgraded the GOs and related debt ratings from "B" to "CC" and from "CCC+" to "CCC-," respectively. Moody's followed suit on July 1, 2015, downgrading the GOs and COFINA's senior bonds to "Caa3," and S&P further downgraded all of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico's tax-backed debt to "CC" on September 10, 2015. All such ratings carry a negative outlook. Moreover, on June 29, 2015, the Government of Puerto Rico presented a report entitled "Puerto Rico—A Way Forward" by consultants and former International Monetary Fund economists Krueger, Teja, and Wolfe, which identified a deteriorating cash flow position and very large out-year central government budget gaps that approach the size of current full year general fund revenues. The report projects a fiscal 2016 budget gap of \$3.7 billion, absent corrective action, which would rise to \$6.0 billion by 2018 and higher in subsequent vears. The Government of Puerto Rico also announced that it would seek to negotiate with bondholders to defer and/or restructure its \$72 billion debt load and also designated the Working Group for the Fiscal and Economic Recovery of Puerto Rico, to provide a debt restructuring plan. Thereafter, on August 3, 2015, the Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation failed to make a required \$58 million payment on its debt, representing the first time a Puerto Rico agency defaulted on its debt. The Working Group released the Puerto

Rico Fiscal and Economic Growth Plan on September 9, 2015, which among other things, recommends restructuring all tax-backed debt, including GOs and COFINA sales tax debt. In this context, one could expect to see interruptions in cash flow on debt payments, in addition to more price volatility across Puerto Rico securities, as the results of many of the fiscal and budgetary measures adopted and to be adopted in the future by the Government of Puerto Rico are fully realized and such Plan or other debt restructuring is implemented. As a result of the foregoing, none of the bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico and its instrumentalities without credit enhancement currently carry an investment-grade credit rating. Inasmuch as the Fund invests a substantial portion of its assets in securities issued by the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, these recent rating downgrades will negatively impact the Fund's ability to maintain compliance with its maximum/minimum investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality. To the extent that such investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality are exceeded, Fund management may determine to continue to hold such lower-rated securities, provided any new investment proceeds are directed to acquire investment securities which satisfy the Fund's minimum credit rating requirements. In view of the fact that the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years and the subsequent credit rating downgrades of certain Puerto Rico bonds. Investors are encouraged to refer to current or more up-to-date information regarding the Fund's portfolio holdings available at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds. Currently, the Fund's percentage investment in securities rated below investment-grade (below "BBB" rating) or which are unrated, amounted to 49.54% of the Fund's total portfolio, which exceeds the Fund's maximum investment threshold of 20% of its total assets. invested in securities rated below investment-grade or which are unrated. Moreover, the Fund's percentage investment in debt securities rated below investment-grade (below "BBB" rating) or which are not of investment-grade credit quality, amounted to 49.54% of the Fund's total assets, which exceeds the Fund's maximum investment threshold of 5% of its total assets On August 2015, the Board of Directors approved an extension of the Fund's existing share repurchase program for the acquisition of up to 50% of the Fund's issued Shares. The Repurchase Program is intended to enhance shareholder value by providing additional liquidity to Fund shareholders. For

in the open market with an NAV of \$12,755,473, at a cost of \$10,884,339. Since the program's inception, the Fund has repurchased 21,199,053 Shares of common stock in the open market with an NAV of \$117.062.669, at a cost of \$110,260,174, and which represent 39.32% of the aggregate number of Shares issued by the Fund (net of Shares acquired for dividend reinvestment purposes and which remain outstanding).

³ As of June 30, 2015. Return figures were not calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended, which requires that investment returns for an individual retirement account ("IRA") be calculated in the manner provided therein. To the extent that an individual invests in the Fund through an IRA, his or her investment return figures will be less than those reported herein, when computed in accordance with Regulation 5766 and inasmuch as actual sales charges applicable to such IRA investments are taken into consideration, "Average Annual Total Return" figures reflect the percentage change in the market value, determined by calculating the average between the bid and ask prices, plus any income and capital gain dividends, and return of capital distributions, all such dividends and distributions reinvested as of the corresponding record date thereof, at the month-end NAV as of that date. In the case of "NAV Total Return," the Fund's NAV per Share is used, rather than the average between the bid and ask prices, to determine such total return, as applicable, "Rolling Period Annual Returns" measure the monthly movement in the average of the Annualized Average Market Return figures over a one-year, three-year, five-year, and ten-year period (as applicable), as it moves over a consecutive time series that begins on the Fund's inception date. Additionally, in the case of the Average Annual Total Return and Rolling Period Annual Return figures, commissions or sales charges payable in connection with a purchase or sale of Shares may vary with each brokerage institution. Total return figures are not representative of the performance of any individual investment, and taxes on capital gain distributions or income dividends, if any, have not been deducted. All calculations were performed by Thomson Reuters, based on certain financial data provided by this Fund and are annualized with the exception of year-to-date figures.

4 A \$10,000 investment is hypothetical and is shown for illustrative purposes only. ⁵ "IPO Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the initial public offering price. "Current Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the month-end bid price. the quarter ended June 30, 2015, the Fund had repurchased 3,216,753 Shares

⁶ Percentages may not total 100% due to rounding.



Cada Fondo es una compañía de inversión no diversificada de fin cerrado inscrita bajo la Ley Número 6 de 19 de octubre de 1954, según enmendada. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo pueden solamente ser adquiridos por, o transferidos a, individuos que sean residentes de Puerto Rico y a entidades cuya oficina y localización de negocios principal estén localizados en Puerto Rico. El rendimiento, el valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y el precio en el mercado de las acciones de capital común del Fondo (en adelante, las "Acciones"), podrán fluctuar y se determinarán por factores como la demanda y oferta en el mercado de las Acciones y las condiciones económicas, políticas y del mercado en general, al igual que otros factores que están fuera del control de un Fondo. Las Acciones son negociadas al precio del mercado, el cual puede reflejar una prima o descuento del valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y no se puede dar representación alguna sobre su liquidez o el mercado para disponer de las mismas. A pesar de que es la intención de UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico (en adelante, "UBSFSPR") de continuar manteniendo un mercado secundario para las Acciones, no está obligada a continuar haciéndolo. De otra parte, puede que no exista otra fuente de información de precios para las Acciones u otros compradores para las Acciones que no sea UBSFSPR.

Riesgo de concentración geográfica: El Fondo está expuesto a ciertos riesgos debido a la diversificación geográfica reducida de su cartera de inversiones. Los activos del fondo están invertidos primariamente en valores de emisores de Puerto Rico. A consecuencia, el Fondo generalmente es más susceptible a factores económicos, políticos, regulatorios y otros que podrían afectar adversamente a emisores de Puerto Rico que otra compañía de inversión la cual no esté tan concentrada en emisores de Puerto Rico. En adición, valores emitidos por el Gobierno de Puerto Rico o sus instrumentalidades se afectan por las finanzas del gobierno central. Eso incluye, pero no se limita a. las obligaciones generales de Puerto Rico y los bonos de ingresos, contribuciones especiales o de agencias. El efecto en cada deuda específica podría no ser el mismo y depende de que parte del dinero del gobierno o sus ingresos se supone paque el interés de dicha deuda. En la medida que un porcentaje relativamente alto de los activos del Fondo pueden ser invertidos en obligaciones de un número limitado de emisores de Puerto Rico, el valor neto de activos y su rendimiento puede aumentar o disminuir más que él de una compañía de inversión más diversificada, como resultado de cambios en cuanto a la evaluación de la condición financiera o prospectos de dichos emisores de Puerto Rico. El Fondo también puede ser más susceptible a cualquier ocurrencia individual económica, política o regulatoria en Puerto Rico que una compañía de inversión más diversificada. En los pasados años, los bonos principales del Gobierno de Puerto Rico, al igual que valores emitidos por ciertas instituciones financieras de Puerto Rico han sido degradados por varios factores, incluyendo sin limitación, al empeoramiento experimentado por la economía de Puerto Rico y la condición financiera pobre del Gobierno de Puerto Rico. Al presente, el mercado de bonos de Puerto Rico está experimentando un periodo de mas volatilidad,

mas con los bonos de Puerto Rico traficando a precios más bajos y rendimientos más altos a los puntos de referencia de los pasados dos (2) años, y así afectando el valor neto de activos del Fondo.

Transacciones de cartera entre un Fondo y UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (en el caso de un Fondo comanejado con Banco Popular de Puerto Rico) y otras afiliadas son efectuadas conforme a ciertos procedimientos adoptados por la Junta de Directores de un Fondo con miras a atender posibles conflictos de interés

Divulgación de Mercado Secundario: Dado a que actualmente UBSFSPR es la fuente dominante, y podría ser la única fuente, de liquidez para la negociación de las Acciones en el mercado secundario, cabe la posibilidad que un inversionista no pueda vender sus Acciones en el mercado secundario o que solamente pueda venderlas a pérdida, si UBSFSPR cesara de facilitar un mercado secundario para la negociación de las Acciones. Por lo tanto, la habilidad de un inversionista para vender sus Acciones dependerá del interés de otros inversionistas que estén comprando Acciones o la disponibilidad de UBSFSPR de designar capital adicional para mantener Acciones en su inventario. UBSFSPR podrá, a su única discreción, comprometer capital adicional para mantener Acciones en inventario cuando así lo estime apropiado, dependiendo de las condiciones del mercado y otras consideraciones, e igualmente en otras ocasiones, podrá reducir la cantidad de capital comprometida para financiar dicho inventario de las Acciones. Por ejemplo, cuando UBSFSPR compra Acciones para su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrán permanecer a los niveles previamente cotizados o aumentar. Por otro lado, cuando UBSFSPR vende Acciones de su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrían reducirse. En situaciones en que UBSFSPR está vendiendo Acciones de su inventario, podría ofrecer vender dichas Acciones a precios más bajos que cualquier orden de venta pendiente que fue puesta sobre sus Acciones por cualquier inversionista. Cualquier decisión de UBSFSPR de aumentar o reducir su inventario será tomada a su única discreción y no son divulgadas al público.

Divulgación Contributiva sobre Acuerdos de Recompra: A pesar de que existe precedente contable que apoya el concepto que los acuerdos de recompra y recompra a la inversa sean considerados como préstamos con garantía colateral para propósitos contributivos en Puerto Rico, dicho precedente no es determinante en cuanto a las disposiciones contributivas aplicables a los acuerdos de recompra que normalmente el Fondo suscribe, que contienen disposiciones que conceden al comprador de los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos el derecho a vender, transferir, pignorar o hipotecar dichos valores. A pesar de que el Departamento de Hacienda de Puerto Rico (en adelante, "Hacienda") nunca se ha expresado sobre si estos tipos de acuerdos deben ser considerados como una transferencia de titularidad sobre los valores subyacentes, Hacienda podría adoptar dicha posición y que los tribunales de Puerto Rico estén de acuerdo con dicha posición. En dicho caso, el interés exento pagado sobre los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos podría considerarse

como ingreso no exento del pago de contribución para el vendedor de tales valores subyacentes. En la medida que el Fondo sea considerado el vendedor bajo el acuerdo de recompra correspondiente, los dividendos distribuidos sobre las Acciones que a su vez son derivados del ingreso del acuerdo de recompra correspondiente podría ser considerado como un dividendo suieto a tributación o ganancias de capital. Si tal dividendo fuera considerado como dividendo sujeto a tributación, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico podrían estar sujetos a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014) sobre el dividendo (o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y aquellos que sean inversionistas corporativos estarían sujetos a una máxima tasa efectiva de 5.85% (o 4.5% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014), debido a la deducción de 85% sobre dividendos recibidos, según dispuesto por el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico, multiplicando el 15% del dividendo por una tasa contributiva corporativa máxima de 39% para los dividendos distribuidos en o después del 1 de julio de 2014 y 30% para los dividendos distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014). Por otro lado, si tales dividendos fueran considerados como dividendos de ganancias de capital, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014 o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y los tenedores de las Acciones que tributa como corporaciones, estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 20% (tasa contributiva de 15% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014).

Cambios Recientes al Derecho Tributario de Puerto Rico: El 29 de mayo de 2015, el Gobernador de Puerto Rico promulgó la Ley 72-2015, la cual enmendó significativamente el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico de 2011, según enmendado (el "Código"). En lo relevante, el Código fue enmendado en cuanto a lo siguiente: (1) en el 2014, el Código se enmendó para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas por un individuo después del 30 de junio de 2014 que serían admitidas como deducción estaban limitadas a 90% de las ganancias de capital más el ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que fuere menor; la Ley 72-2015 restaura el lenguaje existente previo a la enmienda del 2014 para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas en un año contributivo serán admitidas como deducción hasta el monto de las ganancias de capital generadas durante dicho año contributivo, y que si las pérdidas exceden las ganancias de dicho año contributivo, el contribuyente podrá deducir dicho exceso hasta el monto del ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que sea menor; (2) en el caso de corporaciones, para años contributivos comenzados después del 31 de diciembre de 2014, las pérdidas de capital (incluyendo el arrastre de pérdidas de capital) serán admitidas como deducción hasta el 80% de las ganancias de capital; y (3) con relación a la transición del impuesto sobre ventas y uso ("IVU") al nuevo impuesto sobre valor añadido ("IVA") de 10.5%, que será efectivo a partir del 1 de abril de 2016, (i) la tasa

de IVU aplicable a los cargos bancarios impuestos sobre cuentas comerciales aumentó de 6.0% a 10.5%, efectivo el 1 de julio de 2015, y (ii) a partir del 1 de octubre de 2015 y hasta el 31 de marzo de 2016, un IVU de 4.0% será impuesto sobre, entre otros, servicios profesionales y otros servicios (con ciertas excepciones limitadas) prestados al Fondo. No obstante, los intereses y otros cargos por el uso del dinero y servicios prestados (que no sean cargos bancarios) por instituciones financieras, tales como los Fondos, continuarán excluidos de la imposición del IVU y tampoco serán tributables para propósitos del IVA.

Aviso Legal

Rendimientos anteriores no son garantía de resultados futuros similares. Los rendimientos actuales podrían ser más bajos o más altos que el rendimiento aquí citado. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo están sujetos a riesgo de mercado, incluyendo la pérdida del principal invertido. Este documento no es una oferta de compra ni una solicitud de una oferta de compra para cualquier inversión en un Fondo y es para propósitos informativos solamente. Las inversiones en un Fondo están diseñadas principalmente y son adecuadas para inversionistas a largo plazo y no deben ser consideradas como un vehículo para fines de negociación. Estas inversiones puede que no sean adecuadas para cualquier inversionista. Una inversión en un Fondo no es equivalente a una inversión en los valores subvacentes en los cuales un Fondo invierte. El uso de apalancamiento por un Fondo representa ciertos riesgos a los inversionistas en éste, y en ciertos casos, las fluctuaciones en las tasas de intereses podrían aumentar la volatilidad en su rendimiento y afectar a un Fondo a mayor grado que a una compañía de inversión no apalancada. Información más detallada en cuanto a un Fondo, incluvendo los cargos, gastos y penalidades aplicables, objetivo(s) y políticas de inversión, factores de riesgo y el efecto de apalancamiento, se incluye en la documentación de oferta del Fondo, el cual usted debe leer cuidadosamente antes de hacer **una inversión.** Para obtener más información en cuanto a un Fondo (incluyendo los rendimientos de inversión calculados conforme el Reglamento 5766 de 11 de marzo de 1998, según enmendado) o una copia del prospecto para la oferta de las Acciones o los informes anuales del Fondo, favor de contactar a la familia de fondos UBS Puerto Rico o Puerto Rico Investors al 787-773-3888 ó 787-751-5452, respectivamente. Para obtener más información en cuanto a los rendimientos del Fondo de fin de mes o información más actualizada, por favor contactar a su Asesor Financiero en UBSFSPR o verifique los comunicados de prensa ("press releases") en http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Glossary of fund terms

transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price and age of pending customer orders.

- Average Duration: a time measure of a bond's interest-rate sensitivity, based on the weighted average of the time periods over which a bond's cash flow accrue to the bondholder. Time periods are weighted by multiplying by the present value of its cash flow divided by the bond's price. (A bond's cash flow consist of coupon payments and repayment of capital.) A bond's duration will almost always be shorter than its maturity, with the exception of zero-coupon bonds, for which maturity and duration are equal.
- Bid Price: generally refers to the highest price a buyer is willing to pay at a particular time for a unit of a given security. UBSFSPR publishes two types of bid prices for the Shares: firm or indicative. A firm bid is provided when UBSFSPR has the risk capacity and/or appetite at the particular time to purchase a specified number of Shares. An investor can sell to UBSFSPR at the firm bid price up to the specified number of Shares at a particular time. On the other hand, an indicative bid is provided for informational purposes only when UBSFSPR does not have the risk capacity and/or appetite at a particular time to purchase Shares. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for the Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price, and age of pending customer orders, and may be higher (in which case the price is at a premium) or lower (in which case
- the price is at a discount) than the NAV of the Fund. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR may also be affected by its willingness to hold additional inventory of the Shares or by its need to sell its inventory of Shares. Depending on market liquidity conditions. orders to buy or sell at the quoted price may not receive immediate execution, and an investor may not be able to sell its Shares at the price quoted by UBSFSPR. Moreover, the proceeds an investor receives on a sale of Shares may be lower than the bid price due to discounts, markdowns, and other charges. Since inception, the Shares have historically traded at prices which reflect a premium to their respective NAV per Share, though on certain limited instances, they have traded at prices which reflect a discount to their respective NAV per Share. However, there is no assurance that the Shares will continue to trade at prices which reflect such a premium. The Fund is presently experiencing liquidity issues. As a result, the bid price is for a limited number of shares, and it may not be possible for sellers to obtain the current bid price.
- Credit Quality: a measure of the likelihood that a financial obligation will not be honored provided by one or more of the rating agencies. Rating agencies assign classifications to their ratings, with "AAA" being the highest and "D" being the lowest for Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"). The Fund may use other ratings and adjust them for use in this scale.
- Effective Duration: a calculation of duration that takes into account the embedded options in the securities of a portfolio and their expected changes in the cash flow of a portfolio caused by those options.

- Expense Ratio: The percentage of the Fund's average net assets attributable to holders of the Shares and which is used to pay operating expenses and takes into account investment management fees, administration fees, and other operating expenses such as legal, audit, insurance, and shareholder communications.
- Hedge Notional: refers to the total net face value, reflecting any offsetting positions, of derivative instruments employed in hedging strategies of the Fund.
- Hedge Ratio: ratio of the Fund's hedge notional amount to its total dollar amount of leverage as of the end of a calendar quarter, assuming the Fund is fully invested at quarter-end. The Fund's investment adviser may, at its discretion, use a variety of derivative instruments including securities options, financial futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and other interest rate protection transactions such as swap agreements, to attempt to hedge its portfolio of assets and seek to enhance its return. There can be no assurance that any particular hedging strategy used will succeed.
- Leverage: the Fund may issue preferred stock or debt, enter into repurchase agreements, or borrow money, in order to increase the amounts available for investment ("leverage"). This gives the Fund's investment adviser, in the fixed income area in particular, the opportunity to enhance yield. The use of leverage increases the likelihood of price volatility and market risk for the Shares. There is also the risk that the cost of funding leverage will exceed the earnings on the related investments, which will have the likely effect of reducing the Fund's yield and the value of its investments.

- Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration: effective duration adjusted for the impact of the Fund's utilization of leverage. A Fund that utilizes leverage will have a leverage-adjusted effective duration that is longer than its effective duration.
- Maturity: date on which the face value of a security/bond must be repaid. It measures the average length to maturity in years of all the bonds in the Fund's portfolio. For mortgagebacked securities, the maturity takes into account the prepayment of the underlying mortgages.
- NAV: Net Asset Value. On a per-Share basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities and dividing such result by the Shares outstanding. On an aggregate, Fund basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities.
- Undistributed Income: the Fund's net income that has not been distributed to holders of its Shares as of the latest available audited financial statements. In the case of a target maturity-type investment company (which is liquidated on or by a specific date), it also includes the amounts to be distributed on or by the liquidation date as the return of the initial investment.

For a definition of other terms, please see the Shares' prospectus.



Puerto Rico Fixed Income Fund V, Inc.

Investment Objectives and Policies

Seeks current income, consistent with the preservation of capital, by investing:

- up to 33% of its total assets in, among other things, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, its agencies, and instrumentalities
- at least 67% of its total assets in securities issued by Puerto Rico issuers (as described in the Prospectus)¹
- at least 80% of total assets in investment-grade securities^{1, 2}
- may issue leverage representing up to 50% of total assets¹

Pricing and Distribution History²

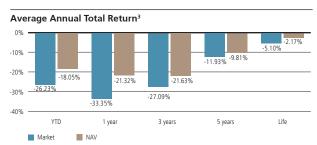
Initial Public Offering (IPO)	\$10.00
52-week Bid Low/High	\$2.73/\$4.37
YTD NAV Change	-\$1.07
YTD Bid Price Change	-\$1.30
IPO Yield ⁵	6.35%
Current Yield ⁵	23.26%
Last Dividend Paid	\$0.0529
Last 12 Month Dividend	\$0.6400

Portfolio Statistics and Characteristics²

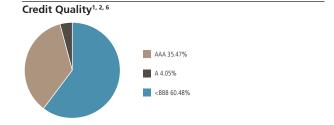
Commencement Shares Outstanding (mm) Bid Price Net Asset Value (NAV) Bid Price to NAV Ratio Net Assets (mm) Leverage (mm) Undistributed Income (mm)	May-07 21.56 \$2.73 \$3.28 83.23% \$70.64 \$64.94 \$4.15	Fiscal Year Weighted Avg. Coupon Average Maturity (yrs) Average Duration (yrs) Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration (yrs) Leverage % Leverage Cost Hedge Notional (mm)	31-Mar 5.24% 26.73 9.53 18.32 47.44%¹ 0.51% \$15.34
Expense Ratio	1.29%	Hedge Ratio	24%

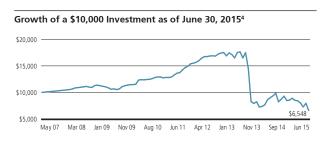
See Portfolio Holdings, Portfolio Managers, Special Considerations, Disclaimers, Glossary of Fund Terms, and Footnotes on reverse.













Additional Distributions (per share)

	Current Quarter	YTD	Since Inception
Special Dividend	¢_	¢.	\$0.6525
	φ-) -	\$0.0323
Capital Gain Distribution	¢	¢	\$0.1945
ווטווטוווטוו	\$-) -	\$0.1945

Portfolio Holdings^{2, 6}

PR Obligations		GDB	1.09%
Mortgage -Backed Sec CMO, COMM END, GNMA, FGLMC		PR Obligations U.S. Obligations	62.01%
Employee Retirement		•	
System	44.99%	Federal Home Loan Bank	33.12%
PR Sales Tax Financing	11.01%		33.1270
PREPA	2.68%	Federal Farm Credit Bank	0.82%
PRASA (Insured)	0.47%	Build America Bonds	4.05%
PRIDCO	0.12%	U.S. Obligations	37.99%

Portfolio Manager

Leslie Highley, Jr.

Portfolio Manager since inception UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico

*Special Considerations

The Fund is a non-diversified, closed-end management investment company registered under the Puerto Rico Investment Companies Act of 1954, as amended. Securities issued by the Fund may be purchased or otherwise transferred only to individuals who are residents of Puerto Rico and to entities whose principal office and principal place of business are located in Puerto Rico. The Fund's yield and net asset value and the market price of the Fund's shares of Common Stock (the "Shares") may fluctuate and will be determined by such factors as relative demand for and supply of the Shares in the market, as well as general market, political, and economic conditions and other factors beyond the control of the Fund. The Shares trade at market price, which may be at a discount or premium to NAV, and no assurance can be given as to their liquidity or trading market. While it is the intention of UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico ("UBSFSPR") to continue to maintain a secondary market for the Shares, it is not obligated to continue to do so. Moreover, there may be no other source of price information for the Shares or other purchasers of the Shares other than UBSFSPR.

Geographic Concentration Risk. The Fund is exposed to certain risks resulting from the reduced geographic diversification of its portfolio. The Fund's assets are invested primarily in securities of Puerto Rico issuers. Consequently, the Fund in general is more susceptible to economic, political, regulatory or other factors adversely affecting issuers in Puerto Rico than an investment company that is not so concentrated in Puerto Rico issuers. In addition, securities issued by the Government of Puerto Rico or its instrumentalities are affected by the central government's finances. That includes, but is not limited to, general obligations of Puerto Rico and revenue bonds, special tax bonds, or agency bonds. The effect on each specific debt may not be the same; it depends on exactly what part of the government's money or revenue is supposed to pay the interest thereon. Inasmuch as a relatively high percentage of the Fund's assets may be invested in obligations of a limited number of Puerto Rico issuers, the Fund's net asset value and its yield may increase or decrease more than that of a more diversified investment company as a result of changes in the market's assessment of the financial condition and prospects of such Puerto Rico issuers. The Fund may also be more susceptible to any single economic, political, or regulatory occurrence in Puerto Rico than a more widely diversified investment company. Over the past years, the principal Puerto Rico Government bonds as well as the securities issued by several

Puerto Rico financial institutions have been downgraded as a result of several factors, including without limitation, the downtum experienced by the Puerto Rico economy and the strained financial condition of the Government of Puerto Rico. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years, thereby affecting the Fund's net asset value.

Portfolio transactions between the Fund and UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (in the case of a co-managed Fund with Banco Popular de Puerto Rico), and other affiliates, are conducted in accordance with procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Directors in an effort to address potential conflicts of interest

Secondary Market Disclosure: Given UBSFSPR is currently the dominant, and may be the sole, source of secondary market liquidity for the Shares an investor may not be able to sell its Shares or may only be able to sell them at a loss, if UBSFSPR were to cease to facilitate such secondary market for the Shares. Accordingly, an investor's ability to sell its Shares will depend on the interest of other investors buying Shares, or UBSFSPR's willingness to commit additional capital to holding Shares in inventory. UBSFSPR may, in its sole discretion, commit additional capital to hold Shares in inventory when it deems it appropriate to do so, given market conditions or other considerations, and similarly may reduce the amount of capital committed to fund such inventory of Shares at other times. For example, when UBSFSPR purchases Shares and holds them in its inventory, quoted prices may remain at the previously quoted levels or increase. Conversely, when UBSFSPR sells Shares from its inventory, the quoted prices may decrease. In situations where UBSFSPR is selling Shares from its inventory, it may offer to sell its Shares at prices that are lower than pending sell orders that were placed by investors in the Shares. Decisions by UBSFSPR to increase or decrease inventory are made at its sole discretion and are not generally

Repurchase Agreement Tax Disclosure: While there is authority generally supporting the treatment of repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements as collateralized loans for Puerto Rico income tax purposes, that authority does not specifically address the tax treatment of the repurchase agreements that the Fund typically enters into, which contain provisions that grant the buyer the right to sell, transfer, pledge, or hypothecate the securities that are the object of such agreements.

Although the Puerto Rico Treasury Department ("PR Treasury") has never pronounced itself as to whether this type of arrangement should be viewed as a transfer of ownership of the underlying securities, it is possible that the PR Treasury could take that position in the future and that Puerto Rico courts would agree with that view. In such event, the tax exempt interest paid on such underlying securities could be deemed not to constitute tax exempt income for the seller of such securities; to the extent that the Fund was such seller, the dividends distributed on its Shares from such income could be treated either as taxable dividends or capital gain dividends. If such dividends were treated as taxable dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts could be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014) on the dividend (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and those which are corporate investors would be subject to a maximum effective income tax rate of 5.85% (or 4.5% for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014), (due to the 85% dividend received deduction of the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, 15% of the dividend multiplied by a 39% maximum corporate income tax rate for dividends distributed on or after July 1, 2014 and 30% for dividends distributed before July 1, 2014). On the other hand, if such dividends were treated as capital gains dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts would be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014) (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and holders of the Shares which are taxed as corporations would be subject to a 20% income tax (15% income tax for capital dividends distributed

Recent changes in the Puerto Rico tax law: Act No. 72-2015, enacted on May 29, 2015, introduced significant changes to the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code of 2011. as amended ("Code").

In relevant part, the Code was amended as to the following: (1) the Code was amended in 2014 to provide that the amount of a capital loss incurred by an individual after June 30, 2014 that may be claimed as a deduction is limited to 90% of capital gains plus the individual's net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; Act No. 72-2015 reinstates the pre-2014 amendment rules, to provide that capital losses derived in a taxable year may be deducted against capital gains generated in the taxable year and that if the capital losses exceed capital gains, the amount of the excess that may be claimed as a deduction is an amount equal to the individual's

net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; (2) in the case of corporations, for taxable years beginning after December 31st, 2014, capital losses (including capital loss carryovers) may only offset up to 80% of a corporate taxpayer's capital gains; and (3) in connection with the transition from a sales and use tax ("SUT") to a 10.5% value added tax ("VAT"), which would become effective on April 1, 2016, (i) the SUT rate applicable to bank charges on commercial accounts increased from 6.0% to 10.5%, effective July 1, 2015; and (ii) a 4% SUT will be imposed, beginning on October 1, 2015 and through March 31, 2016, on, among others, professional and other services (with limited exceptions) rendered to the Fund. Note, however, that interest and other charges for the use money and charges for services (other than bank charges) provided by financial institutions, such as the Funds, will continue to be excluded from the SUT and will not be subject to the VAT.

Legal Disclaimer

Past performance does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Securities issued by the Fund are subject to market risk, including the loss of principal amounts invested. This document is not an offer to sell, or the solicitation of an offer to buy any investment in the Fund, and is for informational purposes only. Fund investments are designed primarily and suitable for long-term investors and not viewed as a vehicle for trading purposes. They may not be suitable to all investors. Fund investments are not equivalent to investments in its underlying securities. The Fund's utilization of leverage poses certain risks to investors, and in some cases, interest rate fluctuations may increase the volatility of its return and affect the Fund to a significantly greater extent than a non-leveraged investment company. More detailed information about the Fund, including applicable fees, costs, penalties, investment objectives and policies, risk factors, and the effects of leverage, is further described in the Share's prospectus, which you should read carefully prior to making an investment. To obtain additional information related to the Fund (including investment returns calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended) or a copy of the Shares' prospectus or Fund's annual report, please contact the UBS Puerto Rico Family of Funds at 787-773-3888. To obtain the Fund's month-end performance or more up-to-date information, please contact your UBS Financial Advisor or see "press releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Footnotes

¹ Generally, the Fund must invest at least 67% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage) and cash, including cash equivalents, but excluding non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market), in Puerto Rico securities. Additionally, the Fund may issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage, representing not more than 50% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage), cash (including cash equivalents), and non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market), immediately after the issuance of any such preferred stock, or other debt securities. Moreover the Fund may not issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage unless the value of its total assets less all its liabilities and indebtedness, other than the preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage being issued or already outstanding, is at least equal to 200% of the total aggregate liquidation preference/principal amount of all its outstanding preferred stock (not including any accumulated dividends or other distributions), debt securities, and other forms of leverage. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years. In view of these volatile market conditions, the Puerto Rico Office of the Commissioner of Financial Institutions (the "PROCFI") has granted to the Fund a temporary regulatory waiver from the Funds' investment requirement in Puerto Rico securities of at least 67% of the Fund's total assets and leverage limitation of 50% of its total assets and 200% asset coverage requirement described above, through January 31, 2016. Based on the representations and opinion of the Fund's investment adviser and consistent with the Fund's investment objective, the PROCFI has also granted no-objection relief with respect to the Fund's investment-grade credit rating requirement for Puerto Rico securities, which permit the Fund to continue to invest in Puerto Rico municipal securities that do not have an investment grade credit rating, under certain conditions, at the discretion of the Fund's investment adviser. These temporary waivers and no-objection relief may be renewed by the PROCFI for additional periods of time, should market conditions warrant,

and upon written request by the Fund. It is the Fund's intention to re-comply with these requirements as soon as market conditions permit, but there is no assurance as to whether and when the Fund will be able to do so.

² The "Expense Ratio" calculation may reflect a partial waiver of the investment advisory and administration fees payable to UBS Trust Company of Puerto Rico, implemented on October 1, 2013. For more up-to-date information with respect to such partial fee waivers, if any, please see "Press Releases" at http://www.ubs.com/orfunds

Credit quality is as of June 30, 2015. The Fund's investment portfolio is actively managed, and its composition (including the portfolio statistics and characteristics) will vary over time. Credit quality percentages include only fixed income securities and vary over time, as new investment securities are acquired and the credit rating of any investment held by the Fund is reassessed. For purposes of determining compliance with the Fund's investment requirements, ratings are as of the time of purchase, using a Standard & Poor's equivalent ratings scale. Fitch, Moody's, and S&P have recently downgraded further the general obligation bonds ("GOs") of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, as well as the obligations of certain Commonwealth agencies and public corporations, including COFINA, on numerous occasions. On June 29, 2015, Fitch and S&P further downgraded the GOs and related debt ratings from "B" to "CC" and from "CCC+" to "CCC-," respectively. Moody's followed suit on July 1, 2015, downgrading the GOs and COFINA's senior bonds to "Caa3," and S&P further downgraded all of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico's tax-backed debt to "CC" on September 10, 2015. All such ratings carry a negative outlook. Moreover, on June 29, 2015, the Government of Puerto Rico presented a report entitled "Puerto Rico-A Way Forward" by consultants and former International Monetary Fund economists Krueger, Teja, and Wolfe, which identified a deteriorating cash flow position and very large out-year central government budget gaps that approach the size of current full year general fund revenues. The report projects a fiscal 2016 budget gap of \$3.7 billion, absent corrective action, which would rise to \$6.0 billion by 2018 and higher in subsequent years. The Government of Puerto Rico also announced that it would seek to negotiate with bondholders to defer and/or restructure its \$72 billion debt load and also designated the Working Group for the Fiscal and Economic Recovery of Puerto Rico, to provide a debt restructuring plan. Thereafter, on August 3, 2015, the Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation failed to make a required \$58 million payment on its debt, representing the first time a Puerto Rico agency defaulted on its debt. The Working Group released the Puerto

Rico Fiscal and Economic Growth Plan on September 9, 2015, which among other things, recommends restructuring all tax-backed debt, including GOs and COFINA sales tax debt. In this context, one could expect to see interruptions in cash flow on debt payments, in addition to more price volatility across Puerto Rico securities, as the results of many of the fiscal and budgetary measures adopted and to be adopted in the future by the Government of Puerto Rico are fully realized and such Plan or other debt restructuring is implemented. As a result of the foregoing, none of the bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico and its instrumentalities without credit enhancement currently carry an investment-grade credit rating. Inasmuch as the Fund invests a substantial portion of its assets in securities issued by the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, these recent rating downgrades will negatively impact the Fund's ability to maintain compliance with its maximum/minimum investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality. To the extent that such investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality are exceeded, Fund management may determine to continue to hold such lower-rated securities, provided any new investment proceeds are directed to acquire investment securities which satisfy the Fund's minimum credit rating requirements. In view of the fact that the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years and the subsequent credit rating downgrades of certain Puerto Rico bonds. Investors are encouraged to refer to current or more up-to-date information regarding the Fund's portfolio holdings available at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds. Currently, the Fund's percentage investment in securities rated below investment-grade (below "BBB" rating) or which are unrated, amounted to 60.48% of the Fund's total portfolio, which exceeds the Fund's maximum investment threshold of 20% of its total assets. invested in securities rated below investment-grade or which are unrated. Moreover, the Fund's percentage investment in debt securities rated below investment-grade (below "BBB" rating) or which are not of investment-grade credit quality, amounted to 60.48% of the Fund's total assets, which exceeds the Fund's maximum investment threshold of 5% of its total assets. On August 2015, the Board of Directors approved an extension of the Fund's existing share repurchase program for the acquisition of up to 60% of the Fund's issued Shares. The Repurchase Program is intended to enhance shareholder value by providing additional liquidity to Fund shareholders. For the guarter ended June 30, 2015, the Fund had repurchased 2,126,193 Shares in

the open market with an NAV of \$7,349,022, at a cost of \$6,260,603. Since the program's inception, the Fund has repurchased 16,498,687 Shares of common stock in the open market with an NAV of \$92,426,003, at a cost of \$86,373,588, and which represent 43.43% of the aggregate number of Shares issued by the Fund (net of Shares acquired for dividend reinvestment purposes and which remain outstanding).

³ As of June 30, 2015. Return figures were not calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended, which requires that investment returns for an individual retirement account ("IRA") be calculated in the manner provided therein. To the extent that an individual invests in the Fund through an IRA, his or her investment return figures will be less than those reported herein, when computed in accordance with Regulation 5766 and inasmuch as actual sales charges applicable to such IRA investments are taken into consideration, "Average Annual Total Return" figures reflect the percentage change in the market value, determined by calculating the average between the bid and ask prices, plus any income and capital gain dividends, and return of capital distributions, all such dividends and distributions reinvested as of the corresponding record date thereof, at the month-end NAV as of that date. In the case of "NAV Total Return," the Fund's NAV per Share is used, rather than the average between the bid and ask prices, to determine such total return, as applicable, "Rolling Period Annual Returns" measure the monthly movement in the average of the Annualized Average Market Return figures over a one-year, three-year, five-year, and ten-year period (as applicable), as it moves over a consecutive time series that begins on the Fund's inception date. Additionally, in the case of the Average Annual Total Return and Rolling Period Annual Return figures, commissions or sales charges payable in connection with a purchase or sale of Shares may vary with each brokerage institution. Total return figures are not representative of the performance of any individual investment, and taxes on capital gain distributions or income dividends, if any, have not been deducted. All calculations were performed by Thomson Reuters, based on certain financial data provided by this Fund and are annualized with the exception of year-to-date figures.

⁴ A \$10,000 investment is hypothetical and is shown for illustrative purposes only.
⁵ "IPO Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the initial public offering price. "Current Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the month-end bid price.

⁶ Percentages may not total 100% due to rounding.



UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico Funds Quarterly Review

Second Quarter 2015

Cada Fondo es una compañía de inversión no diversificada de fin cerrado inscrita bajo la Ley Número 6 de 19 de octubre de 1954, según enmendada. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo pueden solamente ser adquiridos por, o transferidos a, individuos que sean residentes de Puerto Rico y a entidades cuya oficina y localización de negocios principal estén localizados en Puerto Rico. El rendimiento, el valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y el precio en el mercado de las acciones de capital común del Fondo (en adelante, las "Acciones"), podrán fluctuar y se determinarán por factores como la demanda y oferta en el mercado de las Acciones y las condiciones económicas, políticas y del mercado en general, al igual que otros factores que están fuera del control de un Fondo. Las Acciones son negociadas al precio del mercado, el cual puede reflejar una prima o descuento del valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y no se puede dar representación alguna sobre su liquidez o el mercado para disponer de las mismas. A pesar de que es la intención de UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico (en adelante, "UBSFSPR") de continuar manteniendo un mercado secundario para las Acciones, no está obligada a continuar haciéndolo. De otra parte, puede que no exista otra fuente de información de precios para las Acciones u otros compradores para las Acciones que no sea UBSFSPR.

Riesgo de concentración geográfica: El Fondo está expuesto a ciertos riesgos debido a la diversificación geográfica reducida de su cartera de inversiones. Los activos del fondo están invertidos primariamente en valores de emisores de Puerto Rico. A consecuencia, el Fondo generalmente es más susceptible a factores económicos, políticos, regulatorios y otros que podrían afectar adversamente a emisores de Puerto Rico que otra compañía de inversión la cual no esté tan concentrada en emisores de Puerto Rico. En adición, valores emitidos por el Gobierno de Puerto Rico o sus instrumentalidades se afectan por las finanzas del gobierno central. Eso incluye, pero no se limita a. las obligaciones generales de Puerto Rico y los bonos de ingresos, contribuciones especiales o de agencias. El efecto en cada deuda específica podría no ser el mismo y depende de que parte del dinero del gobierno o sus ingresos se supone paque el interés de dicha deuda. En la medida que un porcentaje relativamente alto de los activos del Fondo pueden ser invertidos en obligaciones de un número limitado de emisores de Puerto Rico, el valor neto de activos y su rendimiento puede aumentar o disminuir más que él de una compañía de inversión más diversificada, como resultado de cambios en cuanto a la evaluación de la condición financiera o prospectos de dichos emisores de Puerto Rico. El Fondo también puede ser más susceptible a cualquier ocurrencia individual económica, política o regulatoria en Puerto Rico que una compañía de inversión más diversificada. En los pasados años, los bonos principales del Gobierno de Puerto Rico, al igual que valores emitidos por ciertas instituciones financieras de Puerto Rico han sido degradados por varios factores, incluyendo sin limitación, al empeoramiento experimentado por la economía de Puerto Rico y la condición financiera pobre del Gobierno de Puerto Rico. Al presente, el mercado de bonos de Puerto Rico está experimentando un periodo de mas volatilidad,

mas con los bonos de Puerto Rico traficando a precios más bajos y rendimientos más altos a los puntos de referencia de los pasados dos (2) años, y así afectando el valor neto de activos del Fondo.

Transacciones de cartera entre un Fondo y UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (en el caso de un Fondo comanejado con Banco Popular de Puerto Rico) y otras afiliadas son efectuadas conforme a ciertos procedimientos adoptados por la Junta de Directores de un Fondo con miras a atender posibles conflictos de interés

Divulgación de Mercado Secundario: Dado a que actualmente UBSFSPR es la fuente dominante, y podría ser la única fuente, de liquidez para la negociación de las Acciones en el mercado secundario, cabe la posibilidad que un inversionista no pueda vender sus Acciones en el mercado secundario o que solamente pueda venderlas a pérdida, si UBSFSPR cesara de facilitar un mercado secundario para la negociación de las Acciones. Por lo tanto, la habilidad de un inversionista para vender sus Acciones dependerá del interés de otros inversionistas que estén comprando Acciones o la disponibilidad de UBSFSPR de designar capital adicional para mantener Acciones en su inventario. UBSFSPR podrá, a su única discreción, comprometer capital adicional para mantener Acciones en inventario cuando así lo estime apropiado, dependiendo de las condiciones del mercado y otras consideraciones, e igualmente en otras ocasiones, podrá reducir la cantidad de capital comprometida para financiar dicho inventario de las Acciones. Por ejemplo, cuando UBSFSPR compra Acciones para su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrán permanecer a los niveles previamente cotizados o aumentar. Por otro lado, cuando UBSFSPR vende Acciones de su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrían reducirse. En situaciones en que UBSFSPR está vendiendo Acciones de su inventario, podría ofrecer vender dichas Acciones a precios más bajos que cualquier orden de venta pendiente que fue puesta sobre sus Acciones por cualquier inversionista. Cualquier decisión de UBSFSPR de aumentar o reducir su inventario será tomada a su única discreción y no son divulgadas al público.

Divulgación Contributiva sobre Acuerdos de Recompra: A pesar de que existe precedente contable que apoya el concepto que los acuerdos de recompra y recompra a la inversa sean considerados como préstamos con garantía colateral para propósitos contributivos en Puerto Rico, dicho precedente no es determinante en cuanto a las disposiciones contributivas aplicables a los acuerdos de recompra que normalmente el Fondo suscribe, que contienen disposiciones que conceden al comprador de los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos el derecho a vender, transferir, pignorar o hipotecar dichos valores. A pesar de que el Departamento de Hacienda de Puerto Rico (en adelante, "Hacienda") nunca se ha expresado sobre si estos tipos de acuerdos deben ser considerados como una transferencia de titularidad sobre los valores subyacentes, Hacienda podría adoptar dicha posición y que los tribunales de Puerto Rico estén de acuerdo con dicha posición. En dicho caso, el interés exento pagado sobre los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos podría considerarse

como ingreso no exento del pago de contribución para el vendedor de tales valores subyacentes. En la medida que el Fondo sea considerado el vendedor bajo el acuerdo de recompra correspondiente, los dividendos distribuidos sobre las Acciones que a su vez son derivados del ingreso del acuerdo de recompra correspondiente podría ser considerado como un dividendo suieto a tributación o ganancias de capital. Si tal dividendo fuera considerado como dividendo sujeto a tributación, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico podrían estar sujetos a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014) sobre el dividendo (o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y aquellos que sean inversionistas corporativos estarían sujetos a una máxima tasa efectiva de 5.85% (o 4.5% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014), debido a la deducción de 85% sobre dividendos recibidos, según dispuesto por el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico, multiplicando el 15% del dividendo por una tasa contributiva corporativa máxima de 39% para los dividendos distribuidos en o después del 1 de julio de 2014 y 30% para los dividendos distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014). Por otro lado, si tales dividendos fueran considerados como dividendos de ganancias de capital, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014 o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y los tenedores de las Acciones que tributa como corporaciones, estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 20% (tasa contributiva de 15% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014).

Cambios Recientes al Derecho Tributario de Puerto Rico: El 29 de mayo de 2015, el Gobernador de Puerto Rico promulgó la Ley 72-2015, la cual enmendó significativamente el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico de 2011, según enmendado (el "Código"). En lo relevante, el Código fue enmendado en cuanto a lo siguiente: (1) en el 2014, el Código se enmendó para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas por un individuo después del 30 de junio de 2014 que serían admitidas como deducción estaban limitadas a 90% de las ganancias de capital más el ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que fuere menor; la Ley 72-2015 restaura el lenguaje existente previo a la enmienda del 2014 para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas en un año contributivo serán admitidas como deducción hasta el monto de las ganancias de capital generadas durante dicho año contributivo, y que si las pérdidas exceden las ganancias de dicho año contributivo, el contribuyente podrá deducir dicho exceso hasta el monto del ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que sea menor; (2) en el caso de corporaciones, para años contributivos comenzados después del 31 de diciembre de 2014, las pérdidas de capital (incluyendo el arrastre de pérdidas de capital) serán admitidas como deducción hasta el 80% de las ganancias de capital; y (3) con relación a la transición del impuesto sobre ventas y uso ("IVU") al nuevo impuesto sobre valor añadido ("IVA") de 10.5%, que será efectivo a partir del 1 de abril de 2016, (i) la tasa

de IVU aplicable a los cargos bancarios impuestos sobre cuentas comerciales aumentó de 6.0% a 10.5%, efectivo el 1 de julio de 2015, y (ii) a partir del 1 de octubre de 2015 y hasta el 31 de marzo de 2016, un IVU de 4.0% será impuesto sobre, entre otros, servicios profesionales y otros servicios (con ciertas excepciones limitadas) prestados al Fondo. No obstante, los intereses y otros cargos por el uso del dinero y servicios prestados (que no sean cargos bancarios) por instituciones financieras, tales como los Fondos, continuarán excluidos de la imposición del IVU y tampoco serán tributables para propósitos del IVA.

Aviso Legal

Rendimientos anteriores no son garantía de resultados futuros similares. Los rendimientos actuales podrían ser más bajos o más altos que el rendimiento aquí citado. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo están sujetos a riesgo de mercado, incluyendo la pérdida del principal invertido. Este documento no es una oferta de compra ni una solicitud de una oferta de compra para cualquier inversión en un Fondo y es para propósitos informativos solamente. Las inversiones en un Fondo están diseñadas principalmente y son adecuadas para inversionistas a largo plazo y no deben ser consideradas como un vehículo para fines de negociación. Estas inversiones puede que no sean adecuadas para cualquier inversionista. Una inversión en un Fondo no es equivalente a una inversión en los valores subvacentes en los cuales un Fondo invierte. El uso de apalancamiento por un Fondo representa ciertos riesgos a los inversionistas en éste, y en ciertos casos, las fluctuaciones en las tasas de intereses podrían aumentar la volatilidad en su rendimiento y afectar a un Fondo a mayor grado que a una compañía de inversión no apalancada. Información más detallada en cuanto a un Fondo, incluvendo los cargos, gastos y penalidades aplicables, objetivo(s) y políticas de inversión, factores de riesgo y el efecto de apalancamiento, se incluye en la documentación de oferta del Fondo, el cual usted debe leer cuidadosamente antes de hacer **una inversión.** Para obtener más información en cuanto a un Fondo (incluyendo los rendimientos de inversión calculados conforme el Reglamento 5766 de 11 de marzo de 1998, según enmendado) o una copia del prospecto para la oferta de las Acciones o los informes anuales del Fondo, favor de contactar a la familia de fondos UBS Puerto Rico o Puerto Rico Investors al 787-773-3888 ó 787-751-5452, respectivamente. Para obtener más información en cuanto a los rendimientos del Fondo de fin de mes o información más actualizada, por favor contactar a su Asesor Financiero en UBSFSPR o verifique los comunicados de prensa ("press releases") en http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Glossary of fund terms

transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price and age of pending customer orders.

- Average Duration: a time measure of a bond's interest-rate sensitivity, based on the weighted average of the time periods over which a bond's cash flow accrue to the bondholder. Time periods are weighted by multiplying by the present value of its cash flow divided by the bond's price. (A bond's cash flow consist of coupon payments and repayment of capital.) A bond's duration will almost always be shorter than its maturity, with the exception of zero-coupon bonds, for which maturity and duration are equal.
- Bid Price: generally refers to the highest price a buyer is willing to pay at a particular time for a unit of a given security. UBSFSPR publishes two types of bid prices for the Shares: firm or indicative. A firm bid is provided when UBSFSPR has the risk capacity and/or appetite at the particular time to purchase a specified number of Shares. An investor can sell to UBSFSPR at the firm bid price up to the specified number of Shares at a particular time. On the other hand, an indicative bid is provided for informational purposes only when UBSFSPR does not have the risk capacity and/or appetite at a particular time to purchase Shares. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for the Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price, and age of pending customer orders, and may be higher (in which case the price is at a premium) or lower (in which case
- the price is at a discount) than the NAV of the Fund. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR may also be affected by its willingness to hold additional inventory of the Shares or by its need to sell its inventory of Shares. Depending on market liquidity conditions. orders to buy or sell at the quoted price may not receive immediate execution, and an investor may not be able to sell its Shares at the price quoted by UBSFSPR. Moreover, the proceeds an investor receives on a sale of Shares may be lower than the bid price due to discounts, markdowns, and other charges. Since inception, the Shares have historically traded at prices which reflect a premium to their respective NAV per Share, though on certain limited instances, they have traded at prices which reflect a discount to their respective NAV per Share. However, there is no assurance that the Shares will continue to trade at prices which reflect such a premium. The Fund is presently experiencing liquidity issues. As a result, the bid price is for a limited number of shares, and it may not be possible for sellers to obtain the current bid price.
- Credit Quality: a measure of the likelihood that a financial obligation will not be honored provided by one or more of the rating agencies. Rating agencies assign classifications to their ratings, with "AAA" being the highest and "D" being the lowest for Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"). The Fund may use other ratings and adjust them for use in this scale.
- Effective Duration: a calculation of duration that takes into account the embedded options in the securities of a portfolio and their expected changes in the cash flow of a portfolio caused by those options.

- Expense Ratio: The percentage of the Fund's average net assets attributable to holders of the Shares and which is used to pay operating expenses and takes into account investment management fees, administration fees, and other operating expenses such as legal, audit, insurance, and shareholder communications.
- Hedge Notional: refers to the total net face value, reflecting any offsetting positions, of derivative instruments employed in hedging strategies of the Fund.
- Hedge Ratio: ratio of the Fund's hedge notional amount to its total dollar amount of leverage as of the end of a calendar quarter, assuming the Fund is fully invested at quarter-end. The Fund's investment adviser may, at its discretion, use a variety of derivative instruments including securities options, financial futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and other interest rate protection transactions such as swap agreements, to attempt to hedge its portfolio of assets and seek to enhance its return. There can be no assurance that any particular hedging strategy used will succeed.
- Leverage: the Fund may issue preferred stock or debt, enter into repurchase agreements, or borrow money, in order to increase the amounts available for investment ("leverage"). This gives the Fund's investment adviser, in the fixed income area in particular, the opportunity to enhance yield. The use of leverage increases the likelihood of price volatility and market risk for the Shares. There is also the risk that the cost of funding leverage will exceed the earnings on the related investments, which will have the likely effect of reducing the Fund's yield and the value of its investments.

- Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration: effective duration adjusted for the impact of the Fund's utilization of leverage. A Fund that utilizes leverage will have a leverage-adjusted effective duration that is longer than its effective duration.
- Maturity: date on which the face value of a security/bond must be repaid. It measures the average length to maturity in years of all the bonds in the Fund's portfolio. For mortgagebacked securities, the maturity takes into account the prepayment of the underlying mortgages.
- NAV: Net Asset Value. On a per-Share basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities and dividing such result by the Shares outstanding. On an aggregate, Fund basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities.
- Undistributed Income: the Fund's net income that has not been distributed to holders of its Shares as of the latest available audited financial statements. In the case of a target maturity-type investment company (which is liquidated on or by a specific date), it also includes the amounts to be distributed on or by the liquidation date as the return of the initial investment.

For a definition of other terms, please see the Shares' prospectus.



Puerto Rico Fixed Income Fund VI, Inc.

Investment Objectives and Policies

Seeks current income, consistent with the preservation of capital, investing:

- up to 33% of its total assets in, among other things, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, its agencies, and instrumentalities
- at least 67% of its total assets in securities issued by Puerto Rico issuers (as described in the Prospectus)¹
- at least 80% of total assets in investment-grade securities^{1, 2}
- may issue leverage representing up to 50% of total assets¹

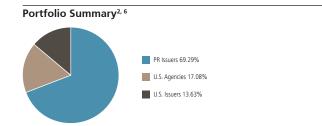
Pricing and Distribution History²

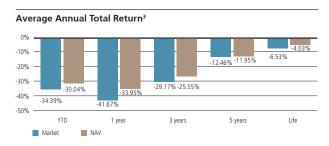
Initial Public Offering ((IPO) \$10.00
52-week Bid Low/High	n \$2.81/\$5.09
YTD NAV Change	-\$1.78
YTD Bid Price Change	-\$1.83
IPO Yield⁵	6.45%
Current Yield ⁵	22.95%
Last Dividend Paid	\$0.0538
Last 12 Month Divider	nd \$0.6450

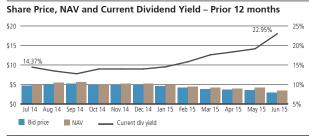
Portfolio Statistics and Characteristics²

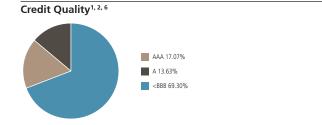
Commencement Shares Outstanding Bid Price Net Asset Value (NAV) Bid Price to NAV Ratio Net Assets (mm) Leverage (mm)	Sep-08 1.61 \$2.81 \$3.24 86.73% \$5.23 \$5.71	Fiscal Year Weighted Avg. Coupon Average Maturity (yrs) Average Duration (yrs) Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration (yrs) Leverage % Leverage Cost	31-Mar 5.06% 20.98 10.77 21.55 51.53% ¹ 0.60%
Net Assets (mm)	\$5.23	Leverage %	51.53% ¹
Leverage (mm)	\$5.71	Leverage Cost	0.60%
Undistributed Income (mm)	\$0.56	Hedge Notional (mm)	\$1.46
Expense Ratio	1.73%	Hedge Ratio	26%

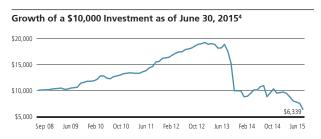
See Portfolio Holdings, Portfolio Managers, Special Considerations, Disclaimers, Glossary of Fund Terms, and Footnotes on reverse.













Additional Distributions (per share)

	Current Quarter	YTD	Since Inception
Special			
Dividend	\$-	\$ -	\$0.7458
Capital Gain			
Distribution	\$-	\$-	\$1.2596

Portfolio Holdings^{2, 6}

PR Obligations		U.S. Obligations	
Employee Retirement System	17.79%	Federal Home Loan Bank	14.15%
PR GOs	6.90%	Federal Farm Credit	
PR Sales Tax Financing	29.55%	Bank	2.93%
PREPA	7.87%	Build America Bonds	13.63%
PRPBA	2.57%	U.S. Obligations	30.71%
GDB	4.61%		
PR Obligations	69.29%		

Portfolio Manager

Leslie Highley, Jr.

Portfolio Manager since inception UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico

or other purchasers of the Shares other than UBSFSPR.

Geographic Concentration Risk. The Fund is exposed to certain risks resulting from the reduced geographic diversification of its portfolio. The Fund's assets are invested primarily in securities of Puerto Rico issuers. Consequently, the Fund in general is more susceptible to economic, political, regulatory or other factors adversely affecting issuers in Puerto Rico than an investment company that is not so concentrated in Puerto Rico issuers. In addition, securities issued by the Government of Puerto Rico or its instrumentalities are affected by the central government's finances. That includes, but is not limited to, general obligations of Puerto Rico and revenue bonds, special tax bonds, or agency bonds. The effect on each specific debt may not be the same; it depends on exactly what part of the government's money or revenue is supposed to pay the interest thereon. Inasmuch as a relatively high percentage of the Fund's assets may be invested in obligations of a limited number of Puerto Rico issuers, the Fund's net asset value and its yield may increase or decrease more than that of a more diversified investment company as a result of changes in the market's assessment of the financial condition and prospects of such Puerto Rico issuers. The Fund may also be more susceptible to any single economic, political, or regulatory occurrence in Puerto Rico than a more widely diversified investment company. Over the past years, the principal Puerto Rico Government bonds as well as the securities issued by several

Puerto Rico financial institutions have been downgraded as a result of several factors, including without limitation, the downturn experienced by the Puerto Rico economy and the strained financial condition of the Government of Puerto Rico. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years, thereby affecting the Fund's net asset value.

Portfolio transactions between the Fund and UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (in the case of a co-managed Fund with Banco Popular de Puerto Rico), and other affiliates, are conducted in accordance with procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Directors in an effort to address potential conflicts of interest

Secondary Market Disclosure: Given UBSFSPR is currently the dominant, and may be the sole source of secondary market liquidity for the Shares, an investor may not be able to sell its Shares or may only be able to sell them at a loss, if UBSFSPR were to cease to facilitate such secondary market for the Shares. Accordingly, an investor's ability to sell its Shares will depend on the interest of other investors buying Shares, or UBSFSPR's willingness to commit additional capital to holding Shares in inventory. UBSFSPR may, in its sole discretion, commit additional capital to hold Shares in inventory when it deems it appropriate to do so, given market conditions or other considerations, and similarly may reduce the amount of capital committed to fund such inventory of Shares at other times. For example, when UBSFSPR purchases Shares and holds them in its inventory, quoted prices may remain at the previously quoted levels or increase. Conversely, when UBSFSPR sells Shares from its inventory, the guoted prices may decrease. In situations where UBSFSPR is selling Shares from its inventory, it may offer to sell its Shares at prices that are lower than pending sell orders that were placed by investors in the Shares. Decisions by UBSFSPR to increase or decrease inventory are made at its sole discretion and are not generally disclosed.

Repurchase Agreement Tax Disclosure: While there is authority generally supporting the treatment of repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements as collateralized loans for Puerto Rico income tax purposes, that authority does not specifically address the tax treatment of the repurchase agreements that the Fund typically enters into, which contain provisions that grant the buyer the right to sell, transfer, pledge, or hypothecate the securities that are the object of such agreements.

Although the Puerto Rico Treasury Department ("PR Treasury") has never pronounced itself as to whether this type of arrangement should be viewed as a transfer of ownership of the underlying securities, it is possible that the PR Treasury could take that position in the future and that Puerto Rico courts would agree with that view. In such event, the tax exempt interest paid on such underlying securities could be deemed not to constitute tax exempt income for the seller of such securities; to the extent that the Fund was such seller, the dividends distributed on its Shares from such income could be treated either as taxable dividends or capital gain dividends. If such dividends were treated as taxable dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts could be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014) on the dividend (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and those which are corporate investors would be subject to a maximum effective income tax rate of 5.85% (or 4.5% for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014), (due to the 85% dividend received deduction of the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, 15% of the dividend multiplied by a 39% maximum corporate income tax rate for dividends distributed on or after July 1, 2014 and 30% for dividends distributed before July 1, 2014). On the other hand, if such dividends were treated as capital gains dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts would be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014) (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and holders of the Shares which are taxed as corporations would be subject to a 20% income tax (15% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014).

Recent changes in the Puerto Rico tax law: Act No. 72-2015, enacted on May 29, 2015, introduced significant changes to the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code of 2011. as amended ("Code").

In relevant part, the Code was amended as to the following: (1) the Code was amended in 2014 to provide that the amount of a capital loss incurred by an individual after June 30, 2014 that may be claimed as a deduction is limited to 90% of capital gains plus the individual's net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; Act No. 72-2015 reinstates the pre-2014 amendment rules, to provide that capital losses derived in a taxable year may be deducted against capital gains generated in the taxable year and that if the capital losses exceed capital gains, the amount of the excess that may be claimed as a deduction is an amount equal to

the individual's net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; (2) in the case of corporations, for taxable years beginning after December 31st, 2014, capital losses (including capital loss carryovers) may only offset up to 80% of a corporate taxpayer's capital gains; and (3) in connection with the transition from a sales and use tax ("SUI") to a 10.5% value added tax ("VAT"), which would become effective on April 1, 2016, (i) the SUI rate applicable to bank charges on commercial accounts increased from 6.0% to 10.5%, effective July 1, 2015; and (ii) a 4% SUI will be imposed, beginning on October 1, 2015 and through March 31, 2016, on, among others, professional and other services (with limited exceptions) rendered to the Fund. Note, however, that interest and other charges for the use money and charges for services (other than bank charges) provided by financial institutions, such as the Funds, will continue to be excluded from the SUI and will not be subject to the VAI.

Legal Disclaimer

Past performance does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Securities issued by the Fund are subject to market risk, including the loss of principal amounts invested. This document is not an offer to sell, or the solicitation of an offer to buy any investment in the Fund, and is for informational purposes only. Fund investments are designed primarily and suitable for long-term investors and not viewed as a vehicle for trading purposes. They may not be suitable to all investors. Fund investments are not equivalent to investments in its underlying securities. The Fund's utilization of leverage poses certain risks to investors, and in some cases, interest rate fluctuations may increase the volatility of its return and affect the Fund to a significantly greater extent than a non-leveraged investment company. More detailed information about the Fund, including applicable fees, costs, penalties, investment objectives and policies, risk factors, and the effects of leverage, is further described in the Share's prospectus, which you should read carefully prior to making an investment. To obtain additional information related to the Fund (including investment returns calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended) or a copy of the Shares' prospectus or Fund's annual report, please contact the UBS Puerto Rico Family of Funds at 787-773-3888. To obtain the Fund's month-end performance or more up-to-date information, please contact your UBS Financial Advisor or see "press releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Footnotes

¹ Generally, the Fund must invest at least 67% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage) and cash, including cash equivalents, but excluding non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market), in Puerto Rico securities. Additionally, the Fund may issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage, representing not more than 50% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage), cash (including cash equivalents), and non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market), immediately after the issuance of any such preferred stock, or other debt securities. Moreover, the Fund may not issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage unless the value of its total assets less all its liabilities and indebtedness, other than the preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage being issued or already outstanding, is at least equal to 200% of the total aggregate liquidation preference/principal amount of all its outstanding preferred stock (not including any accumulated dividends or other distributions), debt securities, and other forms of leverage. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years. In view of these volatile market conditions, the Puerto Rico Office of the Commissioner of Financial Institutions (the "PROCFI") has granted to the Fund a temporary regulatory waiver from the Funds' investment requirement in Puerto Rico securities of at least 67% of the Fund's total assets and leverage limitation of 50% of its total assets and 200% asset coverage requirement described above, through January 31, 2016. Based on the representations and opinion of the Fund's investment adviser and consistent with the Fund's investment objective, the PROCFI has also granted no-objection relief with respect to the Fund's investment-grade credit rating requirement for Puerto Rico securities, which permit the Fund to continue to invest in Puerto Rico municipal securities that do not have an investment grade credit rating, under certain conditions, at the discretion of the Fund's investment adviser. These temporary waivers and no-objection relief may be renewed by the PROCFI for additional periods of time, should market conditions warrant.

and upon written request by the Fund. It is the Fund's intention to re-comply with these requirements as soon as market conditions permit, but there is no assurance as to whether and when the Fund will be able to do so.

² The "Expense Ratio" calculation may reflect a partial waiver of the investment advisory and administration fees payable to UBS Trust Company of Puerto Rico, implemented on October 1, 2013. For more up-to-date information with respect to such partial fee waivers, if any, please see "Press Releases" at http://www.ubs.com/nfinds.

Credit quality is as of June 30, 2015. The Fund's investment portfolio is actively managed, and its composition (including the portfolio statistics and characteristics) will vary over time. Credit quality percentages include only fixed income securities and vary over time, as new investment securities are acquired and the credit rating of any investment held by the Fund is reassessed. For purposes of determining compliance with the Fund's investment requirements. ratings are as of the time of purchase, using a Standard & Poor's equivalent ratings scale. Fitch, Moody's, and S&P have recently downgraded further the general obligation bonds ("GOs") of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, as well as the obligations of certain Commonwealth agencies and public corporations, including COFINA, on numerous occasions. On June 29, 2015, Fitch and S&P further downgraded the GOs and related debt ratings from "B" to "CC" and from "CCC+" to "CCC-," respectively. Moody's followed suit on July 1, 2015, downgrading the GOs and COFINA's senior bonds to "Caa3." and S&P further downgraded all of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico's tax-backed debt to "CC" on September 10, 2015. All such ratings carry a negative outlook. Moreover, on June 29, 2015, the Government of Puerto Rico presented a report entitled "Puerto Rico—A Way Forward" by consultants and former International Monetary Fund economists Krueger, Teia, and Wolfe. which identified a deteriorating cash flow position and very large out-year central government budget gaps that approach the size of current full year general fund revenues. The report projects a fiscal 2016 budget gap of \$3.7 billion, absent corrective action, which would rise to \$6.0 billion by 2018 and higher in subsequent years. The Government of Puerto Rico also announced that it would seek to negotiate with bondholders to defer and/or restructure its \$72 billion debt load and also designated the Working Group for the Fiscal and Economic Recovery of Puerto Rico, to provide a debt restructuring plan. Thereafter, on August 3, 2015, the Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation failed to make a required \$58 million payment on its debt, representing the first time a Puerto Rico agency defaulted on its debt. The Working Group released the Puerto Rico Fiscal and Economic Growth Plan on September 9, 2015, which

among other things, recommends restructuring all tax-backed debt, including GOs and COFINA sales tax debt. In this context, one could expect to see interruptions in cash flow on debt payments, in addition to more price volatility across Puerto Rico securities, as the results of many of the fiscal and budgetary measures adopted and to be adopted in the future by the Government of Puerto Rico are fully realized and such Plan or other debt restructuring is implemented. As a result of the foregoing, none of the bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico and its instrumentalities without credit enhancement currently carry an investment-grade credit rating. Inasmuch as the Fund invests a substantial portion of its assets in securities issued by the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, these recent rating downgrades will negatively impact the Fund's ability to maintain compliance with its maximum/minimum investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality. To the extent that such investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality are exceeded, Fund management may determine to continue to hold such lower-rated securities, provided any new investment proceeds are directed to acquire investment securities which satisfy the Fund's minimum credit rating requirements. In view of the fact that the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility. with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years and the subsequent credit rating downgrades of certain Puerto Rico bonds. Investors are encouraged to refer to current or more up-to-date information regarding the Fund's portfolio holdings available at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds. Currently, the Fund's percentage investment in securities rated below investment-grade (below "BBB" rating) or which are unrated, amounted to 69.30% of the Fund's total portfolio, which exceeds the Fund's maximum investment threshold of 20% of its total assets invested in securities rated below investment-grade or which are unrated. Moreover, the Fund's percentage investment in debt securities rated below investment-grade (below "BBB" rating) or which are not of investment-grade credit quality, amounted to 69.30% of the Fund's total assets, which exceeds the Fund's maximum investment threshold of 5% of its total assets. On August 2015, the Board of Directors approved an extension of the Fund's existing share repurchase program for the acquisition of up to 60% of the Fund's issued Shares. The Repurchase Program is intended to enhance shareholder value by providing additional liquidity to Fund shareholders. For the quarter ended June 30, 2015, the Fund had repurchased 47,434 Shares in

the open market with an NAV of \$181,927, at a cost of \$149,345. Since the

program's inception, the Fund has repurchased 1,401,252 Shares of common stock in the open market with an NAV of \$8,732,630, at a cost of \$8,378,303, and which represent 46.48% of the aggregate number of Shares issued by the Fund (net of Shares acquired for dividend reinvestment purposes and which remain outstanding).

3 As of June 30, 2015, Return figures were not calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended, which requires that investment returns for an individual retirement account ("IRA") be calculated in the manner provided therein. To the extent that an individual invests in the Fund through an IRA, his or her investment return figures will be less than those reported herein, when computed in accordance with Regulation 5766 and inasmuch as actual sales charges applicable to such IRA investments are taken into consideration. "Average Annual Total Return" figures reflect the percentage change in the market value, determined by calculating the average between the bid and ask prices, plus any income and capital gain dividends, and return of capital distributions, all such dividends and distributions reinvested as of the corresponding record date thereof, at the month-end NAV as of that date. In the case of "NAV Total Return," the Fund's NAV per Share is used, rather than the average between the bid and ask prices, to determine such total return, as applicable. "Rolling Period Annual Returns" measure the monthly movement in the average of the Annualized Average Market Return figures over a one-year, three-year, five-year, and ten-year period (as applicable), as it moves over a consecutive time series that begins on the Fund's inception date. Additionally, in the case of the Average Annual Total Return and Rolling Period Annual Return figures, commissions or sales charges payable in connection with a purchase or sale of Shares may vary with each brokerage institution. Total return figures are not representative of the performance of any individual investment, and taxes on capital gain distributions or income dividends, if any, have not been deducted. All calculations were performed by Thomson Reuters, based on certain financial data provided by this Fund and are annualized with the exception of year-to-date figures.

⁴ A \$10,000 investment is hypothetical and is shown for illustrative purposes only.

5 "IPO Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the initial public offering price. "Current Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the month-end bid price.

⁶ Percentages may not total 100% due to rounding.



UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico Funds Quarterly Review

Second Quarter 2015

Cada Fondo es una compañía de inversión no diversificada de fin cerrado inscrita bajo la Ley Número 6 de 19 de octubre de 1954, según enmendada. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo pueden solamente ser adquiridos por, o transferidos a, individuos que sean residentes de Puerto Rico y a entidades cuya oficina y localización de negocios principal estén localizados en Puerto Rico. El rendimiento, el valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y el precio en el mercado de las acciones de capital común del Fondo (en adelante, las "Acciones"), podrán fluctuar y se determinarán por factores como la demanda y oferta en el mercado de las Acciones y las condiciones económicas, políticas y del mercado en general, al igual que otros factores que están fuera del control de un Fondo. Las Acciones son negociadas al precio del mercado, el cual puede reflejar una prima o descuento del valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y no se puede dar representación alguna sobre su liquidez o el mercado para disponer de las mismas. A pesar de que es la intención de UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico (en adelante, "UBSFSPR") de continuar manteniendo un mercado secundario para las Acciones, no está obligada a continuar haciéndolo. De otra parte, puede que no exista otra fuente de información de precios para las Acciones u otros compradores para las Acciones que no sea UBSFSPR.

Riesgo de concentración geográfica: El Fondo está expuesto a ciertos riesgos debido a la diversificación geográfica reducida de su cartera de inversiones. Los activos del fondo están invertidos primariamente en valores de emisores de Puerto Rico. A consecuencia, el Fondo generalmente es más susceptible a factores económicos, políticos, regulatorios y otros que podrían afectar adversamente a emisores de Puerto Rico que otra compañía de inversión la cual no esté tan concentrada en emisores de Puerto Rico. En adición, valores emitidos por el Gobierno de Puerto Rico o sus instrumentalidades se afectan por las finanzas del gobierno central. Eso incluye, pero no se limita a. las obligaciones generales de Puerto Rico y los bonos de ingresos, contribuciones especiales o de agencias. El efecto en cada deuda específica podría no ser el mismo y depende de que parte del dinero del gobierno o sus ingresos se supone paque el interés de dicha deuda. En la medida que un porcentaje relativamente alto de los activos del Fondo pueden ser invertidos en obligaciones de un número limitado de emisores de Puerto Rico, el valor neto de activos y su rendimiento puede aumentar o disminuir más que él de una compañía de inversión más diversificada, como resultado de cambios en cuanto a la evaluación de la condición financiera o prospectos de dichos emisores de Puerto Rico. El Fondo también puede ser más susceptible a cualquier ocurrencia individual económica, política o regulatoria en Puerto Rico que una compañía de inversión más diversificada. En los pasados años, los bonos principales del Gobierno de Puerto Rico, al igual que valores emitidos por ciertas instituciones financieras de Puerto Rico han sido degradados por varios factores, incluyendo sin limitación, al empeoramiento experimentado por la economía de Puerto Rico y la condición financiera pobre del Gobierno de Puerto Rico. Al presente, el mercado de bonos de Puerto Rico está experimentando un periodo de mas volatilidad,

mas con los bonos de Puerto Rico traficando a precios más bajos y rendimientos más altos a los puntos de referencia de los pasados dos (2) años, y así afectando el valor neto de activos del Fondo.

Transacciones de cartera entre un Fondo y UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (en el caso de un Fondo comanejado con Banco Popular de Puerto Rico) y otras afiliadas son efectuadas conforme a ciertos procedimientos adoptados por la Junta de Directores de un Fondo con miras a atender posibles conflictos de interés

Divulgación de Mercado Secundario: Dado a que actualmente UBSFSPR es la fuente dominante, y podría ser la única fuente, de liquidez para la negociación de las Acciones en el mercado secundario, cabe la posibilidad que un inversionista no pueda vender sus Acciones en el mercado secundario o que solamente pueda venderlas a pérdida, si UBSFSPR cesara de facilitar un mercado secundario para la negociación de las Acciones. Por lo tanto, la habilidad de un inversionista para vender sus Acciones dependerá del interés de otros inversionistas que estén comprando Acciones o la disponibilidad de UBSFSPR de designar capital adicional para mantener Acciones en su inventario. UBSFSPR podrá, a su única discreción, comprometer capital adicional para mantener Acciones en inventario cuando así lo estime apropiado, dependiendo de las condiciones del mercado y otras consideraciones, e igualmente en otras ocasiones, podrá reducir la cantidad de capital comprometida para financiar dicho inventario de las Acciones. Por ejemplo, cuando UBSFSPR compra Acciones para su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrán permanecer a los niveles previamente cotizados o aumentar. Por otro lado, cuando UBSFSPR vende Acciones de su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrían reducirse. En situaciones en que UBSFSPR está vendiendo Acciones de su inventario, podría ofrecer vender dichas Acciones a precios más bajos que cualquier orden de venta pendiente que fue puesta sobre sus Acciones por cualquier inversionista. Cualquier decisión de UBSFSPR de aumentar o reducir su inventario será tomada a su única discreción y no son divulgadas al público.

Divulgación Contributiva sobre Acuerdos de Recompra: A pesar de que existe precedente contable que apoya el concepto que los acuerdos de recompra y recompra a la inversa sean considerados como préstamos con garantía colateral para propósitos contributivos en Puerto Rico, dicho precedente no es determinante en cuanto a las disposiciones contributivas aplicables a los acuerdos de recompra que normalmente el Fondo suscribe, que contienen disposiciones que conceden al comprador de los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos el derecho a vender, transferir, pignorar o hipotecar dichos valores. A pesar de que el Departamento de Hacienda de Puerto Rico (en adelante, "Hacienda") nunca se ha expresado sobre si estos tipos de acuerdos deben ser considerados como una transferencia de titularidad sobre los valores subyacentes, Hacienda podría adoptar dicha posición y que los tribunales de Puerto Rico estén de acuerdo con dicha posición. En dicho caso, el interés exento pagado sobre los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos podría considerarse

como ingreso no exento del pago de contribución para el vendedor de tales valores subyacentes. En la medida que el Fondo sea considerado el vendedor bajo el acuerdo de recompra correspondiente, los dividendos distribuidos sobre las Acciones que a su vez son derivados del ingreso del acuerdo de recompra correspondiente podría ser considerado como un dividendo suieto a tributación o ganancias de capital. Si tal dividendo fuera considerado como dividendo sujeto a tributación, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico podrían estar sujetos a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014) sobre el dividendo (o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y aquellos que sean inversionistas corporativos estarían sujetos a una máxima tasa efectiva de 5.85% (o 4.5% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014), debido a la deducción de 85% sobre dividendos recibidos, según dispuesto por el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico, multiplicando el 15% del dividendo por una tasa contributiva corporativa máxima de 39% para los dividendos distribuidos en o después del 1 de julio de 2014 y 30% para los dividendos distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014). Por otro lado, si tales dividendos fueran considerados como dividendos de ganancias de capital, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014 o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y los tenedores de las Acciones que tributa como corporaciones, estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 20% (tasa contributiva de 15% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014).

Cambios Recientes al Derecho Tributario de Puerto Rico: El 29 de mayo de 2015, el Gobernador de Puerto Rico promulgó la Ley 72-2015, la cual enmendó significativamente el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico de 2011, según enmendado (el "Código"). En lo relevante, el Código fue enmendado en cuanto a lo siguiente: (1) en el 2014, el Código se enmendó para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas por un individuo después del 30 de junio de 2014 que serían admitidas como deducción estaban limitadas a 90% de las ganancias de capital más el ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que fuere menor; la Ley 72-2015 restaura el lenguaje existente previo a la enmienda del 2014 para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas en un año contributivo serán admitidas como deducción hasta el monto de las ganancias de capital generadas durante dicho año contributivo, y que si las pérdidas exceden las ganancias de dicho año contributivo, el contribuyente podrá deducir dicho exceso hasta el monto del ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que sea menor; (2) en el caso de corporaciones, para años contributivos comenzados después del 31 de diciembre de 2014, las pérdidas de capital (incluyendo el arrastre de pérdidas de capital) serán admitidas como deducción hasta el 80% de las ganancias de capital; y (3) con relación a la transición del impuesto sobre ventas y uso ("IVU") al nuevo impuesto sobre valor añadido ("IVA") de 10.5%, que será efectivo a partir del 1 de abril de 2016, (i) la tasa

de IVU aplicable a los cargos bancarios impuestos sobre cuentas comerciales aumentó de 6.0% a 10.5%, efectivo el 1 de julio de 2015, y (ii) a partir del 1 de octubre de 2015 y hasta el 31 de marzo de 2016, un IVU de 4.0% será impuesto sobre, entre otros, servicios profesionales y otros servicios (con ciertas excepciones limitadas) prestados al Fondo. No obstante, los intereses y otros cargos por el uso del dinero y servicios prestados (que no sean cargos bancarios) por instituciones financieras, tales como los Fondos, continuarán excluidos de la imposición del IVU y tampoco serán tributables para propósitos del IVA.

Aviso Legal

Rendimientos anteriores no son garantía de resultados futuros similares. Los rendimientos actuales podrían ser más bajos o más altos que el rendimiento aquí citado. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo están sujetos a riesgo de mercado, incluyendo la pérdida del principal invertido. Este documento no es una oferta de compra ni una solicitud de una oferta de compra para cualquier inversión en un Fondo y es para propósitos informativos solamente. Las inversiones en un Fondo están diseñadas principalmente y son adecuadas para inversionistas a largo plazo y no deben ser consideradas como un vehículo para fines de negociación. Estas inversiones puede que no sean adecuadas para cualquier inversionista. Una inversión en un Fondo no es equivalente a una inversión en los valores subvacentes en los cuales un Fondo invierte. El uso de apalancamiento por un Fondo representa ciertos riesgos a los inversionistas en éste, y en ciertos casos, las fluctuaciones en las tasas de intereses podrían aumentar la volatilidad en su rendimiento y afectar a un Fondo a mayor grado que a una compañía de inversión no apalancada. Información más detallada en cuanto a un Fondo, incluvendo los cargos, gastos y penalidades aplicables, objetivo(s) y políticas de inversión, factores de riesgo y el efecto de apalancamiento, se incluye en la documentación de oferta del Fondo, el cual usted debe leer cuidadosamente antes de hacer **una inversión.** Para obtener más información en cuanto a un Fondo (incluyendo los rendimientos de inversión calculados conforme el Reglamento 5766 de 11 de marzo de 1998, según enmendado) o una copia del prospecto para la oferta de las Acciones o los informes anuales del Fondo, favor de contactar a la familia de fondos UBS Puerto Rico o Puerto Rico Investors al 787-773-3888 ó 787-751-5452, respectivamente. Para obtener más información en cuanto a los rendimientos del Fondo de fin de mes o información más actualizada, por favor contactar a su Asesor Financiero en UBSFSPR o verifique los comunicados de prensa ("press releases") en http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Glossary of fund terms

transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price and age of pending customer orders.

- Average Duration: a time measure of a bond's interest-rate sensitivity, based on the weighted average of the time periods over which a bond's cash flow accrue to the bondholder. Time periods are weighted by multiplying by the present value of its cash flow divided by the bond's price. (A bond's cash flow consist of coupon payments and repayment of capital.) A bond's duration will almost always be shorter than its maturity, with the exception of zero-coupon bonds, for which maturity and duration are equal.
- Bid Price: generally refers to the highest price a buyer is willing to pay at a particular time for a unit of a given security. UBSFSPR publishes two types of bid prices for the Shares: firm or indicative. A firm bid is provided when UBSFSPR has the risk capacity and/or appetite at the particular time to purchase a specified number of Shares. An investor can sell to UBSFSPR at the firm bid price up to the specified number of Shares at a particular time. On the other hand, an indicative bid is provided for informational purposes only when UBSFSPR does not have the risk capacity and/or appetite at a particular time to purchase Shares. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for the Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price, and age of pending customer orders, and may be higher (in which case the price is at a premium) or lower (in which case
- the price is at a discount) than the NAV of the Fund. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR may also be affected by its willingness to hold additional inventory of the Shares or by its need to sell its inventory of Shares. Depending on market liquidity conditions. orders to buy or sell at the quoted price may not receive immediate execution, and an investor may not be able to sell its Shares at the price quoted by UBSFSPR. Moreover, the proceeds an investor receives on a sale of Shares may be lower than the bid price due to discounts, markdowns, and other charges. Since inception, the Shares have historically traded at prices which reflect a premium to their respective NAV per Share, though on certain limited instances, they have traded at prices which reflect a discount to their respective NAV per Share. However, there is no assurance that the Shares will continue to trade at prices which reflect such a premium. The Fund is presently experiencing liquidity issues. As a result, the bid price is for a limited number of shares, and it may not be possible for sellers to obtain the current bid price.
- Credit Quality: a measure of the likelihood that a financial obligation will not be honored provided by one or more of the rating agencies. Rating agencies assign classifications to their ratings, with "AAA" being the highest and "D" being the lowest for Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"). The Fund may use other ratings and adjust them for use in this scale.
- Effective Duration: a calculation of duration that takes into account the embedded options in the securities of a portfolio and their expected changes in the cash flow of a portfolio caused by those options.

- Expense Ratio: The percentage of the Fund's average net assets attributable to holders of the Shares and which is used to pay operating expenses and takes into account investment management fees, administration fees, and other operating expenses such as legal, audit, insurance, and shareholder communications.
- Hedge Notional: refers to the total net face value, reflecting any offsetting positions, of derivative instruments employed in hedging strategies of the Fund.
- Hedge Ratio: ratio of the Fund's hedge notional amount to its total dollar amount of leverage as of the end of a calendar quarter, assuming the Fund is fully invested at quarter-end. The Fund's investment adviser may, at its discretion, use a variety of derivative instruments including securities options, financial futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and other interest rate protection transactions such as swap agreements, to attempt to hedge its portfolio of assets and seek to enhance its return. There can be no assurance that any particular hedging strategy used will succeed.
- Leverage: the Fund may issue preferred stock or debt, enter into repurchase agreements, or borrow money, in order to increase the amounts available for investment ("leverage"). This gives the Fund's investment adviser, in the fixed income area in particular, the opportunity to enhance yield. The use of leverage increases the likelihood of price volatility and market risk for the Shares. There is also the risk that the cost of funding leverage will exceed the earnings on the related investments, which will have the likely effect of reducing the Fund's yield and the value of its investments.

- Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration: effective duration adjusted for the impact of the Fund's utilization of leverage. A Fund that utilizes leverage will have a leverage-adjusted effective duration that is longer than its effective duration.
- Maturity: date on which the face value of a security/bond must be repaid. It measures the average length to maturity in years of all the bonds in the Fund's portfolio. For mortgagebacked securities, the maturity takes into account the prepayment of the underlying mortgages.
- NAV: Net Asset Value. On a per-Share basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities and dividing such result by the Shares outstanding. On an aggregate, Fund basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities.
- Undistributed Income: the Fund's net income that has not been distributed to holders of its Shares as of the latest available audited financial statements. In the case of a target maturity-type investment company (which is liquidated on or by a specific date), it also includes the amounts to be distributed on or by the liquidation date as the return of the initial investment.

For a definition of other terms, please see the Shares' prospectus.



Puerto Rico GNMA & U.S. Government Target Maturity Fund, Inc.

Investment Objectives and Policies

Seeks current income, consistent with the preservation of capital, and the distribution to shareholders of common stock of an amount equal to \$10 per share, by investing:

- up to 33% of its total assets in, among other things, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, its agencies, and instrumentalities
- at least 67% of its total assets in securities issued by Puerto Rico issuers (as described in the Prospectus)¹
- at least 80% of total assets in securities issued or guaranteed by U.S. Government or its instrumentalities (at least 60% of total assets issued or guaranteed by GNMA)
- réturn initial investment of \$10 per share by or before December 31, 2043; distributions of principal have commenced^{A, 2}
- at least 90% of total assets in AAA-rated securities^{1, 2}
- may issue leverage representing up to 50% of total assets¹

Pricing and Distribution History^{2, 3, A, B}

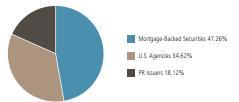
l.		
	Initial Public Offering (IPO)	\$10.00
	Distribution to Date	\$4.45
у	Remaining Capital	\$5.55
Ś	IPO Yield ⁵	5.75%
	Current Yield ⁵	6.24%
	Last Dividend Paid	\$0.0266
	Last 12-month dividend	\$0.4418

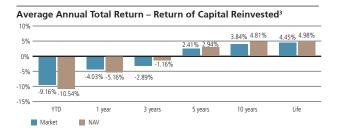
Portfolio Statistics and Characteristics²

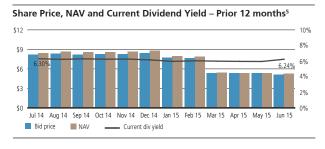
Commencement		Average Duration (yrs) Leverage Adjusted	7.36
Shares Outstanding (mm)		Effective Duration	31-Mar
Bid Price			
Net Asset Value (NAV)	\$5.25	Fiscal Year	15.58
Net Assets (mm)	\$90.85	Leverage %	49.26%
Leverage (mm)	\$88.86	Leverage Cost	0.44%
Expense Ratio	1.74%	Hedge Notional (mm)	22.51
Average Maturity (yrs)	9.23	Hedge Ratio	25%

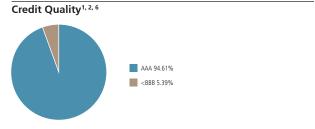
See Portfolio Holdings, Portfolio Manager, Special Considerations, Disclaimers, Glossary of Fund Terms, and Footnotes on reverse.

Portfolio Summary^{2, 6}













Portfolio Holdings^{2, 6}

PR Obligations		GDB	0.70%
Mortgage -Backed Sec		PR Obligations	65.38%
CMO, COMM END,			
GNMA, FGLMC	47.26%	U.S. Obligations	
PR Conservation Trust		Federal Home Loan	
GNMA-Menonita	5.11%	Bank	27.84%
EDB - GNMA	7.62%	Federal Farm Credit	
Employee Retirement		Bank	6.78%
System	1.97%	U.S. Obligations	34.62%
PRPBA	2.72%	J	

Pro-Forma ^B	Actual	Capital distributed to date	Adjusted Amount
Bid Price	\$5.11	\$4.45	\$9.56
NAV	\$5.25	\$4.45	\$9.70

Portfolio Manager

Leslie Highley, Jr., Portfolio Manager since inception UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico

- A During the principal distribution period, the Fund will distribute pro-rata to holders of common stock the principal payments received by the Fund on its portfolio securities, in addition to the regular monthly distributions of net investment income and annual distributions of net capital gains.
- In order to compute the Pro-Forma values, the total aggregate amount of all return of capital distributions per Share made to date (i.e. since commencement of capital distributions on May 2013) is added back to (i) the bid price for the Shares and (ii) the NAV. The Pro-Forma value is intended to reflect the value of a Share on the basis of the original \$10.00 initial public offering (IPO) price per Share. An investor purchasing Shares at current market prices can expect to receive return of capital distributions of up to the amount labeled "Remaining Capital" in the "Pricing and Distribution History" table, although there can be no assurance that they will ultimately receive such amounts.

of the Shares other than UBSFSPR.

Geographic Concentration Risk. The Fund is exposed to certain risks resulting from the reduced geographic diversification of its portfolio. The Fund's assets are invested primarily in securities of Puerto Rico issuers. Consequently, the Fund in general is more susceptible to economic, political, regulatory or other factors adversely affecting issuers in Puerto Rico than an investment company that is not so concentrated in Puerto Rico issuers. In addition, securities issued by the Government of Puerto Rico or its instrumentalities are affected by the central government's finances. That includes, but is not limited to, general obligations of Puerto Rico and revenue bonds, special tax bonds, or agency bonds. The effect on each specific debt may not be the same; it depends on exactly what part of the government's money or revenue is supposed to pay the interest thereon. Inasmuch as a relatively high percentage of the Fund's assets may be invested in obligations of a limited number of Puerto Rico issuers, the Fund's net asset value and its yield may increase or decrease more than that of a more diversified investment company as a result of changes in the market's assessment of the financial condition and prospects of such Puerto Rico issuers. The Fund may also be more susceptible to any single economic, political, or regulatory occurrence in Puerto Rico than a more widely diversified investment company. Over the past years, the principal Puerto Rico Government bonds as well as the securities issued by several

Puerto Rico financial institutions have been downgraded as a result of several factors, including without limitation, the downturn experienced by the Puerto Rico economy and the strained financial condition of the Government of Puerto Rico. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years, thereby affecting the Fund's net asset value.

Portfolio transactions between the Fund and UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (in the case of a co-managed Fund with Banco Popular de Puerto Rico). and other affiliates, are conducted in accordance with procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Directors in an effort to address potential conflicts

Secondary Market Disclosure: Given UBSFSPR is currently the dominant, and may be the sole source of secondary market liquidity for the Shares, an investor may not be able to sell its Shares or may only be able to sell them at a loss, if UBSFSPR were to cease to facilitate such secondary market for the Shares. Accordingly, an investor's ability to sell its Shares will depend on the interest of other investors buying Shares, or UBSFSPR's willingness to commit additional capital to holding Shares in inventory. UBSFSPR may, in its sole discretion, commit additional capital to hold Shares in inventory when it deems it appropriate to do so, given market conditions or other considerations, and similarly may reduce the amount of capital committed to fund such inventory of Shares at other times. For example, when UBSFSPR purchases Shares and holds them in its inventory, quoted prices may remain at the previously quoted levels or increase. Conversely, when UBSFSPR sells Shares from its inventory, the quoted prices may decrease. In situations where UBSFSPR is selling Shares from its inventory, it may offer to sell its Shares at prices that are lower than pending sell orders that were placed by investors in the Shares. Decisions by UBSFSPR to increase or decrease inventory are made at its sole discretion and are

Repurchase Agreement Tax Disclosure: While there is authority generally supporting the treatment of repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements as collateralized loans for Puerto Rico income tax purposes, that authority does not specifically address the tax treatment of the repurchase agreements that the Fund typically enters into, which contain provisions that grant the buyer the right to sell, transfer, pledge, or hypothecate the securities that are the object of such agreements.

Although the Puerto Rico Treasury Department ("PR Treasury") has never pronounced itself as to whether this type of arrangement should be viewed as a transfer of ownership of the underlying securities, it is possible that the PR Treasury could take that position in the future and that Puerto Rico courts would agree with that view. In such event, the tax exempt interest paid on such underlying securities could be deemed not to constitute tax exempt income for the seller of such securities; to the extent that the Fund was such seller, the dividends distributed on its Shares from such income could be treated either as taxable dividends or capital gain dividends. If such dividends were treated as taxable dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts could be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014) on the dividend (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and those which are corporate investors would be subject to a maximum effective income tax rate of 5.85% (or 4.5% for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014), (due to the 85% dividend received deduction of the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, 15% of the dividend multiplied by a 39% maximum corporate income tax rate for dividends distributed on or after July 1, 2014 and 30% for dividends distributed before July 1, 2014). On the other hand, if such dividends were treated as capital gains dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts would be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014) (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and holders of the Shares which are taxed as corporations would be subject to a 20% income tax (15% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014).

Recent changes in the Puerto Rico tax law: Act No. 72-2015, enacted on May 29, 2015, introduced significant changes to the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code of 2011, as amended ("Code").

In relevant part, the Code was amended as to the following: (1) the Code was amended in 2014 to provide that the amount of a capital loss incurred by an individual after June 30, 2014 that may be claimed as a deduction is limited to 90% of capital gains plus the individual's net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; Act No. 72-2015 reinstates the pre-2014 amendment rules, to provide that capital losses derived in a taxable year may be deducted against capital gains generated in the taxable year and that if the capital losses exceed capital gains, the amount of the excess that may be claimed as a deduction is an amount equal to the individual's

net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; (2) in the case of corporations, for taxable years beginning after December 31st, 2014, capital losses (including capital loss carryovers) may only offset up to 80% of a corporate taxpayer's capital gains; and (3) in connection with the transition from a sales and use tax ("SUT") to a 10.5% value added tax ("VAT"), which would become effective on April 1, 2016, (i) the SUT rate applicable to bank charges on commercial accounts increased from 6.0% to 10.5%, effective July 1, 2015; and (ii) a 4% SUT will be imposed, beginning on October 1, 2015 and through March 31, 2016, on, among others, professional and other services (with limited exceptions) rendered to the Fund. Note, however, that interest and other charges for the use money and charges for services (other than bank charges) provided by financial institutions, such as the Funds, will continue to be excluded from the SUT and will not be subject to the VAT.

Legal Disclaimer

Past performance does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Securities issued by the Fund are subject to market risk, including the loss of principal amounts invested. This document is not an offer to sell, or the solicitation of an offer to buy any investment in the Fund, and is for informational purposes only. Fund investments are designed primarily and suitable for long-term investors and not viewed as a vehicle for trading purposes. They may not be suitable to all investors. Fund investments are not equivalent to investments in its underlying securities. The Fund's utilization of leverage poses certain risks to investors, and in some cases, interest rate fluctuations may increase the volatility of its return and affect the Fund to a significantly greater extent than a non-leveraged investment company. More detailed information about the Fund, including applicable fees, costs, penalties, investment objectives and policies, risk factors, and the effects of leverage, is further described in the Share's prospectus, which you should read carefully prior to making an investment. To obtain additional information related to the Fund (including investment returns calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended) or a copy of the Shares' prospectus or Fund's annual report, please contact the Puerto Rico Investors Family of Funds at 787-751-5452. To obtain the Fund's month-end performance or more up-to-date information, please contact your UBS Financial Advisor or see "press releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Generally, the Fund must invest at least 67% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage) and cash, including cash equivalents, but excluding non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market), in Puerto Rico securities. Additionally, the Fund may issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage, representing not more than 50% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage), cash (including cash equivalents), and non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market), immediately after the issuance of any such preferred stock, or other debt securities. Moreover, the Fund may not issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage unless the value of its total assets less all its liabilities and indebtedness, other than the preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage being issued or already outstanding, is at least equal to 200% of the total aggregate liquidation preference/principal amount of all its outstanding preferred stock (not including any accumulated dividends or other distributions) debt securities, and other forms of leverage. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years. In view of these volatile market conditions, the Puerto Rico Office of the Commissioner of Financial Institutions (the "PROCFI") has granted to the Fund a temporary regulatory waiver from the Funds' investment requirement in Puerto Rico securities of at least 67% of the Fund's total assets and leverage limitation of 50% of its total assets and 200% asset coverage requirement described above, through January 31, 2016. These temporary waivers may be renewed by the PROCFI for additional periods of time, should market conditions warrant, and upon written request by the Fund. It is the Fund's intention to re-comply with these requirements as soon as market conditions permit, but there is no assurance as to whether and when the Fund will be able to do so.

2 The "Expense Ratio" calculation may reflect a partial waiver of the investment advisory and administration fees payable to UBS Trust Company of Puerto Rico, implemented on October 1, 2013. For more un-to-date information. with respect to such partial fee waivers, if any, please see "Press Releases"

at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Credit quality is as of June 30, 2015. The Fund's investment portfolio is actively managed, and its composition (including the portfolio statistics and characteristics) will vary over time. Credit quality percentages include only fixed income securities and vary over time, as new investment securities are acquired and the credit rating of any investment held by the Fund is reassessed. For purposes of determining compliance with the Fund's investment requirements, ratings are as of the time of purchase, using a Standard & Poor's equivalent ratings scale. Fitch, Moody's, and S&P have recently downgraded further the general obligation bonds ("GOs") of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, as well as the obligations of certain Commonwealth agencies and public corporations, including COFINA, on numerous occasions. On June 29, 2015, Fitch and S&P further downgraded the GOs and related debt ratings from "B" to "CC" and from "CCC+" to "CCC-," respectively. Moody's followed suit on July 1, 2015, downgrading the GOs and COFINA's senior bonds to "Caa3," and S&P further downgraded all of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico's tax-backed debt to "CC" on September 10, 2015. All such ratings carry a negative outlook. Moreover, on June 29, 2015, the Government of Puerto Rico presented a report entitled "Puerto Rico-A Way Forward" by consultants and former International Monetary Fund economists Krueger, Teja, and Wolfe, which identified a deteriorating cash flow position and very large out-year central government budget gaps that approach the size of current full year general fund revenues. The report projects a fiscal 2016 budget gap of \$3.7 billion, absent corrective action, which would rise to \$6.0 billion by 2018 and higher in subsequent years. The Government of Puerto Rico also announced that it would seek to negotiate with bondholders to defer and/or restructure its \$72 billion debt load and also designated the Working Group for the Fiscal and Economic Recovery of Puerto Rico, to provide a debt restructuring plan. Thereafter, on August 3, 2015, the Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation. failed to make a required \$58 million payment on its debt, representing the first time a Puerto Rico agency defaulted on its debt. The Working Group released the Puerto Rico Fiscal and Economic Growth Plan on September 9, 2015, which among other things, recommends restructuring all tax-backed debt, including GOs and COFINA sales tax debt. In this context, one could expect to see interruptions in cash flow on debt payments, in addition to more price volatility across Puerto Rico securities, as the results of many of the fiscal and budgetary measures adopted and to be adopted in the future by the Government of Puerto Rico are fully realized and such Plan or other debt

restructuring is implemented. As a result of the foregoing, none of the bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico and its instrumentalities without credit enhancement currently carry an investment-grade credit rating. In view of the fact that the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years and the subsequent credit rating downgrades of certain Puerto Rico bonds. Investors are encouraged to refer to current or more up-to-date information regarding the Fund's portfolio holdings available at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds. The Fund has commenced pro-rata distribution of its holders of common stock of the principal payments received on its portfolio securities. Currently, the Fund's percentage investment in securities rated below "AAA" or which are unrated, amounted to 5.39% of the Fund's total portfolio, which is below the Fund's maximum investment threshold of 10% of its total assets invested in securities rated below "AAA" or

On August 2015, the Board of Directors approved an extension of the Fund's existing share repurchase program for the acquisition of up to 50% of the Fund's issued Shares. The Repurchase Program is intended to enhance shareholder value by providing additional liquidity to Fund shareholders. For the quarter ended June 30, 2015, the Fund had repurchased 265,227 Shares in the open market with an NAV of \$1,401,102, at a cost of \$1,361,070. Since the program's inception, the Fund has repurchased 3,687,327 Shares of common stock in the open market with an NAV of \$30,225,402, at a cost of \$29,628,701, and which represent 17.56% of the aggregate number of Shares issued by the Fund (net of Shares acquired for dividend reinvestment purposes and which remain outstanding).

As of June 30, 2015, Return figures were not calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended, which requires that investment returns for an individual retirement account ("IRA") be calculated in the manner provided therein. To the extent that an individual invests in the Fund through an IRA, his or her investment return figures will be less than those reported herein, when computed in accordance with Regulation 5766 and inasmuch as actual sales charges applicable to such IRA investments are taken into consideration. This Fund has commenced return of capital distributions to its shareholders of Common Stock. This Fund has never offered a dividend reinvestment plan

for the Shares. Solely for purposes of providing investors with (a) the ability to compare the performance of the Fund to that of other similar closed-end investment companies, and (b) performance information which does not take into account any reinvestment of return of capital distributions, two (2) separate sets of "Average Annual Total Return" figures are set out above. The first set of "Market Total Return" figures reflect the percentage change in the market value, determined by calculating the average between the bid and ask prices, plus any income and capital gain dividends, and return of capital distributions, all such dividends and distributions reinvested as of the corresponding record date thereof, at the month-end NAV as of that date. The second set of "Market Total Return" figures reflect the percentage change in the market value, determined by calculating the average between the bid and ask prices, including in each case the aggregate amounts of all return of capital distributions to date, plus any income and capital gain dividends, all such dividends reinvested as of the corresponding record date thereof, at the month-end Pro Forma NAV as of that date. In the case of "NAV Total Return," the Fund's NAV per Share is used, rather than the average between the bid and ask prices or the sum of (i) the average between the bid and ask prices and (ii) the aggregate amount of return of capital distributions to date, to determine such total return, as applicable. "Rolling Period Annual Returns" measure the monthly movement in the average of the Annualized Average Market Return figures over a one-year, three-year, five-year, and ten-year period (as applicable), as it moves over a consecutive time series that begins on the Fund's inception date. Additionally, in the case of the Average Annual Total Return and Rolling Period Annual Return figures, commissions or sales charges payable in connection with a purchase or sale of Shares may vary with each brokerage institution. Total return figures are not representative of the performance of any individual investment, and taxes on capital gain distributions or income dividends, if any, have not been deducted. All calculations were performed by Thomson Reuters. based on certain financial data provided by this Fund and are annualized with the exception of year-to-date figures.

- 4 A \$10,000 investment is hypothetical and is shown for illustrative purposes only.
- "IPO Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the remaining capital. "Current Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the month-end bid price.
- ⁶ Percentages may not total 100% due to rounding.



UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico Funds Quarterly Review

Second Quarter 2015

Cada Fondo es una compañía de inversión no diversificada de fin cerrado inscrita bajo la Ley Número 6 de 19 de octubre de 1954, según enmendada. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo pueden solamente ser adquiridos por, o transferidos a, individuos que sean residentes de Puerto Rico y a entidades cuya oficina y localización de negocios principal estén localizados en Puerto Rico. El rendimiento, el valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y el precio en el mercado de las acciones de capital común del Fondo (en adelante, las "Acciones"), podrán fluctuar y se determinarán por factores como la demanda y oferta en el mercado de las Acciones y las condiciones económicas, políticas y del mercado en general, al igual que otros factores que están fuera del control de un Fondo. Las Acciones son negociadas al precio del mercado, el cual puede reflejar una prima o descuento del valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y no se puede dar representación alguna sobre su liquidez o el mercado para disponer de las mismas. A pesar de que es la intención de UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico (en adelante, "UBSFSPR") de continuar manteniendo un mercado secundario para las Acciones, no está obligada a continuar haciéndolo. De otra parte, puede que no exista otra fuente de información de precios para las Acciones u otros compradores para las Acciones que no sea UBSFSPR.

Riesgo de concentración geográfica: El Fondo está expuesto a ciertos riesgos debido a la diversificación geográfica reducida de su cartera de inversiones. Los activos del fondo están invertidos primariamente en valores de emisores de Puerto Rico. A consecuencia, el Fondo generalmente es más susceptible a factores económicos, políticos, regulatorios y otros que podrían afectar adversamente a emisores de Puerto Rico que otra compañía de inversión la cual no esté tan concentrada en emisores de Puerto Rico. En adición, valores emitidos por el Gobierno de Puerto Rico o sus instrumentalidades se afectan por las finanzas del gobierno central. Eso incluye, pero no se limita a. las obligaciones generales de Puerto Rico y los bonos de ingresos, contribuciones especiales o de agencias. El efecto en cada deuda específica podría no ser el mismo y depende de que parte del dinero del gobierno o sus ingresos se supone paque el interés de dicha deuda. En la medida que un porcentaje relativamente alto de los activos del Fondo pueden ser invertidos en obligaciones de un número limitado de emisores de Puerto Rico, el valor neto de activos y su rendimiento puede aumentar o disminuir más que él de una compañía de inversión más diversificada, como resultado de cambios en cuanto a la evaluación de la condición financiera o prospectos de dichos emisores de Puerto Rico. El Fondo también puede ser más susceptible a cualquier ocurrencia individual económica, política o regulatoria en Puerto Rico que una compañía de inversión más diversificada. En los pasados años, los bonos principales del Gobierno de Puerto Rico, al igual que valores emitidos por ciertas instituciones financieras de Puerto Rico han sido degradados por varios factores, incluyendo sin limitación, al empeoramiento experimentado por la economía de Puerto Rico y la condición financiera pobre del Gobierno de Puerto Rico. Al presente, el mercado de bonos de Puerto Rico está experimentando un periodo de mas volatilidad,

mas con los bonos de Puerto Rico traficando a precios más bajos y rendimientos más altos a los puntos de referencia de los pasados dos (2) años, y así afectando el valor neto de activos del Fondo.

Transacciones de cartera entre un Fondo y UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (en el caso de un Fondo comanejado con Banco Popular de Puerto Rico) y otras afiliadas son efectuadas conforme a ciertos procedimientos adoptados por la Junta de Directores de un Fondo con miras a atender posibles conflictos de interés

Divulgación de Mercado Secundario: Dado a que actualmente UBSFSPR es la fuente dominante, y podría ser la única fuente, de liquidez para la negociación de las Acciones en el mercado secundario, cabe la posibilidad que un inversionista no pueda vender sus Acciones en el mercado secundario o que solamente pueda venderlas a pérdida, si UBSFSPR cesara de facilitar un mercado secundario para la negociación de las Acciones. Por lo tanto, la habilidad de un inversionista para vender sus Acciones dependerá del interés de otros inversionistas que estén comprando Acciones o la disponibilidad de UBSFSPR de designar capital adicional para mantener Acciones en su inventario. UBSFSPR podrá, a su única discreción, comprometer capital adicional para mantener Acciones en inventario cuando así lo estime apropiado, dependiendo de las condiciones del mercado y otras consideraciones, e igualmente en otras ocasiones, podrá reducir la cantidad de capital comprometida para financiar dicho inventario de las Acciones. Por ejemplo, cuando UBSFSPR compra Acciones para su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrán permanecer a los niveles previamente cotizados o aumentar. Por otro lado, cuando UBSFSPR vende Acciones de su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrían reducirse. En situaciones en que UBSFSPR está vendiendo Acciones de su inventario, podría ofrecer vender dichas Acciones a precios más bajos que cualquier orden de venta pendiente que fue puesta sobre sus Acciones por cualquier inversionista. Cualquier decisión de UBSFSPR de aumentar o reducir su inventario será tomada a su única discreción y no son divulgadas al público.

Divulgación Contributiva sobre Acuerdos de Recompra: A pesar de que existe precedente contable que apoya el concepto que los acuerdos de recompra y recompra a la inversa sean considerados como préstamos con garantía colateral para propósitos contributivos en Puerto Rico, dicho precedente no es determinante en cuanto a las disposiciones contributivas aplicables a los acuerdos de recompra que normalmente el Fondo suscribe, que contienen disposiciones que conceden al comprador de los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos el derecho a vender, transferir, pignorar o hipotecar dichos valores. A pesar de que el Departamento de Hacienda de Puerto Rico (en adelante, "Hacienda") nunca se ha expresado sobre si estos tipos de acuerdos deben ser considerados como una transferencia de titularidad sobre los valores subyacentes, Hacienda podría adoptar dicha posición y que los tribunales de Puerto Rico estén de acuerdo con dicha posición. En dicho caso, el interés exento pagado sobre los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos podría considerarse

como ingreso no exento del pago de contribución para el vendedor de tales valores subyacentes. En la medida que el Fondo sea considerado el vendedor bajo el acuerdo de recompra correspondiente, los dividendos distribuidos sobre las Acciones que a su vez son derivados del ingreso del acuerdo de recompra correspondiente podría ser considerado como un dividendo suieto a tributación o ganancias de capital. Si tal dividendo fuera considerado como dividendo sujeto a tributación, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico podrían estar sujetos a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014) sobre el dividendo (o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y aquellos que sean inversionistas corporativos estarían sujetos a una máxima tasa efectiva de 5.85% (o 4.5% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014), debido a la deducción de 85% sobre dividendos recibidos, según dispuesto por el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico, multiplicando el 15% del dividendo por una tasa contributiva corporativa máxima de 39% para los dividendos distribuidos en o después del 1 de julio de 2014 y 30% para los dividendos distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014). Por otro lado, si tales dividendos fueran considerados como dividendos de ganancias de capital, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014 o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y los tenedores de las Acciones que tributa como corporaciones, estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 20% (tasa contributiva de 15% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014).

Cambios Recientes al Derecho Tributario de Puerto Rico: El 29 de mayo de 2015, el Gobernador de Puerto Rico promulgó la Ley 72-2015, la cual enmendó significativamente el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico de 2011, según enmendado (el "Código"). En lo relevante, el Código fue enmendado en cuanto a lo siguiente: (1) en el 2014, el Código se enmendó para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas por un individuo después del 30 de junio de 2014 que serían admitidas como deducción estaban limitadas a 90% de las ganancias de capital más el ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que fuere menor; la Ley 72-2015 restaura el lenguaje existente previo a la enmienda del 2014 para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas en un año contributivo serán admitidas como deducción hasta el monto de las ganancias de capital generadas durante dicho año contributivo, y que si las pérdidas exceden las ganancias de dicho año contributivo, el contribuyente podrá deducir dicho exceso hasta el monto del ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que sea menor; (2) en el caso de corporaciones, para años contributivos comenzados después del 31 de diciembre de 2014, las pérdidas de capital (incluyendo el arrastre de pérdidas de capital) serán admitidas como deducción hasta el 80% de las ganancias de capital; y (3) con relación a la transición del impuesto sobre ventas y uso ("IVU") al nuevo impuesto sobre valor añadido ("IVA") de 10.5%, que será efectivo a partir del 1 de abril de 2016, (i) la tasa

de IVU aplicable a los cargos bancarios impuestos sobre cuentas comerciales aumentó de 6.0% a 10.5%, efectivo el 1 de julio de 2015, y (ii) a partir del 1 de octubre de 2015 y hasta el 31 de marzo de 2016, un IVU de 4.0% será impuesto sobre, entre otros, servicios profesionales y otros servicios (con ciertas excepciones limitadas) prestados al Fondo. No obstante, los intereses y otros cargos por el uso del dinero y servicios prestados (que no sean cargos bancarios) por instituciones financieras, tales como los Fondos, continuarán excluidos de la imposición del IVU y tampoco serán tributables para propósitos del IVA.

Aviso Legal

Rendimientos anteriores no son garantía de resultados futuros similares. Los rendimientos actuales podrían ser más bajos o más altos que el rendimiento aquí citado. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo están sujetos a riesgo de mercado, incluyendo la pérdida del principal invertido. Este documento no es una oferta de compra ni una solicitud de una oferta de compra para cualquier inversión en un Fondo y es para propósitos informativos solamente. Las inversiones en un Fondo están diseñadas principalmente y son adecuadas para inversionistas a largo plazo y no deben ser consideradas como un vehículo para fines de negociación. Estas inversiones puede que no sean adecuadas para cualquier inversionista. Una inversión en un Fondo no es equivalente a una inversión en los valores subvacentes en los cuales un Fondo invierte. El uso de apalancamiento por un Fondo representa ciertos riesgos a los inversionistas en éste, y en ciertos casos, las fluctuaciones en las tasas de intereses podrían aumentar la volatilidad en su rendimiento y afectar a un Fondo a mayor grado que a una compañía de inversión no apalancada. Información más detallada en cuanto a un Fondo, incluvendo los cargos, gastos y penalidades aplicables, objetivo(s) y políticas de inversión, factores de riesgo y el efecto de apalancamiento, se incluye en la documentación de oferta del Fondo, el cual usted debe leer cuidadosamente antes de hacer **una inversión.** Para obtener más información en cuanto a un Fondo (incluyendo los rendimientos de inversión calculados conforme el Reglamento 5766 de 11 de marzo de 1998, según enmendado) o una copia del prospecto para la oferta de las Acciones o los informes anuales del Fondo, favor de contactar a la familia de fondos UBS Puerto Rico o Puerto Rico Investors al 787-773-3888 ó 787-751-5452, respectivamente. Para obtener más información en cuanto a los rendimientos del Fondo de fin de mes o información más actualizada, por favor contactar a su Asesor Financiero en UBSFSPR o verifique los comunicados de prensa ("press releases") en http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Glossary of fund terms

transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price and age of pending customer orders.

- Average Duration: a time measure of a bond's interest-rate sensitivity, based on the weighted average of the time periods over which a bond's cash flow accrue to the bondholder. Time periods are weighted by multiplying by the present value of its cash flow divided by the bond's price. (A bond's cash flow consist of coupon payments and repayment of capital.) A bond's duration will almost always be shorter than its maturity, with the exception of zero-coupon bonds, for which maturity and duration are equal.
- Bid Price: generally refers to the highest price a buyer is willing to pay at a particular time for a unit of a given security. UBSFSPR publishes two types of bid prices for the Shares: firm or indicative. A firm bid is provided when UBSFSPR has the risk capacity and/or appetite at the particular time to purchase a specified number of Shares. An investor can sell to UBSFSPR at the firm bid price up to the specified number of Shares at a particular time. On the other hand, an indicative bid is provided for informational purposes only when UBSFSPR does not have the risk capacity and/or appetite at a particular time to purchase Shares. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for the Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price, and age of pending customer orders, and may be higher (in which case the price is at a premium) or lower (in which case
- the price is at a discount) than the NAV of the Fund. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR may also be affected by its willingness to hold additional inventory of the Shares or by its need to sell its inventory of Shares. Depending on market liquidity conditions. orders to buy or sell at the quoted price may not receive immediate execution, and an investor may not be able to sell its Shares at the price quoted by UBSFSPR. Moreover, the proceeds an investor receives on a sale of Shares may be lower than the bid price due to discounts, markdowns, and other charges. Since inception, the Shares have historically traded at prices which reflect a premium to their respective NAV per Share, though on certain limited instances, they have traded at prices which reflect a discount to their respective NAV per Share. However, there is no assurance that the Shares will continue to trade at prices which reflect such a premium. The Fund is presently experiencing liquidity issues. As a result, the bid price is for a limited number of shares, and it may not be possible for sellers to obtain the current bid price.
- Credit Quality: a measure of the likelihood that a financial obligation will not be honored provided by one or more of the rating agencies. Rating agencies assign classifications to their ratings, with "AAA" being the highest and "D" being the lowest for Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"). The Fund may use other ratings and adjust them for use in this scale.
- Effective Duration: a calculation of duration that takes into account the embedded options in the securities of a portfolio and their expected changes in the cash flow of a portfolio caused by those options.

- Expense Ratio: The percentage of the Fund's average net assets attributable to holders of the Shares and which is used to pay operating expenses and takes into account investment management fees, administration fees, and other operating expenses such as legal, audit, insurance, and shareholder communications.
- Hedge Notional: refers to the total net face value, reflecting any offsetting positions, of derivative instruments employed in hedging strategies of the Fund.
- Hedge Ratio: ratio of the Fund's hedge notional amount to its total dollar amount of leverage as of the end of a calendar quarter, assuming the Fund is fully invested at quarter-end. The Fund's investment adviser may, at its discretion, use a variety of derivative instruments including securities options, financial futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and other interest rate protection transactions such as swap agreements, to attempt to hedge its portfolio of assets and seek to enhance its return. There can be no assurance that any particular hedging strategy used will succeed.
- Leverage: the Fund may issue preferred stock or debt, enter into repurchase agreements, or borrow money, in order to increase the amounts available for investment ("leverage"). This gives the Fund's investment adviser, in the fixed income area in particular, the opportunity to enhance yield. The use of leverage increases the likelihood of price volatility and market risk for the Shares. There is also the risk that the cost of funding leverage will exceed the earnings on the related investments, which will have the likely effect of reducing the Fund's yield and the value of its investments.

- Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration: effective duration adjusted for the impact of the Fund's utilization of leverage. A Fund that utilizes leverage will have a leverage-adjusted effective duration that is longer than its effective duration.
- Maturity: date on which the face value of a security/bond must be repaid. It measures the average length to maturity in years of all the bonds in the Fund's portfolio. For mortgagebacked securities, the maturity takes into account the prepayment of the underlying mortgages.
- NAV: Net Asset Value. On a per-Share basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities and dividing such result by the Shares outstanding. On an aggregate, Fund basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities.
- Undistributed Income: the Fund's net income that has not been distributed to holders of its Shares as of the latest available audited financial statements. In the case of a target maturity-type investment company (which is liquidated on or by a specific date), it also includes the amounts to be distributed on or by the liquidation date as the return of the initial investment.

For a definition of other terms, please see the Shares' prospectus.



Puerto Rico Investors Bond Fund I

Investment Objectives and Policies

Seeks high level of tax-advantaged current income, consistent with the preservation of capital, by investing:

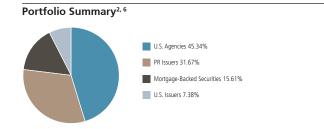
- up to 33% of its total assets in, among other things, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, its agencies, and instrumentalities
- at least 67% of its total assets in Puerto Rico obligations (as described in the Prospectus)¹
- at least 95% of total assets in investment-grade securities^{1,2}
- may issue leverage representing up to 50% of total assets¹

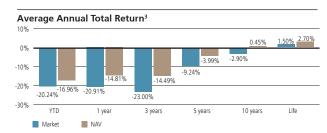
Pricing and Distribution History²

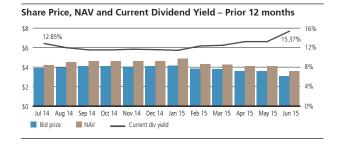
Initial Public Offering (IPO)	\$10.00
52-week Bid Low/High	\$3.09/\$4.15
YTD NAV Change	-\$0.99
YTD Bid Price Change	-\$1.01
IPO Yield ⁵	4.75%
Current Yield ⁵	15.37%
Last Dividend Paid	\$0.0396
Last 12 Month Dividend	\$0.4771

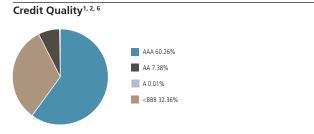
Portfolio Statistics and Characteristics²

See Portfolio Holdings, Portfolio Managers, Special Considerations, Disclaimers, Glossary of Fund Terms, and Footnotes on reverse.













Portfolio Holdings^{2, 6}

PR Obligations		PRASA	0.29%
Mortgage-Backed Securities		PRIDCO	0.05%
GNMA, FNMA, FGLI		Convention Center	2.00%
CMO	14.92%	PR Obligations	47.28%
Participation Certific		3	
Doral	0.69%	U.S. Obligations	
AFICA		•	
Palmas del Mar	1.68%	Federal Home Loan Bank	36.84%
PR GOs	0.93%		30.04 /0
PR Sales Tax Financing	20.17%	Federal Farm Credit Bank	8.50%
GDB	0.24%		
	0.2.70	Build America Bonds	7.38%
Employees Retirement System	6.05%	U.S. Obligations	52.72%
PR Highway &			
Transportation	0.26%		

Portfolio Managers

Leslie Highley, Jr.

Portfolio Manager since inception UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico

Javier Rubio

Portfolio Manager since inception Popular Asset Management

*Special Considerations

The Fund is a non-diversified, closed-end management investment company registered under the Puerto Rico Investment Companies Act of 1954, as amended. Securities issued by the Fund may be purchased or otherwise transferred only to individuals who are residents of Puerto Rico and to entities whose principal office and principal place of business are located in Puerto Rico. The Fund's yield and net asset value and the market price of the Fund's shares of Common Stock (the "Shares") may fluctuate and will be determined by such factors as relative demand for and supply of the Shares in the market, as well as general market, political and economic conditions and other factors beyond the control of the Fund. The Shares trade at market price, which may be at a discount or premium to NAV, and no assurance can be given as to their liquidity or trading market. While it is the intention of UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico ("UBSFSPR") to continue to maintain a secondary market for the Shares, it is not obligated to continue to do so. Moreover, there may be no other source of price information for the Shares or other purchasers of the Shares other than LIBSESPR

Geographic Concentration Risk. The Fund is exposed to certain risks resulting from the reduced geographic diversification of its portfolio. The Fund's assets are invested primarily in securities of Puerto Rico issuers. Consequently, the Fund in general is more susceptible to economic, political, regulatory or other factors adversely affecting issuers in Puerto Rico than an investment company that is not so concentrated in Puerto Rico issuers. In addition, securities issued by the Government of Puerto Rico or its instrumentalities are affected by the central government's finances. That includes, but is not limited to, general obligations of Puerto Rico and revenue bonds, special tax bonds, or agency bonds. The effect on each specific debt may not be the same; it depends on exactly what part of the government's money or revenue is supposed to pay the interest thereon. Inasmuch as a relatively high percentage of the Fund's assets may be invested in obligations of a limited number of Puerto Rico issuers, the Fund's net asset value and its yield may increase or decrease more than that of a more diversified investment company as a result of changes in the market's assessment of the financial condition and prospects of such Puerto Rico issuers. The Fund may also be more susceptible to any single economic, political, or regulatory occurrence in Puerto Rico than a more widely diversified investment company. Over the past years, the principal Puerto Rico Government bonds as well as the securities issued by several

Puerto Rico financial institutions have been downgraded as a result of several factors, including without limitation, the downturn experienced by the Puerto Rico economy and the strained financial condition of the Government of Puerto Rico. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years, thereby affecting the Fund's net asset value.

Portfolio transactions between the Fund and UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (in the case of a co-managed Fund with Banco Popular de Puerto Rico), and other affiliates, are conducted in accordance with procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Directors in an effort to address potential conflicts of interest

Secondary Market Disclosure: Given UBSFSPR is currently the dominant, and may be the sole source of secondary market liquidity for the Shares an investor may not be able to sell its Shares or may only be able to sell them at a loss, if UBSFSPR were to cease to facilitate such secondary market for the Shares. Accordingly, an investor's ability to sell its Shares will depend on the interest of other investors buying Shares, or UBSFSPR's willingness to commit additional capital to holding Shares in inventory, UBSFSPR may, in its sole discretion, commit additional capital to hold Shares in inventory when it deems it appropriate to do so, given market conditions or other considerations, and similarly may reduce the amount of capital committed to fund such inventory of Shares at other times. For example, when UBSFSPR purchases Shares and holds them in its inventory, quoted prices may remain at the previously quoted levels or increase. Conversely, when UBSFSPR sells Shares from its inventory, the quoted prices may decrease. In situations where UBSFSPR is selling Shares from its inventory. it may offer to sell its Shares at prices that are lower than pending sell orders that were placed by investors in the Shares. Decisions by UBSFSPR to increase or decrease inventory are made at its sole discretion and are not generally disclosed.

Repurchase Agreement Tax Disclosure: While there is authority generally supporting the treatment of repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements as collateralized loans for Puerto Rico income tax purposes, that authority does not specifically address the tax treatment of the repurchase agreements that the Fund typically enters into, which contain provisions that grant the buyer the right to sell, transfer, pledge, or hypothecate the securities that are the object of such agreements.

Although the Puerto Rico Treasury Department ("PR Treasury") has never pronounced itself as to whether this type of arrangement should be viewed as a transfer of ownership of the underlying securities, it is possible that the PR Treasury could take that position in the future and that Puerto Rico courts would agree with that view. In such event, the tax exempt interest paid on such underlying securities could be deemed not to constitute tax exempt income for the seller of such securities; to the extent that the Fund was such seller, the dividends distributed on its Shares from such income could be treated either as taxable dividends or capital gain dividends. If such dividends were treated as taxable dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts could be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income for dividends distributed before July 15. 2014) on the dividend (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and those which are corporate investors would be subject to a maximum effective income tax rate of 5.85% (or 4.5% for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014), (due to the 85% dividend received deduction of the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, 15% of the dividend multiplied by a 39% maximum corporate income tax rate for dividends distributed on or after July 1, 2014 and 30% for dividends distributed before July 1, 2014). On the other hand, if such dividends were treated as capital gains dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts would be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014) (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and holders of the Shares which are taxed as corporations would be subject to a 20% income tax (15% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014).

Recent changes in the Puerto Rico tax law: Act No. 72-2015, enacted on May 29, 2015, introduced significant changes to the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code of 2011, as amended ("Code").

In relevant part, the Code was amended as to the following: (1) the Code was amended in 2014 to provide that the amount of a capital loss incurred by an individual after June 30, 2014 that may be claimed as a deduction is limited to 90% of capital gains plus the individual's net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; Act No. 72-2015 reinstates the pre-2014 amendment rules, to provide that capital losses derived in a taxable year may be deducted against capital gains generated in the taxable year and that if the capital losses exceed capital gains, the amount of the excess that may be claimed as a deduction is an amount equal to the individual's

net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; (2) in the case of corporations, for taxable years beginning after December 31st, 2014, capital losses (including capital loss carryovers) may only offset up to 80% of a corporate taxpayer's capital gains; and (3) in connection with the transition from a sales and use tax ("SUT") to a 10.5% value added tax ("VAT"), which would become effective on April 1, 2016, (i) the SUT rate applicable to bank charges on commercial accounts increased from 6.0% to 10.5%, effective July 1, 2015; and (ii) a 4% SUT will be imposed, beginning on October 1, 2015 and through March 31, 2016, on, among others, professional and other services (with limited exceptions) rendered to the Fund. Note, however, that interest and other charges for the use money and charges for services (other than bank charges) provided by financial institutions, such as the Funds, will continue to be excluded from the SUT and will not be subject to the VAT.

Legal Disclaimer

Past performance does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Securities issued by the Fund are subject to market risk, including the loss of principal amounts invested. This document is not an offer to sell, or the solicitation of an offer to buy any investment in the Fund, and is for informational purposes only. Fund investments are designed primarily and suitable for long-term investors and not viewed as a vehicle for trading purposes. They may not be suitable to all investors. Fund investments are not equivalent to investments in its underlying securities. The Fund's utilization of leverage poses certain risks to investors, and in some cases, interest rate fluctuations may increase the volatility of its return and affect the Fund to a significantly greater extent than a non-leveraged investment company. More detailed information about the Fund, including applicable fees, costs, penalties, investment objectives and policies, risk factors, and the effects of leverage, is further described in the Share's prospectus, which you should read carefully prior to making an investment. To obtain additional information related to the Fund (including investment returns calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended) or a copy of the Shares' prospectus or Fund's annual report, please contact the Puerto Rico Investors Family of Funds at 787-751-5452. To obtain the Fund's month-end performance or more up-to-date information, please contact your UBS Financial Advisor or see "press releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Footnotes:

Generally, the Fund must invest at least 67% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage) and cash, including cash equivalents, but excluding non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market). in Puerto Rico securities. Additionally, the Fund may issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage, representing not more than 50% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage), cash (including cash equivalents), and non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market), immediately after the issuance of any such preferred stock. or other debt securities. Moreover, the Fund may not issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage unless the value of its total assets less all its liabilities and indebtedness, other than the preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage being issued or already outstanding, is at least equal to 200% of the total aggregate liquidation preference/principal amount of all its outstanding preferred stock (not including any accumulated dividends or other distributions), debt securities, and other forms of leverage. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years. In view of these volatile market conditions, the Puerto Rico Office of the Commissioner of Financial Institutions (the "PROCFI") has granted to the Fund a temporary regulatory waiver from the Funds' investment requirement in Puerto Rico securities of at least 67% of the Fund's total assets and leverage limitation of 50% of its total assets and 200% asset coverage requirement described above, through January 31, 2016, Based on the representations and opinion of the Fund's Investment Advisers and consistent with the Fund's investment objective, the PROCFI has also granted no-objection relief with respect to the Fund's investment-grade credit rating requirement for Puerto Rico securities, which permit the Fund to continue to invest in Puerto Rico municipal securities that do not have an investment grade credit rating, under certain conditions, at the discretion of the Fund's Investment

Advisers. These temporary waivers may be renewed by the PROCFI for additional periods of time, should market conditions warrant, and upon written request by the Fund. It is the Fund's intention to re-comply with these requirements as soon as market conditions permit, but there is no assurance as to whether and when the Fund will be able to do so.

² Credit quality is as of June 30, 2015. The Fund's investment portfolio is actively managed, and its composition (including the portfolio statistics and characteristics) will vary over time. Credit quality percentages include only fixed income securities and vary over time, as new investment securities are acquired and the credit rating of any investment held by the Fund is reassessed. For purposes of determining compliance with the Fund's investment requirements, ratings are as of the time of purchase, using a Standard & Poor's equivalent ratings scale. Fitch, Moody's, and S&P have recently downgraded further the general obligation bonds ("GOs") of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, as well as the obligations of certain Commonwealth agencies and public corporations, including COFINA, on numerous occasions. On June 29, 2015, Fitch and S&P further downgraded the GOs and related debt ratings from "B" to "CC" and from "CCC+" to "CCC-," respectively. Moody's followed suit on July 1, 2015, downgrading the GOs and COFINA's senior bonds to "Caa3," and S&P further downgraded all of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico's tax-backed debt to "CC" on September 10, 2015. All such ratings carry a negative outlook. Moreover, on June 29, 2015, the Government of Puerto Rico presented a report entitled "Puerto Rico-A Way Forward" by consultants and former International Monetary Fund economists Krueger, Teia, and Wolfe, which identified a deteriorating cash flow position and very large out-year central government budget gaps that approach the size of current full year general fund revenues. The report projects a fiscal 2016 budget gap of \$3.7 billion, absent corrective action, which would rise to \$6.0 billion by 2018 and higher in subsequent years. The Government of Puerto Rico also announced that it would seek to negotiate with bondholders to defer and/or restructure its \$72 billion debt load and also designated the Working Group for the Fiscal and Economic Recovery of Puerto Rico, to provide a debt restructuring plan. Thereafter, on August 3, 2015, the Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation failed to make a required \$58 million payment on its debt, representing the first time a Puerto Rico agency defaulted on its debt. The Working Group released the Puerto Rico Fiscal and Economic Growth Plan on September 9, 2015, which among

other things, recommends restructuring all tax-backed debt, including GOs and COFINA sales tax debt. In this context, one could expect to see interruptions in cash flow on debt payments, in addition to more price volatility across Puerto Rico securities, as the results of many of the fiscal and budgetary measures adopted and to be adopted in the future by the Government of Puerto Rico are fully realized and such Plan or other debt restructuring is implemented. As a result of the foregoing, none of the bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico and its instrumentalities without credit enhancement currently carry an investment-grade credit rating. Inasmuch as the Fund invests a substantial portion of its assets in securities issued by the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, these recent rating downgrades will negatively impact the Fund's ability to maintain compliance with its maximum/minimum investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality. To the extent that such investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality are exceeded. Fund management may determine to continue to hold such lower-rated securities, provided any new investment proceeds are directed to acquire investment securities which satisfy the Fund's minimum credit rating requirements. In view of the fact that the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years and the subsequent credit rating downgrades of certain Puerto Rico bonds. Investors are encouraged to refer to current or more up-to-date information regarding the Fund's portfolio holdings available at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds. Currently, the Fund's percentage investment in securities rated below investment-grade (below "BBB" rating) or which are unrated, amounted to 32.36% of the Fund's total portfolio, which exceeds the Fund's maximum investment threshold of 5% of its total assets invested in securities rated below investment-grade or which are unrated On January 2014, the Board of Directors approved the implementation of a share repurchase program for the acquisition of up to 25% of the Fund's total assets. The Repurchase Program is intended to enhance shareholder value by providing additional liquidity to Fund shareholders. For the guarter ended June 30, 2015, the Fund had repurchased 1,161,545 shares in the open market with an NAV of \$4,695,824, at a cost of \$3,923,262. Since the program's inception, the Fund has repurchased 11,181,789 shares of common stock in the open market with an NAV of \$49,624,650, at a cost of \$44,492,417,

and which represent 20,73% of the total assets of the Fund (net of Shares acquired for dividend reinvestment purposes and which remain outstanding). ³ As of June 30, 2015. **Return figures were not calculated in accordance** with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended, which requires that investment returns for an individual retirement account ("IRA") be calculated in the manner provided therein. To the extent that an individual invests in the Fund through an IRA, his or her investment return figures will be less than those reported herein, when computed in accordance with Regulation 5766 and inasmuch as actual sales charges applicable to such IRA investments are taken into consideration. "Average Annual Total Return" figures reflect the percentage change in the market value, determined by calculating the average between the bid and ask prices plus any income and capital gain dividends, and return of capital distributions, all such dividends and distributions reinvested as of the corresponding record date thereof, at the month-end NAV as of that date. In the case of "NAV Total Return," the Fund's NAV per Share is used, rather than the average between the bid and ask prices, to determine such total return, as applicable. "Rolling Period Annual Returns" measure the monthly movement in the average of the Annualized Average Market Return figures over a one-year, three-year, five-year, and ten-year period (as applicable), as it moves over a consecutive time series that begins on the Fund's inception date. Additionally, in the case of the Average Annual Total Return and Rolling Period Annual Return figures, commissions or sales charges payable in connection with a purchase or sale of Shares may vary with each brokerage institution. Total return figures are not representative of the performance of any individual investment, and taxes on capital gain distributions or income dividends, if any, have not been deducted. All calculations were performed by Thomson Reuters, based on certain financial data provided by this Fund and are annualized with the exception of year-to-date figures

- ⁴ A \$10,000 investment is hypothetical and is shown for illustrative
- 5" IPO Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the initial public offering price. "Current Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the month-end bid price.
- ⁶ Percentages may not total 100% due to rounding.



UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico Funds Quarterly Review

Second Quarter 2015

Cada Fondo es una compañía de inversión no diversificada de fin cerrado inscrita bajo la Ley Número 6 de 19 de octubre de 1954, según enmendada. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo pueden solamente ser adquiridos por, o transferidos a, individuos que sean residentes de Puerto Rico y a entidades cuya oficina y localización de negocios principal estén localizados en Puerto Rico. El rendimiento, el valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y el precio en el mercado de las acciones de capital común del Fondo (en adelante, las "Acciones"), podrán fluctuar y se determinarán por factores como la demanda y oferta en el mercado de las Acciones y las condiciones económicas, políticas y del mercado en general, al igual que otros factores que están fuera del control de un Fondo. Las Acciones son negociadas al precio del mercado, el cual puede reflejar una prima o descuento del valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y no se puede dar representación alguna sobre su liquidez o el mercado para disponer de las mismas. A pesar de que es la intención de UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico (en adelante, "UBSFSPR") de continuar manteniendo un mercado secundario para las Acciones, no está obligada a continuar haciéndolo. De otra parte, puede que no exista otra fuente de información de precios para las Acciones u otros compradores para las Acciones que no sea UBSFSPR.

Riesgo de concentración geográfica: El Fondo está expuesto a ciertos riesgos debido a la diversificación geográfica reducida de su cartera de inversiones. Los activos del fondo están invertidos primariamente en valores de emisores de Puerto Rico. A consecuencia, el Fondo generalmente es más susceptible a factores económicos, políticos, regulatorios y otros que podrían afectar adversamente a emisores de Puerto Rico que otra compañía de inversión la cual no esté tan concentrada en emisores de Puerto Rico. En adición, valores emitidos por el Gobierno de Puerto Rico o sus instrumentalidades se afectan por las finanzas del gobierno central. Eso incluye, pero no se limita a. las obligaciones generales de Puerto Rico y los bonos de ingresos, contribuciones especiales o de agencias. El efecto en cada deuda específica podría no ser el mismo y depende de que parte del dinero del gobierno o sus ingresos se supone paque el interés de dicha deuda. En la medida que un porcentaje relativamente alto de los activos del Fondo pueden ser invertidos en obligaciones de un número limitado de emisores de Puerto Rico, el valor neto de activos y su rendimiento puede aumentar o disminuir más que él de una compañía de inversión más diversificada, como resultado de cambios en cuanto a la evaluación de la condición financiera o prospectos de dichos emisores de Puerto Rico. El Fondo también puede ser más susceptible a cualquier ocurrencia individual económica, política o regulatoria en Puerto Rico que una compañía de inversión más diversificada. En los pasados años, los bonos principales del Gobierno de Puerto Rico, al igual que valores emitidos por ciertas instituciones financieras de Puerto Rico han sido degradados por varios factores, incluyendo sin limitación, al empeoramiento experimentado por la economía de Puerto Rico y la condición financiera pobre del Gobierno de Puerto Rico. Al presente, el mercado de bonos de Puerto Rico está experimentando un periodo de mas volatilidad,

mas con los bonos de Puerto Rico traficando a precios más bajos y rendimientos más altos a los puntos de referencia de los pasados dos (2) años, y así afectando el valor neto de activos del Fondo.

Transacciones de cartera entre un Fondo y UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (en el caso de un Fondo comanejado con Banco Popular de Puerto Rico) y otras afiliadas son efectuadas conforme a ciertos procedimientos adoptados por la Junta de Directores de un Fondo con miras a atender posibles conflictos de interés

Divulgación de Mercado Secundario: Dado a que actualmente UBSFSPR es la fuente dominante, y podría ser la única fuente, de liquidez para la negociación de las Acciones en el mercado secundario, cabe la posibilidad que un inversionista no pueda vender sus Acciones en el mercado secundario o que solamente pueda venderlas a pérdida, si UBSFSPR cesara de facilitar un mercado secundario para la negociación de las Acciones. Por lo tanto, la habilidad de un inversionista para vender sus Acciones dependerá del interés de otros inversionistas que estén comprando Acciones o la disponibilidad de UBSFSPR de designar capital adicional para mantener Acciones en su inventario. UBSFSPR podrá, a su única discreción, comprometer capital adicional para mantener Acciones en inventario cuando así lo estime apropiado, dependiendo de las condiciones del mercado y otras consideraciones, e igualmente en otras ocasiones, podrá reducir la cantidad de capital comprometida para financiar dicho inventario de las Acciones. Por ejemplo, cuando UBSFSPR compra Acciones para su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrán permanecer a los niveles previamente cotizados o aumentar. Por otro lado, cuando UBSFSPR vende Acciones de su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrían reducirse. En situaciones en que UBSFSPR está vendiendo Acciones de su inventario, podría ofrecer vender dichas Acciones a precios más bajos que cualquier orden de venta pendiente que fue puesta sobre sus Acciones por cualquier inversionista. Cualquier decisión de UBSFSPR de aumentar o reducir su inventario será tomada a su única discreción y no son divulgadas al público.

Divulgación Contributiva sobre Acuerdos de Recompra: A pesar de que existe precedente contable que apoya el concepto que los acuerdos de recompra y recompra a la inversa sean considerados como préstamos con garantía colateral para propósitos contributivos en Puerto Rico, dicho precedente no es determinante en cuanto a las disposiciones contributivas aplicables a los acuerdos de recompra que normalmente el Fondo suscribe, que contienen disposiciones que conceden al comprador de los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos el derecho a vender, transferir, pignorar o hipotecar dichos valores. A pesar de que el Departamento de Hacienda de Puerto Rico (en adelante, "Hacienda") nunca se ha expresado sobre si estos tipos de acuerdos deben ser considerados como una transferencia de titularidad sobre los valores subyacentes, Hacienda podría adoptar dicha posición y que los tribunales de Puerto Rico estén de acuerdo con dicha posición. En dicho caso, el interés exento pagado sobre los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos podría considerarse

como ingreso no exento del pago de contribución para el vendedor de tales valores subyacentes. En la medida que el Fondo sea considerado el vendedor bajo el acuerdo de recompra correspondiente, los dividendos distribuidos sobre las Acciones que a su vez son derivados del ingreso del acuerdo de recompra correspondiente podría ser considerado como un dividendo suieto a tributación o ganancias de capital. Si tal dividendo fuera considerado como dividendo sujeto a tributación, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico podrían estar sujetos a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014) sobre el dividendo (o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y aquellos que sean inversionistas corporativos estarían sujetos a una máxima tasa efectiva de 5.85% (o 4.5% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014), debido a la deducción de 85% sobre dividendos recibidos, según dispuesto por el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico, multiplicando el 15% del dividendo por una tasa contributiva corporativa máxima de 39% para los dividendos distribuidos en o después del 1 de julio de 2014 y 30% para los dividendos distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014). Por otro lado, si tales dividendos fueran considerados como dividendos de ganancias de capital, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014 o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y los tenedores de las Acciones que tributa como corporaciones, estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 20% (tasa contributiva de 15% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014).

Cambios Recientes al Derecho Tributario de Puerto Rico: El 29 de mayo de 2015, el Gobernador de Puerto Rico promulgó la Ley 72-2015, la cual enmendó significativamente el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico de 2011, según enmendado (el "Código"). En lo relevante, el Código fue enmendado en cuanto a lo siguiente: (1) en el 2014, el Código se enmendó para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas por un individuo después del 30 de junio de 2014 que serían admitidas como deducción estaban limitadas a 90% de las ganancias de capital más el ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que fuere menor; la Ley 72-2015 restaura el lenguaje existente previo a la enmienda del 2014 para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas en un año contributivo serán admitidas como deducción hasta el monto de las ganancias de capital generadas durante dicho año contributivo, y que si las pérdidas exceden las ganancias de dicho año contributivo, el contribuyente podrá deducir dicho exceso hasta el monto del ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que sea menor; (2) en el caso de corporaciones, para años contributivos comenzados después del 31 de diciembre de 2014, las pérdidas de capital (incluyendo el arrastre de pérdidas de capital) serán admitidas como deducción hasta el 80% de las ganancias de capital; y (3) con relación a la transición del impuesto sobre ventas y uso ("IVU") al nuevo impuesto sobre valor añadido ("IVA") de 10.5%, que será efectivo a partir del 1 de abril de 2016, (i) la tasa

de IVU aplicable a los cargos bancarios impuestos sobre cuentas comerciales aumentó de 6.0% a 10.5%, efectivo el 1 de julio de 2015, y (ii) a partir del 1 de octubre de 2015 y hasta el 31 de marzo de 2016, un IVU de 4.0% será impuesto sobre, entre otros, servicios profesionales y otros servicios (con ciertas excepciones limitadas) prestados al Fondo. No obstante, los intereses y otros cargos por el uso del dinero y servicios prestados (que no sean cargos bancarios) por instituciones financieras, tales como los Fondos, continuarán excluidos de la imposición del IVU y tampoco serán tributables para propósitos del IVA.

Aviso Legal

Rendimientos anteriores no son garantía de resultados futuros similares. Los rendimientos actuales podrían ser más bajos o más altos que el rendimiento aquí citado. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo están sujetos a riesgo de mercado, incluyendo la pérdida del principal invertido. Este documento no es una oferta de compra ni una solicitud de una oferta de compra para cualquier inversión en un Fondo y es para propósitos informativos solamente. Las inversiones en un Fondo están diseñadas principalmente y son adecuadas para inversionistas a largo plazo y no deben ser consideradas como un vehículo para fines de negociación. Estas inversiones puede que no sean adecuadas para cualquier inversionista. Una inversión en un Fondo no es equivalente a una inversión en los valores subvacentes en los cuales un Fondo invierte. El uso de apalancamiento por un Fondo representa ciertos riesgos a los inversionistas en éste, y en ciertos casos, las fluctuaciones en las tasas de intereses podrían aumentar la volatilidad en su rendimiento y afectar a un Fondo a mayor grado que a una compañía de inversión no apalancada. Información más detallada en cuanto a un Fondo, incluvendo los cargos, gastos y penalidades aplicables, objetivo(s) y políticas de inversión, factores de riesgo y el efecto de apalancamiento, se incluye en la documentación de oferta del Fondo, el cual usted debe leer cuidadosamente antes de hacer **una inversión.** Para obtener más información en cuanto a un Fondo (incluyendo los rendimientos de inversión calculados conforme el Reglamento 5766 de 11 de marzo de 1998, según enmendado) o una copia del prospecto para la oferta de las Acciones o los informes anuales del Fondo, favor de contactar a la familia de fondos UBS Puerto Rico o Puerto Rico Investors al 787-773-3888 ó 787-751-5452, respectivamente. Para obtener más información en cuanto a los rendimientos del Fondo de fin de mes o información más actualizada, por favor contactar a su Asesor Financiero en UBSFSPR o verifique los comunicados de prensa ("press releases") en http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Glossary of fund terms

transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price and age of pending customer orders.

- Average Duration: a time measure of a bond's interest-rate sensitivity, based on the weighted average of the time periods over which a bond's cash flow accrue to the bondholder. Time periods are weighted by multiplying by the present value of its cash flow divided by the bond's price. (A bond's cash flow consist of coupon payments and repayment of capital.) A bond's duration will almost always be shorter than its maturity, with the exception of zero-coupon bonds, for which maturity and duration are equal.
- Bid Price: generally refers to the highest price a buyer is willing to pay at a particular time for a unit of a given security. UBSFSPR publishes two types of bid prices for the Shares: firm or indicative. A firm bid is provided when UBSFSPR has the risk capacity and/or appetite at the particular time to purchase a specified number of Shares. An investor can sell to UBSFSPR at the firm bid price up to the specified number of Shares at a particular time. On the other hand, an indicative bid is provided for informational purposes only when UBSFSPR does not have the risk capacity and/or appetite at a particular time to purchase Shares. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for the Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price, and age of pending customer orders, and may be higher (in which case the price is at a premium) or lower (in which case
- the price is at a discount) than the NAV of the Fund. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR may also be affected by its willingness to hold additional inventory of the Shares or by its need to sell its inventory of Shares. Depending on market liquidity conditions. orders to buy or sell at the quoted price may not receive immediate execution, and an investor may not be able to sell its Shares at the price quoted by UBSFSPR. Moreover, the proceeds an investor receives on a sale of Shares may be lower than the bid price due to discounts, markdowns, and other charges. Since inception, the Shares have historically traded at prices which reflect a premium to their respective NAV per Share, though on certain limited instances, they have traded at prices which reflect a discount to their respective NAV per Share. However, there is no assurance that the Shares will continue to trade at prices which reflect such a premium. The Fund is presently experiencing liquidity issues. As a result, the bid price is for a limited number of shares, and it may not be possible for sellers to obtain the current bid price.
- Credit Quality: a measure of the likelihood that a financial obligation will not be honored provided by one or more of the rating agencies. Rating agencies assign classifications to their ratings, with "AAA" being the highest and "D" being the lowest for Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"). The Fund may use other ratings and adjust them for use in this scale.
- Effective Duration: a calculation of duration that takes into account the embedded options in the securities of a portfolio and their expected changes in the cash flow of a portfolio caused by those options.

- Expense Ratio: The percentage of the Fund's average net assets attributable to holders of the Shares and which is used to pay operating expenses and takes into account investment management fees, administration fees, and other operating expenses such as legal, audit, insurance, and shareholder communications.
- Hedge Notional: refers to the total net face value, reflecting any offsetting positions, of derivative instruments employed in hedging strategies of the Fund.
- Hedge Ratio: ratio of the Fund's hedge notional amount to its total dollar amount of leverage as of the end of a calendar quarter, assuming the Fund is fully invested at quarter-end. The Fund's investment adviser may, at its discretion, use a variety of derivative instruments including securities options, financial futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and other interest rate protection transactions such as swap agreements, to attempt to hedge its portfolio of assets and seek to enhance its return. There can be no assurance that any particular hedging strategy used will succeed.
- Leverage: the Fund may issue preferred stock or debt, enter into repurchase agreements, or borrow money, in order to increase the amounts available for investment ("leverage"). This gives the Fund's investment adviser, in the fixed income area in particular, the opportunity to enhance yield. The use of leverage increases the likelihood of price volatility and market risk for the Shares. There is also the risk that the cost of funding leverage will exceed the earnings on the related investments, which will have the likely effect of reducing the Fund's yield and the value of its investments.

- Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration: effective duration adjusted for the impact of the Fund's utilization of leverage. A Fund that utilizes leverage will have a leverage-adjusted effective duration that is longer than its effective duration.
- Maturity: date on which the face value of a security/bond must be repaid. It measures the average length to maturity in years of all the bonds in the Fund's portfolio. For mortgagebacked securities, the maturity takes into account the prepayment of the underlying mortgages.
- NAV: Net Asset Value. On a per-Share basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities and dividing such result by the Shares outstanding. On an aggregate, Fund basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities.
- Undistributed Income: the Fund's net income that has not been distributed to holders of its Shares as of the latest available audited financial statements. In the case of a target maturity-type investment company (which is liquidated on or by a specific date), it also includes the amounts to be distributed on or by the liquidation date as the return of the initial investment.

For a definition of other terms, please see the Shares' prospectus.



Puerto Rico Investors Tax-Free Fund, Inc.

Investment Objectives and Policies

Seeks high level of current income that, for Puerto Rico residents, is exempt from both U.S. Federal and Puerto Rico income taxes, consistent with the preservation of capital, by investing:

- up to 30% of its total assets in, among other things, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, its agencies, and instrumentalities
- at least 70% of its total assets in Puerto Rico obligations (as described in the Prospectus)¹
- at least 95% of total assets in investment-grade securities1,2
- may issue leverage representing up to 50% of total assets¹

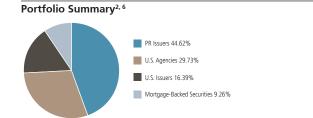
Pricing and Distribution History²

Initial Public Offering (IPO)	\$10.00
52-week Bid Low/High	\$2.50/\$3.66
YTD NAV Change	-\$0.96
YTD Bid Price Change	-\$0.97
IPO Yield ⁵	4.50%
Current Yield⁵	18.00%
Last Dividend Paid	\$0.0375
Last 12 Month Dividend	\$0.4587

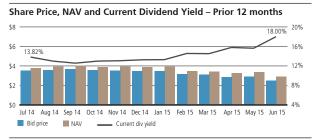
Portfolio Statistics and Characteristics²

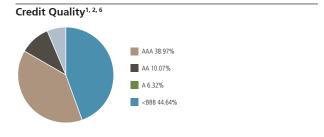
Jan-95	Fiscal Year	31-Aug
8.17	Weighted Avg. Coupon	4.75%
\$2.50	Average Maturity (yrs)	19.52
\$2.92	Average Duration (yrs)	9.72
85.62%	Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration (yrs)	16.86
\$23.86	Leverage %	49.52% ¹
\$23.79	Leverage Cost	0.52%
\$1.72	Hedge Notional (mm)	\$0.00
1.84%	Hedge Ratio	0%
	8.17 \$2.50 \$2.92 85.62% \$23.86 \$23.79 \$1.72	8.17 Weighted Avg. Coupon \$2.50 Average Maturity (yrs) \$2.92 Average Duration (yrs) 85.62% Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration (yrs) \$23.86 Leverage % \$23.79 Leverage Cost \$1.72 Hedge Notional (mm)

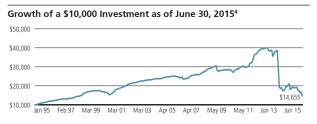
See Portfolio Holdings, Portfolio Managers, Special Considerations, Disclaimers, Glossary of Fund Terms, and Footnotes on reverse.

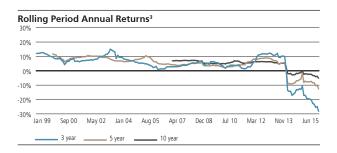












Portfolio Holdings^{2, 6}

PR Obligations Mortgage-Backed Securities GNMA, FNMA, FGLMC		U.S. Obligations Federal Home Loan Bank 16.33%		
CMO	9.26%	Federal Farm Credit	10.42%	
AFICA Palmas del Mar	0.82%	Fannie Mae Note	2.97%	
PR Sales Tax Financing	30.33%	Build America Bonds	10.07%	
Employees Retirement		U.S. Municipals	6.32%	
System	12.96%	U.S. Obligations	46.12%	
Convention Center	0.51%			
PR Obligations	53.88%			

Portfolio Managers

Leslie Highley, Jr.

Portfolio Manager since inception UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico

Javier Rubio

Portfolio Manager since 1996 Popular Asset Management of the Shares other than LIBSESPR

Geographic Concentration Risk. The Fund is exposed to certain risks resulting from the reduced geographic diversification of its portfolio. The Fund's assets are invested primarily in securities of Puerto Rico issuers. Consequently, the Fund in general is more susceptible to economic, political, regulatory or other factors adversely affecting issuers in Puerto Rico than an investment company that is not so concentrated in Puerto Rico issuers. In addition, securities issued by the Government of Puerto Rico or its instrumentalities are affected by the central government's finances. That includes, but is not limited to, general obligations of Puerto Rico and revenue bonds, special tax bonds, or agency bonds. The effect on each specific debt may not be the same; it depends on exactly what part of the government's money or revenue is supposed to pay the interest thereon. Inasmuch as a relatively high percentage of the Fund's assets may be invested in obligations of a limited number of Puerto Rico issuers, the Fund's net asset value and its yield may increase or decrease more than that of a more diversified investment company as a result of changes in the market's assessment of the financial condition and prospects of such Puerto Rico issuers. The Fund may also be more susceptible to any single economic, political, or regulatory occurrence in Puerto Rico than a more widely diversified investment company. Over the past years, the principal Puerto Rico Government bonds as well as the securities issued by several

Puerto Rico financial institutions have been downgraded as a result of several factors, including without limitation, the downturn experienced by the Puerto Rico economy and the strained financial condition of the Government of Puerto Rico. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years, thereby affecting the Fund's net asset value.

Portfolio transactions between the Fund and UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (in the case of a co-managed Fund with Banco Popular de Puerto Rico), and other affiliates, are conducted in accordance with procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Directors in an effort to address potential conflicts

Secondary Market Disclosure: Given UBSFSPR is currently the dominant, and may be the sole source of secondary market liquidity for the Shares. an investor may not be able to sell its Shares or may only be able to sell them at a loss, if UBSFSPR were to cease to facilitate such secondary market for the Shares. Accordingly, an investor's ability to sell its Shares will depend on the interest of other investors buying Shares, or UBSFSPR's willingness to commit additional capital to holding Shares in inventory. UBSFSPR may, in its sole discretion, commit additional capital to hold Shares in inventory when it deems it appropriate to do so, given market conditions or other considerations, and similarly may reduce the amount of capital committed to fund such inventory of Shares at other times. For example, when UBSFSPR purchases Shares and holds them in its inventory. quoted prices may remain at the previously quoted levels or increase. Conversely, when UBSFSPR sells Shares from its inventory, the quoted prices may decrease. In situations where UBSFSPR is selling Shares from its inventory, it may offer to sell its Shares at prices that are lower than pending sell orders that were placed by investors in the Shares. Decisions by UBSFSPR to increase or decrease inventory are made at its sole discretion and are not generally disclosed.

Repurchase Agreement Tax Disclosure: While there is authority generally supporting the treatment of repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements as collateralized loans for Puerto Rico income tax purposes. that authority does not specifically address the tax treatment of the repurchase agreements that the Fund typically enters into, which contain provisions that grant the buyer the right to sell, transfer, pledge, or hypothecate the securities that are the object of such agreements.

Although the Puerto Rico Treasury Department ("PR Treasury") has never pronounced itself as to whether this type of arrangement should be viewed as a transfer of ownership of the underlying securities, it is possible that the PR Treasury could take that position in the future and that Puerto Rico courts would agree with that view. In such event, the tax exempt interest paid on such underlying securities could be deemed not to constitute tax exempt income for the seller of such securities; to the extent that the Fund was such seller, the dividends distributed on its Shares from such income could be treated either as taxable dividends or capital gain dividends. If such dividends were treated as taxable dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts could be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income for dividends distributed before July 15. 2014) on the dividend (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and those which are corporate investors would be subject to a maximum effective income tax rate of 5.85% (or 4.5% for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014), (due to the 85% dividend received deduction of the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, 15% of the dividend multiplied by a 39% maximum corporate income tax rate for dividends distributed on or after July 1, 2014, and 30% for dividends distributed before July 1, 2014). On the other hand, if such dividends were treated as capital gains dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts would be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014) (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and holders of the Shares which are taxed as corporations would be subject to a 20% income tax (15% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014).

Recent changes in the Puerto Rico tax law: Act No. 72-2015, enacted on May 29, 2015, introduced significant changes to the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code of 2011, as amended ("Code").

In relevant part, the Code was amended as to the following: (1) the Code was amended in 2014 to provide that the amount of a capital loss incurred by an individual after June 30, 2014 that may be claimed as a deduction is limited to 90% of capital gains plus the individual's net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; Act No. 72-2015 reinstates the pre-2014 amendment rules, to provide that capital losses derived in a taxable year may be deducted against capital gains generated in the taxable year and that if the capital losses exceed capital gains, the amount of the excess that may be claimed as a deduction is an amount equal to the individual's

net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; (2) in the case of corporations, for taxable years beginning after December 31st, 2014, capital losses (including capital loss carryovers) may only offset up to 80% of a corporate taxpayer's capital gains; and (3) in connection with the transition from a sales and use tax ("SUT") to a 10.5% value added tax ("VAT"), which would become effective on April 1, 2016, (i) the SUT rate applicable to bank charges on commercial accounts increased from 6.0% to 10.5%, effective July 1, 2015; and (ii) a 4% SUT will be imposed, beginning on October 1, 2015 and through March 31, 2016, on, among others, professional and other services (with limited exceptions) rendered to the Fund. Note, however, that interest and other charges for the use money and charges for services (other than bank charges) provided by financial institutions, such as the Funds, will continue to be excluded from the SUT and will not be subject to the VAT.

Legal Disclaimer

Past performance does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Securities issued by the Fund are subject to market risk, including the loss of principal amounts invested. This document is not an offer to sell, or the solicitation of an offer to buy any investment in the Fund, and is for informational purposes only. Fund investments are designed primarily and suitable for long-term investors and not viewed as a vehicle for trading purposes. They may not be suitable to all investors. Fund investments are not equivalent to investments in its underlying securities. The Fund's utilization of leverage poses certain risks to investors, and in some cases, interest rate fluctuations may increase the volatility of its return and affect the Fund to a significantly greater extent than a non-leveraged investment company. More detailed information about the Fund, including applicable fees, costs, penalties, investment objectives and policies, risk factors, and the effects of leverage, is further described in the Share's prospectus, which you should read carefully prior to making an investment. To obtain additional information related to the Fund (including investment returns calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended) or a copy of the Shares' prospectus or Fund's annual report, please contact the Puerto Rico Investors Family of Funds at 787-751-5452. To obtain the Fund's month-end performance or more up-to-date information, please contact your UBS Financial Advisor or see "press releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Footnotes:

Generally, the Fund must invest at least 67% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage) and cash, including cash equivalents, but excluding non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market). in Puerto Rico securities. Additionally, the Fund may issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage, representing not more than 50% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage), cash (including cash equivalents), and non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap markedto-market), immediately after the issuance of any such preferred stock, or other debt securities. Moreover, the Fund may not issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage unless the value of its total assets less all its liabilities and indebtedness, other than the preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage being issued or already outstanding, is at least equal to 200% of the total aggregate liquidation preference/principal amount of all its outstanding preferred stock (not including any accumulated dividends or other distributions), debt securities, and other forms of leverage. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years. In view of these volatile market conditions, the Puerto Rico Office of the Commissioner of Financial Institutions (the "PROCFI") has granted to the Fund a temporary regulatory waiver from the Funds' investment requirement in Puerto Rico. securities of at least 70% of the Fund's total assets and leverage limitation of 50% of its total assets and 200% asset coverage requirement described above, through January 31, 2016. Based on the representations and opinion of the Fund's Investment Advisers and consistent with the Fund's investment objective. the PROCFI has also granted no-objection relief with respect to the Fund's investment-grade credit rating requirement for Puerto Rico securities, which permit the Fund to continue to invest in Puerto Rico municipal securities that do not have an investment grade credit rating, under certain conditions, at the discretion of the Fund's Investment Advisers. These temporary waivers

may be renewed by the PROCFI for additional periods of time, should market conditions warrant, and upon written request by the Fund. It is the Fund's intention to re-comply with these requirements as soon as market conditions permit, but there is no assurance as to whether and when the Fund will be able to do so.

Credit quality is as of June 30, 2015. The Fund's investment portfolio is actively managed, and its composition (including the portfolio statistics and characteristics) will vary over time. Credit quality percentages include only fixed income securities and vary over time, as new investment securities are acquired and the credit rating of any investment held by the Fund is reassessed. For purposes of determining compliance with the Fund's investment requirements, ratings are as of the time of purchase, using a Standard & Poor's equivalent ratings scale, Fitch, Moody's, and S&P have recently downgraded further the general obligation bonds ("GOs") of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, as well as the obligations of certain Commonwealth agencies and public corporations, including COFINA, on numerous occasions. On June 29, 2015, Fitch and S&P further downgraded the GOs and related debt ratings from "B" to "CC" and from "CCC+" to "CCC-," respectively. Moody's followed suit on July 1, 2015, downgrading the GOs and COFINA's senior bonds to "Caa3," and S&P further downgraded all of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico's tax-backed debt to "CC" on September 10, 2015. All such ratings carry a negative outlook. Moreover, on June 29, 2015, the Government of Puerto Rico presented a report entitled "Puerto Rico—A Way Forward" by consultants and former International Monetary Fund economists Krueger, Teja, and Wolfe, which identified a deteriorating cash flow position and very large out-year central government budget gaps that approach the size of current full year general fund revenues. The report projects a fiscal 2016 budget gap of \$3.7 billion, absent corrective action, which would rise to \$6.0 billion by 2018 and higher in subsequent years. The Government of Puerto Rico also announced that it would seek to negotiate with bondholders to defer and/or restructure its \$72 billion debt load and also designated the Working Group for the Fiscal and Economic Recovery of Puerto Rico, to provide a debt restructuring plan. Thereafter, on August 3. 2015, the Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation failed to make a required \$58 million payment on its debt, representing the first time a Puerto Rico agency defaulted on its debt. The Working Group released the Puerto Rico Fiscal and Economic Growth Plan on September 9, 2015, which among other things, recommends restructuring all tax-backed debt, including

GOs and COFINA sales tax debt. In this context, one could expect to see interruptions in cash flow on debt payments, in addition to more price volatility across Puerto Rico securities, as the results of many of the fiscal and budgetary measures adopted and to be adopted in the future by the Government of Puerto Rico are fully realized and such Plan or other debt restructuring is implemented. As a result of the foregoing, none of the bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico and its instrumentalities without credit enhancement currently carry an investment-grade credit rating. Inasmuch as the Fund invests a substantial portion of its assets in securities issued by the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, these recent rating downgrades will negatively impact the Fund's ability to maintain compliance with its maximum/minimum investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality. To the extent that such investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality are exceeded, Fund management may determine to continue to hold such lower-rated securities, provided any new investment proceeds are directed to acquire investment securities which satisfy the Fund's minimum credit rating requirements. In view of the fact that the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years and the subsequent credit rating downgrades of certain Puerto Rico bonds. Investors are encouraged to refer to current or more up-to-date information regarding the Fund's portfolio holdings available at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds. Currently, the Fund's percentage investment in securities rated below investment-grade (below "BBB" rating) or which are unrated, amounted to 44.64% of the Fund's total portfolio, which exceeds the Fund's maximum investment threshold of 5% of its total assets invested in securities rated below investment-grade or which

On January 2014, the Board of Directors approved the implementation of a share repurchase program for the acquisition of up to 25% of the Fund's total assets. The Repurchase Program is intended to enhance shareholder value by providing additional liquidity to Fund shareholders. For the guarter ended June 30, 2015, the Fund had renurchased 1,302,685 shares in the open market with an NAV of \$4,187,928, at a cost of \$3,537,016. Since the program's inception, the Fund has repurchased 5,269,556 shares of common stock in the open market with an NAV of \$20,628,509, at a cost of \$18,504,134 and which represent 19,88% of the total assets of the

Fund (net of Shares acquired for dividend reinvestment purposes and which remain outstanding)

- As of June 30, 2015. Return figures were not calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended, which requires that investment returns for an individual retirement account ("IRA") be calculated in the manner provided therein. To the extent that an individual invests in the Fund through an IRA. his or her investment return figures will be less than those reported herein. when computed in accordance with Regulation 5766 and inasmuch as actual sales charges applicable to such IRA investments are taken into consideration. "Average Annual Total Return" figures reflect the percentage change in the market value, determined by calculating the average between the bid and ask prices, plus any income and capital gain dividends, and return of capital distributions, all such dividends and distributions reinvested as of the corresponding record date thereof, at the month-end NAV as of that date. In the case of "NAV Total Return," the Fund's NAV per Share is used, rather than the average between the bid and ask prices, to determine such total return, as applicable. "Rolling Period Annual Returns" measure the monthly movement in the average of the Annualized Average Market Return figures over a one-year, three-year, five-year, and ten-year period (as applicable), as it moves over a consecutive time series that begins on the Fund's inception date, Additionally, in the case of the Average Annual Total Return and Rolling Period Annual Return figures, commissions or sales charges payable in connection with a purchase or sale of Shares may vary with each brokerage institution. Total return figures are not representative of the performance of any individual investment, and taxes on capital gain distributions or income dividends, if any, have not been deducted. All calculations were performed by Thomson Reuters, based on certain financial data provided by this Fund and are annualized with the exception of year-to-date figures.
- 4 A \$10,000 investment is hypothetical and is shown for illustrative nurnoses only
- "IPO Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the initial public offering price. "Current Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the month-end bid price.
- Percentages may not total 100% due to rounding.



UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico Funds Quarterly Review

Second Quarter 2015

Cada Fondo es una compañía de inversión no diversificada de fin cerrado inscrita bajo la Ley Número 6 de 19 de octubre de 1954, según enmendada. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo pueden solamente ser adquiridos por, o transferidos a, individuos que sean residentes de Puerto Rico y a entidades cuya oficina y localización de negocios principal estén localizados en Puerto Rico. El rendimiento, el valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y el precio en el mercado de las acciones de capital común del Fondo (en adelante, las "Acciones"), podrán fluctuar y se determinarán por factores como la demanda y oferta en el mercado de las Acciones y las condiciones económicas, políticas y del mercado en general, al igual que otros factores que están fuera del control de un Fondo. Las Acciones son negociadas al precio del mercado, el cual puede reflejar una prima o descuento del valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y no se puede dar representación alguna sobre su liquidez o el mercado para disponer de las mismas. A pesar de que es la intención de UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico (en adelante, "UBSFSPR") de continuar manteniendo un mercado secundario para las Acciones, no está obligada a continuar haciéndolo. De otra parte, puede que no exista otra fuente de información de precios para las Acciones u otros compradores para las Acciones que no sea UBSFSPR.

Riesgo de concentración geográfica: El Fondo está expuesto a ciertos riesgos debido a la diversificación geográfica reducida de su cartera de inversiones. Los activos del fondo están invertidos primariamente en valores de emisores de Puerto Rico. A consecuencia, el Fondo generalmente es más susceptible a factores económicos, políticos, regulatorios y otros que podrían afectar adversamente a emisores de Puerto Rico que otra compañía de inversión la cual no esté tan concentrada en emisores de Puerto Rico. En adición, valores emitidos por el Gobierno de Puerto Rico o sus instrumentalidades se afectan por las finanzas del gobierno central. Eso incluye, pero no se limita a. las obligaciones generales de Puerto Rico y los bonos de ingresos, contribuciones especiales o de agencias. El efecto en cada deuda específica podría no ser el mismo y depende de que parte del dinero del gobierno o sus ingresos se supone paque el interés de dicha deuda. En la medida que un porcentaje relativamente alto de los activos del Fondo pueden ser invertidos en obligaciones de un número limitado de emisores de Puerto Rico, el valor neto de activos y su rendimiento puede aumentar o disminuir más que él de una compañía de inversión más diversificada, como resultado de cambios en cuanto a la evaluación de la condición financiera o prospectos de dichos emisores de Puerto Rico. El Fondo también puede ser más susceptible a cualquier ocurrencia individual económica, política o regulatoria en Puerto Rico que una compañía de inversión más diversificada. En los pasados años, los bonos principales del Gobierno de Puerto Rico, al igual que valores emitidos por ciertas instituciones financieras de Puerto Rico han sido degradados por varios factores, incluyendo sin limitación, al empeoramiento experimentado por la economía de Puerto Rico y la condición financiera pobre del Gobierno de Puerto Rico. Al presente, el mercado de bonos de Puerto Rico está experimentando un periodo de mas volatilidad,

mas con los bonos de Puerto Rico traficando a precios más bajos y rendimientos más altos a los puntos de referencia de los pasados dos (2) años, y así afectando el valor neto de activos del Fondo.

Transacciones de cartera entre un Fondo y UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (en el caso de un Fondo comanejado con Banco Popular de Puerto Rico) y otras afiliadas son efectuadas conforme a ciertos procedimientos adoptados por la Junta de Directores de un Fondo con miras a atender posibles conflictos de interés

Divulgación de Mercado Secundario: Dado a que actualmente UBSFSPR es la fuente dominante, y podría ser la única fuente, de liquidez para la negociación de las Acciones en el mercado secundario, cabe la posibilidad que un inversionista no pueda vender sus Acciones en el mercado secundario o que solamente pueda venderlas a pérdida, si UBSFSPR cesara de facilitar un mercado secundario para la negociación de las Acciones. Por lo tanto, la habilidad de un inversionista para vender sus Acciones dependerá del interés de otros inversionistas que estén comprando Acciones o la disponibilidad de UBSFSPR de designar capital adicional para mantener Acciones en su inventario. UBSFSPR podrá, a su única discreción, comprometer capital adicional para mantener Acciones en inventario cuando así lo estime apropiado, dependiendo de las condiciones del mercado y otras consideraciones, e igualmente en otras ocasiones, podrá reducir la cantidad de capital comprometida para financiar dicho inventario de las Acciones. Por ejemplo, cuando UBSFSPR compra Acciones para su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrán permanecer a los niveles previamente cotizados o aumentar. Por otro lado, cuando UBSFSPR vende Acciones de su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrían reducirse. En situaciones en que UBSFSPR está vendiendo Acciones de su inventario, podría ofrecer vender dichas Acciones a precios más bajos que cualquier orden de venta pendiente que fue puesta sobre sus Acciones por cualquier inversionista. Cualquier decisión de UBSFSPR de aumentar o reducir su inventario será tomada a su única discreción y no son divulgadas al público.

Divulgación Contributiva sobre Acuerdos de Recompra: A pesar de que existe precedente contable que apoya el concepto que los acuerdos de recompra y recompra a la inversa sean considerados como préstamos con garantía colateral para propósitos contributivos en Puerto Rico, dicho precedente no es determinante en cuanto a las disposiciones contributivas aplicables a los acuerdos de recompra que normalmente el Fondo suscribe, que contienen disposiciones que conceden al comprador de los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos el derecho a vender, transferir, pignorar o hipotecar dichos valores. A pesar de que el Departamento de Hacienda de Puerto Rico (en adelante, "Hacienda") nunca se ha expresado sobre si estos tipos de acuerdos deben ser considerados como una transferencia de titularidad sobre los valores subyacentes, Hacienda podría adoptar dicha posición y que los tribunales de Puerto Rico estén de acuerdo con dicha posición. En dicho caso, el interés exento pagado sobre los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos podría considerarse

como ingreso no exento del pago de contribución para el vendedor de tales valores subyacentes. En la medida que el Fondo sea considerado el vendedor bajo el acuerdo de recompra correspondiente, los dividendos distribuidos sobre las Acciones que a su vez son derivados del ingreso del acuerdo de recompra correspondiente podría ser considerado como un dividendo suieto a tributación o ganancias de capital. Si tal dividendo fuera considerado como dividendo sujeto a tributación, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico podrían estar sujetos a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014) sobre el dividendo (o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y aquellos que sean inversionistas corporativos estarían sujetos a una máxima tasa efectiva de 5.85% (o 4.5% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014), debido a la deducción de 85% sobre dividendos recibidos, según dispuesto por el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico, multiplicando el 15% del dividendo por una tasa contributiva corporativa máxima de 39% para los dividendos distribuidos en o después del 1 de julio de 2014 y 30% para los dividendos distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014). Por otro lado, si tales dividendos fueran considerados como dividendos de ganancias de capital, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014 o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y los tenedores de las Acciones que tributa como corporaciones, estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 20% (tasa contributiva de 15% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014).

Cambios Recientes al Derecho Tributario de Puerto Rico: El 29 de mayo de 2015, el Gobernador de Puerto Rico promulgó la Ley 72-2015, la cual enmendó significativamente el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico de 2011, según enmendado (el "Código"). En lo relevante, el Código fue enmendado en cuanto a lo siguiente: (1) en el 2014, el Código se enmendó para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas por un individuo después del 30 de junio de 2014 que serían admitidas como deducción estaban limitadas a 90% de las ganancias de capital más el ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que fuere menor; la Ley 72-2015 restaura el lenguaje existente previo a la enmienda del 2014 para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas en un año contributivo serán admitidas como deducción hasta el monto de las ganancias de capital generadas durante dicho año contributivo, y que si las pérdidas exceden las ganancias de dicho año contributivo, el contribuyente podrá deducir dicho exceso hasta el monto del ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que sea menor; (2) en el caso de corporaciones, para años contributivos comenzados después del 31 de diciembre de 2014, las pérdidas de capital (incluyendo el arrastre de pérdidas de capital) serán admitidas como deducción hasta el 80% de las ganancias de capital; y (3) con relación a la transición del impuesto sobre ventas y uso ("IVU") al nuevo impuesto sobre valor añadido ("IVA") de 10.5%, que será efectivo a partir del 1 de abril de 2016, (i) la tasa

de IVU aplicable a los cargos bancarios impuestos sobre cuentas comerciales aumentó de 6.0% a 10.5%, efectivo el 1 de julio de 2015, y (ii) a partir del 1 de octubre de 2015 y hasta el 31 de marzo de 2016, un IVU de 4.0% será impuesto sobre, entre otros, servicios profesionales y otros servicios (con ciertas excepciones limitadas) prestados al Fondo. No obstante, los intereses y otros cargos por el uso del dinero y servicios prestados (que no sean cargos bancarios) por instituciones financieras, tales como los Fondos, continuarán excluidos de la imposición del IVU y tampoco serán tributables para propósitos del IVA.

Aviso Legal

Rendimientos anteriores no son garantía de resultados futuros similares. Los rendimientos actuales podrían ser más bajos o más altos que el rendimiento aquí citado. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo están sujetos a riesgo de mercado, incluyendo la pérdida del principal invertido. Este documento no es una oferta de compra ni una solicitud de una oferta de compra para cualquier inversión en un Fondo y es para propósitos informativos solamente. Las inversiones en un Fondo están diseñadas principalmente y son adecuadas para inversionistas a largo plazo y no deben ser consideradas como un vehículo para fines de negociación. Estas inversiones puede que no sean adecuadas para cualquier inversionista. Una inversión en un Fondo no es equivalente a una inversión en los valores subvacentes en los cuales un Fondo invierte. El uso de apalancamiento por un Fondo representa ciertos riesgos a los inversionistas en éste, y en ciertos casos, las fluctuaciones en las tasas de intereses podrían aumentar la volatilidad en su rendimiento y afectar a un Fondo a mayor grado que a una compañía de inversión no apalancada. Información más detallada en cuanto a un Fondo, incluvendo los cargos, gastos y penalidades aplicables, objetivo(s) y políticas de inversión, factores de riesgo y el efecto de apalancamiento, se incluye en la documentación de oferta del Fondo, el cual usted debe leer cuidadosamente antes de hacer **una inversión.** Para obtener más información en cuanto a un Fondo (incluyendo los rendimientos de inversión calculados conforme el Reglamento 5766 de 11 de marzo de 1998, según enmendado) o una copia del prospecto para la oferta de las Acciones o los informes anuales del Fondo, favor de contactar a la familia de fondos UBS Puerto Rico o Puerto Rico Investors al 787-773-3888 ó 787-751-5452, respectivamente. Para obtener más información en cuanto a los rendimientos del Fondo de fin de mes o información más actualizada, por favor contactar a su Asesor Financiero en UBSFSPR o verifique los comunicados de prensa ("press releases") en http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Glossary of fund terms

transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price and age of pending customer orders.

- Average Duration: a time measure of a bond's interest-rate sensitivity, based on the weighted average of the time periods over which a bond's cash flow accrue to the bondholder. Time periods are weighted by multiplying by the present value of its cash flow divided by the bond's price. (A bond's cash flow consist of coupon payments and repayment of capital.) A bond's duration will almost always be shorter than its maturity, with the exception of zero-coupon bonds, for which maturity and duration are equal.
- Bid Price: generally refers to the highest price a buyer is willing to pay at a particular time for a unit of a given security. UBSFSPR publishes two types of bid prices for the Shares: firm or indicative. A firm bid is provided when UBSFSPR has the risk capacity and/or appetite at the particular time to purchase a specified number of Shares. An investor can sell to UBSFSPR at the firm bid price up to the specified number of Shares at a particular time. On the other hand, an indicative bid is provided for informational purposes only when UBSFSPR does not have the risk capacity and/or appetite at a particular time to purchase Shares. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for the Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price, and age of pending customer orders, and may be higher (in which case the price is at a premium) or lower (in which case
- the price is at a discount) than the NAV of the Fund. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR may also be affected by its willingness to hold additional inventory of the Shares or by its need to sell its inventory of Shares. Depending on market liquidity conditions. orders to buy or sell at the quoted price may not receive immediate execution, and an investor may not be able to sell its Shares at the price quoted by UBSFSPR. Moreover, the proceeds an investor receives on a sale of Shares may be lower than the bid price due to discounts, markdowns, and other charges. Since inception, the Shares have historically traded at prices which reflect a premium to their respective NAV per Share, though on certain limited instances, they have traded at prices which reflect a discount to their respective NAV per Share. However, there is no assurance that the Shares will continue to trade at prices which reflect such a premium. The Fund is presently experiencing liquidity issues. As a result, the bid price is for a limited number of shares, and it may not be possible for sellers to obtain the current bid price.
- Credit Quality: a measure of the likelihood that a financial obligation will not be honored provided by one or more of the rating agencies. Rating agencies assign classifications to their ratings, with "AAA" being the highest and "D" being the lowest for Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"). The Fund may use other ratings and adjust them for use in this scale.
- Effective Duration: a calculation of duration that takes into account the embedded options in the securities of a portfolio and their expected changes in the cash flow of a portfolio caused by those options.

- Expense Ratio: The percentage of the Fund's average net assets attributable to holders of the Shares and which is used to pay operating expenses and takes into account investment management fees, administration fees, and other operating expenses such as legal, audit, insurance, and shareholder communications.
- Hedge Notional: refers to the total net face value, reflecting any offsetting positions, of derivative instruments employed in hedging strategies of the Fund.
- Hedge Ratio: ratio of the Fund's hedge notional amount to its total dollar amount of leverage as of the end of a calendar quarter, assuming the Fund is fully invested at quarter-end. The Fund's investment adviser may, at its discretion, use a variety of derivative instruments including securities options, financial futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and other interest rate protection transactions such as swap agreements, to attempt to hedge its portfolio of assets and seek to enhance its return. There can be no assurance that any particular hedging strategy used will succeed.
- Leverage: the Fund may issue preferred stock or debt, enter into repurchase agreements, or borrow money, in order to increase the amounts available for investment ("leverage"). This gives the Fund's investment adviser, in the fixed income area in particular, the opportunity to enhance yield. The use of leverage increases the likelihood of price volatility and market risk for the Shares. There is also the risk that the cost of funding leverage will exceed the earnings on the related investments, which will have the likely effect of reducing the Fund's yield and the value of its investments.

- Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration: effective duration adjusted for the impact of the Fund's utilization of leverage. A Fund that utilizes leverage will have a leverage-adjusted effective duration that is longer than its effective duration.
- Maturity: date on which the face value of a security/bond must be repaid. It measures the average length to maturity in years of all the bonds in the Fund's portfolio. For mortgagebacked securities, the maturity takes into account the prepayment of the underlying mortgages.
- NAV: Net Asset Value. On a per-Share basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities and dividing such result by the Shares outstanding. On an aggregate, Fund basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities.
- Undistributed Income: the Fund's net income that has not been distributed to holders of its Shares as of the latest available audited financial statements. In the case of a target maturity-type investment company (which is liquidated on or by a specific date), it also includes the amounts to be distributed on or by the liquidation date as the return of the initial investment.

For a definition of other terms, please see the Shares' prospectus.



Puerto Rico Investors Tax-Free Fund Inc. II

Investment Objectives and Policies

Seeks high level of current income that, for Puerto Rico residents, is exempt from both U.S. Federal and Puerto Rico income taxes, consistent with the preservation of capital, by investing:

- up to 30% of its total assets in, among other things, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, its agencies, and instrumentalities
- at least 70% of its total assets in Puerto Rico obligations (as described in the Prospectus)¹
- at least 95% of total assets in investment-grade securities^{1, 2}
- may issue leverage representing up to 50% of total assets¹

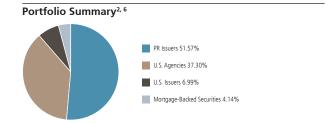
Pricing and Distribution History²

Initial Public Offering (IPO)	\$10.00
52-week Bid Low/High	\$2.44/\$3.60
YTD NAV Change	-\$1.00
YTD Bid Price Change	-\$1.00
IPO Yield ⁵	4.45%
Current Yield ⁵	18.24%
Last Dividend Paid	\$0.0371
Last 12 Month Dividend	\$0.4558

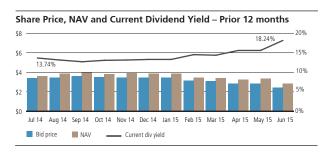
Portfolio Statistics and Characteristics²

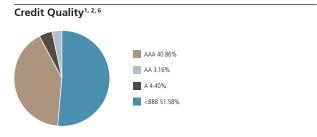
Commencement Shares Outstanding (mm) Bid Price Net Asset Value (NAV) Bid Price to NAV Ratio Net Assets (mm) Leverage (mm) Undistributed Income (mm) Expense Ratio	May-95 9.68 \$2.44 \$2.85 85.61% \$27.62 \$27.40 \$2.29 1.74%	Fiscal Year Weighted Avg. Coupon Average Maturity (yrs) Average Duration (yrs) Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration (yrs) Leverage & Leverage Cost Hedge Notional (mm) Hedge Ratio	31-Aug 4.53% 20.11 10.88 17.38 49.40%¹ 0.51% \$0.00 0%
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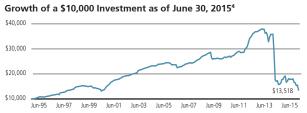
See Portfolio Holdings, Portfolio Managers, Special Considerations, Disclaimers, Glossary of Fund Terms, and Footnotes on reverse.













Portfolio Holdings^{2, 6}

PR Obligations		U.S. Obligations	
Mortgage-Backed Secu GNMA, FNMA, FGL		Federal Home Loan Bank	36.96%
CMO	4.14%	Federal Farm Credit	
AFICA		Bank	0.34%
Palmas del Mar	7.18%	Build America Bonds	2.59%
PR Sales Tax Financing	31.33%	U.S. Municipals	4.40%
Employees Retirement		U.S. Obligations	44.29%
System	10.64%	_	
PRASA	2.41%		
PR Obligations	55.71%		

Portfolio Managers

Leslie Highley, Jr.

Portfolio Manager since inception UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico

Javier Rubio

Portfolio Manager since 1996 Popular Asset Management

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*Special Considerations

The Fund is a non-diversified, closed-end management investment company registered under the Puerto Rico Investment Companies Act of 1954, as amended. Securities issued by the Fund may be purchased or otherwise transferred only to individuals who are residents of Puerto Rico and to entities whose principal office and principal place of business are located in Puerto Rico. The Fund's yield and net asset value and the market price of the Fund's shares of Common Stock (the "Shares") may fluctuate and will be determined by such factors as relative demand for and supply of the Shares in the market, as well as general market, political, and economic conditions and other factors beyond the control of the Fund. The Shares trade at market price, which may be at a discount or premium to NAV, and no assurance can be given as to their liquidity or trading market. While it is the intention of UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico ("UBSFSPR") to continue to maintain a secondary market for the Shares, it is not obligated to continue to do so. Moreover, there may be no other source of price information for the Shares or other purchasers of the Shares other than LIBSESPR

Geographic Concentration Risk. The Fund is exposed to certain risks resulting from the reduced geographic diversification of its portfolio. The Fund's assets are invested primarily in securities of Puerto Rico issuers. Consequently, the Fund in general is more susceptible to economic, political, regulatory or other factors adversely affecting issuers in Puerto Rico than an investment company that is not so concentrated in Puerto Rico issuers. In addition, securities issued by the Government of Puerto Rico or its instrumentalities are affected by the central government's finances. That includes, but is not limited to, general obligations of Puerto Rico and revenue bonds, special tax bonds, or agency bonds. The effect on each specific debt may not be the same; it depends on exactly what part of the government's money or revenue is supposed to pay the interest thereon. Inasmuch as a relatively high percentage of the Fund's assets may be invested in obligations of a limited number of Puerto Rico issuers, the Fund's net asset value and its yield may increase or decrease more than that of a more diversified investment company as a result of changes in the market's assessment of the financial condition and prospects of such Puerto Rico issuers. The Fund may also be more susceptible to any single economic, political, or regulatory occurrence in Puerto Rico than a more widely diversified investment company. Over the past years, the principal Puerto Rico Government bonds as well as the securities issued by several

Puerto Rico financial institutions have been downgraded as a result of several factors, including without limitation, the downturn experienced by the Puerto Rico economy and the strained financial condition of the Government of Puerto Rico. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years, thereby affecting the Fund's net asset value.

Portfolio transactions between the Fund and UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (in the case of a co-managed Fund with Banco Popular de Puerto Rico), and other affiliates, are conducted in accordance with procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Directors in an effort to address potential conflicts of interact

Secondary Market Disclosure: Given UBSFSPR is currently the dominant, and may be the sole source of secondary market liquidity for the Shares. an investor may not be able to sell its Shares or may only be able to sell them at a loss, if UBSFSPR were to cease to facilitate such secondary market for the Shares, Accordingly, an investor's ability to sell its Shares will depend on the interest of other investors buying Shares, or UBSFSPR's willingness to commit additional capital to holding Shares in inventory. UBSFSPR may, in its sole discretion, commit additional capital to hold Shares in inventory when it deems it appropriate to do so, given market conditions or other considerations, and similarly may reduce the amount of capital committed to fund such inventory of Shares at other times. For example, when UBSFSPR purchases Shares and holds them in its inventory. quoted prices may remain at the previously quoted levels or increase. Conversely, when UBSFSPR sells Shares from its inventory, the quoted prices may decrease. In situations where UBSFSPR is selling Shares from its inventory, it may offer to sell its Shares at prices that are lower than pending sell orders that were placed by investors in the Shares. Decisions by UBSFSPR to increase or decrease inventory are made at its sole discretion and are not generally disclosed.

Repurchase Agreement Tax Disclosure: While there is authority generally supporting the treatment of repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements as collateralized loans for Puerto Rico income tax purposes, that authority does not specifically address the tax treatment of the repurchase agreements that the Fund typically enters into, which contain provisions that grant the buyer the right to sell, transfer, pledge, or hypothecate the securities that are the object of such agreements.

Although the Puerto Rico Treasury Department ("PR Treasury") has never pronounced itself as to whether this type of arrangement should be viewed as a transfer of ownership of the underlying securities, it is possible that the PR Treasury could take that position in the future and that Puerto Rico courts would agree with that view. In such event, the tax exempt interest paid on such underlying securities could be deemed not to constitute tax exempt income for the seller of such securities; to the extent that the Fund was such seller, the dividends distributed on its Shares from such income could be treated either as taxable dividends or capital gain dividends. If such dividends were treated as taxable dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts could be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income for dividends distributed before July 15. 2014) on the dividend (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and those which are corporate investors would be subject to a maximum effective income tax rate of 5.85% (or 4.5% for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014), (due to the 85% dividend received deduction of the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, 15% of the dividend multiplied by a 39% maximum corporate income tax rate for dividends distributed on or after July 1, 2014 and 30% for dividends distributed before July 1, 2014), On the other hand, if such dividends were treated as capital gains dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts would be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014) (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and holders of the Shares which are taxed as corporations would be subject to a 20% income tax (15% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014).

Recent changes in the Puerto Rico tax law: Act No. 72-2015, enacted on May 29, 2015, introduced significant changes to the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code of 2011, as amended ("Code").

In relevant part, the Code was amended as to the following: (1) the Code was amended in 2014 to provide that the amount of a capital loss incurred by an individual after June 30, 2014 that may be claimed as a deduction is limited to 90% of capital gains plus the individual's net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; Act No. 72-2015 reinstates the pre-2014 amendment rules, to provide that capital losses derived in a taxable year may be deducted against capital gains generated in the taxable year and that if the capital losses exceed capital gains, the amount of the excess that may be claimed as a deduction is an amount equal to the individual's

net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; (2) in the case of corporations, for taxable years beginning after December 31st, 2014, capital losses (including capital loss carryovers) may only offset up to 80% of a corporate taxpayer's capital gains; and (3) in connection with the transition from a sales and use tax ("SUT") to a 10.5% value added tax ("VAT"), which would become effective on April 1, 2016, (i) the SUT rate applicable to bank charges on commercial accounts increased from 6.0% to 10.5%, effective July 1, 2015; and (ii) a 4% SUT will be imposed, beginning on October 1, 2015 and through March 31, 2016, on, among others, professional and other services (with limited exceptions) rendered to the Fund. Note, however, that interest and other charges for the use money and charges for services (other than bank charges) provided by financial institutions, such as the Funds, will continue to be excluded from the SUT and will not be subject to the VAT.

Legal Disclaimer

Past performance does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Securities issued by the Fund are subject to market risk, including the loss of principal amounts invested. This document is not an offer to sell, or the solicitation of an offer to buy any investment in the Fund, and is for informational purposes only. Fund investments are designed primarily and suitable for long-term investors and not viewed as a vehicle for trading purposes. They may not be suitable to all investors. Fund investments are not equivalent to investments in its underlying securities. The Fund's utilization of leverage poses certain risks to investors, and in some cases, interest rate fluctuations may increase the volatility of its return and affect the Fund to a significantly greater extent than a non-leveraged investment company. More detailed information about the Fund, including applicable fees, costs, penalties, investment objectives and policies, risk factors, and the effects of leverage, is further described in the Share's prospectus, which you should read carefully prior to making an investment. To obtain additional information related to the Fund (including investment returns calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended) or a copy of the Shares' prospectus or Fund's annual report, please contact the Puerto Rico Investors Family of Funds at 787-751-5452. To obtain the Fund's month-end performance or more up-to-date information, please contact your UBS Financial Advisor or see "press releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Footnotes:

Generally, the Fund must invest at least 67% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage) and cash, including cash equivalents, but excluding non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market). in Puerto Rico securities. Additionally, the Fund may issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage, representing not more than 50% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage), cash (including cash equivalents), and non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market), immediately after the issuance of any such preferred stock. or other debt securities. Moreover, the Fund may not issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage unless the value of its total assets less all its liabilities and indebtedness, other than the preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage being issued or already outstanding, is at least equal to 200% of the total aggregate liquidation preference/principal amount of all its outstanding preferred stock (not including any accumulated dividends or other distributions), debt securities, and other forms of leverage Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years. In view of these volatile market conditions, the Puerto Rico Office of the Commissiner of Financial Institutions (the "PROCFI") has granted to the Fund a temporary regulatory waiver from the Funds' investment requirement in Puerto Rico securities of at least 70% of the Fund's total assets and leverage limitation of 50% of its total assets and 200% asset coverage requirement described above, through January 31, 2016, Based on the representations and opinion of the Fund's Investment Advisers and consistent with the Fund's investment objective, the PROCFI has also granted no-objection relief with respect to the Fund's investment-grade credit rating requirement for Puerto Rico securities, which permit the Fund to continue to invest in Puerto Rico municipal securities that do not have an investment grade credit rating, under certain conditions, at the discretion of the Fund's Investment

Advisers. These temporary waivers may be renewed by the PROCFI for additional periods of time, should market conditions warrant, and upon written request by the Fund. It is the Fund's intention to re-comply with these requirements as soon as market conditions permit, but there is no assurance as to whether and when the Fund will be able to do so.

² Credit quality is as of June 30, 2015. The Fund's investment portfolio is actively managed, and its composition (including the portfolio statistics and characteristics) will vary over time. Credit quality percentages include only fixed income securities and vary over time, as new investment securities are acquired and the credit rating of any investment held by the Fund is reassessed. For purposes of determining compliance with the Fund's investment requirements, ratings are as of the time of purchase, using a Standard & Poor's equivalent ratings scale. Fitch, Moody's, and S&P have recently downgraded further the general obligation bonds ("GOs") of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, as well as the obligations of certain Commonwealth agencies and public corporations, including COFINA, on numerous occasions. On June 29, 2015, Fitch and S&P further downgraded the GOs and related debt ratings from "B" to "CC" and from "CCC+" to "CCC-," respectively. Moody's followed suit on July 1, 2015, downgrading the GOs and COFINA's senior bonds to "Caa3," and S&P further downgraded all of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico's tax-backed debt to "CC" on September 10, 2015. All such ratings carry a negative outlook. Moreover, on June 29, 2015, the Government of Puerto Rico presented a report entitled "Puerto Rico—A Way Forward" by consultants and former International Monetary Fund economists Krueger, Teja, and Wolfe, which identified a deteriorating cash flow position and very large out-year central government budget gaps that approach the size of current full year general fund revenues. The report projects a fiscal 2016 budget gap of \$3.7 billion, absent corrective action, which would rise to \$6.0 billion by 2018 and higher in subsequent years. The Government of Puerto Rico also announced that it would seek to negotiate with bondholders to defer and/or restructure its \$72 billion debt load and also designated the Working Group for the Fiscal and Economic Recovery of Puerto Rico, to provide a debt restructuring plan. Thereafter, on August 3, 2015, the Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation failed to make a required \$58 million payment on its debt, representing the first time a Puerto Rico agency defaulted on its debt. The Working Group released the Puerto Rico Fiscal and Economic Growth Plan on September 9, 2015, which

among other things, recommends restructuring all tax-backed debt, including GOs and COFINA sales tax debt. In this context, one could expect to see interruptions in cash flow on debt payments, in addition to more price volatility across Puerto Rico securities, as the results of many of the fiscal and budgetary measures adopted and to be adopted in the future by the Government of Puerto Rico are fully realized and such Plan or other debt restructuring is implemented. As a result of the foregoing, none of the bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico and its instrumentalities without credit enhancement currently carry an investment-grade credit rating. Inasmuch as the Fund invests a substantial portion of its assets in securities issued by the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, these recent rating downgrades will negatively impact the Fund's ability to maintain compliance with its maximum/minimum investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality. To the extent that such investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality are exceeded, Fund management may determine to continue to hold such lower-rated securities, provided any new investment proceeds are directed to acquire investment securities which satisfy the Fund's minimum credit rating requirements. In view of the fact that the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years and the subsequent credit rating downgrades of certain Puerto Rico bonds. Investors are encouraged to refer to current or more up-todate information regarding the Fund's portfolio holdings available at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds. Currently, the Fund's percentage investment in securities rated below investment-grade (below "BBB" rating) or which are unrated, amounted to 51.58% of the Fund's total portfolio, which exceeds the Fund's maximum investment threshold of 5% of its total assets invested in securities rated below investment-grade or which are unrated On January 2014, the Board of Directors approved the implementation of a share repurchase program for the acquisition of up to 25% of the Fund's total assets. The Repurchase Program is intended to enhance shareholder value by providing additional liquidity to Fund shareholders. For the guarter ended June 30, 2015, the Fund had renurchased 1,022,198 shares in the open market. with an NAV of \$3,263,342, at a cost of \$2,716,134. Since the program's inception, the Fund has repurchased 4,888,685 shares of common stock in the open market with an NAV of \$18,792,315 at a cost of \$16,912,904,

and which represent 17.68% of the total assets of the Fund (net of Shares acquired for dividend reinvestment purposes and which remain outstanding). As of June 30, 2015. Return figures were not calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended, which requires that investment returns for an individual retirement account ("IRA") he calculated in the manner provided therein. To the extent that an individual invests in the Fund through an IRA. his or her investment return figures will be less than those reported herein. when computed in accordance with Regulation 5766 and inasmuch as actual sales charges applicable to such IRA investments are taken into consideration. "Average Annual Total Return" figures reflect the percentage change in the market value, determined by calculating the average between the bid and ask prices, plus any income and capital gain dividends, and return of capital distributions, all such dividends and distributions reinvested as of the corresponding record date thereof, at the month-end NAV as of that date. In the case of "NAV Total Return," the Fund's NAV per Share is used, rather than the average between the bid and ask prices, to determine such total return, as applicable. "Rolling Period Annual Returns" measure the monthly movement in the average of the Annualized Average Market Return figures over a one-year, three-year, five-year, and ten-year period (as applicable), as it moves over a consecutive time series that begins on the Fund's inception date. Additionally, in the case of the Average Annual Total Return and Rolling Period Annual Return figures, commissions or sales charges payable in connection with a purchase or sale of Shares may vary with each brokerage institution. Total return figures are not representative of the performance of any individual investment, and taxes on capital gain distributions or income dividends, if any, have not been deducted. All calculations were performed by Thomson Reuters. based on certain financial data provided by this Fund and are annualized with the exception of year-to-date figures

- 4 A \$10,000 investment is hypothetical and is shown for illustrative
- 5 "IPO Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the initial public offering price. "Current Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the month-end bid price.
- ⁶ Percentages may not total 100% due to rounding.



UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico Funds Quarterly Review

Second Quarter 2015

Cada Fondo es una compañía de inversión no diversificada de fin cerrado inscrita bajo la Ley Número 6 de 19 de octubre de 1954, según enmendada. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo pueden solamente ser adquiridos por, o transferidos a, individuos que sean residentes de Puerto Rico y a entidades cuya oficina y localización de negocios principal estén localizados en Puerto Rico. El rendimiento, el valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y el precio en el mercado de las acciones de capital común del Fondo (en adelante, las "Acciones"), podrán fluctuar y se determinarán por factores como la demanda y oferta en el mercado de las Acciones y las condiciones económicas, políticas y del mercado en general, al igual que otros factores que están fuera del control de un Fondo. Las Acciones son negociadas al precio del mercado, el cual puede reflejar una prima o descuento del valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y no se puede dar representación alguna sobre su liquidez o el mercado para disponer de las mismas. A pesar de que es la intención de UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico (en adelante, "UBSFSPR") de continuar manteniendo un mercado secundario para las Acciones, no está obligada a continuar haciéndolo. De otra parte, puede que no exista otra fuente de información de precios para las Acciones u otros compradores para las Acciones que no sea UBSFSPR.

Riesgo de concentración geográfica: El Fondo está expuesto a ciertos riesgos debido a la diversificación geográfica reducida de su cartera de inversiones. Los activos del fondo están invertidos primariamente en valores de emisores de Puerto Rico. A consecuencia, el Fondo generalmente es más susceptible a factores económicos, políticos, regulatorios y otros que podrían afectar adversamente a emisores de Puerto Rico que otra compañía de inversión la cual no esté tan concentrada en emisores de Puerto Rico. En adición, valores emitidos por el Gobierno de Puerto Rico o sus instrumentalidades se afectan por las finanzas del gobierno central. Eso incluye, pero no se limita a. las obligaciones generales de Puerto Rico y los bonos de ingresos, contribuciones especiales o de agencias. El efecto en cada deuda específica podría no ser el mismo y depende de que parte del dinero del gobierno o sus ingresos se supone paque el interés de dicha deuda. En la medida que un porcentaje relativamente alto de los activos del Fondo pueden ser invertidos en obligaciones de un número limitado de emisores de Puerto Rico, el valor neto de activos y su rendimiento puede aumentar o disminuir más que él de una compañía de inversión más diversificada, como resultado de cambios en cuanto a la evaluación de la condición financiera o prospectos de dichos emisores de Puerto Rico. El Fondo también puede ser más susceptible a cualquier ocurrencia individual económica, política o regulatoria en Puerto Rico que una compañía de inversión más diversificada. En los pasados años, los bonos principales del Gobierno de Puerto Rico, al igual que valores emitidos por ciertas instituciones financieras de Puerto Rico han sido degradados por varios factores, incluyendo sin limitación, al empeoramiento experimentado por la economía de Puerto Rico y la condición financiera pobre del Gobierno de Puerto Rico. Al presente, el mercado de bonos de Puerto Rico está experimentando un periodo de mas volatilidad,

mas con los bonos de Puerto Rico traficando a precios más bajos y rendimientos más altos a los puntos de referencia de los pasados dos (2) años, y así afectando el valor neto de activos del Fondo.

Transacciones de cartera entre un Fondo y UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (en el caso de un Fondo comanejado con Banco Popular de Puerto Rico) y otras afiliadas son efectuadas conforme a ciertos procedimientos adoptados por la Junta de Directores de un Fondo con miras a atender posibles conflictos de interés

Divulgación de Mercado Secundario: Dado a que actualmente UBSFSPR es la fuente dominante, y podría ser la única fuente, de liquidez para la negociación de las Acciones en el mercado secundario, cabe la posibilidad que un inversionista no pueda vender sus Acciones en el mercado secundario o que solamente pueda venderlas a pérdida, si UBSFSPR cesara de facilitar un mercado secundario para la negociación de las Acciones. Por lo tanto, la habilidad de un inversionista para vender sus Acciones dependerá del interés de otros inversionistas que estén comprando Acciones o la disponibilidad de UBSFSPR de designar capital adicional para mantener Acciones en su inventario. UBSFSPR podrá, a su única discreción, comprometer capital adicional para mantener Acciones en inventario cuando así lo estime apropiado, dependiendo de las condiciones del mercado y otras consideraciones, e igualmente en otras ocasiones, podrá reducir la cantidad de capital comprometida para financiar dicho inventario de las Acciones. Por ejemplo, cuando UBSFSPR compra Acciones para su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrán permanecer a los niveles previamente cotizados o aumentar. Por otro lado, cuando UBSFSPR vende Acciones de su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrían reducirse. En situaciones en que UBSFSPR está vendiendo Acciones de su inventario, podría ofrecer vender dichas Acciones a precios más bajos que cualquier orden de venta pendiente que fue puesta sobre sus Acciones por cualquier inversionista. Cualquier decisión de UBSFSPR de aumentar o reducir su inventario será tomada a su única discreción y no son divulgadas al público.

Divulgación Contributiva sobre Acuerdos de Recompra: A pesar de que existe precedente contable que apoya el concepto que los acuerdos de recompra y recompra a la inversa sean considerados como préstamos con garantía colateral para propósitos contributivos en Puerto Rico, dicho precedente no es determinante en cuanto a las disposiciones contributivas aplicables a los acuerdos de recompra que normalmente el Fondo suscribe, que contienen disposiciones que conceden al comprador de los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos el derecho a vender, transferir, pignorar o hipotecar dichos valores. A pesar de que el Departamento de Hacienda de Puerto Rico (en adelante, "Hacienda") nunca se ha expresado sobre si estos tipos de acuerdos deben ser considerados como una transferencia de titularidad sobre los valores subyacentes, Hacienda podría adoptar dicha posición y que los tribunales de Puerto Rico estén de acuerdo con dicha posición. En dicho caso, el interés exento pagado sobre los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos podría considerarse

como ingreso no exento del pago de contribución para el vendedor de tales valores subyacentes. En la medida que el Fondo sea considerado el vendedor bajo el acuerdo de recompra correspondiente, los dividendos distribuidos sobre las Acciones que a su vez son derivados del ingreso del acuerdo de recompra correspondiente podría ser considerado como un dividendo suieto a tributación o ganancias de capital. Si tal dividendo fuera considerado como dividendo sujeto a tributación, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico podrían estar sujetos a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014) sobre el dividendo (o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y aquellos que sean inversionistas corporativos estarían sujetos a una máxima tasa efectiva de 5.85% (o 4.5% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014), debido a la deducción de 85% sobre dividendos recibidos, según dispuesto por el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico, multiplicando el 15% del dividendo por una tasa contributiva corporativa máxima de 39% para los dividendos distribuidos en o después del 1 de julio de 2014 y 30% para los dividendos distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014). Por otro lado, si tales dividendos fueran considerados como dividendos de ganancias de capital, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014 o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y los tenedores de las Acciones que tributa como corporaciones, estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 20% (tasa contributiva de 15% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014).

Cambios Recientes al Derecho Tributario de Puerto Rico: El 29 de mayo de 2015, el Gobernador de Puerto Rico promulgó la Ley 72-2015, la cual enmendó significativamente el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico de 2011, según enmendado (el "Código"). En lo relevante, el Código fue enmendado en cuanto a lo siguiente: (1) en el 2014, el Código se enmendó para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas por un individuo después del 30 de junio de 2014 que serían admitidas como deducción estaban limitadas a 90% de las ganancias de capital más el ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que fuere menor; la Ley 72-2015 restaura el lenguaje existente previo a la enmienda del 2014 para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas en un año contributivo serán admitidas como deducción hasta el monto de las ganancias de capital generadas durante dicho año contributivo, y que si las pérdidas exceden las ganancias de dicho año contributivo, el contribuyente podrá deducir dicho exceso hasta el monto del ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que sea menor; (2) en el caso de corporaciones, para años contributivos comenzados después del 31 de diciembre de 2014, las pérdidas de capital (incluyendo el arrastre de pérdidas de capital) serán admitidas como deducción hasta el 80% de las ganancias de capital; y (3) con relación a la transición del impuesto sobre ventas y uso ("IVU") al nuevo impuesto sobre valor añadido ("IVA") de 10.5%, que será efectivo a partir del 1 de abril de 2016, (i) la tasa

de IVU aplicable a los cargos bancarios impuestos sobre cuentas comerciales aumentó de 6.0% a 10.5%, efectivo el 1 de julio de 2015, y (ii) a partir del 1 de octubre de 2015 y hasta el 31 de marzo de 2016, un IVU de 4.0% será impuesto sobre, entre otros, servicios profesionales y otros servicios (con ciertas excepciones limitadas) prestados al Fondo. No obstante, los intereses y otros cargos por el uso del dinero y servicios prestados (que no sean cargos bancarios) por instituciones financieras, tales como los Fondos, continuarán excluidos de la imposición del IVU y tampoco serán tributables para propósitos del IVA.

Aviso Legal

Rendimientos anteriores no son garantía de resultados futuros similares. Los rendimientos actuales podrían ser más bajos o más altos que el rendimiento aquí citado. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo están sujetos a riesgo de mercado, incluyendo la pérdida del principal invertido. Este documento no es una oferta de compra ni una solicitud de una oferta de compra para cualquier inversión en un Fondo y es para propósitos informativos solamente. Las inversiones en un Fondo están diseñadas principalmente y son adecuadas para inversionistas a largo plazo y no deben ser consideradas como un vehículo para fines de negociación. Estas inversiones puede que no sean adecuadas para cualquier inversionista. Una inversión en un Fondo no es equivalente a una inversión en los valores subvacentes en los cuales un Fondo invierte. El uso de apalancamiento por un Fondo representa ciertos riesgos a los inversionistas en éste, y en ciertos casos, las fluctuaciones en las tasas de intereses podrían aumentar la volatilidad en su rendimiento y afectar a un Fondo a mayor grado que a una compañía de inversión no apalancada. Información más detallada en cuanto a un Fondo, incluvendo los cargos, gastos y penalidades aplicables, objetivo(s) y políticas de inversión, factores de riesgo y el efecto de apalancamiento, se incluye en la documentación de oferta del Fondo, el cual usted debe leer cuidadosamente antes de hacer **una inversión.** Para obtener más información en cuanto a un Fondo (incluyendo los rendimientos de inversión calculados conforme el Reglamento 5766 de 11 de marzo de 1998, según enmendado) o una copia del prospecto para la oferta de las Acciones o los informes anuales del Fondo, favor de contactar a la familia de fondos UBS Puerto Rico o Puerto Rico Investors al 787-773-3888 ó 787-751-5452, respectivamente. Para obtener más información en cuanto a los rendimientos del Fondo de fin de mes o información más actualizada, por favor contactar a su Asesor Financiero en UBSFSPR o verifique los comunicados de prensa ("press releases") en http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Glossary of fund terms

transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price and age of pending customer orders.

- Average Duration: a time measure of a bond's interest-rate sensitivity, based on the weighted average of the time periods over which a bond's cash flow accrue to the bondholder. Time periods are weighted by multiplying by the present value of its cash flow divided by the bond's price. (A bond's cash flow consist of coupon payments and repayment of capital.) A bond's duration will almost always be shorter than its maturity, with the exception of zero-coupon bonds, for which maturity and duration are equal.
- Bid Price: generally refers to the highest price a buyer is willing to pay at a particular time for a unit of a given security. UBSFSPR publishes two types of bid prices for the Shares: firm or indicative. A firm bid is provided when UBSFSPR has the risk capacity and/or appetite at the particular time to purchase a specified number of Shares. An investor can sell to UBSFSPR at the firm bid price up to the specified number of Shares at a particular time. On the other hand, an indicative bid is provided for informational purposes only when UBSFSPR does not have the risk capacity and/or appetite at a particular time to purchase Shares. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for the Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price, and age of pending customer orders, and may be higher (in which case the price is at a premium) or lower (in which case
- the price is at a discount) than the NAV of the Fund. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR may also be affected by its willingness to hold additional inventory of the Shares or by its need to sell its inventory of Shares. Depending on market liquidity conditions. orders to buy or sell at the quoted price may not receive immediate execution, and an investor may not be able to sell its Shares at the price quoted by UBSFSPR. Moreover, the proceeds an investor receives on a sale of Shares may be lower than the bid price due to discounts, markdowns, and other charges. Since inception, the Shares have historically traded at prices which reflect a premium to their respective NAV per Share, though on certain limited instances, they have traded at prices which reflect a discount to their respective NAV per Share. However, there is no assurance that the Shares will continue to trade at prices which reflect such a premium. The Fund is presently experiencing liquidity issues. As a result, the bid price is for a limited number of shares, and it may not be possible for sellers to obtain the current bid price.
- Credit Quality: a measure of the likelihood that a financial obligation will not be honored provided by one or more of the rating agencies. Rating agencies assign classifications to their ratings, with "AAA" being the highest and "D" being the lowest for Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"). The Fund may use other ratings and adjust them for use in this scale.
- Effective Duration: a calculation of duration that takes into account the embedded options in the securities of a portfolio and their expected changes in the cash flow of a portfolio caused by those options.

- Expense Ratio: The percentage of the Fund's average net assets attributable to holders of the Shares and which is used to pay operating expenses and takes into account investment management fees, administration fees, and other operating expenses such as legal, audit, insurance, and shareholder communications.
- Hedge Notional: refers to the total net face value, reflecting any offsetting positions, of derivative instruments employed in hedging strategies of the Fund.
- Hedge Ratio: ratio of the Fund's hedge notional amount to its total dollar amount of leverage as of the end of a calendar quarter, assuming the Fund is fully invested at quarter-end. The Fund's investment adviser may, at its discretion, use a variety of derivative instruments including securities options, financial futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and other interest rate protection transactions such as swap agreements, to attempt to hedge its portfolio of assets and seek to enhance its return. There can be no assurance that any particular hedging strategy used will succeed.
- Leverage: the Fund may issue preferred stock or debt, enter into repurchase agreements, or borrow money, in order to increase the amounts available for investment ("leverage"). This gives the Fund's investment adviser, in the fixed income area in particular, the opportunity to enhance yield. The use of leverage increases the likelihood of price volatility and market risk for the Shares. There is also the risk that the cost of funding leverage will exceed the earnings on the related investments, which will have the likely effect of reducing the Fund's yield and the value of its investments.

- Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration: effective duration adjusted for the impact of the Fund's utilization of leverage. A Fund that utilizes leverage will have a leverage-adjusted effective duration that is longer than its effective duration.
- Maturity: date on which the face value of a security/bond must be repaid. It measures the average length to maturity in years of all the bonds in the Fund's portfolio. For mortgagebacked securities, the maturity takes into account the prepayment of the underlying mortgages.
- NAV: Net Asset Value. On a per-Share basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities and dividing such result by the Shares outstanding. On an aggregate, Fund basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities.
- Undistributed Income: the Fund's net income that has not been distributed to holders of its Shares as of the latest available audited financial statements. In the case of a target maturity-type investment company (which is liquidated on or by a specific date), it also includes the amounts to be distributed on or by the liquidation date as the return of the initial investment.

For a definition of other terms, please see the Shares' prospectus.



Puerto Rico Investors Tax-Free Fund III, Inc.

Investment Objectives and Policies

Seeks high level of current income that, for Puerto Rico residents, is exempt from both U.S. Federal and Puerto Rico income taxes, consistent with the preservation of capital, by investing:

- up to 33% of its total assets in, among other things, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, its agencies, and instrumentalities
- at least 67% of its total assets in Puerto Rico obligations (as described in the Prospectus)¹
- at least 95% of total assets in investment-grade securities1,2
- may issue leverage representing up to 50% of total assets¹

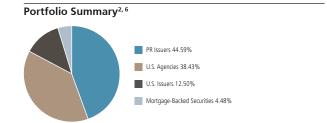
Pricing and Distribution History²

Initial Public Offering (IPO)	\$10.00
52-week Bid Low/High	\$2.74/\$3.95
YTD NAV Change	-\$1.03
YTD Bid Price Change	-\$1.05
IPO Yield ⁵	4.70%
Current Yield ⁵	17.15%
Last Dividend Paid	\$0.0392
Last 12 Month Dividend	\$0.482

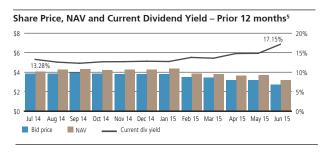
Portfolio Statistics and Characteristics²

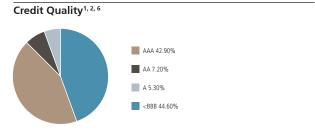
Commencement Shares Outstanding (mm) Bid Price Net Asset Value (NAV) Bid Price to NAV Ratio	Sep-95 11.40 \$2.74 \$3.21 85.36%	Fiscal Year Weighted Avg. Coupon Average Maturity (yrs) Average Duration (yrs) Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration (yrs)	31-Aug 4.94% 20.21 10.81 18.87
Net Assets (mm) Leverage (mm) Undistributed Income (mm) Expense Ratio	\$36.56 \$33.30 \$3.56 1.64%		47.30%¹ 0.52% \$0.00 0%

See Portfolio Holdings, Portfolio Managers, Special Considerations, Disclaimers, Glossary of Fund Terms, and Footnotes on reverse.













Portfolio Holdings^{2, 6}

PR Obligations		U.S. Obligations	
Mortgage-Backed Sec GNMA, FNMA, FG	LMC	Federal Home Loan Bank	31.49%
CMO	4.48%	Federal Farm Credit	
AFICA		Bank	3.79%
Palmas del Mar	4.35%	Fannie Mae Note	3.15%
PR Sales Tax Financing	,	Build America Bonds	7.20%
Employees Retiremen		U.S. Municipals	5.30%
System PR Obligations	9.84% 49.07%	U.S. Obligations	50.93%

Portfolio Managers

Leslie Highley, Jr.

Portfolio Manager since inception UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico

Javier Rubio

Portfolio Manager since 1996 Popular Asset Management

*Special Considerations

The Fund is a non-diversified, closed-end management investment company registered under the Puerto Rico Investment Companies Act of 1954, as amended. Securities issued by the Fund may be purchased or otherwise transferred only to individuals who are residents of Puerto Rico and to entities whose principal office and principal place of business are located in Puerto Rico. The Fund's yield and net asset value and the market price of the Fund's shares of Common Stock (the "Shares") may fluctuate and will be determined by such factors as relative demand for and supply of the Shares in the market, as well as general market, political and economic conditions and other factors beyond the control of the Fund. The Shares trade at market price, which may be at a discount or premium to NAV, and no assurance can be given as to their liquidity or trading market. While it is the intention of UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico ("UBSFSPR") to continue to maintain a secondary market for the Shares, it is not obligated to continue to do so. Moreover, there may be no other source of price information for the Shares or other purchasers of the Shares other than LIBSESPR

Geographic Concentration Risk. The Fund is exposed to certain risks resulting from the reduced geographic diversification of its portfolio. The Fund's assets are invested primarily in securities of Puerto Rico issuers. Consequently, the Fund in general is more susceptible to economic, political, regulatory or other factors adversely affecting issuers in Puerto Rico than an investment company that is not so concentrated in Puerto Rico issuers. In addition, securities issued by the Government of Puerto Rico or its instrumentalities are affected by the central government's finances. That includes, but is not limited to, general obligations of Puerto Rico and revenue bonds, special tax bonds, or agency bonds. The effect on each specific debt may not be the same; it depends on exactly what part of the government's money or revenue is supposed to pay the interest thereon. Inasmuch as a relatively high percentage of the Fund's assets may be invested in obligations of a limited number of Puerto Rico issuers, the Fund's net asset value and its yield may increase or decrease more than that of a more diversified investment company as a result of changes in the market's assessment of the financial condition and prospects of such Puerto Rico issuers. The Fund may also be more susceptible to any single economic, political, or regulatory occurrence in Puerto Rico than a more widely diversified investment company. Over the past years, the principal Puerto Rico Government bonds as well as the securities issued by several

Puerto Rico financial institutions have been downgraded as a result of several factors, including without limitation, the downturn experienced by the Puerto Rico economy and the strained financial condition of the Government of Puerto Rico. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years, thereby affecting the Fund's net asset value.

Portfolio transactions between the Fund and UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (in the case of a co-managed Fund with Banco Popular de Puerto Rico), and other affiliates, are conducted in accordance with procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Directors in an effort to address potential conflicts of interest

Secondary Market Disclosure: Given UBSFSPR is currently the dominant, and may be the sole source of secondary market liquidity for the Shares, an investor may not be able to sell its Shares or may only be able to sell them at a loss, if UBSFSPR were to cease to facilitate such secondary market for the Shares. Accordingly, an investor's ability to sell its Shares will depend on the interest of other investors buying Shares, or UBSFSPR's willingness to commit additional capital to holding Shares in inventory. UBSFSPR may, in its sole discretion, commit additional capital to hold Shares in inventory when it deems it appropriate to do so, given market conditions or other considerations, and similarly may reduce the amount of capital committed to fund such inventory of Shares at other times. For example, when UBSFSPR purchases Shares and holds them in its inventory. quoted prices may remain at the previously quoted levels or increase. Conversely, when UBSFSPR sells Shares from its inventory, the quoted prices may decrease. In situations where UBSFSPR is selling Shares from its inventory, it may offer to sell its Shares at prices that are lower than pending sell orders that were placed by investors in the Shares. Decisions by UBSFSPR to increase or decrease inventory are made at its sole discretion and are not generally disclosed.

Repurchase Agreement Tax Disclosure: While there is authority generally supporting the treatment of repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements as collateralized loans for Puerto Rico income tax purposes, that authority does not specifically address the tax treatment of the repurchase agreements that the Fund typically enters into, which contain provisions that grant the buyer the right to sell, transfer, pledge, or hypothecate the securities that are the object of such agreements.

Although the Puerto Rico Treasury Department ("PR Treasury") has never pronounced itself as to whether this type of arrangement should be viewed as a transfer of ownership of the underlying securities, it is possible that the PR Treasury could take that position in the future and that Puerto Rico courts would agree with that view. In such event, the tax exempt interest paid on such underlying securities could be deemed not to constitute tax exempt income for the seller of such securities; to the extent that the Fund was such seller, the dividends distributed on its Shares from such income could be treated either as taxable dividends or capital gain dividends. If such dividends were treated as taxable dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts could be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income for dividends distributed before July 15. 2014) on the dividend (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and those which are corporate investors would be subject to a maximum effective income tax rate of 5.85% (or 4.5% for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014), (due to the 85% dividend received deduction of the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, 15% of the dividend multiplied by a 39% maximum corporate income tax rate for dividends distributed on or after July 1, 2014 and 30% for dividends distributed before July 1, 2014). On the other hand, if such dividends were treated as capital gains dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts would be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014) (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and holders of the Shares which are taxed as corporations would be subject to a 20% income tax (15% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014).

Recent changes in the Puerto Rico tax law: Act No. 72-2015, enacted on May 29, 2015, introduced significant changes to the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code of 2011, as amended ("Code").

In relevant part, the Code was amended as to the following: (1) the Code was amended in 2014 to provide that the amount of a capital loss incurred by an individual after June 30, 2014 that may be claimed as a deduction is limited to 90% of capital gains plus the individual's net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; Act No. 72-2015 reinstates the pre-2014 amendment rules, to provide that capital losses derived in a taxable year may be deducted against capital gains generated in the taxable year and that if the capital losses exceed capital gains, the amount of the excess that may be claimed as a deduction is an amount equal to the individual's

net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; (2) in the case of corporations, for taxable years beginning after December 31st, 2014, capital losses (including capital loss carryovers) may only offset up to 80% of a corporate taxpayer's capital gains; and (3) in connection with the transition from a sales and use tax ("SUT") to a 10.5% value added tax ("VAT"), which would become effective on April 1, 2016, (i) the SUT rate applicable to bank charges on commercial accounts increased from 6.0% to 10.5%, effective July 1, 2015; and (ii) a 4% SUT will be imposed, beginning on October 1, 2015 and through March 31, 2016, on, among others, professional and other services (with limited exceptions) rendered to the Fund. Note, however, that interest and other charges for the use money and charges for services (other than bank charges) provided by financial institutions, such as the Funds, will continue to be excluded from the SUT and will not be subject to the VAT.

Legal Disclaimer

Past performance does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Securities issued by the Fund are subject to market risk, including the loss of principal amounts invested. This document is not an offer to sell, or the solicitation of an offer to buy any investment in the Fund, and is for informational purposes only. Fund investments are designed primarily and suitable for long-term investors and not viewed as a vehicle for trading purposes. They may not be suitable to all investors. Fund investments are not equivalent to investments in its underlying securities. The Fund's utilization of leverage poses certain risks to investors, and in some cases, interest rate fluctuations may increase the volatility of its return and affect the Fund to a significantly greater extent than a non-leveraged investment company. More detailed information about the Fund, including applicable fees, costs, penalties, investment objectives and policies, risk factors, and the effects of leverage, is further described in the Share's prospectus, which you should read carefully prior to making an investment. To obtain additional information related to the Fund (including investment returns calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended) or a copy of the Shares' prospectus or Fund's annual report, please contact the Puerto Rico Investors Family of Funds at 787-751-5452. To obtain the Fund's month-end performance or more up-to-date information, please contact your UBS Financial Advisor or see "press releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Footnotes:

Generally, the Fund must invest at least 67% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage) and cash, including cash equivalents, but excluding non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market). in Puerto Rico securities. Additionally, the Fund may issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage, representing not more than 50% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage), cash (including cash equivalents), and non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap markedto-market), immediately after the issuance of any such preferred stock, or other debt securities. Moreover, the Fund may not issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage unless the value of its total assets less all its liabilities and indebtedness, other than the preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage being issued or already outstanding, is at least equal to 200% of the total aggregate liquidation preference/principal amount of all its outstanding preferred stock (not including any accumulated dividends or other distributions), debt securities, and other forms of leverage. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years. In view of these volatile market conditions, the Puerto Rico Office of the Commissioner of Financial Institutions (the "PROCFI") has granted to the Fund a temporary regulatory waiver from the Funds' investment requirement in Puerto Rico. securities of at least 70% of the Fund's total assets and leverage limitation of 50% of its total assets and 200% asset coverage requirement described above, through January 31, 2016. Based on the representations and opinion of the Fund's Investment Advisers and consistent with the Fund's investment objective. the PROCFI has also granted no-objection relief with respect to the Fund's investment-grade credit rating requirement for Puerto Rico securities, which permit the Fund to continue to invest in Puerto Rico municipal securities that do not have an investment grade credit rating, under certain conditions, at the discretion of the Fund's Investment Advisers. These temporary waivers

may be renewed by the PROCFI for additional periods of time, should market conditions warrant, and upon written request by the Fund. It is the Fund's intention to re-comply with these requirements as soon as market conditions permit, but there is no assurance as to whether and when the Fund will be able to do so.

Credit quality is as of June 30, 2015. The Fund's investment portfolio is actively managed, and its composition (including the portfolio statistics and characteristics) will vary over time. Credit quality percentages include only fixed income securities and vary over time, as new investment securities are acquired and the credit rating of any investment held by the Fund is reassessed. For purposes of determining compliance with the Fund's investment requirements, ratings are as of the time of purchase, using a Standard & Poor's equivalent ratings scale. Fitch, Moody's, and S&P have recently downgraded further the general obligation bonds ("GOs") of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, as well as the obligations of certain Commonwealth agencies and public corporations, including COFINA, on numerous occasions. On June 29, 2015, Fitch and S&P further downgraded the GOs and related debt ratings from "B" to "CC" and from "CCC+" to "CCC-," respectively. Moody's followed suit on July 1, 2015, downgrading the GOs and COFINA's senior bonds to "Caa3," and S&P further downgraded all of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico's tax-backed debt to "CC" on September 10, 2015. All such ratings carry a negative outlook. Moreover, on June 29, 2015, the Government of Puerto Rico presented a report entitled "Puerto Rico—A Way Forward" by consultants and former International Monetary Fund economists Krueger, Teja, and Wolfe, which identified a deteriorating cash flow position and very large out-year central government budget gaps that approach the size of current full year general fund revenues. The report projects a fiscal 2016 budget gap of \$3.7 billion, absent corrective action, which would rise to \$6.0 billion by 2018 and higher in subsequent years. The Government of Puerto Rico also announced that it would seek to negotiate with bondholders to defer and/or restructure its \$72 billion debt load and also designated the Working Group for the Fiscal and Economic Recovery of Puerto Rico, to provide a debt restructuring plan. Thereafter, on August 3, 2015, the Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation failed to make a required \$58 million payment on its debt, representing the first time a Puerto Rico agency defaulted on its debt. The Working Group released the Puerto Rico Fiscal and Economic Growth Plan on September 9, 2015, which among other things, recommends restructuring all tax-backed debt,

including GOs and COFINA sales tax debt. In this context, one could expect to see interruptions in cash flow on debt payments, in addition to more price volatility across Puerto Rico securities, as the results of many of the fiscal and budgetary measures adopted and to be adopted in the future by the Government of Puerto Rico are fully realized and such Plan or other debt restructuring is implemented. As a result of the foregoing, none of the bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico and its instrumentalities without credit enhancement currently carry an investment-grade credit rating. Inasmuch as the Fund invests a substantial portion of its assets in securities issued by the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, these recent rating downgrades will negatively impact the Fund's ability to maintain compliance with its maximum/minimum investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality. To the extent that such investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality are exceeded. Fund management may determine to continue to hold such lower-rated securities, provided any new investment proceeds are directed to acquire investment securities which satisfy the Fund's minimum credit rating requirements. In view of the fact that the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years and the subsequent credit rating downgrades of certain Puerto Rico bonds. Investors are encouraged to refer to current or more up-to-date information regarding the Fund's portfolio holdings available at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds. Currently, the Fund's percentage investment in securities rated below investment-grade (below "BBB" rating) or which are unrated, amounted to 44.60% of the Fund's total portfolio, which exceeds the Fund's maximum investment threshold of 5% of its total assets invested in securities rated below investment-grade or

On January 2014, the Board of Directors approved the implementation of a share repurchase program for the acquisition of up to 25% of the Fund's total assets. The Repurchase Program is intended to enhance shareholder value by providing additional liquidity to Fund shareholders. For the quarter ended June 30, 2015, the Fund had repurchased 1,404,227 shares in the open market with an NAV of \$5,011,798, at a cost of \$4,262,526. Since the program's inception, the Fund has repurchased 5,324,792 shares of common stock in the open market with an NAV of \$52,2459,197, at a cost of \$20,210,601.

and which represent 16.47% of the total assets of the Fund (net of Shares acquired for dividend reinvestment purposes and which remain outstanding).

- As of June 30, 2015. Return figures were not calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended, which requires that investment returns for an individual retirement account ("IRA") be calculated in the manner provided therein. To the extent that an individual invests in the Fund through an IRA. his or her investment return figures will be less than those reported herein. when computed in accordance with Regulation 5766 and inasmuch as actual sales charges applicable to such IRA investments are taken into consideration. "Average Annual Total Return" figures reflect the percentage change in the market value, determined by calculating the average between the bid and ask prices, plus any income and capital gain dividends, and return of capital distributions, all such dividends and distributions reinvested as of the corresponding record date thereof, at the month-end NAV as of that date. In the case of "NAV Total Return," the Fund's NAV per Share is used, rather than the average between the bid and ask prices, to determine such total return, as applicable. "Rolling Period Annual Returns" measure the monthly movement in the average of the Annualized Average Market Return figures over a one-year, three-year, five-year, and ten-year period (as applicable), as it moves over a consecutive time series that begins on the Fund's inception date. Additionally, in the case of the Average Annual Total Return and Rolling Period Annual Return figures, commissions or sales charges payable in connection with a purchase or sale of Shares may vary with each brokerage institution. Total return figures are not representative of the performance of any individual investment, and taxes on capital gain distributions or income dividends, if any, have not been deducted. All calculations were performed by Thomson Reuters, based on certain financial data provided by this Fund and are annualized with the exception of year-to-date figures.
- 4 A \$10,000 investment is hypothetical and is shown for illustrative purposes only
- 5 "IPO Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the initial public offering price. "Current Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the month-end bid price.
- 6 Percentages may not total 100% due to rounding.



UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico Funds Quarterly Review

Second Quarter 2015

Cada Fondo es una compañía de inversión no diversificada de fin cerrado inscrita bajo la Ley Número 6 de 19 de octubre de 1954, según enmendada. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo pueden solamente ser adquiridos por, o transferidos a, individuos que sean residentes de Puerto Rico y a entidades cuya oficina y localización de negocios principal estén localizados en Puerto Rico. El rendimiento, el valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y el precio en el mercado de las acciones de capital común del Fondo (en adelante, las "Acciones"), podrán fluctuar y se determinarán por factores como la demanda y oferta en el mercado de las Acciones y las condiciones económicas, políticas y del mercado en general, al igual que otros factores que están fuera del control de un Fondo. Las Acciones son negociadas al precio del mercado, el cual puede reflejar una prima o descuento del valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y no se puede dar representación alguna sobre su liquidez o el mercado para disponer de las mismas. A pesar de que es la intención de UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico (en adelante, "UBSFSPR") de continuar manteniendo un mercado secundario para las Acciones, no está obligada a continuar haciéndolo. De otra parte, puede que no exista otra fuente de información de precios para las Acciones u otros compradores para las Acciones que no sea UBSFSPR.

Riesgo de concentración geográfica: El Fondo está expuesto a ciertos riesgos debido a la diversificación geográfica reducida de su cartera de inversiones. Los activos del fondo están invertidos primariamente en valores de emisores de Puerto Rico. A consecuencia, el Fondo generalmente es más susceptible a factores económicos, políticos, regulatorios y otros que podrían afectar adversamente a emisores de Puerto Rico que otra compañía de inversión la cual no esté tan concentrada en emisores de Puerto Rico. En adición, valores emitidos por el Gobierno de Puerto Rico o sus instrumentalidades se afectan por las finanzas del gobierno central. Eso incluye, pero no se limita a. las obligaciones generales de Puerto Rico y los bonos de ingresos, contribuciones especiales o de agencias. El efecto en cada deuda específica podría no ser el mismo y depende de que parte del dinero del gobierno o sus ingresos se supone paque el interés de dicha deuda. En la medida que un porcentaje relativamente alto de los activos del Fondo pueden ser invertidos en obligaciones de un número limitado de emisores de Puerto Rico, el valor neto de activos y su rendimiento puede aumentar o disminuir más que él de una compañía de inversión más diversificada, como resultado de cambios en cuanto a la evaluación de la condición financiera o prospectos de dichos emisores de Puerto Rico. El Fondo también puede ser más susceptible a cualquier ocurrencia individual económica, política o regulatoria en Puerto Rico que una compañía de inversión más diversificada. En los pasados años, los bonos principales del Gobierno de Puerto Rico, al igual que valores emitidos por ciertas instituciones financieras de Puerto Rico han sido degradados por varios factores, incluyendo sin limitación, al empeoramiento experimentado por la economía de Puerto Rico y la condición financiera pobre del Gobierno de Puerto Rico. Al presente, el mercado de bonos de Puerto Rico está experimentando un periodo de mas volatilidad,

mas con los bonos de Puerto Rico traficando a precios más bajos y rendimientos más altos a los puntos de referencia de los pasados dos (2) años, y así afectando el valor neto de activos del Fondo.

Transacciones de cartera entre un Fondo y UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (en el caso de un Fondo comanejado con Banco Popular de Puerto Rico) y otras afiliadas son efectuadas conforme a ciertos procedimientos adoptados por la Junta de Directores de un Fondo con miras a atender posibles conflictos de interés

Divulgación de Mercado Secundario: Dado a que actualmente UBSFSPR es la fuente dominante, y podría ser la única fuente, de liquidez para la negociación de las Acciones en el mercado secundario, cabe la posibilidad que un inversionista no pueda vender sus Acciones en el mercado secundario o que solamente pueda venderlas a pérdida, si UBSFSPR cesara de facilitar un mercado secundario para la negociación de las Acciones. Por lo tanto, la habilidad de un inversionista para vender sus Acciones dependerá del interés de otros inversionistas que estén comprando Acciones o la disponibilidad de UBSFSPR de designar capital adicional para mantener Acciones en su inventario. UBSFSPR podrá, a su única discreción, comprometer capital adicional para mantener Acciones en inventario cuando así lo estime apropiado, dependiendo de las condiciones del mercado y otras consideraciones, e igualmente en otras ocasiones, podrá reducir la cantidad de capital comprometida para financiar dicho inventario de las Acciones. Por ejemplo, cuando UBSFSPR compra Acciones para su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrán permanecer a los niveles previamente cotizados o aumentar. Por otro lado, cuando UBSFSPR vende Acciones de su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrían reducirse. En situaciones en que UBSFSPR está vendiendo Acciones de su inventario, podría ofrecer vender dichas Acciones a precios más bajos que cualquier orden de venta pendiente que fue puesta sobre sus Acciones por cualquier inversionista. Cualquier decisión de UBSFSPR de aumentar o reducir su inventario será tomada a su única discreción y no son divulgadas al público.

Divulgación Contributiva sobre Acuerdos de Recompra: A pesar de que existe precedente contable que apoya el concepto que los acuerdos de recompra y recompra a la inversa sean considerados como préstamos con garantía colateral para propósitos contributivos en Puerto Rico, dicho precedente no es determinante en cuanto a las disposiciones contributivas aplicables a los acuerdos de recompra que normalmente el Fondo suscribe, que contienen disposiciones que conceden al comprador de los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos el derecho a vender, transferir, pignorar o hipotecar dichos valores. A pesar de que el Departamento de Hacienda de Puerto Rico (en adelante, "Hacienda") nunca se ha expresado sobre si estos tipos de acuerdos deben ser considerados como una transferencia de titularidad sobre los valores subyacentes, Hacienda podría adoptar dicha posición y que los tribunales de Puerto Rico estén de acuerdo con dicha posición. En dicho caso, el interés exento pagado sobre los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos podría considerarse

como ingreso no exento del pago de contribución para el vendedor de tales valores subyacentes. En la medida que el Fondo sea considerado el vendedor bajo el acuerdo de recompra correspondiente, los dividendos distribuidos sobre las Acciones que a su vez son derivados del ingreso del acuerdo de recompra correspondiente podría ser considerado como un dividendo suieto a tributación o ganancias de capital. Si tal dividendo fuera considerado como dividendo sujeto a tributación, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico podrían estar sujetos a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014) sobre el dividendo (o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y aquellos que sean inversionistas corporativos estarían sujetos a una máxima tasa efectiva de 5.85% (o 4.5% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014), debido a la deducción de 85% sobre dividendos recibidos, según dispuesto por el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico, multiplicando el 15% del dividendo por una tasa contributiva corporativa máxima de 39% para los dividendos distribuidos en o después del 1 de julio de 2014 y 30% para los dividendos distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014). Por otro lado, si tales dividendos fueran considerados como dividendos de ganancias de capital, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014 o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y los tenedores de las Acciones que tributa como corporaciones, estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 20% (tasa contributiva de 15% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014).

Cambios Recientes al Derecho Tributario de Puerto Rico: El 29 de mayo de 2015, el Gobernador de Puerto Rico promulgó la Ley 72-2015, la cual enmendó significativamente el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico de 2011, según enmendado (el "Código"). En lo relevante, el Código fue enmendado en cuanto a lo siguiente: (1) en el 2014, el Código se enmendó para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas por un individuo después del 30 de junio de 2014 que serían admitidas como deducción estaban limitadas a 90% de las ganancias de capital más el ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que fuere menor; la Ley 72-2015 restaura el lenguaje existente previo a la enmienda del 2014 para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas en un año contributivo serán admitidas como deducción hasta el monto de las ganancias de capital generadas durante dicho año contributivo, y que si las pérdidas exceden las ganancias de dicho año contributivo, el contribuyente podrá deducir dicho exceso hasta el monto del ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que sea menor; (2) en el caso de corporaciones, para años contributivos comenzados después del 31 de diciembre de 2014, las pérdidas de capital (incluyendo el arrastre de pérdidas de capital) serán admitidas como deducción hasta el 80% de las ganancias de capital; y (3) con relación a la transición del impuesto sobre ventas y uso ("IVU") al nuevo impuesto sobre valor añadido ("IVA") de 10.5%, que será efectivo a partir del 1 de abril de 2016, (i) la tasa

de IVU aplicable a los cargos bancarios impuestos sobre cuentas comerciales aumentó de 6.0% a 10.5%, efectivo el 1 de julio de 2015, y (ii) a partir del 1 de octubre de 2015 y hasta el 31 de marzo de 2016, un IVU de 4.0% será impuesto sobre, entre otros, servicios profesionales y otros servicios (con ciertas excepciones limitadas) prestados al Fondo. No obstante, los intereses y otros cargos por el uso del dinero y servicios prestados (que no sean cargos bancarios) por instituciones financieras, tales como los Fondos, continuarán excluidos de la imposición del IVU y tampoco serán tributables para propósitos del IVA.

Aviso Legal

Rendimientos anteriores no son garantía de resultados futuros similares. Los rendimientos actuales podrían ser más bajos o más altos que el rendimiento aquí citado. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo están sujetos a riesgo de mercado, incluyendo la pérdida del principal invertido. Este documento no es una oferta de compra ni una solicitud de una oferta de compra para cualquier inversión en un Fondo y es para propósitos informativos solamente. Las inversiones en un Fondo están diseñadas principalmente y son adecuadas para inversionistas a largo plazo y no deben ser consideradas como un vehículo para fines de negociación. Estas inversiones puede que no sean adecuadas para cualquier inversionista. Una inversión en un Fondo no es equivalente a una inversión en los valores subvacentes en los cuales un Fondo invierte. El uso de apalancamiento por un Fondo representa ciertos riesgos a los inversionistas en éste, y en ciertos casos, las fluctuaciones en las tasas de intereses podrían aumentar la volatilidad en su rendimiento y afectar a un Fondo a mayor grado que a una compañía de inversión no apalancada. Información más detallada en cuanto a un Fondo, incluvendo los cargos, gastos y penalidades aplicables, objetivo(s) y políticas de inversión, factores de riesgo y el efecto de apalancamiento, se incluye en la documentación de oferta del Fondo, el cual usted debe leer cuidadosamente antes de hacer **una inversión.** Para obtener más información en cuanto a un Fondo (incluyendo los rendimientos de inversión calculados conforme el Reglamento 5766 de 11 de marzo de 1998, según enmendado) o una copia del prospecto para la oferta de las Acciones o los informes anuales del Fondo, favor de contactar a la familia de fondos UBS Puerto Rico o Puerto Rico Investors al 787-773-3888 ó 787-751-5452, respectivamente. Para obtener más información en cuanto a los rendimientos del Fondo de fin de mes o información más actualizada, por favor contactar a su Asesor Financiero en UBSFSPR o verifique los comunicados de prensa ("press releases") en http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Glossary of fund terms

transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price and age of pending customer orders.

- Average Duration: a time measure of a bond's interest-rate sensitivity, based on the weighted average of the time periods over which a bond's cash flow accrue to the bondholder. Time periods are weighted by multiplying by the present value of its cash flow divided by the bond's price. (A bond's cash flow consist of coupon payments and repayment of capital.) A bond's duration will almost always be shorter than its maturity, with the exception of zero-coupon bonds, for which maturity and duration are equal.
- Bid Price: generally refers to the highest price a buyer is willing to pay at a particular time for a unit of a given security. UBSFSPR publishes two types of bid prices for the Shares: firm or indicative. A firm bid is provided when UBSFSPR has the risk capacity and/or appetite at the particular time to purchase a specified number of Shares. An investor can sell to UBSFSPR at the firm bid price up to the specified number of Shares at a particular time. On the other hand, an indicative bid is provided for informational purposes only when UBSFSPR does not have the risk capacity and/or appetite at a particular time to purchase Shares. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for the Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price, and age of pending customer orders, and may be higher (in which case the price is at a premium) or lower (in which case
- the price is at a discount) than the NAV of the Fund. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR may also be affected by its willingness to hold additional inventory of the Shares or by its need to sell its inventory of Shares. Depending on market liquidity conditions. orders to buy or sell at the quoted price may not receive immediate execution, and an investor may not be able to sell its Shares at the price quoted by UBSFSPR. Moreover, the proceeds an investor receives on a sale of Shares may be lower than the bid price due to discounts, markdowns, and other charges. Since inception, the Shares have historically traded at prices which reflect a premium to their respective NAV per Share, though on certain limited instances, they have traded at prices which reflect a discount to their respective NAV per Share. However, there is no assurance that the Shares will continue to trade at prices which reflect such a premium. The Fund is presently experiencing liquidity issues. As a result, the bid price is for a limited number of shares, and it may not be possible for sellers to obtain the current bid price.
- Credit Quality: a measure of the likelihood that a financial obligation will not be honored provided by one or more of the rating agencies. Rating agencies assign classifications to their ratings, with "AAA" being the highest and "D" being the lowest for Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"). The Fund may use other ratings and adjust them for use in this scale.
- Effective Duration: a calculation of duration that takes into account the embedded options in the securities of a portfolio and their expected changes in the cash flow of a portfolio caused by those options.

- Expense Ratio: The percentage of the Fund's average net assets attributable to holders of the Shares and which is used to pay operating expenses and takes into account investment management fees, administration fees, and other operating expenses such as legal, audit, insurance, and shareholder communications.
- Hedge Notional: refers to the total net face value, reflecting any offsetting positions, of derivative instruments employed in hedging strategies of the Fund.
- Hedge Ratio: ratio of the Fund's hedge notional amount to its total dollar amount of leverage as of the end of a calendar quarter, assuming the Fund is fully invested at quarter-end. The Fund's investment adviser may, at its discretion, use a variety of derivative instruments including securities options, financial futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and other interest rate protection transactions such as swap agreements, to attempt to hedge its portfolio of assets and seek to enhance its return. There can be no assurance that any particular hedging strategy used will succeed.
- Leverage: the Fund may issue preferred stock or debt, enter into repurchase agreements, or borrow money, in order to increase the amounts available for investment ("leverage"). This gives the Fund's investment adviser, in the fixed income area in particular, the opportunity to enhance yield. The use of leverage increases the likelihood of price volatility and market risk for the Shares. There is also the risk that the cost of funding leverage will exceed the earnings on the related investments, which will have the likely effect of reducing the Fund's yield and the value of its investments.

- Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration: effective duration adjusted for the impact of the Fund's utilization of leverage. A Fund that utilizes leverage will have a leverage-adjusted effective duration that is longer than its effective duration.
- Maturity: date on which the face value of a security/bond must be repaid. It measures the average length to maturity in years of all the bonds in the Fund's portfolio. For mortgagebacked securities, the maturity takes into account the prepayment of the underlying mortgages.
- NAV: Net Asset Value. On a per-Share basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities and dividing such result by the Shares outstanding. On an aggregate, Fund basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities.
- Undistributed Income: the Fund's net income that has not been distributed to holders of its Shares as of the latest available audited financial statements. In the case of a target maturity-type investment company (which is liquidated on or by a specific date), it also includes the amounts to be distributed on or by the liquidation date as the return of the initial investment.



Puerto Rico Investors Tax-Free Fund IV, Inc.

Investment Objectives and Policies

Seeks high level of current income that, for Puerto Rico residents, is exempt from both U.S. Federal and Puerto Rico income taxes, consistent with the preservation of capital, by investing:

- up to 33% of its total assets in, among other things, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, its agencies, and instrumentalities
- at least 67% of its total assets in Puerto Rico obligations (as described in the Prospectus)¹
- at least 95% of total assets in investment-grade securities^{1, 2}
- may issue leverage representing up to 50% of total assets¹

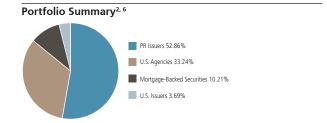
Pricing and Distribution History²

Initial Public Offering (IPO)	\$10.00
52-week Bid Low/High	\$2.16/\$3.35
YTD NAV Change	-\$0.93
YTD Bid Price Change	-\$0.95
IPO Yield ⁵	4.00%
Current Yield ⁵	18.52%
Last Dividend Paid	\$0.0333
Last 12 Month Dividend	\$0.4183

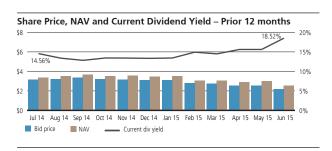
Portfolio Statistics and Characteristics²

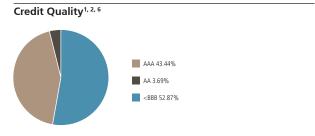
Commencement Shares Outstanding (mm) Bid Price Net Asset Value (NAV) Bid Price to NAV Ratio Net Assets (mm) Leverage (mm) Undistributed Income (mm) Evance Ratio	Feb-96 9.73 \$2.16 \$2.54 85.04% \$24.75 \$24.66 \$1.34	Fiscal Year Weighted Avg. Coupon Average Maturity (yrs) Average Duration (yrs) Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration (yrs) Leverage % Leverage Cost Hedge Notional (mm) Hedge Ratio	31-Aug 4.58% 18.31 10.25 17.41 49.50%¹ 0.50% \$0.00
Expense Ratio	1.74%	Hedge Ratio	0%

See Portfolio Holdings, Portfolio Managers, Special Considerations, Disclaimers, Glossary of Fund Terms, and Footnotes on reverse.













Portfolio Holdings^{2, 6}

PR Obligations		U.S. Obligations	
Mortgage-Backed Secur GNMA, FNMA, FGLN	ЛC	Federal Home Loan Bank	28.10%
CMO	10.21%	Federal Farm Credit	
AFICA		Bank	2.28%
Palmas del Mar	1.42%	Fannie Mae Note	2.86%
PR Sales Tax Financing	44.51%	Build America Bonds	3.69%
Employees Retirement System	6.94%	U.S. Obligations	36.93%
,			
PR Obligations 6	3.07%		

Portfolio Managers

Leslie Highley, Jr.

Portfolio Manager since inception UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico

Javier Rubio

Portfolio Manager since inception Popular Asset Management of the Shares other than LIBSESPR

Geographic Concentration Risk. The Fund is exposed to certain risks resulting from the reduced geographic diversification of its portfolio. The Fund's assets are invested primarily in securities of Puerto Rico issuers. Consequently, the Fund in general is more susceptible to economic, political, regulatory or other factors adversely affecting issuers in Puerto Rico than an investment company that is not so concentrated in Puerto Rico issuers. In addition, securities issued by the Government of Puerto Rico or its instrumentalities are affected by the central government's finances. That includes, but is not limited to, general obligations of Puerto Rico and revenue bonds, special tax bonds, or agency bonds. The effect on each specific debt may not be the same; it depends on exactly what part of the government's money or revenue is supposed to pay the interest thereon. Inasmuch as a relatively high percentage of the Fund's assets may be invested in obligations of a limited number of Puerto Rico issuers, the Fund's net asset value and its yield may increase or decrease more than that of a more diversified investment company as a result of changes in the market's assessment of the financial condition and prospects of such Puerto Rico issuers. The Fund may also be more susceptible to any single economic, political, or regulatory occurrence in Puerto Rico than a more widely diversified investment company. Over the past years, the principal Puerto Rico Government bonds as well as the securities issued by several

Puerto Rico financial institutions have been downgraded as a result of several factors, including without limitation, the downturn experienced by the Puerto Rico economy and the strained financial condition of the Government of Puerto Rico. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years, thereby affecting the Fund's net asset value.

Portfolio transactions between the Fund and UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (in the case of a co-managed Fund with Banco Popular de Puerto Rico), and other affiliates, are conducted in accordance with procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Directors in an effort to address potential conflicts of interact

Secondary Market Disclosure: Given UBSFSPR is currently the dominant, and may be the sole source of secondary market liquidity for the Shares, an investor may not be able to sell its Shares or may only be able to sell them at a loss, if UBSFSPR were to cease to facilitate such secondary market for the Shares. Accordingly, an investor's ability to sell its Shares will depend on the interest of other investors buying Shares, or UBSFSPR's willingness to commit additional capital to holding Shares in inventory, UBSFSPR may, in its sole discretion, commit additional capital to hold Shares in inventory when it deems it appropriate to do so, given market conditions or other considerations, and similarly may reduce the amount of capital committed to fund such inventory of Shares at other times. For example, when UBSFSPR purchases Shares and holds them in its inventory, quoted prices may remain at the previously quoted levels or increase. Conversely, when UBSFSPR sells Shares from its inventory, the quoted prices may decrease. In situations where UBSFSPR is selling Shares from its inventory. it may offer to sell its Shares at prices that are lower than pending sell orders that were placed by investors in the Shares. Decisions by UBSFSPR to increase or decrease inventory are made at its sole discretion and are not generally disclosed

Repurchase Agreement Tax Disclosure: While there is authority generally supporting the treatment of repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements as collateralized loans for Puerto Rico income tax purposes, that authority does not specifically address the tax treatment of the repurchase agreements that the Fund typically enters into, which contain provisions that grant the buyer the right to sell, transfer, pledge, or hypothecate the securities that are the object of such agreements.

Although the Puerto Rico Treasury Department ("PR Treasury") has never pronounced itself as to whether this type of arrangement should be viewed as a transfer of ownership of the underlying securities, it is possible that the PR Treasury could take that position in the future and that Puerto Rico courts would agree with that view. In such event, the tax exempt interest paid on such underlying securities could be deemed not to constitute tax exempt income for the seller of such securities; to the extent that the Fund was such seller, the dividends distributed on its Shares from such income could be treated either as taxable dividends or capital gain dividends. If such dividends were treated as taxable dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts could be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income for dividends distributed before July 15. 2014) on the dividend (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and those which are corporate investors would be subject to a maximum effective income tax rate of 5.85% (or 4.5% for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014), (due to the 85% dividend received deduction of the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, 15% of the dividend multiplied by a 39% maximum corporate income tax rate for dividends distributed on or after July 1, 2014 and 30% for dividends distributed before July 1, 2014). On the other hand, if such dividends were treated as capital gains dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts would be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014) (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and holders of the Shares which are taxed as corporations would be subject to a 20% income tax (15% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014).

Recent changes in the Puerto Rico tax law: Act No. 72-2015, enacted on May 29, 2015, introduced significant changes to the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code of 2011, as amended ("Code").

In relevant part, the Code was amended as to the following: (1) the Code was amended in 2014 to provide that the amount of a capital loss incurred by an individual after June 30, 2014 that may be claimed as a deduction is limited to 90% of capital gains plus the individual's net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; Act No. 72-2015 reinstates the pre-2014 amendment rules, to provide that capital losses derived in a taxable year may be deducted against capital gains generated in the taxable year and that if the capital losses exceed capital gains, the amount of the excess that may be claimed as a deduction is an amount equal to the individual's

net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; (2) in the case of corporations, for taxable years beginning after December 31st, 2014, capital losses (including capital loss carryovers) may only offset up to 80% of a corporate taxpayer's capital gains; and (3) in connection with the transition from a sales and use tax ("SUT") to a 10.5% value added tax ("VAT"), which would become effective on April 1, 2016, (i) the SUT rate applicable to bank charges on commercial accounts increased from 6.0% to 10.5%, effective July 1, 2015; and (ii) a 4% SUT will be imposed, beginning on October 1, 2015 and through March 31, 2016, on, among others, professional and other services (with limited exceptions) rendered to the Fund. Note, however, that interest and other charges for the use money and charges for services (other than bank charges) provided by financial institutions, such as the Funds, will continue to be excluded from the SUT and will not be subject to the VAT.

Legal Disclaimer

Past performance does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Securities issued by the Fund are subject to market risk, including the loss of principal amounts invested. This document is not an offer to sell, or the solicitation of an offer to buy any investment in the Fund, and is for informational purposes only. Fund investments are designed primarily and suitable for long-term investors and not viewed as a vehicle for trading purposes. They may not be suitable to all investors. Fund investments are not equivalent to investments in its underlying securities. The Fund's utilization of leverage poses certain risks to investors, and in some cases, interest rate fluctuations may increase the volatility of its return and affect the Fund to a significantly greater extent than a non-leveraged investment company. More detailed information about the Fund, including applicable fees, costs, penalties, investment objectives and policies, risk factors, and the effects of leverage, is further described in the Share's prospectus, which you should read carefully prior to making an investment. To obtain additional information related to the Fund (including investment returns calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended) or a copy of the Shares' prospectus or Fund's annual report, please contact the Puerto Rico Investors Family of Funds at 787-751-5452. To obtain the Fund's month-end performance or more up-to-date information, please contact your UBS Financial Advisor or see "press releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Footnotes:

Generally, the Fund must invest at least 67% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage) and cash, including cash equivalents, but excluding non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market). in Puerto Rico securities. Additionally, the Fund may issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage, representing not more than 50% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage), cash (including cash equivalents), and non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap markedto-market), immediately after the issuance of any such preferred stock, or other debt securities. Moreover, the Fund may not issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage unless the value of its total assets less all its liabilities and indebtedness, other than the preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage being issued or already outstanding, is at least equal to 200% of the total aggregate liquidation preference/principal amount of all its outstanding preferred stock (not including any accumulated dividends or other distributions), debt securities, and other forms of leverage. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years. In view of these volatile market conditions, the Puerto Rico Office of the Commissioner of Financial Institutions (the "PROCFI") has granted to the Fund a temporary regulatory waiver from the Funds' investment requirement in Puerto Rico. securities of at least 67% of the Fund's total assets and leverage limitation of 50% of its total assets and 200% asset coverage requirement described above, through January 31, 2016. Based on the representations and opinion of the Fund's Investment Advisers and consistent with the Fund's investment objective. the PROCFI has also granted no-objection relief with respect to the Fund's investment-grade credit rating requirement for Puerto Rico securities, which permit the Fund to continue to invest in Puerto Rico municipal securities that do not have an investment grade credit rating, under certain conditions, at the discretion of the Fund's Investment Advisers. These temporary waivers

may be renewed by the PROCFI for additional periods of time, should market conditions warrant, and upon written request by the Fund. It is the Fund's intention to re-comply with these requirements as soon as market conditions permit, but there is no assurance as to whether and when the Fund will be able to do so.

Credit quality is as of June 30, 2015. The Fund's investment portfolio is actively managed, and its composition (including the portfolio statistics and characteristics) will vary over time. Credit quality percentages include only fixed income securities and vary over time, as new investment securities are acquired and the credit rating of any investment held by the Fund is reassessed. For purposes of determining compliance with the Fund's investment requirements, ratings are as of the time of purchase, using a Standard & Poor's equivalent ratings scale, Fitch, Moody's, and S&P have recently downgraded further the general obligation bonds ("GOs") of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, as well as the obligations of certain Commonwealth agencies and public corporations, including COFINA, on numerous occasions. On June 29, 2015, Fitch and S&P further downgraded the GOs and related debt ratings from "B" to "CC" and from "CCC+" to "CCC-," respectively. Moody's followed suit on July 1, 2015, downgrading the GOs and COFINA's senior bonds to "Caa3," and S&P further downgraded all of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico's tax-backed debt to "CC" on September 10, 2015. All such ratings carry a negative outlook. Moreover, on June 29, 2015, the Government of Puerto Rico presented a report entitled "Puerto Rico—A Way Forward" by consultants and former International Monetary Fund economists Krueger, Teja, and Wolfe, which identified a deteriorating cash flow position and very large out-year central government budget gaps that approach the size of current full year general fund revenues. The report projects a fiscal 2016 budget gap of \$3.7 billion, absent corrective action, which would rise to \$6.0 billion by 2018 and higher in subsequent years. The Government of Puerto Rico also announced that it would seek to negotiate with bondholders to defer and/or restructure its \$72 billion debt load and also designated the Working Group for the Fiscal and Economic Recovery of Puerto Rico, to provide a debt restructuring plan. Thereafter, on August 3, 2015, the Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation failed to make a required \$58 million payment on its debt, representing the first time a Puerto Rico agency defaulted on its debt. The Working Group released the Puerto Rico Fiscal and Economic Growth Plan on September 9, 2015, which among other things, recommends restructuring all tax-backed debt,

including GOs and COFINA sales tax debt. In this context, one could expect to see interruptions in cash flow on debt payments, in addition to more price volatility across Puerto Rico securities, as the results of many of the fiscal and budgetary measures adopted and to be adopted in the future by the Government of Puerto Rico are fully realized and such Plan or other debt restructuring is implemented. As a result of the foregoing, none of the bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico and its instrumentalities without credit enhancement currently carry an investment-grade credit rating. Inasmuch as the Fund invests a substantial portion of its assets in securities issued by the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, these recent rating downgrades will negatively impact the Fund's ability to maintain compliance with its maximum/minimum investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality. To the extent that such investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality are exceeded. Fund management may determine to continue to hold such lower-rated securities, provided any new investment proceeds are directed to acquire investment securities which satisfy the Fund's minimum credit rating requirements. In view of the fact that the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years and the subsequent credit rating downgrades of certain Puerto Rico bonds. Investors are encouraged to refer to current or more up-to-date information regarding the Fund's portfolio holdings available at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds. Currently, the Fund's percentage investment in securities rated below investment-grade (below "BBB" rating) or which are unrated, amounted to 52.87% of the Fund's total portfolio, which exceeds to the Fund's maximum investment threshold of 5% of its total assets invested in securities rated below investment-grade or which

On January 2014, the Board of Directors approved the implementation of a share repurchase program for the acquisition of up to 25% of the Fund's total assets. The Repurchase Program is intended to enhance shareholder value by providing additional liquidity to Fund shareholders. For the quarter ended June 30, 2015, the Fund had repurchased 1,164,837 shares in the open market with an NAV of \$3,310,409 at a cost of \$2,784,303. Since the program's inception, the Fund has repurchased 4,098,201 shares of common stock in the open market with an NAV of \$14,552,825, at a cost of \$13,101,850 and

which represent 13.97% of the total assets of the Fund (net of Shares acquired for dividend reinvestment purposes and which remain outstanding).

- As of June 30, 2015. Return figures were not calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended, which requires that investment returns for an individual retirement account ("IRA") be calculated in the manner provided therein. To the extent that an individual invests in the Fund through an IRA. his or her investment return figures will be less than those reported herein. when computed in accordance with Regulation 5766 and inasmuch as actual sales charges applicable to such IRA investments are taken into consideration. "Average Annual Total Return" figures reflect the percentage change in the market value, determined by calculating the average between the bid and ask prices, plus any income and capital gain dividends, and return of capital distributions, all such dividends and distributions reinvested as of the corresponding record date thereof, at the month-end NAV as of that date. In the case of "NAV Total Return," the Fund's NAV per Share is used, rather than the average between the bid and ask prices, to determine such total return, as applicable. "Rolling Period Annual Returns" measure the monthly movement in the average of the Annualized Average Market Return figures over a one-year, three-year, five-year, and ten-year period (as applicable), as it moves over a consecutive time series that begins on the Fund's inception date. Additionally, in the case of the Average Annual Total Return and Rolling Period Annual Return figures, commissions or sales charges payable in connection with a purchase or sale of Shares may vary with each brokerage institution. Total return figures are not representative of the performance of any individual investment, and taxes on capital gain distributions or income dividends, if any, have not been deducted. All calculations were performed by Thomson Reuters, based on certain financial data provided by this Fund and are annualized with the exception of year-to-date figures.
- 4 A \$10,000 investment is hypothetical and is shown for illustrative
- 5 "IPO Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the initial public offering price. "Current Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the month-end bid price.
- Percentages may not total 100% due to rounding.



UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico Funds Quarterly Review

Second Quarter 2015

*Consideraciones Especiales

Cada Fondo es una compañía de inversión no diversificada de fin cerrado inscrita bajo la Ley Número 6 de 19 de octubre de 1954, según enmendada. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo pueden solamente ser adquiridos por, o transferidos a, individuos que sean residentes de Puerto Rico y a entidades cuya oficina y localización de negocios principal estén localizados en Puerto Rico. El rendimiento, el valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y el precio en el mercado de las acciones de capital común del Fondo (en adelante, las "Acciones"), podrán fluctuar y se determinarán por factores como la demanda y oferta en el mercado de las Acciones y las condiciones económicas, políticas y del mercado en general, al igual que otros factores que están fuera del control de un Fondo. Las Acciones son negociadas al precio del mercado, el cual puede reflejar una prima o descuento del valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y no se puede dar representación alguna sobre su liquidez o el mercado para disponer de las mismas. A pesar de que es la intención de UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico (en adelante, "UBSFSPR") de continuar manteniendo un mercado secundario para las Acciones, no está obligada a continuar haciéndolo. De otra parte, puede que no exista otra fuente de información de precios para las Acciones u otros compradores para las Acciones que no sea UBSFSPR.

Riesgo de concentración geográfica: El Fondo está expuesto a ciertos riesgos debido a la diversificación geográfica reducida de su cartera de inversiones. Los activos del fondo están invertidos primariamente en valores de emisores de Puerto Rico. A consecuencia, el Fondo generalmente es más susceptible a factores económicos, políticos, regulatorios y otros que podrían afectar adversamente a emisores de Puerto Rico que otra compañía de inversión la cual no esté tan concentrada en emisores de Puerto Rico. En adición, valores emitidos por el Gobierno de Puerto Rico o sus instrumentalidades se afectan por las finanzas del gobierno central. Eso incluye, pero no se limita a. las obligaciones generales de Puerto Rico y los bonos de ingresos, contribuciones especiales o de agencias. El efecto en cada deuda específica podría no ser el mismo y depende de que parte del dinero del gobierno o sus ingresos se supone paque el interés de dicha deuda. En la medida que un porcentaje relativamente alto de los activos del Fondo pueden ser invertidos en obligaciones de un número limitado de emisores de Puerto Rico, el valor neto de activos y su rendimiento puede aumentar o disminuir más que él de una compañía de inversión más diversificada, como resultado de cambios en cuanto a la evaluación de la condición financiera o prospectos de dichos emisores de Puerto Rico. El Fondo también puede ser más susceptible a cualquier ocurrencia individual económica, política o regulatoria en Puerto Rico que una compañía de inversión más diversificada. En los pasados años, los bonos principales del Gobierno de Puerto Rico, al igual que valores emitidos por ciertas instituciones financieras de Puerto Rico han sido degradados por varios factores, incluyendo sin limitación, al empeoramiento experimentado por la economía de Puerto Rico y la condición financiera pobre del Gobierno de Puerto Rico. Al presente, el mercado de bonos de Puerto Rico está experimentando un periodo de mas volatilidad,

mas con los bonos de Puerto Rico traficando a precios más bajos y rendimientos más altos a los puntos de referencia de los pasados dos (2) años, y así afectando el valor neto de activos del Fondo.

Transacciones de cartera entre un Fondo y UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (en el caso de un Fondo comanejado con Banco Popular de Puerto Rico) y otras afiliadas son efectuadas conforme a ciertos procedimientos adoptados por la Junta de Directores de un Fondo con miras a atender posibles conflictos de interés

Divulgación de Mercado Secundario: Dado a que actualmente UBSFSPR es la fuente dominante, y podría ser la única fuente, de liquidez para la negociación de las Acciones en el mercado secundario, cabe la posibilidad que un inversionista no pueda vender sus Acciones en el mercado secundario o que solamente pueda venderlas a pérdida, si UBSFSPR cesara de facilitar un mercado secundario para la negociación de las Acciones. Por lo tanto, la habilidad de un inversionista para vender sus Acciones dependerá del interés de otros inversionistas que estén comprando Acciones o la disponibilidad de UBSFSPR de designar capital adicional para mantener Acciones en su inventario. UBSFSPR podrá, a su única discreción, comprometer capital adicional para mantener Acciones en inventario cuando así lo estime apropiado, dependiendo de las condiciones del mercado y otras consideraciones, e igualmente en otras ocasiones, podrá reducir la cantidad de capital comprometida para financiar dicho inventario de las Acciones. Por ejemplo, cuando UBSFSPR compra Acciones para su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrán permanecer a los niveles previamente cotizados o aumentar. Por otro lado, cuando UBSFSPR vende Acciones de su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrían reducirse. En situaciones en que UBSFSPR está vendiendo Acciones de su inventario, podría ofrecer vender dichas Acciones a precios más bajos que cualquier orden de venta pendiente que fue puesta sobre sus Acciones por cualquier inversionista. Cualquier decisión de UBSFSPR de aumentar o reducir su inventario será tomada a su única discreción y no son divulgadas al público.

Divulgación Contributiva sobre Acuerdos de Recompra: A pesar de que existe precedente contable que apoya el concepto que los acuerdos de recompra y recompra a la inversa sean considerados como préstamos con garantía colateral para propósitos contributivos en Puerto Rico, dicho precedente no es determinante en cuanto a las disposiciones contributivas aplicables a los acuerdos de recompra que normalmente el Fondo suscribe, que contienen disposiciones que conceden al comprador de los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos el derecho a vender, transferir, pignorar o hipotecar dichos valores. A pesar de que el Departamento de Hacienda de Puerto Rico (en adelante, "Hacienda") nunca se ha expresado sobre si estos tipos de acuerdos deben ser considerados como una transferencia de titularidad sobre los valores subyacentes, Hacienda podría adoptar dicha posición y que los tribunales de Puerto Rico estén de acuerdo con dicha posición. En dicho caso, el interés exento pagado sobre los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos podría considerarse

como ingreso no exento del pago de contribución para el vendedor de tales valores subyacentes. En la medida que el Fondo sea considerado el vendedor bajo el acuerdo de recompra correspondiente, los dividendos distribuidos sobre las Acciones que a su vez son derivados del ingreso del acuerdo de recompra correspondiente podría ser considerado como un dividendo suieto a tributación o ganancias de capital. Si tal dividendo fuera considerado como dividendo sujeto a tributación, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico podrían estar sujetos a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014) sobre el dividendo (o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y aquellos que sean inversionistas corporativos estarían sujetos a una máxima tasa efectiva de 5.85% (o 4.5% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014), debido a la deducción de 85% sobre dividendos recibidos, según dispuesto por el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico, multiplicando el 15% del dividendo por una tasa contributiva corporativa máxima de 39% para los dividendos distribuidos en o después del 1 de julio de 2014 y 30% para los dividendos distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014). Por otro lado, si tales dividendos fueran considerados como dividendos de ganancias de capital, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014 o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y los tenedores de las Acciones que tributa como corporaciones, estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 20% (tasa contributiva de 15% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014).

Cambios Recientes al Derecho Tributario de Puerto Rico: El 29 de mayo de 2015, el Gobernador de Puerto Rico promulgó la Ley 72-2015, la cual enmendó significativamente el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico de 2011, según enmendado (el "Código"). En lo relevante, el Código fue enmendado en cuanto a lo siguiente: (1) en el 2014, el Código se enmendó para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas por un individuo después del 30 de junio de 2014 que serían admitidas como deducción estaban limitadas a 90% de las ganancias de capital más el ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que fuere menor; la Ley 72-2015 restaura el lenguaje existente previo a la enmienda del 2014 para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas en un año contributivo serán admitidas como deducción hasta el monto de las ganancias de capital generadas durante dicho año contributivo, y que si las pérdidas exceden las ganancias de dicho año contributivo, el contribuyente podrá deducir dicho exceso hasta el monto del ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que sea menor; (2) en el caso de corporaciones, para años contributivos comenzados después del 31 de diciembre de 2014, las pérdidas de capital (incluyendo el arrastre de pérdidas de capital) serán admitidas como deducción hasta el 80% de las ganancias de capital; y (3) con relación a la transición del impuesto sobre ventas y uso ("IVU") al nuevo impuesto sobre valor añadido ("IVA") de 10.5%, que será efectivo a partir del 1 de abril de 2016, (i) la tasa

de IVU aplicable a los cargos bancarios impuestos sobre cuentas comerciales aumentó de 6.0% a 10.5%, efectivo el 1 de julio de 2015, y (ii) a partir del 1 de octubre de 2015 y hasta el 31 de marzo de 2016, un IVU de 4.0% será impuesto sobre, entre otros, servicios profesionales y otros servicios (con ciertas excepciones limitadas) prestados al Fondo. No obstante, los intereses y otros cargos por el uso del dinero y servicios prestados (que no sean cargos bancarios) por instituciones financieras, tales como los Fondos, continuarán excluidos de la imposición del IVU y tampoco serán tributables para propósitos del IVA.

Aviso Legal

Rendimientos anteriores no son garantía de resultados futuros similares. Los rendimientos actuales podrían ser más bajos o más altos que el rendimiento aquí citado. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo están sujetos a riesgo de mercado, incluyendo la pérdida del principal invertido. Este documento no es una oferta de compra ni una solicitud de una oferta de compra para cualquier inversión en un Fondo y es para propósitos informativos solamente. Las inversiones en un Fondo están diseñadas principalmente y son adecuadas para inversionistas a largo plazo y no deben ser consideradas como un vehículo para fines de negociación. Estas inversiones puede que no sean adecuadas para cualquier inversionista. Una inversión en un Fondo no es equivalente a una inversión en los valores subvacentes en los cuales un Fondo invierte. El uso de apalancamiento por un Fondo representa ciertos riesgos a los inversionistas en éste, y en ciertos casos, las fluctuaciones en las tasas de intereses podrían aumentar la volatilidad en su rendimiento y afectar a un Fondo a mayor grado que a una compañía de inversión no apalancada. Información más detallada en cuanto a un Fondo, incluvendo los cargos, gastos y penalidades aplicables, objetivo(s) y políticas de inversión, factores de riesgo y el efecto de apalancamiento, se incluye en la documentación de oferta del Fondo, el cual usted debe leer cuidadosamente antes de hacer **una inversión.** Para obtener más información en cuanto a un Fondo (incluyendo los rendimientos de inversión calculados conforme el Reglamento 5766 de 11 de marzo de 1998, según enmendado) o una copia del prospecto para la oferta de las Acciones o los informes anuales del Fondo, favor de contactar a la familia de fondos UBS Puerto Rico o Puerto Rico Investors al 787-773-3888 ó 787-751-5452, respectivamente. Para obtener más información en cuanto a los rendimientos del Fondo de fin de mes o información más actualizada, por favor contactar a su Asesor Financiero en UBSFSPR o verifique los comunicados de prensa ("press releases") en http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Glossary of fund terms

- Ask Price: generally refers to the lowest price at which a seller will sell a specified number of units of a given security at a particular time. The ask price may incorporate a markup, which may vary by transaction and may include commissions and other charges. The ask prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price and age of pending customer orders.

- Average Duration: a time measure of a bond's interest-rate sensitivity, based on the weighted average of the time periods over which a bond's cash flow accrue to the bondholder. Time periods are weighted by multiplying by the present value of its cash flow divided by the bond's price. (A bond's cash flow consist of coupon payments and repayment of capital.) A bond's duration will almost always be shorter than its maturity, with the exception of zero-coupon bonds, for which maturity and duration are equal.
- Bid Price: generally refers to the highest price a buyer is willing to pay at a particular time for a unit of a given security. UBSFSPR publishes two types of bid prices for the Shares: firm or indicative. A firm bid is provided when UBSFSPR has the risk capacity and/or appetite at the particular time to purchase a specified number of Shares. An investor can sell to UBSFSPR at the firm bid price up to the specified number of Shares at a particular time. On the other hand, an indicative bid is provided for informational purposes only when UBSFSPR does not have the risk capacity and/or appetite at a particular time to purchase Shares. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for the Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price, and age of pending customer orders, and may be higher (in which case the price is at a premium) or lower (in which case
- the price is at a discount) than the NAV of the Fund. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR may also be affected by its willingness to hold additional inventory of the Shares or by its need to sell its inventory of Shares. Depending on market liquidity conditions. orders to buy or sell at the quoted price may not receive immediate execution, and an investor may not be able to sell its Shares at the price quoted by UBSFSPR. Moreover, the proceeds an investor receives on a sale of Shares may be lower than the bid price due to discounts, markdowns, and other charges. Since inception, the Shares have historically traded at prices which reflect a premium to their respective NAV per Share, though on certain limited instances, they have traded at prices which reflect a discount to their respective NAV per Share. However, there is no assurance that the Shares will continue to trade at prices which reflect such a premium. The Fund is presently experiencing liquidity issues. As a result, the bid price is for a limited number of shares, and it may not be possible for sellers to obtain the current bid price.
- Credit Quality: a measure of the likelihood that a financial obligation will not be honored provided by one or more of the rating agencies. Rating agencies assign classifications to their ratings, with "AAA" being the highest and "D" being the lowest for Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"). The Fund may use other ratings and adjust them for use in this scale.
- Effective Duration: a calculation of duration that takes into account the embedded options in the securities of a portfolio and their expected changes in the cash flow of a portfolio caused by those options.

- Expense Ratio: The percentage of the Fund's average net assets attributable to holders of the Shares and which is used to pay operating expenses and takes into account investment management fees, administration fees, and other operating expenses such as legal, audit, insurance, and shareholder communications.
- Hedge Notional: refers to the total net face value, reflecting any offsetting positions, of derivative instruments employed in hedging strategies of the Fund.
- Hedge Ratio: ratio of the Fund's hedge notional amount to its total dollar amount of leverage as of the end of a calendar quarter, assuming the Fund is fully invested at quarter-end. The Fund's investment adviser may, at its discretion, use a variety of derivative instruments including securities options, financial futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and other interest rate protection transactions such as swap agreements, to attempt to hedge its portfolio of assets and seek to enhance its return. There can be no assurance that any particular hedging strategy used will succeed.
- Leverage: the Fund may issue preferred stock or debt, enter into repurchase agreements, or borrow money, in order to increase the amounts available for investment ("leverage"). This gives the Fund's investment adviser, in the fixed income area in particular, the opportunity to enhance yield. The use of leverage increases the likelihood of price volatility and market risk for the Shares. There is also the risk that the cost of funding leverage will exceed the earnings on the related investments, which will have the likely effect of reducing the Fund's yield and the value of its investments.

- Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration: effective duration adjusted for the impact of the Fund's utilization of leverage. A Fund that utilizes leverage will have a leverage-adjusted effective duration that is longer than its effective duration.
- Maturity: date on which the face value of a security/bond must be repaid. It measures the average length to maturity in years of all the bonds in the Fund's portfolio. For mortgagebacked securities, the maturity takes into account the prepayment of the underlying mortgages.
- NAV: Net Asset Value. On a per-Share basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities and dividing such result by the Shares outstanding. On an aggregate, Fund basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities.
- Undistributed Income: the Fund's net income that has not been distributed to holders of its Shares as of the latest available audited financial statements. In the case of a target maturity-type investment company (which is liquidated on or by a specific date), it also includes the amounts to be distributed on or by the liquidation date as the return of the initial investment.



Puerto Rico Investors Tax-Free Fund V, Inc.

Investment Objectives and Policies

Seeks high level of current income that, for Puerto Rico residents, is exempt from both U.S. Federal and Puerto Rico income taxes, consistent with the preservation of capital, by investing:

- up to 33% of its total assets in, among other things, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, its agencies, and instrumentalities
- at least 67% of its total assets in Puerto Rico obligations (as described in the Prospectus)¹
- at least 95% of total assets in investment-grade securities^{1,2}
- may issue leverage representing up to 50% of total assets¹

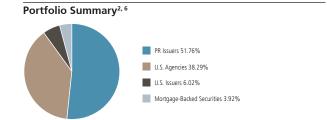
Pricing and Distribution History²

Initial Public Offering (IPO)	\$10.00
52-week Bid Low/High	\$2.82/\$3.77
YTD NAV Change	-\$0.88
YTD Bid Price Change	-\$0.86
IPO Yield ⁵	4.35%
Current Yield ⁵	15.43%
Last Dividend Paid	\$0.0363
Last 12 Month Dividend	\$0.4538

Portfolio Statistics and Characteristics²

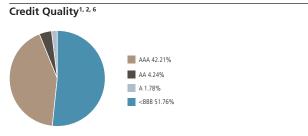
Commencement Shares Outstanding (mm) Bid Price Net Asset Value (NAV) Bid Price to NAV Ratio Net Assets (mm) Leverage (mm) Undistributed Income (mm)	Feb-97 14.46 \$2.82 \$3.23 87.31% \$46.72 \$41.90 \$3.04	Fiscal Year Weighted Avg. Coupon Average Maturity (yrs) Average Duration (yrs) Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration (yrs) Leverage Cost Hedge Notional (mm)	31-Jan 5.18% 18.23 10.02 16.98 46.96%1 0.50% \$0.00
Expense Ratio	1.34%	Hedge Ratio	0%

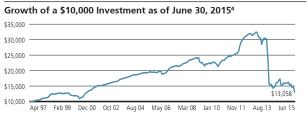
See Portfolio Holdings, Portfolio Managers, Special Considerations, Disclaimers, Glossary of Fund Terms, and Footnotes on reverse.













Portfolio Holdings^{2, 6}

PR Obligations	ι	J.S. Obligations	
Mortgage-Backed Securiti	es F	ederal Home Loan	
GNMA, FNMA, FGLMC	: E	Bank	30.72%
CMO 3	3.92% F	ederal Farm Credit	
AFICA	Е	Bank	3.64%
Palmas del Mar 0).52% F	annie Mae Note	3.93%
PR Sales Tax Financing 29).56% E	Build America Bonds	4.24%
Employees Retirement	l	J.S. Municipals	1.78%
System 9).74% _[ار J.S. Obligations	44.31%
GDB 0).57%	3	
PRIDCO 11	.37%		
PR Obligations 55.	69%		

Portfolio Managers

Leslie Highley, Jr.

Portfolio Manager since inception UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico

Javier Rubio

Portfolio Manager since 1996 Popular Asset Management

*Special Considerations

The Fund is a non-diversified, closed-end management investment company registered under the Puerto Rico Investment Companies Act of 1954, as amended. Securities issued by the Fund may be purchased or otherwise transferred only to individuals who are residents of Puerto Rico and to entities whose principal office and principal place of business are located in Puerto Rico. The Fund's yield and net asset value and the market price of the Fund's shares of Common Stock (the "Shares") may fluctuate and will be determined by such factors as relative demand for and supply of the Shares in the market, as well as general market, political and economic conditions and other factors beyond the control of the Fund. The Shares trade at market price, which may be at a discount or premium to NAV, and no assurance can be given as to their liquidity or trading market. While it is the intention of UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico ("UBSFSPR") to continue to maintain a secondary market for the Shares, it is not obligated to continue to do so. Moreover, there may be no other source of price information for the Shares or other purchasers of the Shares other than LIBSESPR

Geographic Concentration Risk. The Fund is exposed to certain risks resulting from the reduced geographic diversification of its portfolio. The Fund's assets are invested primarily in securities of Puerto Rico issuers. Consequently, the Fund in general is more susceptible to economic, political, regulatory or other factors adversely affecting issuers in Puerto Rico than an investment company that is not so concentrated in Puerto Rico issuers. In addition, securities issued by the Government of Puerto Rico or its instrumentalities are affected by the central government's finances. That includes, but is not limited to, general obligations of Puerto Rico and revenue bonds, special tax bonds, or agency bonds. The effect on each specific debt may not be the same; it depends on exactly what part of the government's money or revenue is supposed to pay the interest thereon. Inasmuch as a relatively high percentage of the Fund's assets may be invested in obligations of a limited number of Puerto Rico issuers, the Fund's net asset value and its yield may increase or decrease more than that of a more diversified investment company as a result of changes in the market's assessment of the financial condition and prospects of such Puerto Rico issuers. The Fund may also be more susceptible to any single economic, political, or regulatory occurrence in Puerto Rico than a more widely diversified investment company. Over the past years, the principal Puerto Rico Government bonds as well as the securities issued by several

Puerto Rico financial institutions have been downgraded as a result of several factors, including without limitation, the downtrun experienced by the Puerto Rico economy and the strained financial condition of the Government of Puerto Rico. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years, thereby affecting the Fund's net asset value.

Portfolio transactions between the Fund and UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (in the case of a co-managed Fund with Banco Popular de Puerto Rico), and other affiliates, are conducted in accordance with procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Directors in an effort to address potential conflicts of interact

Secondary Market Disclosure: Given UBSFSPR is currently the dominant, and may be the sole source of secondary market liquidity for the Shares, an investor may not be able to sell its Shares or may only be able to sell them at a loss, if UBSFSPR were to cease to facilitate such secondary market for the Shares. Accordingly, an investor's ability to sell its Shares will depend on the interest of other investors buying Shares, or UBSFSPR's willingness to commit additional capital to holding Shares in inventory, UBSFSPR may, in its sole discretion, commit additional capital to hold Shares in inventory when it deems it appropriate to do so, given market conditions or other considerations, and similarly may reduce the amount of capital committed to fund such inventory of Shares at other times. For example, when UBSFSPR purchases Shares and holds them in its inventory, quoted prices may remain at the previously quoted levels or increase. Conversely, when UBSFSPR sells Shares from its inventory, the quoted prices may decrease. In situations where UBSFSPR is selling Shares from its inventory. it may offer to sell its Shares at prices that are lower than pending sell orders that were placed by investors in the Shares. Decisions by UBSFSPR to increase or decrease inventory are made at its sole discretion and are not generally disclosed.

Repurchase Agreement Tax Disclosure: While there is authority generally supporting the treatment of repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements as collateralized loans for Puerto Rico income tax purposes, that authority does not specifically address the tax treatment of the repurchase agreements that the Fund typically enters into, which contain provisions that grant the buyer the right to sell, transfer, pledge, or hypothecate the securities that are the object of such agreements.

Although the Puerto Rico Treasury Department ("PR Treasury") has never pronounced itself as to whether this type of arrangement should be viewed as a transfer of ownership of the underlying securities, it is possible that the PR Treasury could take that position in the future and that Puerto Rico courts would agree with that view. In such event, the tax exempt interest paid on such underlying securities could be deemed not to constitute tax exempt income for the seller of such securities; to the extent that the Fund was such seller, the dividends distributed on its Shares from such income could be treated either as taxable dividends or capital gain dividends. If such dividends were treated as taxable dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts could be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income for dividends distributed before July 15. 2014) on the dividend (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and those which are corporate investors would be subject to a maximum effective income tax rate of 5.85% (or 4.5% for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014), (due to the 85% dividend received deduction of the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, 15% of the dividend multiplied by a 39% maximum corporate income tax rate for dividends distributed on or after July 1, 2014 and 30% for dividends distributed before July 1, 2014). On the other hand, if such dividends were treated as capital gains dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts would be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014) (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and holders of the Shares which are taxed as corporations would be subject to a 20% income tax (15% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014).

Recent changes in the Puerto Rico tax law: Act No. 72-2015, enacted on May 29, 2015, introduced significant changes to the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code of 2011, as amended ("Code").

In relevant part, the Code was amended as to the following: (1) the Code was amended in 2014 to provide that the amount of a capital loss incurred by an individual after June 30, 2014 that may be claimed as a deduction is limited to 90% of capital gains plus the individual's net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; Act No. 72-2015 reinstates the pre-2014 amendment rules, to provide that capital losses derived in a taxable year may be deducted against capital gains generated in the taxable year and that if the capital losses exceed capital gains, the amount of the excess that may be claimed as a deduction is an amount equal to the individual's

net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; (2) in the case of corporations, for taxable years beginning after December 31st, 2014, capital losses (including capital loss carryovers) may only offset up to 80% of a corporate taxpayer's capital gains; and (3) in connection with the transition from a sales and use tax ("SUT") to a 10.5% value added tax ("VAT"), which would become effective on April 1, 2016, (i) the SUT rate applicable to bank charges on commercial accounts increased from 6.0% to 10.5%, effective July 1, 2015; and (ii) a 4% SUT will be imposed, beginning on October 1, 2015 and through March 31, 2016, on, among others, professional and other services (with limited exceptions) rendered to the Fund. Note, however, that interest and other charges for the use money and charges for services (other than bank charges) provided by financial institutions, such as the Funds, will continue to be excluded from the SUT and will not be subject to the VAT.

Legal Disclaimer

Past performance does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Securities issued by the Fund are subject to market risk, including the loss of principal amounts invested. This document is not an offer to sell, or the solicitation of an offer to buy any investment in the Fund, and is for informational purposes only. Fund investments are designed primarily and suitable for long-term investors and not viewed as a vehicle for trading purposes. They may not be suitable to all investors. Fund investments are not equivalent to investments in its underlying securities. The Fund's utilization of leverage poses certain risks to investors, and in some cases, interest rate fluctuations may increase the volatility of its return and affect the Fund to a significantly greater extent than a non-leveraged investment company. More detailed information about the Fund, including applicable fees, costs, penalties, investment objectives and policies, risk factors, and the effects of leverage, is further described in the Share's prospectus, which you should read carefully prior to making an investment. To obtain additional information related to the Fund (including investment returns calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended) or a copy of the Shares' prospectus or Fund's annual report, please contact the Puerto Rico Investors Family of Funds at 787-751-5452. To obtain the Fund's month-end performance or more up-to-date information, please contact your UBS Financial Advisor or see "press releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Footnotes:

Generally, the Fund must invest at least 67% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage) and cash, including cash equivalents, but excluding non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market). in Puerto Rico securities. Additionally, the Fund may issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage, representing not more than 50% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage), cash (including cash equivalents), and non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap markedto-market), immediately after the issuance of any such preferred stock, or other debt securities. Moreover, the Fund may not issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage unless the value of its total assets less all its liabilities and indebtedness, other than the preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage being issued or already outstanding, is at least equal to 200% of the total aggregate liquidation preference/principal amount of all its outstanding preferred stock (not including any accumulated dividends or other distributions), debt securities, and other forms of leverage. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years. In view of these volatile market conditions, the Puerto Rico Office of the Commissioner of Financial Institutions (the "PROCFI") has granted to the Fund a temporary regulatory waiver from the Funds' investment requirement in Puerto Rico. securities of at least 67% of the Fund's total assets and leverage limitation of 50% of its total assets and 200% asset coverage requirement described above, through January 31, 2016. Based on the representations and opinion of the Fund's Investment Advisers and consistent with the Fund's investment objective. the PROCFI has also granted no-objection relief with respect to the Fund's investment-grade credit rating requirement for Puerto Rico securities, which permit the Fund to continue to invest in Puerto Rico municipal securities that do not have an investment grade credit rating, under certain conditions, at the discretion of the Fund's Investment Advisers. These temporary waivers

may be renewed by the PROCFI for additional periods of time, should market conditions warrant, and upon written request by the Fund. It is the Fund's intention to re-comply with these requirements as soon as market conditions permit, but there is no assurance as to whether and when the Fund will be able to do so.

Credit quality is as of June 30, 2015. The Fund's investment portfolio is actively managed, and its composition (including the portfolio statistics and characteristics) will vary over time. Credit quality percentages include only fixed income securities and vary over time, as new investment securities are acquired and the credit rating of any investment held by the Fund is reassessed. For purposes of determining compliance with the Fund's investment requirements, ratings are as of the time of purchase, using a Standard & Poor's equivalent ratings scale, Fitch, Moody's, and S&P have recently downgraded further the general obligation bonds ("GOs") of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, as well as the obligations of certain Commonwealth agencies and public corporations, including COFINA, on numerous occasions. On June 29, 2015, Fitch and S&P further downgraded the GOs and related debt ratings from "B" to "CC" and from "CCC+" to "CCC-," respectively. Moody's followed suit on July 1, 2015, downgrading the GOs and COFINA's senior bonds to "Caa3," and S&P further downgraded all of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico's tax-backed debt to "CC" on September 10, 2015. All such ratings carry a negative outlook. Moreover, on June 29, 2015, the Government of Puerto Rico presented a report entitled "Puerto Rico—A Way Forward" by consultants and former International Monetary Fund economists Krueger, Teja, and Wolfe, which identified a deteriorating cash flow position and very large out-year central government budget gaps that approach the size of current full year general fund revenues. The report projects a fiscal 2016 budget gap of \$3.7 billion, absent corrective action, which would rise to \$6.0 billion by 2018 and higher in subsequent years. The Government of Puerto Rico also announced that it would seek to negotiate with bondholders to defer and/or restructure its \$72 billion debt load and also designated the Working Group for the Fiscal and Economic Recovery of Puerto Rico, to provide a debt restructuring plan. Thereafter, on August 3, 2015, the Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation failed to make a required \$58 million payment on its debt, representing the first time a Puerto Rico agency defaulted on its debt. The Working Group released the Puerto Rico Fiscal and Economic Growth Plan on September 9, 2015, which among other things, recommends restructuring all tax-backed debt, including

GOs and COFINA sales tax debt. In this context, one could expect to see interruptions in cash flow on debt payments, in addition to more price volatility across Puerto Rico securities, as the results of many of the fiscal and budgetary measures adopted and to be adopted in the future by the Government of Puerto Rico are fully realized and such Plan or other debt restructuring is implemented. As a result of the foregoing, none of the bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico and its instrumentalities without credit enhancement currently carry an investment-grade credit rating. Inasmuch as the Fund invests a substantial portion of its assets in securities issued by the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, these recent rating downgrades will negatively impact the Fund's ability to maintain compliance with its maximum/minimum investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality. To the extent that such investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality are exceeded, Fund management may determine to continue to hold such lower-rated securities, provided any new investment proceeds are directed to acquire investment securities which satisfy the Fund's minimum credit rating requirements. In view of the fact that the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years and the subsequent credit rating downgrades of certain Puerto Rico bonds. Investors are encouraged to refer to current or more up-to-date information regarding the Fund's portfolio holdings available at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds. Currently, the Fund's percentage investment in securities rated below investment-grade (below "BBB" rating) or which are unrated, amounted to 51.76% of the Fund's total portfolio, which exceeds the Fund's maximum investment threshold of 5% of its total assets invested in securities rated below investment-grade or which

On January 2014, the Board of Directors approved the implementation of a share repurchase program for the acquisition of up to 25% of the Fund's total assets. The Repurchase Program is intended to enhance shareholder value by providing additional liquidity to Fund shareholders. For the quarter ended June 30, 2015, the Fund had repurchased 1,317,668 shares in the open market with an NAV of \$4,793,893 at a cost of \$4,078,301. Since the program's inception, the Fund has repurchased 6,398,183 shares of common stock in the open market with an NAV of \$26,514,140, at a cost of \$23,917,618,

and which represent 17.33% of the total assets of the Fund (net of Shares acquired for dividend reinvestment purposes and which remain outstanding).

- As of June 30, 2015. Return figures were not calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended, which requires that investment returns for an individual retirement account ("IRA") be calculated in the manner provided therein. To the extent that an individual invests in the Fund through an IRA. his or her investment return figures will be less than those reported herein. when computed in accordance with Regulation 5766 and inasmuch as actual sales charges applicable to such IRA investments are taken into consideration. "Average Annual Total Return" figures reflect the percentage change in the market value, determined by calculating the average between the bid and ask prices, plus any income and capital gain dividends, and return of capital distributions, all such dividends and distributions reinvested as of the corresponding record date thereof, at the month-end NAV as of that date. In the case of "NAV Total Return," the Fund's NAV per Share is used, rather than the average between the bid and ask prices, to determine such total return, as applicable. "Rolling Period Annual Returns" measure the monthly movement in the average of the Annualized Average Market Return figures over a one-year, three-year, five-year, and ten-year period (as applicable), as it moves over a consecutive time series that begins on the Fund's inception date, Additionally, in the case of the Average Annual Total Return and Rolling Period Annual Return figures, commissions or sales charges payable in connection with a purchase or sale of Shares may vary with each brokerage institution. Total return figures are not representative of the performance of any individual investment, and taxes on capital gain distributions or income dividends, if any, have not been deducted. All calculations were performed by Thomson Reuters, based on certain financial data provided by this Fund and are annualized with the exception of year-to-date figures
- 4 A \$10,000 investment is hypothetical and is shown for illustrative
- 5 "IPO Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the initial public offering price. "Current Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the month-end bid price.
- Percentages may not total 100% due to rounding.



UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico Funds Quarterly Review

Second Quarter 2015

*Consideraciones Especiales

Cada Fondo es una compañía de inversión no diversificada de fin cerrado inscrita bajo la Ley Número 6 de 19 de octubre de 1954, según enmendada. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo pueden solamente ser adquiridos por, o transferidos a, individuos que sean residentes de Puerto Rico y a entidades cuya oficina y localización de negocios principal estén localizados en Puerto Rico. El rendimiento, el valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y el precio en el mercado de las acciones de capital común del Fondo (en adelante, las "Acciones"), podrán fluctuar y se determinarán por factores como la demanda y oferta en el mercado de las Acciones y las condiciones económicas, políticas y del mercado en general, al igual que otros factores que están fuera del control de un Fondo. Las Acciones son negociadas al precio del mercado, el cual puede reflejar una prima o descuento del valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y no se puede dar representación alguna sobre su liquidez o el mercado para disponer de las mismas. A pesar de que es la intención de UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico (en adelante, "UBSFSPR") de continuar manteniendo un mercado secundario para las Acciones, no está obligada a continuar haciéndolo. De otra parte, puede que no exista otra fuente de información de precios para las Acciones u otros compradores para las Acciones que no sea UBSFSPR.

Riesgo de concentración geográfica: El Fondo está expuesto a ciertos riesgos debido a la diversificación geográfica reducida de su cartera de inversiones. Los activos del fondo están invertidos primariamente en valores de emisores de Puerto Rico. A consecuencia, el Fondo generalmente es más susceptible a factores económicos, políticos, regulatorios y otros que podrían afectar adversamente a emisores de Puerto Rico que otra compañía de inversión la cual no esté tan concentrada en emisores de Puerto Rico. En adición, valores emitidos por el Gobierno de Puerto Rico o sus instrumentalidades se afectan por las finanzas del gobierno central. Eso incluye, pero no se limita a. las obligaciones generales de Puerto Rico y los bonos de ingresos, contribuciones especiales o de agencias. El efecto en cada deuda específica podría no ser el mismo y depende de que parte del dinero del gobierno o sus ingresos se supone paque el interés de dicha deuda. En la medida que un porcentaje relativamente alto de los activos del Fondo pueden ser invertidos en obligaciones de un número limitado de emisores de Puerto Rico, el valor neto de activos y su rendimiento puede aumentar o disminuir más que él de una compañía de inversión más diversificada, como resultado de cambios en cuanto a la evaluación de la condición financiera o prospectos de dichos emisores de Puerto Rico. El Fondo también puede ser más susceptible a cualquier ocurrencia individual económica, política o regulatoria en Puerto Rico que una compañía de inversión más diversificada. En los pasados años, los bonos principales del Gobierno de Puerto Rico, al igual que valores emitidos por ciertas instituciones financieras de Puerto Rico han sido degradados por varios factores, incluyendo sin limitación, al empeoramiento experimentado por la economía de Puerto Rico y la condición financiera pobre del Gobierno de Puerto Rico. Al presente, el mercado de bonos de Puerto Rico está experimentando un periodo de mas volatilidad,

mas con los bonos de Puerto Rico traficando a precios más bajos y rendimientos más altos a los puntos de referencia de los pasados dos (2) años, y así afectando el valor neto de activos del Fondo.

Transacciones de cartera entre un Fondo y UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (en el caso de un Fondo comanejado con Banco Popular de Puerto Rico) y otras afiliadas son efectuadas conforme a ciertos procedimientos adoptados por la Junta de Directores de un Fondo con miras a atender posibles conflictos de interés

Divulgación de Mercado Secundario: Dado a que actualmente UBSFSPR es la fuente dominante, y podría ser la única fuente, de liquidez para la negociación de las Acciones en el mercado secundario, cabe la posibilidad que un inversionista no pueda vender sus Acciones en el mercado secundario o que solamente pueda venderlas a pérdida, si UBSFSPR cesara de facilitar un mercado secundario para la negociación de las Acciones. Por lo tanto, la habilidad de un inversionista para vender sus Acciones dependerá del interés de otros inversionistas que estén comprando Acciones o la disponibilidad de UBSFSPR de designar capital adicional para mantener Acciones en su inventario. UBSFSPR podrá, a su única discreción, comprometer capital adicional para mantener Acciones en inventario cuando así lo estime apropiado, dependiendo de las condiciones del mercado y otras consideraciones, e igualmente en otras ocasiones, podrá reducir la cantidad de capital comprometida para financiar dicho inventario de las Acciones. Por ejemplo, cuando UBSFSPR compra Acciones para su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrán permanecer a los niveles previamente cotizados o aumentar. Por otro lado, cuando UBSFSPR vende Acciones de su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrían reducirse. En situaciones en que UBSFSPR está vendiendo Acciones de su inventario, podría ofrecer vender dichas Acciones a precios más bajos que cualquier orden de venta pendiente que fue puesta sobre sus Acciones por cualquier inversionista. Cualquier decisión de UBSFSPR de aumentar o reducir su inventario será tomada a su única discreción y no son divulgadas al público.

Divulgación Contributiva sobre Acuerdos de Recompra: A pesar de que existe precedente contable que apoya el concepto que los acuerdos de recompra y recompra a la inversa sean considerados como préstamos con garantía colateral para propósitos contributivos en Puerto Rico, dicho precedente no es determinante en cuanto a las disposiciones contributivas aplicables a los acuerdos de recompra que normalmente el Fondo suscribe, que contienen disposiciones que conceden al comprador de los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos el derecho a vender, transferir, pignorar o hipotecar dichos valores. A pesar de que el Departamento de Hacienda de Puerto Rico (en adelante, "Hacienda") nunca se ha expresado sobre si estos tipos de acuerdos deben ser considerados como una transferencia de titularidad sobre los valores subyacentes, Hacienda podría adoptar dicha posición y que los tribunales de Puerto Rico estén de acuerdo con dicha posición. En dicho caso, el interés exento pagado sobre los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos podría considerarse

como ingreso no exento del pago de contribución para el vendedor de tales valores subyacentes. En la medida que el Fondo sea considerado el vendedor bajo el acuerdo de recompra correspondiente, los dividendos distribuidos sobre las Acciones que a su vez son derivados del ingreso del acuerdo de recompra correspondiente podría ser considerado como un dividendo suieto a tributación o ganancias de capital. Si tal dividendo fuera considerado como dividendo sujeto a tributación, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico podrían estar sujetos a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014) sobre el dividendo (o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y aquellos que sean inversionistas corporativos estarían sujetos a una máxima tasa efectiva de 5.85% (o 4.5% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014), debido a la deducción de 85% sobre dividendos recibidos, según dispuesto por el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico, multiplicando el 15% del dividendo por una tasa contributiva corporativa máxima de 39% para los dividendos distribuidos en o después del 1 de julio de 2014 y 30% para los dividendos distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014). Por otro lado, si tales dividendos fueran considerados como dividendos de ganancias de capital, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014 o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y los tenedores de las Acciones que tributa como corporaciones, estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 20% (tasa contributiva de 15% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014).

Cambios Recientes al Derecho Tributario de Puerto Rico: El 29 de mayo de 2015, el Gobernador de Puerto Rico promulgó la Ley 72-2015, la cual enmendó significativamente el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico de 2011, según enmendado (el "Código"). En lo relevante, el Código fue enmendado en cuanto a lo siguiente: (1) en el 2014, el Código se enmendó para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas por un individuo después del 30 de junio de 2014 que serían admitidas como deducción estaban limitadas a 90% de las ganancias de capital más el ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que fuere menor; la Ley 72-2015 restaura el lenguaje existente previo a la enmienda del 2014 para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas en un año contributivo serán admitidas como deducción hasta el monto de las ganancias de capital generadas durante dicho año contributivo, y que si las pérdidas exceden las ganancias de dicho año contributivo, el contribuyente podrá deducir dicho exceso hasta el monto del ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que sea menor; (2) en el caso de corporaciones, para años contributivos comenzados después del 31 de diciembre de 2014, las pérdidas de capital (incluyendo el arrastre de pérdidas de capital) serán admitidas como deducción hasta el 80% de las ganancias de capital; y (3) con relación a la transición del impuesto sobre ventas y uso ("IVU") al nuevo impuesto sobre valor añadido ("IVA") de 10.5%, que será efectivo a partir del 1 de abril de 2016, (i) la tasa

de IVU aplicable a los cargos bancarios impuestos sobre cuentas comerciales aumentó de 6.0% a 10.5%, efectivo el 1 de julio de 2015, y (ii) a partir del 1 de octubre de 2015 y hasta el 31 de marzo de 2016, un IVU de 4.0% será impuesto sobre, entre otros, servicios profesionales y otros servicios (con ciertas excepciones limitadas) prestados al Fondo. No obstante, los intereses y otros cargos por el uso del dinero y servicios prestados (que no sean cargos bancarios) por instituciones financieras, tales como los Fondos, continuarán excluidos de la imposición del IVU y tampoco serán tributables para propósitos del IVA.

Aviso Legal

Rendimientos anteriores no son garantía de resultados futuros similares. Los rendimientos actuales podrían ser más bajos o más altos que el rendimiento aquí citado. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo están sujetos a riesgo de mercado, incluyendo la pérdida del principal invertido. Este documento no es una oferta de compra ni una solicitud de una oferta de compra para cualquier inversión en un Fondo y es para propósitos informativos solamente. Las inversiones en un Fondo están diseñadas principalmente y son adecuadas para inversionistas a largo plazo y no deben ser consideradas como un vehículo para fines de negociación. Estas inversiones puede que no sean adecuadas para cualquier inversionista. Una inversión en un Fondo no es equivalente a una inversión en los valores subvacentes en los cuales un Fondo invierte. El uso de apalancamiento por un Fondo representa ciertos riesgos a los inversionistas en éste, y en ciertos casos, las fluctuaciones en las tasas de intereses podrían aumentar la volatilidad en su rendimiento y afectar a un Fondo a mayor grado que a una compañía de inversión no apalancada. Información más detallada en cuanto a un Fondo, incluvendo los cargos, gastos y penalidades aplicables, objetivo(s) y políticas de inversión, factores de riesgo y el efecto de apalancamiento, se incluye en la documentación de oferta del Fondo, el cual usted debe leer cuidadosamente antes de hacer **una inversión.** Para obtener más información en cuanto a un Fondo (incluyendo los rendimientos de inversión calculados conforme el Reglamento 5766 de 11 de marzo de 1998, según enmendado) o una copia del prospecto para la oferta de las Acciones o los informes anuales del Fondo, favor de contactar a la familia de fondos UBS Puerto Rico o Puerto Rico Investors al 787-773-3888 ó 787-751-5452, respectivamente. Para obtener más información en cuanto a los rendimientos del Fondo de fin de mes o información más actualizada, por favor contactar a su Asesor Financiero en UBSFSPR o verifique los comunicados de prensa ("press releases") en http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Glossary of fund terms

- Ask Price: generally refers to the lowest price at which a seller will sell a specified number of units of a given security at a particular time. The ask price may incorporate a markup, which may vary by transaction and may include commissions and other charges. The ask prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price and age of pending customer orders.

- Average Duration: a time measure of a bond's interest-rate sensitivity, based on the weighted average of the time periods over which a bond's cash flow accrue to the bondholder. Time periods are weighted by multiplying by the present value of its cash flow divided by the bond's price. (A bond's cash flow consist of coupon payments and repayment of capital.) A bond's duration will almost always be shorter than its maturity, with the exception of zero-coupon bonds, for which maturity and duration are equal.
- Bid Price: generally refers to the highest price a buyer is willing to pay at a particular time for a unit of a given security. UBSFSPR publishes two types of bid prices for the Shares: firm or indicative. A firm bid is provided when UBSFSPR has the risk capacity and/or appetite at the particular time to purchase a specified number of Shares. An investor can sell to UBSFSPR at the firm bid price up to the specified number of Shares at a particular time. On the other hand, an indicative bid is provided for informational purposes only when UBSFSPR does not have the risk capacity and/or appetite at a particular time to purchase Shares. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for the Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price, and age of pending customer orders, and may be higher (in which case the price is at a premium) or lower (in which case
- the price is at a discount) than the NAV of the Fund. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR may also be affected by its willingness to hold additional inventory of the Shares or by its need to sell its inventory of Shares. Depending on market liquidity conditions. orders to buy or sell at the quoted price may not receive immediate execution, and an investor may not be able to sell its Shares at the price quoted by UBSFSPR. Moreover, the proceeds an investor receives on a sale of Shares may be lower than the bid price due to discounts, markdowns, and other charges. Since inception, the Shares have historically traded at prices which reflect a premium to their respective NAV per Share, though on certain limited instances, they have traded at prices which reflect a discount to their respective NAV per Share. However, there is no assurance that the Shares will continue to trade at prices which reflect such a premium. The Fund is presently experiencing liquidity issues. As a result, the bid price is for a limited number of shares, and it may not be possible for sellers to obtain the current bid price.
- Credit Quality: a measure of the likelihood that a financial obligation will not be honored provided by one or more of the rating agencies. Rating agencies assign classifications to their ratings, with "AAA" being the highest and "D" being the lowest for Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"). The Fund may use other ratings and adjust them for use in this scale.
- Effective Duration: a calculation of duration that takes into account the embedded options in the securities of a portfolio and their expected changes in the cash flow of a portfolio caused by those options.

- Expense Ratio: The percentage of the Fund's average net assets attributable to holders of the Shares and which is used to pay operating expenses and takes into account investment management fees, administration fees, and other operating expenses such as legal, audit, insurance, and shareholder communications.
- Hedge Notional: refers to the total net face value, reflecting any offsetting positions, of derivative instruments employed in hedging strategies of the Fund.
- Hedge Ratio: ratio of the Fund's hedge notional amount to its total dollar amount of leverage as of the end of a calendar quarter, assuming the Fund is fully invested at quarter-end. The Fund's investment adviser may, at its discretion, use a variety of derivative instruments including securities options, financial futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and other interest rate protection transactions such as swap agreements, to attempt to hedge its portfolio of assets and seek to enhance its return. There can be no assurance that any particular hedging strategy used will succeed.
- Leverage: the Fund may issue preferred stock or debt, enter into repurchase agreements, or borrow money, in order to increase the amounts available for investment ("leverage"). This gives the Fund's investment adviser, in the fixed income area in particular, the opportunity to enhance yield. The use of leverage increases the likelihood of price volatility and market risk for the Shares. There is also the risk that the cost of funding leverage will exceed the earnings on the related investments, which will have the likely effect of reducing the Fund's yield and the value of its investments.

- Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration: effective duration adjusted for the impact of the Fund's utilization of leverage. A Fund that utilizes leverage will have a leverage-adjusted effective duration that is longer than its effective duration.
- Maturity: date on which the face value of a security/bond must be repaid. It measures the average length to maturity in years of all the bonds in the Fund's portfolio. For mortgagebacked securities, the maturity takes into account the prepayment of the underlying mortgages.
- NAV: Net Asset Value. On a per-Share basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities and dividing such result by the Shares outstanding. On an aggregate, Fund basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities.
- Undistributed Income: the Fund's net income that has not been distributed to holders of its Shares as of the latest available audited financial statements. In the case of a target maturity-type investment company (which is liquidated on or by a specific date), it also includes the amounts to be distributed on or by the liquidation date as the return of the initial investment.



Puerto Rico Investors Tax-Free Fund VI, Inc.

Investment Objectives and Policies

Seeks high level of current income that, for Puerto Rico residents, is exempt from both U.S. Federal and Puerto Rico income taxes, consistent with the preservation of capital, by investing:

- up to 33% of its total assets in, among other things, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, its agencies, and instrumentalities
- at least 67% of its total assets in securities issued by Puerto Rico issuers (as described in the Prospectus)¹
- at least 95% of total assets in investment-grade securities1,2
- may issue leverage representing up to 50% of total assets¹

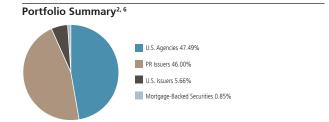
Pricing and Distribution History²

Initial Public Offering (IPO)	\$10.00
52-week Bid Low/High	\$3.18/\$4.5
YTD NAV Change	-\$1.09
YTD Bid Price Change	-\$1.0
IPO Yield⁵	5.15%
Current Yield ⁵	16.20%
Last Dividend Paid	\$0.0429
Last 12 Month Dividend	\$0.519

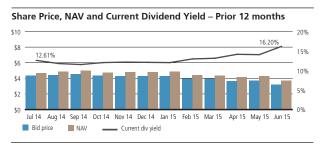
Portfolio Statistics and Characteristics²

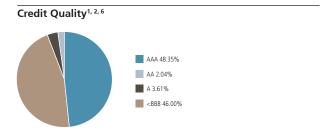
Commencement Shares Outstanding (mm) Bid Price Net Asset Value (NAV) Bid Price to NAV Ratio Net Assets (mm) Leverage (mm) Undistributed Income (mm) Expense Ratio	July-99 20.14 \$3.18 \$3.69 86.18% \$74.25 \$68.40 \$5.99 1.37%	Fiscal Year Weighted Avg. Coupon Average Maturity (yrs) Average Duration (yrs) Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration (yrs) Leverage % Leverage Cost Hedge Notional (mm) Hedge Ratio	30-Jun 4.87% 19.61 10.70 18.03 47.61% 0.47% \$0.00 0%
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See Portfolio Holdings, Portfolio Managers, Special Considerations, Disclaimers, Glossary of Fund Terms, and Footnotes on reverse.













Portfolio Holdings^{2, 6}

PR Obligations		PRIDCO	0.38%	
Mortgage-Backed Securities		PRASA	0.69%	
GNMA, FNMA, FGLN CMO	ИС 0.86%	PR Obligations	46.85%	
PR GOs	0.21%	U.S. Obligations		
PR Sales Tax Financing 34.02%		Federal Home Loan		
GDB	0.78%	Bank	30.98%	
Employees Retirement	0.520/	Federal Farm Credit	16.51%	
System	9.53%	Build America Bonds	5.66%	
PR Highway & Transportation	0.39%	U.S. Obligations	53.15%	

Portfolio Managers

Leslie Highley, Jr.

Portfolio Manager since inception UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico

Javier Rubio

Portfolio Manager since inception Popular Asset Management

*Special Considerations

The Fund is a non-diversified, closed-end management investment company registered under the Puerto Rico Investment Companies Act of 1954, as amended. Securities issued by the Fund may be purchased or otherwise transferred only to individuals who are residents of Puerto Rico and to entities whose principal office and principal place of business are located in Puerto Rico. The Fund's yield and net asset value and the market price of the Fund's shares of Common Stock (the "Shares") may fluctuate and will be determined by such factors as relative demand for and supply of the Shares in the market, as well as general market, political. and economic conditions and other factors beyond the control of the Fund. The Shares trade at market price, which may be at a discount or premium to NAV, and no assurance can be given as to their liquidity or trading market. While it is the intention of UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico ("UBSFSPR") to continue to maintain a secondary market for the Shares, it is not obligated to continue to do so. Moreover, there may be no other source of price information for the Shares or other purchasers of the Shares other than LIBSESPR

Geographic Concentration Risk. The Fund is exposed to certain risks resulting from the reduced geographic diversification of its portfolio. The Fund's assets are invested primarily in securities of Puerto Rico issuers. Consequently, the Fund in general is more susceptible to economic, political, regulatory or other factors adversely affecting issuers in Puerto Rico than an investment company that is not so concentrated in Puerto Rico issuers. In addition, securities issued by the Government of Puerto Rico or its instrumentalities are affected by the central government's finances. That includes, but is not limited to, general obligations of Puerto Rico and revenue bonds, special tax bonds, or agency bonds. The effect on each specific debt may not be the same; it depends on exactly what part of the government's money or revenue is supposed to pay the interest thereon. Inasmuch as a relatively high percentage of the Fund's assets may be invested in obligations of a limited number of Puerto Rico issuers, the Fund's net asset value and its yield may increase or decrease more than that of a more diversified investment company as a result of changes in the market's assessment of the financial condition and prospects of such Puerto Rico issuers. The Fund may also be more susceptible to any single economic, political, or regulatory occurrence in Puerto Rico than a more widely diversified investment company. Over the past years, the principal Puerto Rico Government bonds as well as the securities issued by several

Puerto Rico financial institutions have been downgraded as a result of several factors, including without limitation, the downturn experienced by the Puerto Rico economy and the strained financial condition of the Government of Puerto Rico. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years, thereby affecting the Fund's net asset value.

Portfolio transactions between the Fund and UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (in the case of a co-managed Fund with Banco Popular de Puerto Rico), and other affiliates, are conducted in accordance with procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Directors in an effort to address potential conflicts of interest

Secondary Market Disclosure: Given UBSFSPR is currently the dominant, and may be the sole source of secondary market liquidity for the Shares, an investor may not be able to sell its Shares or may only be able to sell them at a loss, if UBSFSPR were to cease to facilitate such secondary market for the Shares. Accordingly, an investor's ability to sell its Shares will depend on the interest of other investors buying Shares, or UBSFSPR's willingness to commit additional capital to holding Shares in inventory, UBSFSPR may, in its sole discretion, commit additional capital to hold Shares in inventory when it deems it appropriate to do so, given market conditions or other considerations, and similarly may reduce the amount of capital committed to fund such inventory of Shares at other times. For example, when UBSFSPR purchases Shares and holds them in its inventory, quoted prices may remain at the previously quoted levels or increase. Conversely, when UBSFSPR sells Shares from its inventory, the quoted prices may decrease. In situations where UBSFSPR is selling Shares from its inventory. it may offer to sell its Shares at prices that are lower than pending sell orders that were placed by investors in the Shares. Decisions by UBSFSPR to increase or decrease inventory are made at its sole discretion and are not generally disclosed.

Repurchase Agreement Tax Disclosure: While there is authority generally supporting the treatment of repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements as collateralized loans for Puerto Rico income tax purposes, that authority does not specifically address the tax treatment of the repurchase agreements that the Fund typically enters into, which contain provisions that grant the buyer the right to sell, transfer, pledge, or hypothecate the securities that are the object of such agreements.

Although the Puerto Rico Treasury Department ("PR Treasury") has never pronounced itself as to whether this type of arrangement should be viewed as a transfer of ownership of the underlying securities, it is possible that the PR Treasury could take that position in the future and that Puerto Rico courts would agree with that view. In such event, the tax exempt interest paid on such underlying securities could be deemed not to constitute tax exempt income for the seller of such securities; to the extent that the Fund was such seller, the dividends distributed on its Shares from such income could be treated either as taxable dividends or capital gain dividends. If such dividends were treated as taxable dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts could be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income for dividends distributed before July 15. 2014) on the dividend (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and those which are corporate investors would be subject to a maximum effective income tax rate of 5.85% (or 4.5% for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014), (due to the 85% dividend received deduction of the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, 15% of the dividend multiplied by a 39% maximum corporate income tax rate for dividends distributed on or after July 1, 2014 and 30% for dividends distributed before July 1, 2014). On the other hand, if such dividends were treated as capital gains dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts would be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014) (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and holders of the Shares which are taxed as corporations would be subject to a 20% income tax (15% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014).

Recent changes in the Puerto Rico tax law: Act No. 72-2015, enacted on May 29, 2015, introduced significant changes to the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code of 2011, as amended ("Code").

In relevant part, the Code was amended as to the following: (1) the Code was amended in 2014 to provide that the amount of a capital loss incurred by an individual after June 30, 2014 that may be claimed as a deduction is limited to 90% of capital gains plus the individual's net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; Act No. 72-2015 reinstates the pre-2014 amendment rules, to provide that capital losses derived in a taxable year may be deducted against capital gains generated in the taxable year and that if the capital losses exceed capital gains, the amount of the excess that may be claimed as a deduction is an amount equal to the individual's

net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; (2) in the case of corporations, for taxable years beginning after December 31st, 2014, capital losses (including capital loss carryovers) may only offset up to 80% of a corporate taxpayer's capital gains; and (3) in connection with the transition from a sales and use tax ("SUT") to a 10.5% value added tax ("VAT"), which would become effective on April 1, 2016, (i) the SUT rate applicable to bank charges on commercial accounts increased from 6.0% to 10.5%, effective July 1, 2015; and (ii) a 4% SUT will be imposed, beginning on October 1, 2015 and through March 31, 2016, on, among others, professional and other services (with limited exceptions) rendered to the Fund. Note, however, that interest and other charges for the use money and charges for services (other than bank charges) provided by financial institutions, such as the Funds, will continue to be excluded from the SUT and will not be subject to the VAT.

Legal Disclaimer

Past performance does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Securities issued by the Fund are subject to market risk, including the loss of principal amounts invested. This document is not an offer to sell, or the solicitation of an offer to buy any investment in the Fund, and is for informational purposes only. Fund investments are designed primarily and suitable for long-term investors and not viewed as a vehicle for trading purposes. They may not be suitable to all investors. Fund investments are not equivalent to investments in its underlying securities. The Fund's utilization of leverage poses certain risks to investors, and in some cases, interest rate fluctuations may increase the volatility of its return and affect the Fund to a significantly greater extent than a non-leveraged investment company. More detailed information about the Fund, including applicable fees, costs, penalties, investment objectives and policies, risk factors, and the effects of leverage, is further described in the Share's prospectus, which you should read carefully prior to making an investment. To obtain additional information related to the Fund (including investment returns calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended) or a copy of the Shares' prospectus or Fund's annual report, please contact the Puerto Rico Investors Family of Funds at 787-751-5452. To obtain the Fund's month-end performance or more up-to-date information, please contact your UBS Financial Advisor or see "press releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Footnotes:

Generally, the Fund must invest at least 67% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage) and cash, including cash equivalents, but excluding non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market). in Puerto Rico securities. Additionally, the Fund may issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage, representing not more than 50% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage), cash (including cash equivalents), and non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap markedto-market), immediately after the issuance of any such preferred stock, or other debt securities. Moreover, the Fund may not issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage unless the value of its total assets less all its liabilities and indebtedness, other than the preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage being issued or already outstanding, is at least equal to 200% of the total aggregate liquidation preference/principal amount of all its outstanding preferred stock (not including any accumulated dividends or other distributions), debt securities, and other forms of leverage. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years. In view of these volatile market conditions, the Puerto Rico Office of the Commissioner of Financial Institutions (the "PROCFI") has granted to the Fund a temporary regulatory waiver from the Funds' investment requirement in Puerto Rico securities of at least 67% of the Fund's total assets and leverage limitation of 50% of its total assets and 200% asset coverage requirement described above, through January 31, 2016. Based on the representations and opinion of the Fund's Investment Advisers and consistent with the Fund's investment objective. the PROCFI has also granted no-objection relief with respect to the Fund's investment-grade credit rating requirement for Puerto Rico securities, which permit the Fund to continue to invest in Puerto Rico municipal securities that do not have an investment grade credit rating, under certain conditions, at the discretion of the Fund's Investment Advisers. These temporary waivers

may be renewed by the PROCFI for additional periods of time, should market conditions warrant, and upon written request by the Fund. It is the Fund's intention to re-comply with these requirements as soon as market conditions permit, but there is no assurance as to whether and when the Fund will be able to do so.

Credit quality is as of June 30, 2015. The Fund's investment portfolio is actively managed, and its composition (including the portfolio statistics and characteristics) will vary over time. Credit quality percentages include only fixed income securities and vary over time, as new investment securities are acquired and the credit rating of any investment held by the Fund is reassessed. For purposes of determining compliance with the Fund's investment requirements, ratings are as of the time of purchase, using a Standard & Poor's equivalent ratings scale, Fitch, Moody's, and S&P have recently downgraded further the general obligation bonds ("GOs") of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, as well as the obligations of certain Commonwealth agencies and public corporations, including COFINA, on numerous occasions. On June 29, 2015, Fitch and S&P further downgraded the GOs and related debt ratings from "B" to "CC" and from "CCC+" to "CCC-," respectively. Moody's followed suit on July 1, 2015, downgrading the GOs and COFINA's senior bonds to "Caa3," and S&P further downgraded all of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico's tax-backed debt to "CC" on September 10, 2015. All such ratings carry a negative outlook. Moreover, on June 29, 2015, the Government of Puerto Rico presented a report entitled "Puerto Rico—A Way Forward" by consultants and former International Monetary Fund economists Krueger, Teja, and Wolfe, which identified a deteriorating cash flow position and very large out-year central government budget gaps that approach the size of current full year general fund revenues. The report projects a fiscal 2016 budget gap of \$3.7 billion, absent corrective action, which would rise to \$6.0 billion by 2018 and higher in subsequent years. The Government of Puerto Rico also announced that it would seek to negotiate with bondholders to defer and/or restructure its \$72 billion debt load and also designated the Working Group for the Fiscal and Economic Recovery of Puerto Rico, to provide a debt restructuring plan. Thereafter, on August 3, 2015, the Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation failed to make a required \$58 million payment on its debt, representing the first time a Puerto Rico agency defaulted on its debt. The Working Group released the Puerto Rico Fiscal and Economic Growth Plan on September 9, 2015, which among other things, recommends restructuring all tax-backed debt,

including GOs and COFINA sales tax debt. In this context, one could expect to see interruptions in cash flow on debt payments, in addition to more price volatility across Puerto Rico securities, as the results of many of the fiscal and budgetary measures adopted and to be adopted in the future by the Government of Puerto Rico are fully realized and such Plan or other debt restructuring is implemented. As a result of the foregoing, none of the bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico and its instrumentalities without credit enhancement currently carry an investment-grade credit rating. Inasmuch as the Fund invests a substantial portion of its assets in securities issued by the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, these recent rating downgrades will negatively impact the Fund's ability to maintain compliance with its maximum/minimum investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality. To the extent that such investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality are exceeded. Fund management may determine to continue to hold such lower-rated securities, provided any new investment proceeds are directed to acquire investment securities which satisfy the Fund's minimum credit rating requirements. In view of the fact that the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years and the subsequent credit rating downgrades of certain Puerto Rico bonds. Investors are encouraged to refer to current or more up-to-date information regarding the Fund's portfolio holdings available at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds. Currently, the Fund's percentage investment in securities rated below investment-grade (below "BBB" rating) or which are unrated, amounted to 46,00% of the Fund's total portfolio, which exceeds the Fund's maximum investment threshold of 5% of its total assets invested in securities rated below investment-grade or which

On January 2014, the Board of Directors approved the implementation of a share repurchase program for the acquisition of up to 25% of the Fund's total assets. The Repurchase Program is intended to enhance shareholder value by providing additional liquidity to Fund shareholders. For the quarter ended June 30, 2015, the Fund had repurchased 1,917,544 shares in the open market with an NAV of \$7,787,768 at a cost of \$6,593,975. Since the program's inception, the Fund has repurchased 5,979,259 shares of common stock in the open market with an NAV of \$28,389,208, at a cost

of \$25,453,432, and which represent 10.66% of the total assets of the Fund (net of Shares acquired for dividend reinvestment purposes and which remain outstanding).

³ As of June 30, 2015. **Return figures were not calculated in** accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended, which requires that investment returns for an individual retirement account ("IRA") be calculated in the manner provided therein. To the extent that an individual invests in the Fund through an IRA. his or her investment return figures will be less than those reported herein, when computed in accordance with Regulation 5766 and inasmuch as actual sales charges applicable to such IRA investments are taken into consideration. "Average Annual Total Return" figures reflect the percentage change in the market value, determined by calculating the average between the bid and ask prices, plus any income and capital gain dividends, and return of capital distributions, all such dividends and distributions reinvested as of the corresponding record date thereof, at the month-end NAV as of that date. In the case of "NAV Total Return," the Fund's NAV per Share is used, rather than the average between the bid and ask prices, to determine such total return, as applicable. "Rolling Period Annual Returns" measure the monthly movement in the average of the Annualized Average Market Return figures over a one-year, three-year, five-year, and ten-year period (as applicable), as it moves over a consecutive time series that begins on the Fund's incention. date. Additionally, in the case of the Average Annual Total Return and Rolling Period Annual Return figures, commissions or sales charges payable in connection with a purchase or sale of Shares may vary with each brokerage institution. Total return figures are not representative of the performance of any individual investment, and taxes on capital gain distributions or income dividends, if any, have not been deducted. All calculations were performed by Thomson Reuters, based on certain financial data provided by this Fund and are annualized with the exception of year-to-date figures.

- 4 A \$10,000 investment is hypothetical and is shown for illustrative
- or "IPO Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the initial public offering price. "Current Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the month-end bid price.
- 6 Percentages may not total 100% due to rounding



UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico Funds Quarterly Review

Second Quarter 2015

*Consideraciones Especiales

Cada Fondo es una compañía de inversión no diversificada de fin cerrado inscrita bajo la Ley Número 6 de 19 de octubre de 1954, según enmendada. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo pueden solamente ser adquiridos por, o transferidos a, individuos que sean residentes de Puerto Rico y a entidades cuya oficina y localización de negocios principal estén localizados en Puerto Rico. El rendimiento, el valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y el precio en el mercado de las acciones de capital común del Fondo (en adelante, las "Acciones"), podrán fluctuar y se determinarán por factores como la demanda y oferta en el mercado de las Acciones y las condiciones económicas, políticas y del mercado en general, al igual que otros factores que están fuera del control de un Fondo. Las Acciones son negociadas al precio del mercado, el cual puede reflejar una prima o descuento del valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y no se puede dar representación alguna sobre su liquidez o el mercado para disponer de las mismas. A pesar de que es la intención de UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico (en adelante, "UBSFSPR") de continuar manteniendo un mercado secundario para las Acciones, no está obligada a continuar haciéndolo. De otra parte, puede que no exista otra fuente de información de precios para las Acciones u otros compradores para las Acciones que no sea UBSFSPR.

Riesgo de concentración geográfica: El Fondo está expuesto a ciertos riesgos debido a la diversificación geográfica reducida de su cartera de inversiones. Los activos del fondo están invertidos primariamente en valores de emisores de Puerto Rico. A consecuencia, el Fondo generalmente es más susceptible a factores económicos, políticos, regulatorios y otros que podrían afectar adversamente a emisores de Puerto Rico que otra compañía de inversión la cual no esté tan concentrada en emisores de Puerto Rico. En adición, valores emitidos por el Gobierno de Puerto Rico o sus instrumentalidades se afectan por las finanzas del gobierno central. Eso incluye, pero no se limita a. las obligaciones generales de Puerto Rico y los bonos de ingresos, contribuciones especiales o de agencias. El efecto en cada deuda específica podría no ser el mismo y depende de que parte del dinero del gobierno o sus ingresos se supone paque el interés de dicha deuda. En la medida que un porcentaje relativamente alto de los activos del Fondo pueden ser invertidos en obligaciones de un número limitado de emisores de Puerto Rico, el valor neto de activos y su rendimiento puede aumentar o disminuir más que él de una compañía de inversión más diversificada, como resultado de cambios en cuanto a la evaluación de la condición financiera o prospectos de dichos emisores de Puerto Rico. El Fondo también puede ser más susceptible a cualquier ocurrencia individual económica, política o regulatoria en Puerto Rico que una compañía de inversión más diversificada. En los pasados años, los bonos principales del Gobierno de Puerto Rico, al igual que valores emitidos por ciertas instituciones financieras de Puerto Rico han sido degradados por varios factores, incluyendo sin limitación, al empeoramiento experimentado por la economía de Puerto Rico y la condición financiera pobre del Gobierno de Puerto Rico. Al presente, el mercado de bonos de Puerto Rico está experimentando un periodo de mas volatilidad,

mas con los bonos de Puerto Rico traficando a precios más bajos y rendimientos más altos a los puntos de referencia de los pasados dos (2) años, y así afectando el valor neto de activos del Fondo.

Transacciones de cartera entre un Fondo y UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (en el caso de un Fondo comanejado con Banco Popular de Puerto Rico) y otras afiliadas son efectuadas conforme a ciertos procedimientos adoptados por la Junta de Directores de un Fondo con miras a atender posibles conflictos de interés

Divulgación de Mercado Secundario: Dado a que actualmente UBSFSPR es la fuente dominante, y podría ser la única fuente, de liquidez para la negociación de las Acciones en el mercado secundario, cabe la posibilidad que un inversionista no pueda vender sus Acciones en el mercado secundario o que solamente pueda venderlas a pérdida, si UBSFSPR cesara de facilitar un mercado secundario para la negociación de las Acciones. Por lo tanto, la habilidad de un inversionista para vender sus Acciones dependerá del interés de otros inversionistas que estén comprando Acciones o la disponibilidad de UBSFSPR de designar capital adicional para mantener Acciones en su inventario. UBSFSPR podrá, a su única discreción, comprometer capital adicional para mantener Acciones en inventario cuando así lo estime apropiado, dependiendo de las condiciones del mercado y otras consideraciones, e igualmente en otras ocasiones, podrá reducir la cantidad de capital comprometida para financiar dicho inventario de las Acciones. Por ejemplo, cuando UBSFSPR compra Acciones para su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrán permanecer a los niveles previamente cotizados o aumentar. Por otro lado, cuando UBSFSPR vende Acciones de su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrían reducirse. En situaciones en que UBSFSPR está vendiendo Acciones de su inventario, podría ofrecer vender dichas Acciones a precios más bajos que cualquier orden de venta pendiente que fue puesta sobre sus Acciones por cualquier inversionista. Cualquier decisión de UBSFSPR de aumentar o reducir su inventario será tomada a su única discreción y no son divulgadas al público.

Divulgación Contributiva sobre Acuerdos de Recompra: A pesar de que existe precedente contable que apoya el concepto que los acuerdos de recompra y recompra a la inversa sean considerados como préstamos con garantía colateral para propósitos contributivos en Puerto Rico, dicho precedente no es determinante en cuanto a las disposiciones contributivas aplicables a los acuerdos de recompra que normalmente el Fondo suscribe, que contienen disposiciones que conceden al comprador de los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos el derecho a vender, transferir, pignorar o hipotecar dichos valores. A pesar de que el Departamento de Hacienda de Puerto Rico (en adelante, "Hacienda") nunca se ha expresado sobre si estos tipos de acuerdos deben ser considerados como una transferencia de titularidad sobre los valores subyacentes, Hacienda podría adoptar dicha posición y que los tribunales de Puerto Rico estén de acuerdo con dicha posición. En dicho caso, el interés exento pagado sobre los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos podría considerarse

como ingreso no exento del pago de contribución para el vendedor de tales valores subyacentes. En la medida que el Fondo sea considerado el vendedor bajo el acuerdo de recompra correspondiente, los dividendos distribuidos sobre las Acciones que a su vez son derivados del ingreso del acuerdo de recompra correspondiente podría ser considerado como un dividendo suieto a tributación o ganancias de capital. Si tal dividendo fuera considerado como dividendo sujeto a tributación, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico podrían estar sujetos a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014) sobre el dividendo (o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y aquellos que sean inversionistas corporativos estarían sujetos a una máxima tasa efectiva de 5.85% (o 4.5% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014), debido a la deducción de 85% sobre dividendos recibidos, según dispuesto por el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico, multiplicando el 15% del dividendo por una tasa contributiva corporativa máxima de 39% para los dividendos distribuidos en o después del 1 de julio de 2014 y 30% para los dividendos distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014). Por otro lado, si tales dividendos fueran considerados como dividendos de ganancias de capital, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014 o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y los tenedores de las Acciones que tributa como corporaciones, estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 20% (tasa contributiva de 15% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014).

Cambios Recientes al Derecho Tributario de Puerto Rico: El 29 de mayo de 2015, el Gobernador de Puerto Rico promulgó la Ley 72-2015, la cual enmendó significativamente el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico de 2011, según enmendado (el "Código"). En lo relevante, el Código fue enmendado en cuanto a lo siguiente: (1) en el 2014, el Código se enmendó para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas por un individuo después del 30 de junio de 2014 que serían admitidas como deducción estaban limitadas a 90% de las ganancias de capital más el ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que fuere menor; la Ley 72-2015 restaura el lenguaje existente previo a la enmienda del 2014 para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas en un año contributivo serán admitidas como deducción hasta el monto de las ganancias de capital generadas durante dicho año contributivo, y que si las pérdidas exceden las ganancias de dicho año contributivo, el contribuyente podrá deducir dicho exceso hasta el monto del ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que sea menor; (2) en el caso de corporaciones, para años contributivos comenzados después del 31 de diciembre de 2014, las pérdidas de capital (incluyendo el arrastre de pérdidas de capital) serán admitidas como deducción hasta el 80% de las ganancias de capital; y (3) con relación a la transición del impuesto sobre ventas y uso ("IVU") al nuevo impuesto sobre valor añadido ("IVA") de 10.5%, que será efectivo a partir del 1 de abril de 2016, (i) la tasa

de IVU aplicable a los cargos bancarios impuestos sobre cuentas comerciales aumentó de 6.0% a 10.5%, efectivo el 1 de julio de 2015, y (ii) a partir del 1 de octubre de 2015 y hasta el 31 de marzo de 2016, un IVU de 4.0% será impuesto sobre, entre otros, servicios profesionales y otros servicios (con ciertas excepciones limitadas) prestados al Fondo. No obstante, los intereses y otros cargos por el uso del dinero y servicios prestados (que no sean cargos bancarios) por instituciones financieras, tales como los Fondos, continuarán excluidos de la imposición del IVU y tampoco serán tributables para propósitos del IVA.

Aviso Legal

Rendimientos anteriores no son garantía de resultados futuros similares. Los rendimientos actuales podrían ser más bajos o más altos que el rendimiento aquí citado. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo están sujetos a riesgo de mercado, incluyendo la pérdida del principal invertido. Este documento no es una oferta de compra ni una solicitud de una oferta de compra para cualquier inversión en un Fondo y es para propósitos informativos solamente. Las inversiones en un Fondo están diseñadas principalmente y son adecuadas para inversionistas a largo plazo y no deben ser consideradas como un vehículo para fines de negociación. Estas inversiones puede que no sean adecuadas para cualquier inversionista. Una inversión en un Fondo no es equivalente a una inversión en los valores subvacentes en los cuales un Fondo invierte. El uso de apalancamiento por un Fondo representa ciertos riesgos a los inversionistas en éste, y en ciertos casos, las fluctuaciones en las tasas de intereses podrían aumentar la volatilidad en su rendimiento y afectar a un Fondo a mayor grado que a una compañía de inversión no apalancada. Información más detallada en cuanto a un Fondo, incluvendo los cargos, gastos y penalidades aplicables, objetivo(s) y políticas de inversión, factores de riesgo y el efecto de apalancamiento, se incluye en la documentación de oferta del Fondo, el cual usted debe leer cuidadosamente antes de hacer **una inversión.** Para obtener más información en cuanto a un Fondo (incluyendo los rendimientos de inversión calculados conforme el Reglamento 5766 de 11 de marzo de 1998, según enmendado) o una copia del prospecto para la oferta de las Acciones o los informes anuales del Fondo, favor de contactar a la familia de fondos UBS Puerto Rico o Puerto Rico Investors al 787-773-3888 ó 787-751-5452, respectivamente. Para obtener más información en cuanto a los rendimientos del Fondo de fin de mes o información más actualizada, por favor contactar a su Asesor Financiero en UBSFSPR o verifique los comunicados de prensa ("press releases") en http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Glossary of fund terms

- Ask Price: generally refers to the lowest price at which a seller will sell a specified number of units of a given security at a particular time. The ask price may incorporate a markup, which may vary by transaction and may include commissions and other charges. The ask prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price and age of pending customer orders.

- Average Duration: a time measure of a bond's interest-rate sensitivity, based on the weighted average of the time periods over which a bond's cash flow accrue to the bondholder. Time periods are weighted by multiplying by the present value of its cash flow divided by the bond's price. (A bond's cash flow consist of coupon payments and repayment of capital.) A bond's duration will almost always be shorter than its maturity, with the exception of zero-coupon bonds, for which maturity and duration are equal.
- Bid Price: generally refers to the highest price a buyer is willing to pay at a particular time for a unit of a given security. UBSFSPR publishes two types of bid prices for the Shares: firm or indicative. A firm bid is provided when UBSFSPR has the risk capacity and/or appetite at the particular time to purchase a specified number of Shares. An investor can sell to UBSFSPR at the firm bid price up to the specified number of Shares at a particular time. On the other hand, an indicative bid is provided for informational purposes only when UBSFSPR does not have the risk capacity and/or appetite at a particular time to purchase Shares. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for the Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price, and age of pending customer orders, and may be higher (in which case the price is at a premium) or lower (in which case
- the price is at a discount) than the NAV of the Fund. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR may also be affected by its willingness to hold additional inventory of the Shares or by its need to sell its inventory of Shares. Depending on market liquidity conditions. orders to buy or sell at the quoted price may not receive immediate execution, and an investor may not be able to sell its Shares at the price quoted by UBSFSPR. Moreover, the proceeds an investor receives on a sale of Shares may be lower than the bid price due to discounts, markdowns, and other charges. Since inception, the Shares have historically traded at prices which reflect a premium to their respective NAV per Share, though on certain limited instances, they have traded at prices which reflect a discount to their respective NAV per Share. However, there is no assurance that the Shares will continue to trade at prices which reflect such a premium. The Fund is presently experiencing liquidity issues. As a result, the bid price is for a limited number of shares, and it may not be possible for sellers to obtain the current bid price.
- Credit Quality: a measure of the likelihood that a financial obligation will not be honored provided by one or more of the rating agencies. Rating agencies assign classifications to their ratings, with "AAA" being the highest and "D" being the lowest for Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"). The Fund may use other ratings and adjust them for use in this scale.
- Effective Duration: a calculation of duration that takes into account the embedded options in the securities of a portfolio and their expected changes in the cash flow of a portfolio caused by those options.

- Expense Ratio: The percentage of the Fund's average net assets attributable to holders of the Shares and which is used to pay operating expenses and takes into account investment management fees, administration fees, and other operating expenses such as legal, audit, insurance, and shareholder communications.
- Hedge Notional: refers to the total net face value, reflecting any offsetting positions, of derivative instruments employed in hedging strategies of the Fund.
- Hedge Ratio: ratio of the Fund's hedge notional amount to its total dollar amount of leverage as of the end of a calendar quarter, assuming the Fund is fully invested at quarter-end. The Fund's investment adviser may, at its discretion, use a variety of derivative instruments including securities options, financial futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and other interest rate protection transactions such as swap agreements, to attempt to hedge its portfolio of assets and seek to enhance its return. There can be no assurance that any particular hedging strategy used will succeed.
- Leverage: the Fund may issue preferred stock or debt, enter into repurchase agreements, or borrow money, in order to increase the amounts available for investment ("leverage"). This gives the Fund's investment adviser, in the fixed income area in particular, the opportunity to enhance yield. The use of leverage increases the likelihood of price volatility and market risk for the Shares. There is also the risk that the cost of funding leverage will exceed the earnings on the related investments, which will have the likely effect of reducing the Fund's yield and the value of its investments.

- Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration: effective duration adjusted for the impact of the Fund's utilization of leverage. A Fund that utilizes leverage will have a leverage-adjusted effective duration that is longer than its effective duration.
- Maturity: date on which the face value of a security/bond must be repaid. It measures the average length to maturity in years of all the bonds in the Fund's portfolio. For mortgagebacked securities, the maturity takes into account the prepayment of the underlying mortgages.
- NAV: Net Asset Value. On a per-Share basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities and dividing such result by the Shares outstanding. On an aggregate, Fund basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities.
- Undistributed Income: the Fund's net income that has not been distributed to holders of its Shares as of the latest available audited financial statements. In the case of a target maturity-type investment company (which is liquidated on or by a specific date), it also includes the amounts to be distributed on or by the liquidation date as the return of the initial investment.



Puerto Rico Mortgage-Backed & U.S. Government Securities Fund, Inc.

Investment Objectives and Policies

Seeks current income, consistent with the preservation of capital, by investing:

- may invest up to 33% of its total assets in securities issued by the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities, non-Puerto Rico mortgage instruments, non-Puerto Rico mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities, corporate obligations or preferred stock of non-Puerto Rico issuers, and municipal securities of issuers within the U.S.
- at least 67% of its total assets in securities

issued by Puerto Rico issuers (as described in **Pricing and Distribution History**² the Prospectus)1

- at least 80% of total assets invested in mortgage-instruments and securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, its agencies, and/or instrumentalities
- up to 45% of total assets in mortgages backed by R&G Financial Corporation timely payment of principal and interest guarantee*
- at least 95% of total assets in investmentgrade securities1,2
- may issue leverage representing up to 50% of total assets1

Initial Public Offering (IPO)	\$10.00
52-week Bid Low/High	\$4.30/\$5.24
YTD NAV Change	-\$0.57
YTD Bid Price Change	-\$0.69
IPO Yield⁵	5.75%
Current Yield ⁵	13.37%
Last Dividend Paid	\$0.0479
Last 12 Month Dividend	\$0.5750

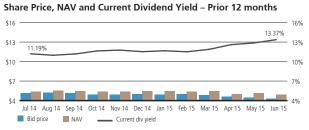
Portfolio Statistics and Characteristics²

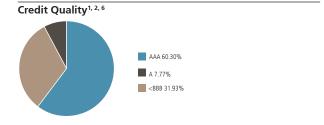
Commencement	Nov-04	Fiscal Year	30-Sep
Shares Outstanding	11.59	Weighted Avg. Coupon	4.86%
Bid Price	\$4.30	Average Maturity (yrs)	12.43
Net Asset Value (NAV)	\$4.89	Average Duration (yrs)	7.25
Bid Price to NAV Ratio	87.93%	Leverage Adjusted	
Net Assets (mm)	\$56.70	Effective Duration (yrs)	17.07
Leverage (mm)	\$55.35	Leverage %	49.02%1
Undistributed Income	\$2.33	Leverage Cost	0.41%
(mm)		Hedge Notional	\$13.75
Expense Ratio	2.34%	Hedge Ratio	25%
		=	

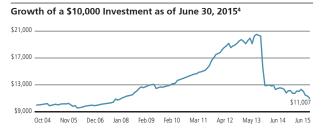
See Portfolio Holdings, Portfolio Manager, Special Considerations, Disclaimers, Glossary of Fund Terms, and Footnotes on reverse side of the page.

Portfolio Summary^{2, 6} Mortgage-Backed Securities 51.95% U.S. Agencies 28.78% PR Issuers 17.77% IIS Issuers 1 50%











Portfolio Holdinas^{2, 6}

PR Obligations		PR Sales Tax Financing	g 3.55%
Mortgage -Backed Securites CMO, COMM END, FNMA		PR Obligations	69.72%
GNMA, FGLMC		U.S. Obligations	
Participation Certific Doral	cate - 4.37%	Federal Home Loan Bank	28.78%
R&G Non Conformi		Build America Bonds	1.50%
Loan Trust	2.42%	U.S. Obligations	30.28%
EDB - MBS	6.27%		
Employee Retirement System	7.95%		

Portfolio Manager

Leslie Highley, Jr.

Portfolio Manager since inception UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico

^{*} On May 14, 2010, R&G Financial Corporation filed a voluntary petition under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code. The company commenced to operate its business as a "debtor-in-possession" under the jurisdiction of the U.S. Bankruptcy Court for the District of Puerto Rico.

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UBS Financial Services Incorporat Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico. service marks and registered service i

*Special Considerations

The Fund is a non-diversified, closed-end management investment company registered under the Puerto Rico Investment Companies Act of 1954, as amended. Securities issued by the Fund may be purchased or otherwise transferred only to individuals who are residents of Puerto Rico and to entities whose principal office and principal place of business are located in Puerto Rico. The Fund's yield and net asset value and the market price of the Fund's shares of Common Stock (the "Shares") may fluctuate and will be determined by such factors as relative demand for and supply of the Shares in the market, as well as general market, political, and economic conditions and other factors beyond the control of the Fund. The Shares trade at market price, which may be at a discount or premium to NAV, and no assurance can be given as to their liquidity or trading market. While it is the intention of UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico ("UBSFSPR") to continue to maintain a secondary market for the Shares, it is not obligated to continue to do so. Moreover, there may be no other source of price information for the Shares or other purchasers of the Shares other than UBSFSPR.

Geographic Concentration Risk. The Fund is exposed to certain risks resulting from the reduced geographic diversification of its portfolio. The Fund's assets are invested primarily in securities of Puerto Rico issuers. Consequently, the Fund in general is more susceptible to economic, political, regulatory or other factors adversely affecting issuers in Puerto Rico than an investment company that is not so concentrated in Puerto Rico issuers. In addition, securities issued by the Government of Puerto Rico or its instrumentalities are affected by the central government's finances. That includes, but is not limited to, general obligations of Puerto Rico and revenue bonds, special tax bonds, or agency bonds. The effect on each specific debt may not be the same; it depends on exactly what part of the government's money or revenue is supposed to pay the interest thereon. Inasmuch as a relatively high percentage of the Fund's assets may be invested in obligations of a limited number of Puerto Rico issuers, the Fund's net asset value and its yield may increase or decrease more than that of a more diversified investment company as a result of changes in the market's assessment of the financial condition and prospects of such Puerto Rico issuers. The Fund may also be more susceptible to any single economic, political, or regulatory occurrence in Puerto Rico than a more widely diversified investment company. Over the past years, the principal Puerto Rico Government bonds as well as the securities issued by several

Puerto Rico financial institutions have been downgraded as a result of several factors, including without limitation, the downturn experienced by the Puerto Rico economy and the strained financial condition of the Government of Puerto Rico. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years, thereby affecting the Fund's net asset value.

Portfolio transactions between the Fund and UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (in the case of a co-managed Fund with Banco Popular de Puerto Rico), and other affiliates, are conducted in accordance with procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Directors in an effort to address potential conflicts of interest.

Secondary Market Disclosure: Given UBSFSPR is currently the dominant, and may be the sole, source of secondary market liquidity for the Shares an investor may not be able to sell its Shares or may only be able to sell them at a loss, if UBSFSPR were to cease to facilitate such secondary market for the Shares. Accordingly, an investor's ability to sell its Shares will depend on the interest of other investors buying Shares, or UBSFSPR's willingness to commit additional capital to holding Shares in inventory. UBSFSPR may, in its sole discretion, commit additional capital to hold Shares in inventory when it deems it appropriate to do so, given market conditions or other considerations, and similarly may reduce the amount of capital committed to fund such inventory of Shares at other times. For example, when UBSFSPR purchases Shares and holds them in its inventory, quoted prices may remain at the previously quoted levels or increase. Conversely, when UBSFSPR sells Shares from its inventory, the quoted prices may decrease. In situations where UBSFSPR is selling Shares from its inventory, it may offer to sell its Shares at prices that are lower than pending sell orders that were placed by investors in the Shares. Decisions by UBSFSPR to increase or decrease inventory are made at its sole discretion and are

Repurchase Agreement Tax Disclosure: While there is authority generally supporting the treatment of repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements as collateralized loans for Puerto Rico income tax purposes, that authority does not specifically address the tax treatment of the repurchase agreements that the Fund typically enters into, which contain provisions that grant the buyer the right to sell, transfer, pledge, or hypothecate the securities that are the object of such agreements.

Although the Puerto Rico Treasury Department ("PR Treasury") has never pronounced itself as to whether this type of arrangement should be viewed as a transfer of ownership of the underlying securities, it is possible that the PR Treasury could take that position in the future and that Puerto Rico courts would agree with that view. In such event, the tax exempt interest paid on such underlying securities could be deemed not to constitute tax exempt income for the seller of such securities; to the extent that the Fund was such seller, the dividends distributed on its Shares from such income could be treated either as taxable dividends or capital gain dividends. If such dividends were treated as taxable dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts could be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014) on the dividend (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and those which are corporate investors would be subject to a maximum effective income tax rate of 5.85% (or 4.5% for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014), (due to the 85% dividend received deduction of the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, 15% of the dividend multiplied by a 39% maximum corporate income tax rate for dividends distributed on or after July 1, 2014 and 30% for dividends distributed before July 1, 2014). On the other hand, if such dividends were treated as capital gains dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts would be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014) (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and holders of the Shares which are taxed as corporations would be subject to a 20% income tax (15% income tax for capital dividends distributed

Recent changes in the Puerto Rico tax law: Act No. 72-2015, enacted on May 29, 2015, introduced significant changes to the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code of 2011. as amended ("Code").

In relevant part, the Code was amended as to the following: (1) the Code was amended in 2014 to provide that the amount of a capital loss incurred by an individual after June 30, 2014 that may be claimed as a deduction is limited to 90% of capital gains plus the individual's net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; Act No. 72-2015 reinstates the pre-2014 amendment rules, to provide that capital losses derived in a taxable year may be deducted against capital gains generated in the taxable year and that if the capital losses exceed capital gains, the amount of the excess that may be claimed as a deduction is an amount equal to the individual's

net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; (2) in the case of corporations, for taxable years beginning after December 31st, 2014, capital losses (including capital loss carryovers) may only offset up to 80% of a corporate taxpayer's capital gains; and (3) in connection with the transition from a sales and use tax ("SUT") to a 10.5% value added tax ("VAT"), which would become effective on April 1, 2016, (i) the SUT rate applicable to bank charges on commercial accounts increased from 6.0% to 10.5%, effective July 1, 2015; and (ii) a 4% SUT will be imposed, beginning on October 1, 2015 and through March 31, 2016, on, among others, professional and other services (with limited exceptions) rendered to the Fund. Note, however, that interest and other charges for the use money and charges for services (other than bank charges) provided by financial institutions, such as the Funds, will continue to be excluded from the SUT and will not be subject to the VAT.

Legal Disclaimer

Past performance does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Securities issued by the Fund are subject to market risk, including the loss of principal amounts invested. This document is not an offer to sell, or the solicitation of an offer to buy any investment in the Fund, and is for informational purposes only. Fund investments are designed primarily and suitable for long-term investors and not viewed as a vehicle for trading purposes. They may not be suitable to all investors. Fund investments are not equivalent to investments in its underlying securities. The Fund's utilization of leverage poses certain risks to investors, and in some cases, interest rate fluctuations may increase the volatility of its return and affect the Fund to a significantly greater extent than a non-leveraged investment company. More detailed information about the Fund, including applicable fees, costs, penalties, investment objectives and policies, risk factors, and the effects of leverage, is further described in the Share's prospectus, which you should read carefully prior to making an investment. To obtain additional information related to the Fund (including investment returns calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended) or a copy of the Shares' prospectus or Fund's annual report, please contact the UBS Puerto Rico Family of Funds at 787-773-3888. To obtain the Fund's month-end performance or more up-to-date information, please contact your UBS Financial Advisor or see "press releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Footnotes

Generally, the Fund must invest at least 67% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage) and cash, including cash equivalents, but excluding non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market), in Puerto Rico securities. Additionally, the Fund may issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage, representing not more than 50% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage), cash (including cash equivalents), and non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market), immediately after the issuance of any such preferred stock, or other debt securities. Moreover, the Fund may not issue preferred stock, debt securities. or other forms of leverage unless the value of its total assets less all its liabilities and indebtedness, other than the preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage being issued or already outstanding, is at least equal to 200% of the total aggregate liquidation preference/principal amount of all its outstanding preferred stock (not including any accumulated dividends or other distributions), debt securities, and other forms of leverage, Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years. In view of these volatile market conditions, the Puerto Rico Office of the Commissioner of Financial Institutions (the "PROCFI") has granted to the Fund a temporary regulatory waiver from the Funds' investment requirement in Puerto Rico securities of at least 67% of the Fund's total assets and leverage limitation of 50% of its total assets and 200% asset coverage requirement described above, through January 31, 2016. Based on the representations and opinion of the Fund's investment adviser and consistent with the Fund's investment objective, the PROCFI has also granted no-objection relief with respect to the Fund's investment-grade credit rating requirement for Puerto Rico securities, which permit the Fund to continue to invest in Puerto Rico municipal securities that do not have an investment grade credit rating, under certain conditions, at the discretion of the Fund's investment adviser. These temporary waivers and no-objection relief may be renewed by the PROCFI for additional periods of time, should market

conditions warrant, and upon written request by the Fund. It is the Fund's intention to re-comply with these requirements as soon as market conditions permit, but there is no assurance as to whether and when the Fund will be able to do so.

² The "Expense Ratio" calculation may reflect a partial waiver of the investment advisory and administration fees payable to UBS Trust Company of Puerto Rico, implemented on October 1, 2013. For more up-to-date information with respect to such partial fee waivers, if any, please see "Press Releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Credit quality is as of June 30, 2015. The Fund's investment portfolio is actively managed, and its composition (including the portfolio statistics and characteristics) will vary over time. Credit quality percentages include only fixed income securities and vary over time, as new investment securities are acquired and the credit rating of any investment held by the Fund is reassessed. For purposes of determining compliance with the Fund's investment requirements, ratings are as of the time of purchase, using a Standard & Poor's equivalent ratings scale. Fitch, Moody's, and S&P have recently downgraded further the general obligation bonds ("GOs") of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, as well as the obligations of certain Commonwealth agencies and public corporations, including COFINA, on numerous occasions. On June 29, 2015, Fitch and S&P further downgraded the GOs and related debt ratings from "B" to "CC" and from "CCC+" to "CCC-," respectively. Moody's followed suit on July 1, 2015, downgrading the GOs and COFINA's senior bonds to "Caa3." and S&P further downgraded all of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico's tax-backed debt to "CC" on September 10, 2015. All such ratings carry a negative outlook, Moreover, on June 29, 2015, the Government of Puerto Rico presented a report entitled "Puerto Rico—A Way Forward" by consultants and former International Monetary Fund economists Krueger, Teja, and Wolfe, which identified a deteriorating cash flow position and very large out-year central government budget gaps that approach the size of current full year general fund revenues. The report projects a fiscal 2016 budget gap of \$3.7 billion, absent corrective action, which would rise to \$6.0 billion by 2018 and higher in subsequent years. The Government of Puerto Rico also announced that it would seek to negotiate with bondholders to defer and/or restructure its \$72 billion debt load and also designated the Working Group for the Fiscal and Economic Recovery of Puerto Rico, to provide a debt restructuring plan. Thereafter, on August 3, 2015, the Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation failed to make a required \$58 million payment on its debt, representing the first time a Puerto Rico agency defaulted on its debt. The Working Group released

the Puerto Rico Fiscal and Economic Growth Plan on September 9, 2015, which among other things, recommends restructuring all tax-backed debt, including GOs and COFINA sales tax debt. In this context, one could expect to see interruptions in cash flow on debt payments, in addition to more price volatility across Puerto Rico securities, as the results of many of the fiscal and budgetary measures adopted and to be adopted in the future by the Government of Puerto Rico are fully realized and such Plan or other debt restructuring is implemented. As a result of the foregoing, none of the bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico and its instrumentalities without credit enhancement currently carry an investment-grade **credit rating.** Inasmuch as the Fund invests a substantial portion of its assets in securities issued by the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, these recent rating downgrades will negatively impact the Fund's ability to maintain compliance with its maximum/minimum investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality. To the extent that such investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality are exceeded, Fund management may determine to continue to hold such lower-rated securities, provided any new investment proceeds are directed to acquire investment securities which satisfy the Fund's minimum credit rating requirements. In view of the fact that the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years and the subsequent credit rating downgrades of certain Puerto Rico bonds. Investors are encouraged to refer to current or more up-to-date information regarding the Fund's portfolio holdings available at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds. Currently, the Fund's percentage investment in securities rated below investment-grade (below "BBB" rating) or which are unrated, amounted to 31.93% of the Fund's total portfolio, which exceeds the Fund's maximum investment threshold of 5% of its total assets. invested in securities rated below investment-grade or which are unrated. On August 2015, the Board of Directors approved an extension of the Fund's existing share repurchase program for the acquisition of up to 60% of the Fund's issued Shares. The Repurchase Program is intended to enhance shareholder value by providing additional liquidity to Fund shareholders. For the quarter ended June 30, 2015, the Fund had repurchased 1,121,797 Shares in the onen market with an NAV of \$5 596 313, at a cost of \$4,839,383. Since the program's inception, the Fund has repurchased 9,155,251 Shares of common stock in the open market with an NAV of

\$56,434,987, at a cost of \$53,400,186, and which represent 44.19% of the aggregate number of Shares issued by the Fund (net of Shares acquired for dividend reinvestment purposes and which remain outstanding).

- ³ As of June 30, 2015. Return figures were not calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended, which requires that investment returns for an individual retirement account ("IRA") be calculated in the manner provided therein. To the extent that an individual invests in the Fund through an IRA, his or her investment return figures will be less than those reported herein, when computed in accordance with Regulation 5766 and inasmuch as actual sales charges applicable to such IRA investments are taken into consideration. "Average Annual Total Return" figures reflect the percentage change in the market value, determined by calculating the average between the bid and ask prices, plus any income and capital gain dividends, and return of capital distributions, all such dividends and distributions reinvested as of the corresponding record date thereof, at the month-end NAV as of that date. In the case of "NAV Total Return," the Fund's NAV per Share is used, rather than the average between the bid and ask prices, to determine such total return, as applicable. "Rolling Period Annual Returns" measure the monthly movement in the average of the Annualized Average Market Return figures over a one-year, three-year, five-year, and ten-year period (as applicable), as it moves over a consecutive time series that begins on the Fund's inception date. Additionally, in the case of the Average Annual Total Return and Rolling Period Annual Return figures, commissions or sales charges payable in connection with a purchase or sale of Shares may vary with each brokerage institution. Total return figures are not representative of the performance of any individual investment, and taxes on capital gain distributions or income dividends, if any, have not been deducted. All calculations were performed by Thomson Reuters, based on certain financial data provided by this Fund and are annualized with the exception of year-to-date figures.
- 4 A \$10,000 investment is hypothetical and is shown for illustrative purposes only.
- 5 "IPO Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the initial public offering price. "Current Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the month-end bid price.
- ⁶ Percentages may not total 100% due to rounding.



UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico Funds Quarterly Review

Second Quarter 2015

*Consideraciones Especiales

Cada Fondo es una compañía de inversión no diversificada de fin cerrado inscrita bajo la Ley Número 6 de 19 de octubre de 1954, según enmendada. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo pueden solamente ser adquiridos por, o transferidos a, individuos que sean residentes de Puerto Rico y a entidades cuya oficina y localización de negocios principal estén localizados en Puerto Rico. El rendimiento, el valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y el precio en el mercado de las acciones de capital común del Fondo (en adelante, las "Acciones"), podrán fluctuar y se determinarán por factores como la demanda y oferta en el mercado de las Acciones y las condiciones económicas, políticas y del mercado en general, al igual que otros factores que están fuera del control de un Fondo. Las Acciones son negociadas al precio del mercado, el cual puede reflejar una prima o descuento del valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y no se puede dar representación alguna sobre su liquidez o el mercado para disponer de las mismas. A pesar de que es la intención de UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico (en adelante, "UBSFSPR") de continuar manteniendo un mercado secundario para las Acciones, no está obligada a continuar haciéndolo. De otra parte, puede que no exista otra fuente de información de precios para las Acciones u otros compradores para las Acciones que no sea UBSFSPR.

Riesgo de concentración geográfica: El Fondo está expuesto a ciertos riesgos debido a la diversificación geográfica reducida de su cartera de inversiones. Los activos del fondo están invertidos primariamente en valores de emisores de Puerto Rico. A consecuencia, el Fondo generalmente es más susceptible a factores económicos, políticos, regulatorios y otros que podrían afectar adversamente a emisores de Puerto Rico que otra compañía de inversión la cual no esté tan concentrada en emisores de Puerto Rico. En adición, valores emitidos por el Gobierno de Puerto Rico o sus instrumentalidades se afectan por las finanzas del gobierno central. Eso incluye, pero no se limita a. las obligaciones generales de Puerto Rico y los bonos de ingresos, contribuciones especiales o de agencias. El efecto en cada deuda específica podría no ser el mismo y depende de que parte del dinero del gobierno o sus ingresos se supone paque el interés de dicha deuda. En la medida que un porcentaje relativamente alto de los activos del Fondo pueden ser invertidos en obligaciones de un número limitado de emisores de Puerto Rico, el valor neto de activos y su rendimiento puede aumentar o disminuir más que él de una compañía de inversión más diversificada, como resultado de cambios en cuanto a la evaluación de la condición financiera o prospectos de dichos emisores de Puerto Rico. El Fondo también puede ser más susceptible a cualquier ocurrencia individual económica, política o regulatoria en Puerto Rico que una compañía de inversión más diversificada. En los pasados años, los bonos principales del Gobierno de Puerto Rico, al igual que valores emitidos por ciertas instituciones financieras de Puerto Rico han sido degradados por varios factores, incluyendo sin limitación, al empeoramiento experimentado por la economía de Puerto Rico y la condición financiera pobre del Gobierno de Puerto Rico. Al presente, el mercado de bonos de Puerto Rico está experimentando un periodo de mas volatilidad,

mas con los bonos de Puerto Rico traficando a precios más bajos y rendimientos más altos a los puntos de referencia de los pasados dos (2) años, y así afectando el valor neto de activos del Fondo.

Transacciones de cartera entre un Fondo y UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (en el caso de un Fondo comanejado con Banco Popular de Puerto Rico) y otras afiliadas son efectuadas conforme a ciertos procedimientos adoptados por la Junta de Directores de un Fondo con miras a atender posibles conflictos de interés

Divulgación de Mercado Secundario: Dado a que actualmente UBSFSPR es la fuente dominante, y podría ser la única fuente, de liquidez para la negociación de las Acciones en el mercado secundario, cabe la posibilidad que un inversionista no pueda vender sus Acciones en el mercado secundario o que solamente pueda venderlas a pérdida, si UBSFSPR cesara de facilitar un mercado secundario para la negociación de las Acciones. Por lo tanto, la habilidad de un inversionista para vender sus Acciones dependerá del interés de otros inversionistas que estén comprando Acciones o la disponibilidad de UBSFSPR de designar capital adicional para mantener Acciones en su inventario. UBSFSPR podrá, a su única discreción, comprometer capital adicional para mantener Acciones en inventario cuando así lo estime apropiado, dependiendo de las condiciones del mercado y otras consideraciones, e igualmente en otras ocasiones, podrá reducir la cantidad de capital comprometida para financiar dicho inventario de las Acciones. Por ejemplo, cuando UBSFSPR compra Acciones para su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrán permanecer a los niveles previamente cotizados o aumentar. Por otro lado, cuando UBSFSPR vende Acciones de su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrían reducirse. En situaciones en que UBSFSPR está vendiendo Acciones de su inventario, podría ofrecer vender dichas Acciones a precios más bajos que cualquier orden de venta pendiente que fue puesta sobre sus Acciones por cualquier inversionista. Cualquier decisión de UBSFSPR de aumentar o reducir su inventario será tomada a su única discreción y no son divulgadas al público.

Divulgación Contributiva sobre Acuerdos de Recompra: A pesar de que existe precedente contable que apoya el concepto que los acuerdos de recompra y recompra a la inversa sean considerados como préstamos con garantía colateral para propósitos contributivos en Puerto Rico, dicho precedente no es determinante en cuanto a las disposiciones contributivas aplicables a los acuerdos de recompra que normalmente el Fondo suscribe, que contienen disposiciones que conceden al comprador de los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos el derecho a vender, transferir, pignorar o hipotecar dichos valores. A pesar de que el Departamento de Hacienda de Puerto Rico (en adelante, "Hacienda") nunca se ha expresado sobre si estos tipos de acuerdos deben ser considerados como una transferencia de titularidad sobre los valores subyacentes, Hacienda podría adoptar dicha posición y que los tribunales de Puerto Rico estén de acuerdo con dicha posición. En dicho caso, el interés exento pagado sobre los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos podría considerarse

como ingreso no exento del pago de contribución para el vendedor de tales valores subyacentes. En la medida que el Fondo sea considerado el vendedor bajo el acuerdo de recompra correspondiente, los dividendos distribuidos sobre las Acciones que a su vez son derivados del ingreso del acuerdo de recompra correspondiente podría ser considerado como un dividendo suieto a tributación o ganancias de capital. Si tal dividendo fuera considerado como dividendo sujeto a tributación, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico podrían estar sujetos a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014) sobre el dividendo (o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y aquellos que sean inversionistas corporativos estarían sujetos a una máxima tasa efectiva de 5.85% (o 4.5% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014), debido a la deducción de 85% sobre dividendos recibidos, según dispuesto por el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico, multiplicando el 15% del dividendo por una tasa contributiva corporativa máxima de 39% para los dividendos distribuidos en o después del 1 de julio de 2014 y 30% para los dividendos distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014). Por otro lado, si tales dividendos fueran considerados como dividendos de ganancias de capital, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014 o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y los tenedores de las Acciones que tributa como corporaciones, estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 20% (tasa contributiva de 15% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014).

Cambios Recientes al Derecho Tributario de Puerto Rico: El 29 de mayo de 2015, el Gobernador de Puerto Rico promulgó la Ley 72-2015, la cual enmendó significativamente el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico de 2011, según enmendado (el "Código"). En lo relevante, el Código fue enmendado en cuanto a lo siguiente: (1) en el 2014, el Código se enmendó para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas por un individuo después del 30 de junio de 2014 que serían admitidas como deducción estaban limitadas a 90% de las ganancias de capital más el ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que fuere menor; la Ley 72-2015 restaura el lenguaje existente previo a la enmienda del 2014 para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas en un año contributivo serán admitidas como deducción hasta el monto de las ganancias de capital generadas durante dicho año contributivo, y que si las pérdidas exceden las ganancias de dicho año contributivo, el contribuyente podrá deducir dicho exceso hasta el monto del ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que sea menor; (2) en el caso de corporaciones, para años contributivos comenzados después del 31 de diciembre de 2014, las pérdidas de capital (incluyendo el arrastre de pérdidas de capital) serán admitidas como deducción hasta el 80% de las ganancias de capital; y (3) con relación a la transición del impuesto sobre ventas y uso ("IVU") al nuevo impuesto sobre valor añadido ("IVA") de 10.5%, que será efectivo a partir del 1 de abril de 2016, (i) la tasa

de IVU aplicable a los cargos bancarios impuestos sobre cuentas comerciales aumentó de 6.0% a 10.5%, efectivo el 1 de julio de 2015, y (ii) a partir del 1 de octubre de 2015 y hasta el 31 de marzo de 2016, un IVU de 4.0% será impuesto sobre, entre otros, servicios profesionales y otros servicios (con ciertas excepciones limitadas) prestados al Fondo. No obstante, los intereses y otros cargos por el uso del dinero y servicios prestados (que no sean cargos bancarios) por instituciones financieras, tales como los Fondos, continuarán excluidos de la imposición del IVU y tampoco serán tributables para propósitos del IVA.

Aviso Legal

Rendimientos anteriores no son garantía de resultados futuros similares. Los rendimientos actuales podrían ser más bajos o más altos que el rendimiento aquí citado. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo están sujetos a riesgo de mercado, incluyendo la pérdida del principal invertido. Este documento no es una oferta de compra ni una solicitud de una oferta de compra para cualquier inversión en un Fondo y es para propósitos informativos solamente. Las inversiones en un Fondo están diseñadas principalmente y son adecuadas para inversionistas a largo plazo y no deben ser consideradas como un vehículo para fines de negociación. Estas inversiones puede que no sean adecuadas para cualquier inversionista. Una inversión en un Fondo no es equivalente a una inversión en los valores subvacentes en los cuales un Fondo invierte. El uso de apalancamiento por un Fondo representa ciertos riesgos a los inversionistas en éste, y en ciertos casos, las fluctuaciones en las tasas de intereses podrían aumentar la volatilidad en su rendimiento y afectar a un Fondo a mayor grado que a una compañía de inversión no apalancada. Información más detallada en cuanto a un Fondo, incluvendo los cargos, gastos y penalidades aplicables, objetivo(s) y políticas de inversión, factores de riesgo y el efecto de apalancamiento, se incluye en la documentación de oferta del Fondo, el cual usted debe leer cuidadosamente antes de hacer **una inversión.** Para obtener más información en cuanto a un Fondo (incluyendo los rendimientos de inversión calculados conforme el Reglamento 5766 de 11 de marzo de 1998, según enmendado) o una copia del prospecto para la oferta de las Acciones o los informes anuales del Fondo, favor de contactar a la familia de fondos UBS Puerto Rico o Puerto Rico Investors al 787-773-3888 ó 787-751-5452, respectivamente. Para obtener más información en cuanto a los rendimientos del Fondo de fin de mes o información más actualizada, por favor contactar a su Asesor Financiero en UBSFSPR o verifique los comunicados de prensa ("press releases") en http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Glossary of fund terms

- Ask Price: generally refers to the lowest price at which a seller will sell a specified number of units of a given security at a particular time. The ask price may incorporate a markup, which may vary by transaction and may include commissions and other charges. The ask prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price and age of pending customer orders.

- Average Duration: a time measure of a bond's interest-rate sensitivity, based on the weighted average of the time periods over which a bond's cash flow accrue to the bondholder. Time periods are weighted by multiplying by the present value of its cash flow divided by the bond's price. (A bond's cash flow consist of coupon payments and repayment of capital.) A bond's duration will almost always be shorter than its maturity, with the exception of zero-coupon bonds, for which maturity and duration are equal.
- Bid Price: generally refers to the highest price a buyer is willing to pay at a particular time for a unit of a given security. UBSFSPR publishes two types of bid prices for the Shares: firm or indicative. A firm bid is provided when UBSFSPR has the risk capacity and/or appetite at the particular time to purchase a specified number of Shares. An investor can sell to UBSFSPR at the firm bid price up to the specified number of Shares at a particular time. On the other hand, an indicative bid is provided for informational purposes only when UBSFSPR does not have the risk capacity and/or appetite at a particular time to purchase Shares. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for the Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price, and age of pending customer orders, and may be higher (in which case the price is at a premium) or lower (in which case
- the price is at a discount) than the NAV of the Fund. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR may also be affected by its willingness to hold additional inventory of the Shares or by its need to sell its inventory of Shares. Depending on market liquidity conditions. orders to buy or sell at the quoted price may not receive immediate execution, and an investor may not be able to sell its Shares at the price quoted by UBSFSPR. Moreover, the proceeds an investor receives on a sale of Shares may be lower than the bid price due to discounts, markdowns, and other charges. Since inception, the Shares have historically traded at prices which reflect a premium to their respective NAV per Share, though on certain limited instances, they have traded at prices which reflect a discount to their respective NAV per Share. However, there is no assurance that the Shares will continue to trade at prices which reflect such a premium. The Fund is presently experiencing liquidity issues. As a result, the bid price is for a limited number of shares, and it may not be possible for sellers to obtain the current bid price.
- Credit Quality: a measure of the likelihood that a financial obligation will not be honored provided by one or more of the rating agencies. Rating agencies assign classifications to their ratings, with "AAA" being the highest and "D" being the lowest for Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"). The Fund may use other ratings and adjust them for use in this scale.
- Effective Duration: a calculation of duration that takes into account the embedded options in the securities of a portfolio and their expected changes in the cash flow of a portfolio caused by those options.

- Expense Ratio: The percentage of the Fund's average net assets attributable to holders of the Shares and which is used to pay operating expenses and takes into account investment management fees, administration fees, and other operating expenses such as legal, audit, insurance, and shareholder communications.
- Hedge Notional: refers to the total net face value, reflecting any offsetting positions, of derivative instruments employed in hedging strategies of the Fund.
- Hedge Ratio: ratio of the Fund's hedge notional amount to its total dollar amount of leverage as of the end of a calendar quarter, assuming the Fund is fully invested at quarter-end. The Fund's investment adviser may, at its discretion, use a variety of derivative instruments including securities options, financial futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and other interest rate protection transactions such as swap agreements, to attempt to hedge its portfolio of assets and seek to enhance its return. There can be no assurance that any particular hedging strategy used will succeed.
- Leverage: the Fund may issue preferred stock or debt, enter into repurchase agreements, or borrow money, in order to increase the amounts available for investment ("leverage"). This gives the Fund's investment adviser, in the fixed income area in particular, the opportunity to enhance yield. The use of leverage increases the likelihood of price volatility and market risk for the Shares. There is also the risk that the cost of funding leverage will exceed the earnings on the related investments, which will have the likely effect of reducing the Fund's yield and the value of its investments.

- Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration: effective duration adjusted for the impact of the Fund's utilization of leverage. A Fund that utilizes leverage will have a leverage-adjusted effective duration that is longer than its effective duration.
- Maturity: date on which the face value of a security/bond must be repaid. It measures the average length to maturity in years of all the bonds in the Fund's portfolio. For mortgagebacked securities, the maturity takes into account the prepayment of the underlying mortgages.
- NAV: Net Asset Value. On a per-Share basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities and dividing such result by the Shares outstanding. On an aggregate, Fund basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities.
- Undistributed Income: the Fund's net income that has not been distributed to holders of its Shares as of the latest available audited financial statements. In the case of a target maturity-type investment company (which is liquidated on or by a specific date), it also includes the amounts to be distributed on or by the liquidation date as the return of the initial investment.



Puerto Rico Tax-Free Target Maturity Fund, Inc.

Investment Objectives and Policies

Seeks high level of current income that, for Puerto Rico residents, is exempt from both U.S. Federal and Puerto Rico income taxes, consistent with the preservation of capital, and the distribution to shareholders of common stock of an amount at least equal to \$10 per share.

- return initial investment of \$10 per share by or before December 31, 2022; distributions of principal have commenced^{A2}
- may issue leverage representing up to 50% of total assets¹

Pricing and Distribution History^{2, 3, A, B}

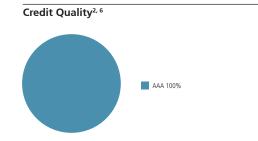
Initial Public Offering (IPO)	\$10.00
Distribution to date	\$9.00
Remaining Capital	\$1.00
IPO Yield ⁵	0.75%
Current Yield ⁵	1.06%
Last Dividend Paid	\$0.0006
Last 12-month dividend	\$0.0136

Portfolio Statistics and Characteristics²

Commencement Shares Outstanding (mm)	Aug 96 8.46	Average Maturity (yrs) Average Duration (yrs)	2.13 1.98
Bid Price	\$0.71	Leverage Adjusted	
Net Asset Value (NAV)	\$0.79	Effective Duration (yrs)	3.67
Net Assets (mm)	\$6.65	Fiscal Year	31-May
Leverage (mm)	\$5.80	Leverage %	46.34% ¹
Expense Ratio	1.64%	, and the second	

See Portfolio Holdings, Portfolio Managers, Special Considerations, Disclaimers, Glossary of Fund Terms, and Footnotes on reverse.

Portfolio Summary^{2, 6} Mortgage-Backed Securities 65.91% PR Issuers 34.09%

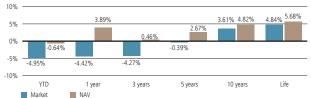


Portfolio Holdings^{2, 6}

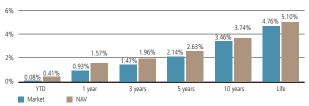
PR Obligations	
Mortgage-Backed Securities GNMA, FNMA, FGLMC, CMO	65.91%
PR Housing Finance	34.09%
PR Obligations	100.00%

Pro-Forma ^B	Actual	Capital distributed to date	Adjusted Amount
Bid Price	\$0.71	\$9.00	\$9.71
NAV	\$0.79	\$9.00	\$9.79





Average Annual Total Return of Capital Not Reinvested³

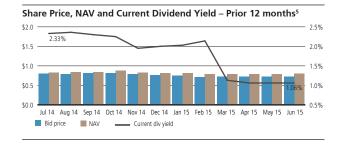


Portfolio Managers

Leslie Highley, Jr., Portfolio Manager since inception UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico

Javier Rubio, Portfolio Manager since inception Popular Asset Management

- A During the principal distribution period, the Fund will distribute pro-rata to holders of common stock the principal payments received by the Fund on its portfolio securities, in addition to the regular monthly distributions of net investment income and annual distributions of net capital gains. Provided the Fund adheres to certain requirements imposed by the Office of the Commission of Financial Institutions during the principal distribution period, the 67% investment requirement in Puerto Rico securities will not be applicable to the Fund.
- In order to compute the Pro-Forma values, the total aggregate amount of all return of capital distributions per Share made to date (i.e. since commencement of capital distributions on December 2007) is added back to (i) the bid price for the Shares and (ii) the NAV. The Pro-Forma value is intended to reflect the value of a Share on the basis of the original \$10.00 initial public offering (IPO) price per Share. An investor purchasing Shares at current market prices can expect to receive return of capital distributions of up to the amount labeled "Remaining Capital" in the "Pricing and Distribution History" table, although there can be no assurance that they will ultimately receive such amounts.





of the Shares other than LIBSESPR

Geographic Concentration Risk. The Fund is exposed to certain risks resulting from the reduced geographic diversification of its portfolio. The Fund's assets are invested primarily in securities of Puerto Rico issuers. Consequently, the Fund in general is more susceptible to economic, political, regulatory or other factors adversely affecting issuers in Puerto Rico than an investment company that is not so concentrated in Puerto Rico issuers. In addition, securities issued by the Government of Puerto Rico or its instrumentalities are affected by the central government's finances. That includes, but is not limited to, general obligations of Puerto Rico and revenue bonds, special tax bonds, or agency bonds. The effect on each specific debt may not be the same; it depends on exactly what part of the government's money or revenue is supposed to pay the interest thereon. Inasmuch as a relatively high percentage of the Fund's assets may be invested in obligations of a limited number of Puerto Rico issuers, the Fund's net asset value and its yield may increase or decrease more than that of a more diversified investment company as a result of changes in the market's assessment of the financial condition and prospects of such Puerto Rico issuers. The Fund may also be more susceptible to any single economic, political, or regulatory occurrence in Puerto Rico than a more widely diversified investment company. Over the past years, the principal Puerto Rico Government bonds as well as the securities issued by several

Puerto Rico financial institutions have been downgraded as a result of several factors, including without limitation, the downturn experienced by the Puerto Rico economy and the strained financial condition of the Government of Puerto Rico. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years, thereby affecting the Fund's net asset value.

Portfolio transactions between the Fund and UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (in the case of a co-managed Fund with Banco Popular de Puerto Rico), and other affiliates, are conducted in accordance with procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Directors in an effort to address potential conflicts

Secondary Market Disclosure: Given UBSFSPR is currently the dominant, and may be the sole source of secondary market liquidity for the Shares, an investor may not be able to sell its Shares or may only be able to sell them at a loss, if UBSFSPR were to cease to facilitate such secondary market for the Shares. Accordingly, an investor's ability to sell its Shares will depend on the interest of other investors buying Shares, or UBSFSPR's willingness to commit additional capital to holding Shares in inventory, UBSFSPR may, in its sole discretion, commit additional capital to hold Shares in inventory when it deems it appropriate to do so, given market conditions or other considerations, and similarly may reduce the amount of capital committed to fund such inventory of Shares at other times. For example, when UBSFSPR purchases Shares and holds them in its inventory, quoted prices may remain at the previously quoted levels or increase. Conversely, when UBSFSPR sells Shares from its inventory, the quoted prices may decrease. In situations where UBSFSPR is selling Shares from its inventory. it may offer to sell its Shares at prices that are lower than pending sell orders that were placed by investors in the Shares. Decisions by UBSFSPR to increase or decrease inventory are made at its sole discretion and are not generally disclosed.

Repurchase Agreement Tax Disclosure: While there is authority generally supporting the treatment of repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements as collateralized loans for Puerto Rico income tax purposes. that authority does not specifically address the tax treatment of the repurchase agreements that the Fund typically enters into, which contain provisions that grant the buyer the right to sell, transfer, pledge, or hypothecate the securities that are the object of such agreements.

Although the Puerto Rico Treasury Department ("PR Treasury") has never pronounced itself as to whether this type of arrangement should be viewed as a transfer of ownership of the underlying securities, it is possible that the PR Treasury could take that position in the future and that Puerto Rico courts would agree with that view. In such event, the tax exempt interest paid on such underlying securities could be deemed not to constitute tax exempt income for the seller of such securities; to the extent that the Fund was such seller, the dividends distributed on its Shares from such income could be treated either as taxable dividends or capital gain dividends. If such dividends were treated as taxable dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts could be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income for dividends distributed before July 15. 2014) on the dividend (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and those which are corporate investors would be subject to a maximum effective income tax rate of 5.85% (or 4.5% for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014), (due to the 85% dividend received deduction of the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, 15% of the dividend multiplied by a 39% maximum corporate income tax rate for dividends distributed on or after July 1, 2014 and 30% for dividends distributed before July 1, 2014). On the other hand, if such dividends were treated as capital gains dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts would be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014) (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and holders of the Shares which are taxed as corporations would be subject to a 20% income tax (15% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014).

Recent changes in the Puerto Rico tax law: Act No. 72-2015, enacted on May 29, 2015, introduced significant changes to the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code of 2011, as amended ("Code").

In relevant part, the Code was amended as to the following: (1) the Code was amended in 2014 to provide that the amount of a capital loss incurred by an individual after June 30, 2014 that may be claimed as a deduction is limited to 90% of capital gains plus the individual's net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; Act No. 72-2015 reinstates the pre-2014 amendment rules, to provide that capital losses derived in a taxable year may be deducted against capital gains generated in the taxable year and that if the capital losses exceed capital gains, the amount of the excess that may be claimed as a deduction is an amount equal to the individual's

net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; (2) in the case of corporations, for taxable years beginning after December 31st, 2014, capital losses (including capital loss carryovers) may only offset up to 80% of a corporate taxpayer's capital gains; and (3) in connection with the transition from a sales and use tax ("SUT") to a 10.5% value added tax ("VAT"), which would become effective on April 1, 2016, (i) the SUT rate applicable to bank charges on commercial accounts increased from 6.0% to 10.5%, effective July 1, 2015; and (ii) a 4% SUT will be imposed, beginning on October 1, 2015 and through March 31, 2016, on, among others, professional and other services (with limited exceptions) rendered to the Fund. Note, however, that interest and other charges for the use money and charges for services (other than bank charges) provided by financial institutions, such as the Funds, will continue to be excluded from the SUT and will not be subject to the VAT.

Legal Disclaimer

Past performance does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Securities issued by the Fund are subject to market risk, including the loss of principal amounts invested. This document is not an offer to sell, or the solicitation of an offer to buy any investment in the Fund, and is for informational purposes only. Fund investments are designed primarily and suitable for long-term investors and not viewed as a vehicle for trading purposes. They may not be suitable to all investors. Fund investments are not equivalent to investments in its underlying securities. The Fund's utilization of leverage poses certain risks to investors, and in some cases, interest rate fluctuations may increase the volatility of its return and affect the Fund to a significantly greater extent than a non-leveraged investment company. More detailed information about the Fund, including applicable fees, costs, penalties, investment objectives and policies, risk factors, and the effects of leverage, is further described in the Share's prospectus, which you should read carefully prior to making an investment. To obtain additional information related to the Fund (including investment returns calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended) or a copy of the Shares' prospectus or Fund's annual report, please contact the Puerto Rico Investors Family of Funds at 787-751-5452. To obtain the Fund's month-end performance or more up-to-date information, please contact your UBS Financial Advisor or see "press releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Footnotes:

Generally, the Fund must invest at least 67% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage) and cash, including cash equivalents, but excluding non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market). in Puerto Rico securities. Additionally, the Fund may issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage, representing not more than 50% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage), cash (including cash equivalents), and non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap markedto-market), immediately after the issuance of any such preferred stock, or other debt securities. Moreover, the Fund may not issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage unless the value of its total assets less all its liabilities and indebtedness, other than the preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage being issued or already outstanding, is at least equal to 200% of the total aggregate liquidation preference/principal amount of all its outstanding preferred stock (not including any accumulated dividends or other distributions), debt securities, and other forms of leverage. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years. In view of these volatile market conditions, the Puerto Rico Office of the Commissioner of Financial Institutions (the "PROCFI") has granted to the Fund a temporary regulatory waiver from the Funds' investment requirement in Puerto Rico. securities of at least 67% of the Fund's total assets and leverage limitation of 50% of its total assets and 200% asset coverage requirement described above, through January 31, 2016. These temporary waivers may be renewed by the PROCFI for additional periods of time, should market conditions warrant, and upon written request by the Fund. It is the Fund's intention to recomply with these requirements as soon as market conditions permit, but there is no assurance as to whether and when the Fund will be able to do so.

² Credit quality is as of June 30, 2015. The Fund's investment portfolio is

actively managed, and its composition (including the portfolio statistics and characteristics) will vary over time. Credit quality percentages include only fixed income securities and vary over time, as new investment securities are acquired and the credit rating of any investment held by the Fund is reassessed. For purposes of determining compliance with the Fund's investment requirements, ratings are as of the time of purchase, using a Standard & Poor's equivalent ratings scale, Fitch, Moody's, and S&P have recently downgraded further the general obligation bonds ("GOs") of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, as well as the obligations of certain Commonwealth agencies and public corporations, including COFINA, on numerous occasions. On June 29, 2015, Fitch and S&P further downgraded the GOs and related debt ratings from "B" to "CC" and from "CCC+" to "CCC-." respectively. Moody's followed suit on July 1, 2015, downgrading the GOs and COFINA's senior bonds to "Caa3," and S&P further downgraded all of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico's tax-backed debt to "CC" on September 10, 2015. All such ratings carry a negative outlook. Moreover, on June 29, 2015, the Government of Puerto Rico presented a report entitled "Puerto Rico—A Way Forward" by consultants and former International Monetary Fund economists Krueger, Teja, and Wolfe, which identified a deteriorating cash flow position and very large out-year central government budget gaps that approach the size of current full year general fund revenues. The report projects a fiscal 2016 budget gap of \$3.7 billion, absent corrective action, which would rise to \$6.0 billion by 2018 and higher in subsequent years. The Government of Puerto Rico also announced that it would seek to negotiate with bondholders to defer and/or restructure its \$72 billion debt load and also designated the Working Group for the Fiscal and Economic Recovery of Puerto Rico, to provide a debt restructuring plan. Thereafter, on August 3, 2015, the Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation failed to make a required \$58 million payment on its debt, representing the first time a Puerto Rico agency defaulted on its debt. The Working Group released the Puerto Rico Fiscal and Economic Growth Plan on September 9, 2015. which among other things, recommends restructuring all tax-backed debt including GOs and COFINA sales tax debt. In this context, one could expect to see interruptions in cash flow on debt payments, in addition to more price volatility across Puerto Rico securities, as the results of many of the fiscal and budgetary measures adopted and to be adopted in the future. by the Government of Puerto Rico are fully realized and such Plan or other

debt restructuring is implemented. As a result of the foregoing, none of the bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico and its instrumentalities without credit enhancement currently carry an investment-grade credit rating. In view of the fact that the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years and the subsequent credit rating downgrades of certain Puerto Rico bonds. Investors are encouraged to refer to current or more up-to-date information regarding the Fund's portfolio holdings available at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds. The Fund has commenced pro-rata distributions to its holders of common stock, of the principal navments received on its portfolio securities

On January 2014, the Board of Directors approved the implementation of a share repurchase program for the acquisition of up to 25% of the Fund's total assets. The Repurchase Program is intended to enhance shareholder value by providing additional liquidity to Fund shareholders. For the quarter ended June 30, 2015, the Fund had repurchased 738,874 shares in the open market with an NAV of \$576,322, at a cost of \$497,111. Since the program's inception, the Fund has repurchased 1.154.679 shares of common stock in the open market with an NAV of \$915,701, at a cost of \$802,586, and which represent 5.07% of the total assets of the Fund (net of Shares acquired for dividend reinvestment purposes and which remain outstanding).

As of June 30, 2015. Return figures were not calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended, which requires that investment returns for an individual retirement account ("IRA") be calculated in the manner provided therein. To the extent that an individual invests in the Fund through an IRA. his or her investment return figures will be less than those reported herein. when computed in accordance with Regulation 5766 and inasmuch as actual sales charges applicable to such IRA investments are taken into consideration. This Fund has commenced return of capital distributions to its shareholders of Common Stock. This Fund has never offered a dividend reinvestment plan for the Shares. Solely for purposes of providing investors with (a) the ability to compare the performance of the Fund to that of other similar closed-end investment companies, and (b) performance information which does not take into account any reinvestment of return of capital distributions, two (2)

separate sets of "Average Annual Total Return" figures are set out above. The first set of "Market Total Return" figures reflect the percentage change in the market value, determined by calculating the average between the bid and ask prices, plus any income and capital gain dividends, and return of capital distributions, all such dividends and distributions reinvested as of the corresponding record date thereof, at the month-end NAV as of that date. The second set of "Market Total Return" figures reflect the percentage change in the market value, determined by calculating the average between the bid and ask prices, including in each case the aggregate amounts of all return of capital distributions to date, plus any income and capital gain dividends. all such dividends reinvested as of the corresponding record date thereof, at the month-end Pro Forma NAV as of that date. In the case of "NAV Total Return " the Fund's NAV per Share is used, rather than the average between the bid and ask prices or the sum of (i) the average between the bid and ask prices and (ii) the aggregate amount of return of capital distributions to date, to determine such total return, as applicable. "Rolling Period Annual Returns" measure the monthly movement in the average of the Annualized Average Market Return figures over a one-year, three-year, five-year, and ten-year period (as applicable), as it moves over a consecutive time series that begins on the Fund's inception date. Additionally, in the case of the Average Annual Total Return and Rolling Period Annual Return figures, commissions or sales charges payable in connection with a purchase or sale of Shares may vary with each brokerage institution. Total return figures are not representative of the performance of any individual investment, and taxes on capital gain distributions or income dividends, if any, have not been deducted. All calculations were performed by Thomson Reuters, based on certain financial data provided by this Fund and are annualized with the exception of year-todate figures.

- A \$10,000 investment is hypothetical and is shown for illustrative
- "IPO Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the remaining capital. "Current Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the month-end bid price.
- 6 Percentages may not total 100% due to rounding.



UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico Funds Quarterly Review

Second Quarter 2015

*Consideraciones Especiales

Cada Fondo es una compañía de inversión no diversificada de fin cerrado inscrita bajo la Ley Número 6 de 19 de octubre de 1954, según enmendada. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo pueden solamente ser adquiridos por, o transferidos a, individuos que sean residentes de Puerto Rico y a entidades cuya oficina y localización de negocios principal estén localizados en Puerto Rico. El rendimiento, el valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y el precio en el mercado de las acciones de capital común del Fondo (en adelante, las "Acciones"), podrán fluctuar y se determinarán por factores como la demanda y oferta en el mercado de las Acciones y las condiciones económicas, políticas y del mercado en general, al igual que otros factores que están fuera del control de un Fondo. Las Acciones son negociadas al precio del mercado, el cual puede reflejar una prima o descuento del valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y no se puede dar representación alguna sobre su liquidez o el mercado para disponer de las mismas. A pesar de que es la intención de UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico (en adelante, "UBSFSPR") de continuar manteniendo un mercado secundario para las Acciones, no está obligada a continuar haciéndolo. De otra parte, puede que no exista otra fuente de información de precios para las Acciones u otros compradores para las Acciones que no sea UBSFSPR.

Riesgo de concentración geográfica: El Fondo está expuesto a ciertos riesgos debido a la diversificación geográfica reducida de su cartera de inversiones. Los activos del fondo están invertidos primariamente en valores de emisores de Puerto Rico. A consecuencia, el Fondo generalmente es más susceptible a factores económicos, políticos, regulatorios y otros que podrían afectar adversamente a emisores de Puerto Rico que otra compañía de inversión la cual no esté tan concentrada en emisores de Puerto Rico. En adición, valores emitidos por el Gobierno de Puerto Rico o sus instrumentalidades se afectan por las finanzas del gobierno central. Eso incluye, pero no se limita a. las obligaciones generales de Puerto Rico y los bonos de ingresos, contribuciones especiales o de agencias. El efecto en cada deuda específica podría no ser el mismo y depende de que parte del dinero del gobierno o sus ingresos se supone paque el interés de dicha deuda. En la medida que un porcentaje relativamente alto de los activos del Fondo pueden ser invertidos en obligaciones de un número limitado de emisores de Puerto Rico, el valor neto de activos y su rendimiento puede aumentar o disminuir más que él de una compañía de inversión más diversificada, como resultado de cambios en cuanto a la evaluación de la condición financiera o prospectos de dichos emisores de Puerto Rico. El Fondo también puede ser más susceptible a cualquier ocurrencia individual económica, política o regulatoria en Puerto Rico que una compañía de inversión más diversificada. En los pasados años, los bonos principales del Gobierno de Puerto Rico, al igual que valores emitidos por ciertas instituciones financieras de Puerto Rico han sido degradados por varios factores, incluyendo sin limitación, al empeoramiento experimentado por la economía de Puerto Rico y la condición financiera pobre del Gobierno de Puerto Rico. Al presente, el mercado de bonos de Puerto Rico está experimentando un periodo de mas volatilidad,

mas con los bonos de Puerto Rico traficando a precios más bajos y rendimientos más altos a los puntos de referencia de los pasados dos (2) años, y así afectando el valor neto de activos del Fondo.

Transacciones de cartera entre un Fondo y UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (en el caso de un Fondo comanejado con Banco Popular de Puerto Rico) y otras afiliadas son efectuadas conforme a ciertos procedimientos adoptados por la Junta de Directores de un Fondo con miras a atender posibles conflictos de interés

Divulgación de Mercado Secundario: Dado a que actualmente UBSFSPR es la fuente dominante, y podría ser la única fuente, de liquidez para la negociación de las Acciones en el mercado secundario, cabe la posibilidad que un inversionista no pueda vender sus Acciones en el mercado secundario o que solamente pueda venderlas a pérdida, si UBSFSPR cesara de facilitar un mercado secundario para la negociación de las Acciones. Por lo tanto, la habilidad de un inversionista para vender sus Acciones dependerá del interés de otros inversionistas que estén comprando Acciones o la disponibilidad de UBSFSPR de designar capital adicional para mantener Acciones en su inventario. UBSFSPR podrá, a su única discreción, comprometer capital adicional para mantener Acciones en inventario cuando así lo estime apropiado, dependiendo de las condiciones del mercado y otras consideraciones, e igualmente en otras ocasiones, podrá reducir la cantidad de capital comprometida para financiar dicho inventario de las Acciones. Por ejemplo, cuando UBSFSPR compra Acciones para su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrán permanecer a los niveles previamente cotizados o aumentar. Por otro lado, cuando UBSFSPR vende Acciones de su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrían reducirse. En situaciones en que UBSFSPR está vendiendo Acciones de su inventario, podría ofrecer vender dichas Acciones a precios más bajos que cualquier orden de venta pendiente que fue puesta sobre sus Acciones por cualquier inversionista. Cualquier decisión de UBSFSPR de aumentar o reducir su inventario será tomada a su única discreción y no son divulgadas al público.

Divulgación Contributiva sobre Acuerdos de Recompra: A pesar de que existe precedente contable que apoya el concepto que los acuerdos de recompra y recompra a la inversa sean considerados como préstamos con garantía colateral para propósitos contributivos en Puerto Rico, dicho precedente no es determinante en cuanto a las disposiciones contributivas aplicables a los acuerdos de recompra que normalmente el Fondo suscribe, que contienen disposiciones que conceden al comprador de los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos el derecho a vender, transferir, pignorar o hipotecar dichos valores. A pesar de que el Departamento de Hacienda de Puerto Rico (en adelante, "Hacienda") nunca se ha expresado sobre si estos tipos de acuerdos deben ser considerados como una transferencia de titularidad sobre los valores subyacentes, Hacienda podría adoptar dicha posición y que los tribunales de Puerto Rico estén de acuerdo con dicha posición. En dicho caso, el interés exento pagado sobre los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos podría considerarse

como ingreso no exento del pago de contribución para el vendedor de tales valores subyacentes. En la medida que el Fondo sea considerado el vendedor bajo el acuerdo de recompra correspondiente, los dividendos distribuidos sobre las Acciones que a su vez son derivados del ingreso del acuerdo de recompra correspondiente podría ser considerado como un dividendo suieto a tributación o ganancias de capital. Si tal dividendo fuera considerado como dividendo sujeto a tributación, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico podrían estar sujetos a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014) sobre el dividendo (o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y aquellos que sean inversionistas corporativos estarían sujetos a una máxima tasa efectiva de 5.85% (o 4.5% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014), debido a la deducción de 85% sobre dividendos recibidos, según dispuesto por el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico, multiplicando el 15% del dividendo por una tasa contributiva corporativa máxima de 39% para los dividendos distribuidos en o después del 1 de julio de 2014 y 30% para los dividendos distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014). Por otro lado, si tales dividendos fueran considerados como dividendos de ganancias de capital, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014 o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y los tenedores de las Acciones que tributa como corporaciones, estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 20% (tasa contributiva de 15% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014).

Cambios Recientes al Derecho Tributario de Puerto Rico: El 29 de mayo de 2015, el Gobernador de Puerto Rico promulgó la Ley 72-2015, la cual enmendó significativamente el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico de 2011, según enmendado (el "Código"). En lo relevante, el Código fue enmendado en cuanto a lo siguiente: (1) en el 2014, el Código se enmendó para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas por un individuo después del 30 de junio de 2014 que serían admitidas como deducción estaban limitadas a 90% de las ganancias de capital más el ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que fuere menor; la Ley 72-2015 restaura el lenguaje existente previo a la enmienda del 2014 para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas en un año contributivo serán admitidas como deducción hasta el monto de las ganancias de capital generadas durante dicho año contributivo, y que si las pérdidas exceden las ganancias de dicho año contributivo, el contribuyente podrá deducir dicho exceso hasta el monto del ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que sea menor; (2) en el caso de corporaciones, para años contributivos comenzados después del 31 de diciembre de 2014, las pérdidas de capital (incluyendo el arrastre de pérdidas de capital) serán admitidas como deducción hasta el 80% de las ganancias de capital; y (3) con relación a la transición del impuesto sobre ventas y uso ("IVU") al nuevo impuesto sobre valor añadido ("IVA") de 10.5%, que será efectivo a partir del 1 de abril de 2016, (i) la tasa

de IVU aplicable a los cargos bancarios impuestos sobre cuentas comerciales aumentó de 6.0% a 10.5%, efectivo el 1 de julio de 2015, y (ii) a partir del 1 de octubre de 2015 y hasta el 31 de marzo de 2016, un IVU de 4.0% será impuesto sobre, entre otros, servicios profesionales y otros servicios (con ciertas excepciones limitadas) prestados al Fondo. No obstante, los intereses y otros cargos por el uso del dinero y servicios prestados (que no sean cargos bancarios) por instituciones financieras, tales como los Fondos, continuarán excluidos de la imposición del IVU y tampoco serán tributables para propósitos del IVA.

Aviso Legal

Rendimientos anteriores no son garantía de resultados futuros similares. Los rendimientos actuales podrían ser más bajos o más altos que el rendimiento aquí citado. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo están sujetos a riesgo de mercado, incluyendo la pérdida del principal invertido. Este documento no es una oferta de compra ni una solicitud de una oferta de compra para cualquier inversión en un Fondo y es para propósitos informativos solamente. Las inversiones en un Fondo están diseñadas principalmente y son adecuadas para inversionistas a largo plazo y no deben ser consideradas como un vehículo para fines de negociación. Estas inversiones puede que no sean adecuadas para cualquier inversionista. Una inversión en un Fondo no es equivalente a una inversión en los valores subvacentes en los cuales un Fondo invierte. El uso de apalancamiento por un Fondo representa ciertos riesgos a los inversionistas en éste, y en ciertos casos, las fluctuaciones en las tasas de intereses podrían aumentar la volatilidad en su rendimiento y afectar a un Fondo a mayor grado que a una compañía de inversión no apalancada. Información más detallada en cuanto a un Fondo, incluvendo los cargos, gastos y penalidades aplicables, objetivo(s) y políticas de inversión, factores de riesgo y el efecto de apalancamiento, se incluye en la documentación de oferta del Fondo, el cual usted debe leer cuidadosamente antes de hacer **una inversión.** Para obtener más información en cuanto a un Fondo (incluyendo los rendimientos de inversión calculados conforme el Reglamento 5766 de 11 de marzo de 1998, según enmendado) o una copia del prospecto para la oferta de las Acciones o los informes anuales del Fondo, favor de contactar a la familia de fondos UBS Puerto Rico o Puerto Rico Investors al 787-773-3888 ó 787-751-5452, respectivamente. Para obtener más información en cuanto a los rendimientos del Fondo de fin de mes o información más actualizada, por favor contactar a su Asesor Financiero en UBSFSPR o verifique los comunicados de prensa ("press releases") en http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Glossary of fund terms

- Ask Price: generally refers to the lowest price at which a seller will sell a specified number of units of a given security at a particular time. The ask price may incorporate a markup, which may vary by transaction and may include commissions and other charges. The ask prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price and age of pending customer orders.

- Average Duration: a time measure of a bond's interest-rate sensitivity, based on the weighted average of the time periods over which a bond's cash flow accrue to the bondholder. Time periods are weighted by multiplying by the present value of its cash flow divided by the bond's price. (A bond's cash flow consist of coupon payments and repayment of capital.) A bond's duration will almost always be shorter than its maturity, with the exception of zero-coupon bonds, for which maturity and duration are equal.
- Bid Price: generally refers to the highest price a buyer is willing to pay at a particular time for a unit of a given security. UBSFSPR publishes two types of bid prices for the Shares: firm or indicative. A firm bid is provided when UBSFSPR has the risk capacity and/or appetite at the particular time to purchase a specified number of Shares. An investor can sell to UBSFSPR at the firm bid price up to the specified number of Shares at a particular time. On the other hand, an indicative bid is provided for informational purposes only when UBSFSPR does not have the risk capacity and/or appetite at a particular time to purchase Shares. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for the Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price, and age of pending customer orders, and may be higher (in which case the price is at a premium) or lower (in which case
- the price is at a discount) than the NAV of the Fund. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR may also be affected by its willingness to hold additional inventory of the Shares or by its need to sell its inventory of Shares. Depending on market liquidity conditions. orders to buy or sell at the quoted price may not receive immediate execution, and an investor may not be able to sell its Shares at the price quoted by UBSFSPR. Moreover, the proceeds an investor receives on a sale of Shares may be lower than the bid price due to discounts, markdowns, and other charges. Since inception, the Shares have historically traded at prices which reflect a premium to their respective NAV per Share, though on certain limited instances, they have traded at prices which reflect a discount to their respective NAV per Share. However, there is no assurance that the Shares will continue to trade at prices which reflect such a premium. The Fund is presently experiencing liquidity issues. As a result, the bid price is for a limited number of shares, and it may not be possible for sellers to obtain the current bid price.
- Credit Quality: a measure of the likelihood that a financial obligation will not be honored provided by one or more of the rating agencies. Rating agencies assign classifications to their ratings, with "AAA" being the highest and "D" being the lowest for Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"). The Fund may use other ratings and adjust them for use in this scale.
- Effective Duration: a calculation of duration that takes into account the embedded options in the securities of a portfolio and their expected changes in the cash flow of a portfolio caused by those options.

- Expense Ratio: The percentage of the Fund's average net assets attributable to holders of the Shares and which is used to pay operating expenses and takes into account investment management fees, administration fees, and other operating expenses such as legal, audit, insurance, and shareholder communications.
- Hedge Notional: refers to the total net face value, reflecting any offsetting positions, of derivative instruments employed in hedging strategies of the Fund.
- Hedge Ratio: ratio of the Fund's hedge notional amount to its total dollar amount of leverage as of the end of a calendar quarter, assuming the Fund is fully invested at quarter-end. The Fund's investment adviser may, at its discretion, use a variety of derivative instruments including securities options, financial futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and other interest rate protection transactions such as swap agreements, to attempt to hedge its portfolio of assets and seek to enhance its return. There can be no assurance that any particular hedging strategy used will succeed.
- Leverage: the Fund may issue preferred stock or debt, enter into repurchase agreements, or borrow money, in order to increase the amounts available for investment ("leverage"). This gives the Fund's investment adviser, in the fixed income area in particular, the opportunity to enhance yield. The use of leverage increases the likelihood of price volatility and market risk for the Shares. There is also the risk that the cost of funding leverage will exceed the earnings on the related investments, which will have the likely effect of reducing the Fund's yield and the value of its investments.

- Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration: effective duration adjusted for the impact of the Fund's utilization of leverage. A Fund that utilizes leverage will have a leverage-adjusted effective duration that is longer than its effective duration.
- Maturity: date on which the face value of a security/bond must be repaid. It measures the average length to maturity in years of all the bonds in the Fund's portfolio. For mortgagebacked securities, the maturity takes into account the prepayment of the underlying mortgages.
- NAV: Net Asset Value. On a per-Share basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities and dividing such result by the Shares outstanding. On an aggregate, Fund basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities.
- Undistributed Income: the Fund's net income that has not been distributed to holders of its Shares as of the latest available audited financial statements. In the case of a target maturity-type investment company (which is liquidated on or by a specific date), it also includes the amounts to be distributed on or by the liquidation date as the return of the initial investment.



Puerto Rico Tax-Free Target Maturity Fund II, Inc.

Investment Objectives and Policies

Seeks high level of current income that, for Puerto Rico residents, is exempt from both U.S. Federal and Puerto Rico income taxes, consistent with the preservation of capital, and the distribution to shareholders of common stock of an amount at least equal to \$10 per share.

- return initial investment of \$10 per share by or before December 31, 2028; distributions of principal have commenced^{A 2}
- may issue leverage representing up to 50% of total assets¹

Pricing and Distribution History^{2, 3, A, B}

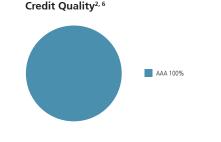
Initial Public Offering (IPO)	\$10.00
Distribution to date	\$8.20
Remaining Capital	\$1.80
IPO Yield ⁵	1.25%
Current Yield ⁵	1.61%
Last Dividend Paid	\$0.0019
Last 12-month dividend	\$0.0349

Portfolio Statistics and Characteristics²

Commencement Shares Outstanding (mm) Bid Price Net Asset Value (NAV) Net Assets (mm)	July-97	Average Maturity (yrs)	3.84
	6.30	Average Duration (yrs)	3.45
	\$1.40	Leverage Adjusted	6.34
	\$1.55	Effective Duration (yrs)	31-May
	\$9.79	Fiscal Year	43 19% ¹
Leverage (mm) Expense Ratio	\$7.50 1.14%	Leverage %	43.19%1

See Portfolio Holdings, Portfolio Managers, Special Considerations, Disclaimers, Glossary of Fund Terms, and Footnotes on reverse.

Portfolio Summary^{2, 6} Mortgage-Backed Securities 61.49% PR Issuers 38.51%



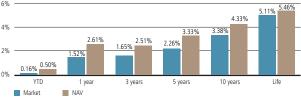
Portfolio Holdings^{2, 6}

PR Obligations	
Mortgage-Backed Securities	
GNMA, FNMA, FGLMC, CMO	61.49%
PR Housing Finance	38.51%
PR Obligations	100.00%

Pro-Forma ^B	Actual	Capital distributed to date	Adjusted Amount
Bid Price	\$1.40	\$8.20	\$9.60
NAV	\$1.55	\$8.20	\$9.75







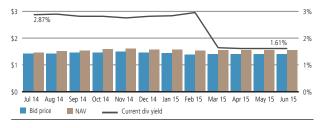
Portfolio Managers

Leslie Highley, Jr., Portfolio Manager since inception UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico

Javier Rubio, Portfolio Manager since inception Popular Asset Management

- During the principal distribution period, the Fund will distribute pro-rate to holders of common stock the principal payments received by the Fund on its portfolio securities, in addition to the regular monthly distributions of net investment income and annual distributions of net capital gains. Provided the Fund adheres to certain requirements imposed by the Office of the Commission of Financial Institutions during the principal distribution period, the 67% investment requirement in Puerto Rico securities will not be applicable to the Fund.
- In order to compute the Pro-Forma values, the total aggregate amount of all return of capital distributions per Share made to date (i.e. since commencement of capital distributions on August 2008) is added back to (i) the bid price for the Shares and (ii) the NAV. The Pro-Forma value is intended to reflect the value of a Share on the basis of the original \$10.00 initial public offering (IPO) price per Share. An investor purchasing Shares at current market prices can expect to receive return of capital distributions of up to the amount labeled "Remaining Capital" in the "Pricing and Distribution History" table, although there can be no assurance that they will ultimately receive such amounts.







of the Shares other than LIBSESPR

Geographic Concentration Risk. The Fund is exposed to certain risks resulting from the reduced geographic diversification of its portfolio. The Fund's assets are invested primarily in securities of Puerto Rico issuers. Consequently, the Fund in general is more susceptible to economic, political, regulatory or other factors adversely affecting issuers in Puerto Rico than an investment company that is not so concentrated in Puerto Rico issuers. In addition, securities issued by the Government of Puerto Rico or its instrumentalities are affected by the central government's finances. That includes, but is not limited to, general obligations of Puerto Rico and revenue bonds, special tax bonds, or agency bonds. The effect on each specific debt may not be the same; it depends on exactly what part of the government's money or revenue is supposed to pay the interest thereon. Inasmuch as a relatively high percentage of the Fund's assets may be invested in obligations of a limited number of Puerto Rico issuers, the Fund's net asset value and its yield may increase or decrease more than that of a more diversified investment company as a result of changes in the market's assessment of the financial condition and prospects of such Puerto Rico issuers. The Fund may also be more susceptible to any single economic, political, or regulatory occurrence in Puerto Rico than a more widely diversified investment company. Over the past years, the principal Puerto Rico Government bonds as well as the securities issued by several

Puerto Rico financial institutions have been downgraded as a result of several factors, including without limitation, the downturn experienced by the Puerto Rico economy and the strained financial condition of the Government of Puerto Rico. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years, thereby affecting the Fund's net asset value.

Portfolio transactions between the Fund and UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (in the case of a co-managed Fund with Banco Popular de Puerto Rico), and other affiliates, are conducted in accordance with procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Directors in an effort to address potential conflicts

Secondary Market Disclosure: Given UBSFSPR is currently the dominant, and may be the sole source of secondary market liquidity for the Shares, an investor may not be able to sell its Shares or may only be able to sell them at a loss, if UBSFSPR were to cease to facilitate such secondary market for the Shares. Accordingly, an investor's ability to sell its Shares will depend on the interest of other investors buying Shares, or UBSFSPR's willingness to commit additional capital to holding Shares in inventory, UBSFSPR may, in its sole discretion, commit additional capital to hold Shares in inventory when it deems it appropriate to do so, given market conditions or other considerations, and similarly may reduce the amount of capital committed to fund such inventory of Shares at other times. For example, when UBSFSPR purchases Shares and holds them in its inventory, quoted prices may remain at the previously quoted levels or increase. Conversely, when UBSFSPR sells Shares from its inventory, the quoted prices may decrease. In situations where UBSFSPR is selling Shares from its inventory. it may offer to sell its Shares at prices that are lower than pending sell orders that were placed by investors in the Shares. Decisions by UBSFSPR to increase or decrease inventory are made at its sole discretion and are not generally disclosed.

Repurchase Agreement Tax Disclosure: While there is authority generally supporting the treatment of repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements as collateralized loans for Puerto Rico income tax purposes. that authority does not specifically address the tax treatment of the repurchase agreements that the Fund typically enters into, which contain provisions that grant the buyer the right to sell, transfer, pledge, or hypothecate the securities that are the object of such agreements.

Although the Puerto Rico Treasury Department ("PR Treasury") has never pronounced itself as to whether this type of arrangement should be viewed as a transfer of ownership of the underlying securities, it is possible that the PR Treasury could take that position in the future and that Puerto Rico courts would agree with that view. In such event, the tax exempt interest paid on such underlying securities could be deemed not to constitute tax exempt income for the seller of such securities; to the extent that the Fund was such seller, the dividends distributed on its Shares from such income could be treated either as taxable dividends or capital gain dividends. If such dividends were treated as taxable dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts could be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income for dividends distributed before July 15. 2014) on the dividend (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and those which are corporate investors would be subject to a maximum effective income tax rate of 5.85% (or 4.5% for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014), (due to the 85% dividend received deduction of the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, 15% of the dividend multiplied by a 39% maximum corporate income tax rate for dividends distributed on or after July 1, 2014 and 30% for dividends distributed before July 1, 2014). On the other hand, if such dividends were treated as capital gains dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts would be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014) (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and holders of the Shares which are taxed as corporations would be subject to a 20% income tax (15% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014).

Recent changes in the Puerto Rico tax law: Act No. 72-2015, enacted on May 29, 2015, introduced significant changes to the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code of 2011, as amended ("Code").

In relevant part, the Code was amended as to the following: (1) the Code was amended in 2014 to provide that the amount of a capital loss incurred by an individual after June 30, 2014 that may be claimed as a deduction is limited to 90% of capital gains plus the individual's net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; Act No. 72-2015 reinstates the pre-2014 amendment rules, to provide that capital losses derived in a taxable year may be deducted against capital gains generated in the taxable year and that if the capital losses exceed capital gains, the amount of the excess that may be claimed as a deduction is an amount equal to the individual's

net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; (2) in the case of corporations, for taxable years beginning after December 31st, 2014, capital losses (including capital loss carryovers) may only offset up to 80% of a corporate taxpayer's capital gains; and (3) in connection with the transition from a sales and use tax ("SUT") to a 10.5% value added tax ("VAT"), which would become effective on April 1, 2016, (i) the SUT rate applicable to bank charges on commercial accounts increased from 6.0% to 10.5%, effective July 1, 2015; and (ii) a 4% SUT will be imposed, beginning on October 1, 2015 and through March 31, 2016, on, among others, professional and other services (with limited exceptions) rendered to the Fund. Note, however, that interest and other charges for the use money and charges for services (other than bank charges) provided by financial institutions, such as the Funds, will continue to be excluded from the SUT and will not be subject to the VAT.

Legal Disclaimer

Past performance does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Securities issued by the Fund are subject to market risk, including the loss of principal amounts invested. This document is not an offer to sell, or the solicitation of an offer to buy any investment in the Fund, and is for informational purposes only. Fund investments are designed primarily and suitable for long-term investors and not viewed as a vehicle for trading purposes. They may not be suitable to all investors. Fund investments are not equivalent to investments in its underlying securities. The Fund's utilization of leverage poses certain risks to investors, and in some cases, interest rate fluctuations may increase the volatility of its return and affect the Fund to a significantly greater extent than a non-leveraged investment company. More detailed information about the Fund, including applicable fees, costs, penalties, investment objectives and policies, risk factors, and the effects of leverage, is further described in the Share's prospectus, which you should read carefully prior to making an investment. To obtain additional information related to the Fund (including investment returns calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended) or a copy of the Shares' prospectus or Fund's annual report, please contact the Puerto Rico Investors Family of Funds at 787-751-5452. To obtain the Fund's month-end performance or more up-to-date information, please contact your UBS Financial Advisor or see "press releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Footnotes:

Generally, the Fund must invest at least 67% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage) and cash, including cash equivalents, but excluding non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market). in Puerto Rico securities. Additionally, the Fund may issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage, representing not more than 50% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage), cash (including cash equivalents), and non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap markedto-market), immediately after the issuance of any such preferred stock, or other debt securities. Moreover, the Fund may not issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage unless the value of its total assets less all its liabilities and indebtedness, other than the preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage being issued or already outstanding, is at least equal to 200% of the total aggregate liquidation preference/principal amount of all its outstanding preferred stock (not including any accumulated dividends or other distributions), debt securities, and other forms of leverage. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years. In view of these volatile market conditions, the Puerto Rico Office of the Commissioner of Financial Institutions (the "PROCFI") has granted to the Fund a temporary regulatory waiver from the Funds' investment requirement in Puerto Rico. securities of at least 67% of the Fund's total assets and leverage limitation of 50% of its total assets and 200% asset coverage requirement described above, through January 31, 2016. These temporary waivers may be renewed by the PROCFI for additional periods of time, should market conditions warrant. and upon written request by the Fund. It is the Fund's intention to re-comply with these requirements as soon as market conditions permit, but there is no assurance as to whether and

² Credit quality is as of June 30, 2015. The Fund's investment portfolio is

when the Fund will be able to do so.

actively managed, and its composition (including the portfolio statistics and characteristics) will vary over time. Credit quality percentages include only fixed income securities and vary over time, as new investment securities are acquired and the credit rating of any investment held by the Fund is reassessed. For purposes of determining compliance with the Fund's investment requirements, ratings are as of the time of purchase, using a Standard & Poor's equivalent ratings scale, Fitch, Moody's, and S&P have recently downgraded further the general obligation bonds ("GOs") of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, as well as the obligations of certain Commonwealth agencies and public corporations, including COFINA, on numerous occasions. On June 29, 2015, Fitch and S&P further downgraded the GOs and related debt ratings from "B" to "CC" and from "CCC+" to "CCC-." respectively. Moody's followed suit on July 1, 2015, downgrading the GOs and COFINA's senior bonds to "Caa3," and S&P further downgraded all of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico's tax-backed debt to "CC" on September 10, 2015. All such ratings carry a negative outlook. Moreover, on June 29, 2015, the Government of Puerto Rico presented a report entitled "Puerto Rico-A Way Forward" by consultants and former International Monetary Fund economists Krueger, Teja, and Wolfe, which identified a deteriorating cash flow position and very large out-year central government budget gaps that approach the size of current full year general fund revenues. The report projects a fiscal 2016 budget gap of \$3.7 billion, absent corrective action, which would rise to \$6.0 billion by 2018 and higher in subsequent years. The Government of Puerto Rico also announced that it would seek to negotiate with bondholders to defer and/or restructure its \$72 billion debt load and also designated the Working Group for the Fiscal and Economic Recovery of Puerto Rico, to provide a debt restructuring plan. Thereafter, on August 3, 2015, the Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation failed to make a required \$58 million payment on its debt, representing the first time a Puerto Rico agency defaulted on its debt. The Working Group released the Puerto Rico Fiscal and Economic Growth Plan on September 9. 2015, which among other things, recommends restructuring all tax-backed debt, including GOs and COFINA sales tax debt. In this context, one could expect to see interruptions in cash flow on debt payments, in addition to more price volatility across Puerto Rico securities, as the results of many of the fiscal and budgetary measures adopted and to be adopted in the future by the Government of Puerto Rico are fully realized and such Plan or other

debt restructuring is implemented. As a result of the foregoing, none of the bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico and its instrumentalities without credit enhancement currently carry an investment-grade credit rating. In view of the fact that the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years and the subsequent credit rating downgrades of certain Puerto Rico bonds. Investors are encouraged to refer to current or more up-to-date information regarding the Fund's portfolio holdings available at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds. The Fund has commenced pro-rata distributions to its holders of common stock, of the principal navments received on its portfolio securities

On January 2014, the Board of Directors approved the implementation of a share repurchase program for the acquisition of up to 25% of the Fund's total assets. The Repurchase Program is intended to enhance shareholder value by providing additional liquidity to Fund shareholders. For the quarter ended June 30, 2015, the Fund had repurchased 229,524 shares in the open market with an NAV of \$360,407, at a cost of \$310,925. Since the program's inception, the Fund has repurchased 1,235,344 shares of common stock in the open market with an NAV of \$1,873,859, at a cost of \$1,697,886, and which represent 8 23% of the total assets of the Fund (net of Shares acquired for dividend reinvestment purposes and which remain outstanding).

As of June 30, 2015. Return figures were not calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended. which requires that the investment returns for an individual retirement account ("IRA") be calculated in the manner provided therein. To the extent that an individual invests in the Fund through an IRA. his or her investment return figures will be less than those reported herein. when computed in accordance with Regulation 5766 and inasmuch as actual sales charges applicable to such IRA investments are taken into consideration. This Fund has commenced return of capital distributions to its shareholders of Common Stock. This Fund has never offered a dividend reinvestment plan for the Shares. Solely for purposes of providing investors with (a) the ability to compare the performance of the Fund to that of other similar closed-end investment companies, and (b) performance information which does not take into account any reinvestment of return of capital distributions, two (2)

separate sets of "Average Annual Total Return" figures are set out above. The first set of "Market Total Return" figures reflect the percentage change in the market value, determined by calculating the average between the bid and ask prices, plus any income and capital gain dividends, and return of capital distributions, all such dividends and distributions reinvested as of the corresponding record date thereof, at the month-end NAV as of that date. The second set of "Market Total Return" figures reflect the percentage change in the market value, determined by calculating the average between the bid and ask prices, including in each case the aggregate amounts of all return of capital distributions to date, plus any income and capital gain dividends, all such dividends reinvested as of the corresponding record date thereof, at the month-end Pro Forma NAV as of that date. In the case of "NAV Total Return," the Fund's NAV per Share is used, rather than the average between the bid. and ask prices or the sum of (i) the average between the bid and ask prices and (ii) the aggregate amount of return of capital distributions to date, to determine such total return, as applicable. "Rolling Period Annual Returns" measure the monthly movement in the average of the Annualized Average Market Return figures over a one-year, three-year, five-year, and ten-year period (as applicable), as it moves over a consecutive time series that begins on the Fund's inception date. Additionally, in the case of the Average Annual Total Return and Rolling Period Annual Return figures, commissions or sales charges payable in connection with a nurchase or sale of Shares may vary with each brokerage institution. Total return figures are not representative of the performance of any individual investment, and taxes on capital gain distributions or income dividends, if any, have not been deducted. All calculations were performed by Thomson Reuters, based on certain financial data provided by this Fund and are annualized with the exception of year-to-date figures.

- A \$10,000 investment is hypothetical and is shown for illustrative nurnoses only
- "IPO Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the remaining capital. "Current Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the month-end bid price.
- Percentages may not total 100% due to rounding.



UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico Funds Quarterly Review

Second Quarter 2015

*Consideraciones Especiales

Cada Fondo es una compañía de inversión no diversificada de fin cerrado inscrita bajo la Ley Número 6 de 19 de octubre de 1954, según enmendada. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo pueden solamente ser adquiridos por, o transferidos a, individuos que sean residentes de Puerto Rico y a entidades cuya oficina y localización de negocios principal estén localizados en Puerto Rico. El rendimiento, el valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y el precio en el mercado de las acciones de capital común del Fondo (en adelante, las "Acciones"), podrán fluctuar y se determinarán por factores como la demanda y oferta en el mercado de las Acciones y las condiciones económicas, políticas y del mercado en general, al igual que otros factores que están fuera del control de un Fondo. Las Acciones son negociadas al precio del mercado, el cual puede reflejar una prima o descuento del valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y no se puede dar representación alguna sobre su liquidez o el mercado para disponer de las mismas. A pesar de que es la intención de UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico (en adelante, "UBSFSPR") de continuar manteniendo un mercado secundario para las Acciones, no está obligada a continuar haciéndolo. De otra parte, puede que no exista otra fuente de información de precios para las Acciones u otros compradores para las Acciones que no sea UBSFSPR.

Riesgo de concentración geográfica: El Fondo está expuesto a ciertos riesgos debido a la diversificación geográfica reducida de su cartera de inversiones. Los activos del fondo están invertidos primariamente en valores de emisores de Puerto Rico. A consecuencia, el Fondo generalmente es más susceptible a factores económicos, políticos, regulatorios y otros que podrían afectar adversamente a emisores de Puerto Rico que otra compañía de inversión la cual no esté tan concentrada en emisores de Puerto Rico. En adición, valores emitidos por el Gobierno de Puerto Rico o sus instrumentalidades se afectan por las finanzas del gobierno central. Eso incluye, pero no se limita a. las obligaciones generales de Puerto Rico y los bonos de ingresos, contribuciones especiales o de agencias. El efecto en cada deuda específica podría no ser el mismo y depende de que parte del dinero del gobierno o sus ingresos se supone paque el interés de dicha deuda. En la medida que un porcentaje relativamente alto de los activos del Fondo pueden ser invertidos en obligaciones de un número limitado de emisores de Puerto Rico, el valor neto de activos y su rendimiento puede aumentar o disminuir más que él de una compañía de inversión más diversificada, como resultado de cambios en cuanto a la evaluación de la condición financiera o prospectos de dichos emisores de Puerto Rico. El Fondo también puede ser más susceptible a cualquier ocurrencia individual económica, política o regulatoria en Puerto Rico que una compañía de inversión más diversificada. En los pasados años, los bonos principales del Gobierno de Puerto Rico, al igual que valores emitidos por ciertas instituciones financieras de Puerto Rico han sido degradados por varios factores, incluyendo sin limitación, al empeoramiento experimentado por la economía de Puerto Rico y la condición financiera pobre del Gobierno de Puerto Rico. Al presente, el mercado de bonos de Puerto Rico está experimentando un periodo de mas volatilidad,

mas con los bonos de Puerto Rico traficando a precios más bajos y rendimientos más altos a los puntos de referencia de los pasados dos (2) años, y así afectando el valor neto de activos del Fondo.

Transacciones de cartera entre un Fondo y UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (en el caso de un Fondo comanejado con Banco Popular de Puerto Rico) y otras afiliadas son efectuadas conforme a ciertos procedimientos adoptados por la Junta de Directores de un Fondo con miras a atender posibles conflictos de interés

Divulgación de Mercado Secundario: Dado a que actualmente UBSFSPR es la fuente dominante, y podría ser la única fuente, de liquidez para la negociación de las Acciones en el mercado secundario, cabe la posibilidad que un inversionista no pueda vender sus Acciones en el mercado secundario o que solamente pueda venderlas a pérdida, si UBSFSPR cesara de facilitar un mercado secundario para la negociación de las Acciones. Por lo tanto, la habilidad de un inversionista para vender sus Acciones dependerá del interés de otros inversionistas que estén comprando Acciones o la disponibilidad de UBSFSPR de designar capital adicional para mantener Acciones en su inventario. UBSFSPR podrá, a su única discreción, comprometer capital adicional para mantener Acciones en inventario cuando así lo estime apropiado, dependiendo de las condiciones del mercado y otras consideraciones, e igualmente en otras ocasiones, podrá reducir la cantidad de capital comprometida para financiar dicho inventario de las Acciones. Por ejemplo, cuando UBSFSPR compra Acciones para su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrán permanecer a los niveles previamente cotizados o aumentar. Por otro lado, cuando UBSFSPR vende Acciones de su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrían reducirse. En situaciones en que UBSFSPR está vendiendo Acciones de su inventario, podría ofrecer vender dichas Acciones a precios más bajos que cualquier orden de venta pendiente que fue puesta sobre sus Acciones por cualquier inversionista. Cualquier decisión de UBSFSPR de aumentar o reducir su inventario será tomada a su única discreción y no son divulgadas al público.

Divulgación Contributiva sobre Acuerdos de Recompra: A pesar de que existe precedente contable que apoya el concepto que los acuerdos de recompra y recompra a la inversa sean considerados como préstamos con garantía colateral para propósitos contributivos en Puerto Rico, dicho precedente no es determinante en cuanto a las disposiciones contributivas aplicables a los acuerdos de recompra que normalmente el Fondo suscribe, que contienen disposiciones que conceden al comprador de los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos el derecho a vender, transferir, pignorar o hipotecar dichos valores. A pesar de que el Departamento de Hacienda de Puerto Rico (en adelante, "Hacienda") nunca se ha expresado sobre si estos tipos de acuerdos deben ser considerados como una transferencia de titularidad sobre los valores subyacentes, Hacienda podría adoptar dicha posición y que los tribunales de Puerto Rico estén de acuerdo con dicha posición. En dicho caso, el interés exento pagado sobre los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos podría considerarse

como ingreso no exento del pago de contribución para el vendedor de tales valores subyacentes. En la medida que el Fondo sea considerado el vendedor bajo el acuerdo de recompra correspondiente, los dividendos distribuidos sobre las Acciones que a su vez son derivados del ingreso del acuerdo de recompra correspondiente podría ser considerado como un dividendo suieto a tributación o ganancias de capital. Si tal dividendo fuera considerado como dividendo sujeto a tributación, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico podrían estar sujetos a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014) sobre el dividendo (o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y aquellos que sean inversionistas corporativos estarían sujetos a una máxima tasa efectiva de 5.85% (o 4.5% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014), debido a la deducción de 85% sobre dividendos recibidos, según dispuesto por el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico, multiplicando el 15% del dividendo por una tasa contributiva corporativa máxima de 39% para los dividendos distribuidos en o después del 1 de julio de 2014 y 30% para los dividendos distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014). Por otro lado, si tales dividendos fueran considerados como dividendos de ganancias de capital, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014 o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y los tenedores de las Acciones que tributa como corporaciones, estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 20% (tasa contributiva de 15% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014).

Cambios Recientes al Derecho Tributario de Puerto Rico: El 29 de mayo de 2015, el Gobernador de Puerto Rico promulgó la Ley 72-2015, la cual enmendó significativamente el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico de 2011, según enmendado (el "Código"). En lo relevante, el Código fue enmendado en cuanto a lo siguiente: (1) en el 2014, el Código se enmendó para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas por un individuo después del 30 de junio de 2014 que serían admitidas como deducción estaban limitadas a 90% de las ganancias de capital más el ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que fuere menor; la Ley 72-2015 restaura el lenguaje existente previo a la enmienda del 2014 para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas en un año contributivo serán admitidas como deducción hasta el monto de las ganancias de capital generadas durante dicho año contributivo, y que si las pérdidas exceden las ganancias de dicho año contributivo, el contribuyente podrá deducir dicho exceso hasta el monto del ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que sea menor; (2) en el caso de corporaciones, para años contributivos comenzados después del 31 de diciembre de 2014, las pérdidas de capital (incluyendo el arrastre de pérdidas de capital) serán admitidas como deducción hasta el 80% de las ganancias de capital; y (3) con relación a la transición del impuesto sobre ventas y uso ("IVU") al nuevo impuesto sobre valor añadido ("IVA") de 10.5%, que será efectivo a partir del 1 de abril de 2016, (i) la tasa

de IVU aplicable a los cargos bancarios impuestos sobre cuentas comerciales aumentó de 6.0% a 10.5%, efectivo el 1 de julio de 2015, y (ii) a partir del 1 de octubre de 2015 y hasta el 31 de marzo de 2016, un IVU de 4.0% será impuesto sobre, entre otros, servicios profesionales y otros servicios (con ciertas excepciones limitadas) prestados al Fondo. No obstante, los intereses y otros cargos por el uso del dinero y servicios prestados (que no sean cargos bancarios) por instituciones financieras, tales como los Fondos, continuarán excluidos de la imposición del IVU y tampoco serán tributables para propósitos del IVA.

Aviso Legal

Rendimientos anteriores no son garantía de resultados futuros similares. Los rendimientos actuales podrían ser más bajos o más altos que el rendimiento aquí citado. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo están sujetos a riesgo de mercado, incluyendo la pérdida del principal invertido. Este documento no es una oferta de compra ni una solicitud de una oferta de compra para cualquier inversión en un Fondo y es para propósitos informativos solamente. Las inversiones en un Fondo están diseñadas principalmente y son adecuadas para inversionistas a largo plazo y no deben ser consideradas como un vehículo para fines de negociación. Estas inversiones puede que no sean adecuadas para cualquier inversionista. Una inversión en un Fondo no es equivalente a una inversión en los valores subvacentes en los cuales un Fondo invierte. El uso de apalancamiento por un Fondo representa ciertos riesgos a los inversionistas en éste, y en ciertos casos, las fluctuaciones en las tasas de intereses podrían aumentar la volatilidad en su rendimiento y afectar a un Fondo a mayor grado que a una compañía de inversión no apalancada. Información más detallada en cuanto a un Fondo, incluvendo los cargos, gastos y penalidades aplicables, objetivo(s) y políticas de inversión, factores de riesgo y el efecto de apalancamiento, se incluye en la documentación de oferta del Fondo, el cual usted debe leer cuidadosamente antes de hacer **una inversión.** Para obtener más información en cuanto a un Fondo (incluyendo los rendimientos de inversión calculados conforme el Reglamento 5766 de 11 de marzo de 1998, según enmendado) o una copia del prospecto para la oferta de las Acciones o los informes anuales del Fondo, favor de contactar a la familia de fondos UBS Puerto Rico o Puerto Rico Investors al 787-773-3888 ó 787-751-5452, respectivamente. Para obtener más información en cuanto a los rendimientos del Fondo de fin de mes o información más actualizada, por favor contactar a su Asesor Financiero en UBSFSPR o verifique los comunicados de prensa ("press releases") en http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Glossary of fund terms

- Ask Price: generally refers to the lowest price at which a seller will sell a specified number of units of a given security at a particular time. The ask price may incorporate a markup, which may vary by transaction and may include commissions and other charges. The ask prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price and age of pending customer orders.

- Average Duration: a time measure of a bond's interest-rate sensitivity, based on the weighted average of the time periods over which a bond's cash flow accrue to the bondholder. Time periods are weighted by multiplying by the present value of its cash flow divided by the bond's price. (A bond's cash flow consist of coupon payments and repayment of capital.) A bond's duration will almost always be shorter than its maturity, with the exception of zero-coupon bonds, for which maturity and duration are equal.
- Bid Price: generally refers to the highest price a buyer is willing to pay at a particular time for a unit of a given security. UBSFSPR publishes two types of bid prices for the Shares: firm or indicative. A firm bid is provided when UBSFSPR has the risk capacity and/or appetite at the particular time to purchase a specified number of Shares. An investor can sell to UBSFSPR at the firm bid price up to the specified number of Shares at a particular time. On the other hand, an indicative bid is provided for informational purposes only when UBSFSPR does not have the risk capacity and/or appetite at a particular time to purchase Shares. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for the Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price, and age of pending customer orders, and may be higher (in which case the price is at a premium) or lower (in which case
- the price is at a discount) than the NAV of the Fund. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR may also be affected by its willingness to hold additional inventory of the Shares or by its need to sell its inventory of Shares. Depending on market liquidity conditions. orders to buy or sell at the quoted price may not receive immediate execution, and an investor may not be able to sell its Shares at the price quoted by UBSFSPR. Moreover, the proceeds an investor receives on a sale of Shares may be lower than the bid price due to discounts, markdowns, and other charges. Since inception, the Shares have historically traded at prices which reflect a premium to their respective NAV per Share, though on certain limited instances, they have traded at prices which reflect a discount to their respective NAV per Share. However, there is no assurance that the Shares will continue to trade at prices which reflect such a premium. The Fund is presently experiencing liquidity issues. As a result, the bid price is for a limited number of shares, and it may not be possible for sellers to obtain the current bid price.
- Credit Quality: a measure of the likelihood that a financial obligation will not be honored provided by one or more of the rating agencies. Rating agencies assign classifications to their ratings, with "AAA" being the highest and "D" being the lowest for Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"). The Fund may use other ratings and adjust them for use in this scale.
- Effective Duration: a calculation of duration that takes into account the embedded options in the securities of a portfolio and their expected changes in the cash flow of a portfolio caused by those options.

- Expense Ratio: The percentage of the Fund's average net assets attributable to holders of the Shares and which is used to pay operating expenses and takes into account investment management fees, administration fees, and other operating expenses such as legal, audit, insurance, and shareholder communications.
- Hedge Notional: refers to the total net face value, reflecting any offsetting positions, of derivative instruments employed in hedging strategies of the Fund.
- Hedge Ratio: ratio of the Fund's hedge notional amount to its total dollar amount of leverage as of the end of a calendar quarter, assuming the Fund is fully invested at quarter-end. The Fund's investment adviser may, at its discretion, use a variety of derivative instruments including securities options, financial futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and other interest rate protection transactions such as swap agreements, to attempt to hedge its portfolio of assets and seek to enhance its return. There can be no assurance that any particular hedging strategy used will succeed.
- Leverage: the Fund may issue preferred stock or debt, enter into repurchase agreements, or borrow money, in order to increase the amounts available for investment ("leverage"). This gives the Fund's investment adviser, in the fixed income area in particular, the opportunity to enhance yield. The use of leverage increases the likelihood of price volatility and market risk for the Shares. There is also the risk that the cost of funding leverage will exceed the earnings on the related investments, which will have the likely effect of reducing the Fund's yield and the value of its investments.

- Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration: effective duration adjusted for the impact of the Fund's utilization of leverage. A Fund that utilizes leverage will have a leverage-adjusted effective duration that is longer than its effective duration.
- Maturity: date on which the face value of a security/bond must be repaid. It measures the average length to maturity in years of all the bonds in the Fund's portfolio. For mortgagebacked securities, the maturity takes into account the prepayment of the underlying mortgages.
- NAV: Net Asset Value. On a per-Share basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities and dividing such result by the Shares outstanding. On an aggregate, Fund basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities.
- Undistributed Income: the Fund's net income that has not been distributed to holders of its Shares as of the latest available audited financial statements. In the case of a target maturity-type investment company (which is liquidated on or by a specific date), it also includes the amounts to be distributed on or by the liquidation date as the return of the initial investment.



Tax-Free Puerto Rico Fund, Inc.

Investment Objectives and Policies

Seeks high level of current income that, for Puerto Rico residents, is exempt from both U.S. Federal and Puerto Rico income taxes, consistent with the preservation of capital, by investing:

- up to 33% of its total assets in, among other things, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, its agencies, and instrumentalities
- at least 67% of its total assets in securities issued by Puerto Rico issuers (as described in the Prospectus)¹
- at least 95% of total assets in investment-grade securities1,2
- may issue leverage representing up to 50% of total assets1

Pricing and Distribution History²

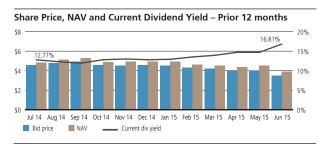
Initial Dublic Offering (IDO)	\$10.00
Initial Public Offering (IPO)	
52-week Bid Low/High	\$3.48/\$4.91
YTD NAV Change	-\$1.03
YTD Bid Price Change	-\$1.09
IPO Yield ⁵	5.85%
Current Yield⁵	16.81%
Last Dividend Paid	\$0.0488
Last 12 Month Dividend	\$0.5852

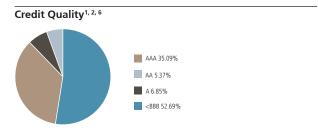
Portfolio Statistics and Characteristics²

See Portfolio Holdings, Portfolio Manager, Special Considerations, Disclaimers, Glossary of Fund Terms, and Footnotes on reverse.













Portfolio Holdings^{2, 6}

PR Obligations Mortgage-Backed Se	curities	U.S. Obligations Federal Home Loan	
CMO, COMM END		Bank	20.70%
GNMA, FGLMC	1.46%	Federal Farm Credit	
Participation Certi	ficate -	Bank	11.92%
Doral	4.63%	Build America Bonds	5.75%
AFICA		Build America Bonds	
Ashford	0.10%	(Insured)	1.02%
Palmas del Mar	2.88%	U.S. Municipals	1.09%
Employees Retiremen	nt	U.S. Municipals (Insur	ed)5.37%
System	10.83%	U.S. Obligations	45.85%
PR Infrastructure	0.22%	J	
PR GOs	1.61%		
PR Sales Tax Financin	g 26.88%		
PREPA	4.21%		
GDB	1.33%		
PR Obligations	54.15%		

Portfolio Manager

Leslie Highley, Jr.

Portfolio Manager since inception UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico

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UBS Fina Services I service m

*Special Considerations

The Fund is a non-diversified, closed-end management investment company registered under the Puerto Rico Investment Companies Act of 1954, as amended. Securities issued by the Fund may be purchased or otherwise transferred only to individuals who are residents of Puerto Rico and to entities whose principal office and principal place of business are located in Puerto Rico. The Fund's yield and net asset value and the market price of the Fund's shares of Common Stock (the "Shares") may fluctuate and will be determined by such factors as relative demand for and supply of the Shares in the market, as well as general market, political, and economic conditions and other factors beyond the control of the Fund. The Shares trade at market price, which may be at a discount or premium to NAV, and no assurance can be given as to their liquidity or trading market. While it is the intention of UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico ("UBSFSPR") to continue to maintain a secondary market for the Shares, it is not obligated to continue to do so. Moreover, there may be no other source of price information for the Shares or other purchasers of the Shares other than UBSFSPR.

Geographic Concentration Risk. The Fund is exposed to certain risks resulting from the reduced geographic diversification of its portfolio. The Fund's assets are invested primarily in securities of Puerto Rico issuers. Consequently, the Fund in general is more susceptible to economic, political, regulatory or other factors adversely affecting issuers in Puerto Rico than an investment company that is not so concentrated in Puerto Rico issuers. In addition, securities issued by the Government of Puerto Rico or its instrumentalities are affected by the central government's finances. That includes, but is not limited to, general obligations of Puerto Rico and revenue bonds, special tax bonds, or agency bonds. The effect on each specific debt may not be the same; it depends on exactly what part of the government's money or revenue is supposed to pay the interest thereon. Inasmuch as a relatively high percentage of the Fund's assets may be invested in obligations of a limited number of Puerto Rico issuers, the Fund's net asset value and its yield may increase or decrease more than that of a more diversified investment company as a result of changes in the market's assessment of the financial condition and prospects of such Puerto Rico issuers. The Fund may also be more susceptible to any single economic, political, or regulatory occurrence in Puerto Rico than a more widely diversified investment company. Over the past years, the principal Puerto Rico Government bonds as well as the securities issued by several

Puerto Rico financial institutions have been downgraded as a result of several factors, including without limitation, the downtum experienced by the Puerto Rico economy and the strained financial condition of the Government of Puerto Rico. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years, thereby affecting the Fund's net asset value.

Portfolio transactions between the Fund and UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (in the case of a co-managed Fund with Banco Popular de Puerto Rico), and other affiliates, are conducted in accordance with procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Directors in an effort to address potential conflicts of interest.

Secondary Market Disclosure: Given UBSFSPR is currently the dominant, and may be the sole source of secondary market liquidity for the Shares, an investor may not be able to sell its Shares or may only be able to sell them at a loss, if UBSFSPR were to cease to facilitate such secondary market for the Shares. Accordingly, an investor's ability to sell its Shares will depend on the interest of other investors buying Shares, or UBSFSPR's willingness to commit additional capital to holding Shares in inventory. UBSFSPR may, in its sole discretion, commit additional capital to hold Shares in inventory when it deems it appropriate to do so, given market conditions or other considerations, and similarly may reduce the amount of capital committed to fund such inventory of Shares at other times. For example, when UBSFSPR purchases Shares and holds them in its inventory, quoted prices may remain at the previously quoted levels or increase. Conversely, when UBSFSPR sells Shares from its inventory, the quoted prices may decrease. In situations where UBSFSPR is selling Shares from its inventory, it may offer to sell its Shares at prices that are lower than pending sell orders that were placed by investors in the Shares. Decisions by UBSFSPR to increase or decrease inventory are made at its sole discretion and are

Repurchase Agreement Tax Disclosure: While there is authority generally supporting the treatment of repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements as collateralized loans for Puerto Rico income tax purposes, that authority does not specifically address the tax treatment of the repurchase agreements that the Fund typically enters into, which contain provisions that grant the buyer the right to sell, transfer, pledge, or hypothecate the securities that are the object of such agreements.

Although the Puerto Rico Treasury Department ("PR Treasury") has never pronounced itself as to whether this type of arrangement should be viewed as a transfer of ownership of the underlying securities, it is possible that the PR Treasury could take that position in the future and that Puerto Rico courts would agree with that view. In such event, the tax exempt interest paid on such underlying securities could be deemed not to constitute tax exempt income for the seller of such securities; to the extent that the Fund was such seller, the dividends distributed on its Shares from such income could be treated either as taxable dividends or capital gain dividends. If such dividends were treated as taxable dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts could be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014) on the dividend (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and those which are corporate investors would be subject to a maximum effective income tax rate of 5.85% (or 4.5% for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014), (due to the 85% dividend received deduction of the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, 15% of the dividend multiplied by a 39% maximum corporate income tax rate for dividends distributed on or after July 1, 2014 and 30% for dividends distributed before July 1, 2014). On the other hand, if such dividends were treated as capital gains dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts would be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014) (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and holders of the Shares which are taxed as corporations would be subject to a 20% income tax (15% income tax for capital dividends distributed

Recent changes in the Puerto Rico tax law: Act No. 72-2015, enacted on May 29, 2015, introduced significant changes to the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code of 2011. as amended ("Code").

In relevant part, the Code was amended as to the following: (1) the Code was amended in 2014 to provide that the amount of a capital loss incurred by an individual after June 30, 2014 that may be claimed as a deduction is limited to 90% of capital gains plus the individual's net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; Act No. 72-2015 reinstates the pre-2014 amendment rules, to provide that capital losses derived in a taxable year may be deducted against capital gains generated in the taxable year and that if the capital losses exceed capital gains, the amount of the excess that may be claimed as a deduction is an amount equal to the individual's

net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; (2) in the case of corporations, for taxable years beginning after December 31st, 2014, capital losses (including capital loss carryovers) may only offset up to 80% of a corporate taxpayer's capital gains; and (3) in connection with the transition from a sales and use tax ("SUT") to a 10.5% value added tax ("VAT"), which would become effective on April 1, 2016, (i) the SUT rate applicable to bank charges on commercial accounts increased from 6.0% to 10.5%, effective July 1, 2015; and (ii) a 4% SUT will be imposed, beginning on October 1, 2015 and through March 31, 2016, on, among others, professional and other services (with limited exceptions) rendered to the Fund. Note, however, that interest and other charges for the use money and charges for services (other than bank charges) provided by financial institutions, such as the Funds, will continue to be excluded from the SUT and will not be subject to the VAT.

Legal Disclaimer

Past performance does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Securities issued by the Fund are subject to market risk, including the loss of principal amounts invested. This document is not an offer to sell, or the solicitation of an offer to buy any investment in the Fund, and is for informational purposes only. Fund investments are designed primarily and suitable for long-term investors and not viewed as a vehicle for trading purposes. They may not be suitable to all investors. Fund investments are not equivalent to investments in its underlying securities. The Fund's utilization of leverage poses certain risks to investors, and in some cases, interest rate fluctuations may increase the volatility of its return and affect the Fund to a significantly greater extent than a non-leveraged investment company. More detailed information about the Fund, including applicable fees, costs, penalties, investment objectives and policies, risk factors, and the effects of leverage, is further described in the Share's prospectus, which you should read carefully prior to making an investment. To obtain additional information related to the Fund (including investment returns calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended) or a copy of the Shares' prospectus or Fund's annual report, please contact the UBS Puerto Rico Family of Funds at 787-773-3888. To obtain the Fund's month-end performance or more up-to-date information, please contact your UBS Financial Advisor or see "press releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Footnotes:

Generally, the Fund must invest at least 67% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage) and cash, including cash equivalents. but excluding non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market), in Puerto Rico securities. Additionally, the Fund may issue preferred stock, debt securities. or other forms of leverage, representing not more than 50% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage), cash (including cash equivalents), and non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market), immediately after the issuance of any such preferred stock, or other debt securities. Moreover, the Fund may not issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage unless the value of its total assets less all its liabilities and indebtedness, other than the preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage being issued or already outstanding, is at least equal to 200% of the total aggregate liquidation preference/principal amount of all its outstanding preferred stock (not including any accumulated dividends or other distributions), debt securities, and other forms of leverage. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years. In view of these volatile market conditions, the Puerto Rico Office of the Commissioner of Financial Institutions (the "PROCFI") has granted to the Fund a temporary regulatory waiver from the Funds' investment requirement in Puerto Rico securities of at least 67% of the Fund's total assets and leverage limitation of 50% of its total assets and 200% asset coverage requirement described above, through January 31, 2016. Based on the representations and opinion of the Fund's investment adviser and consistent with the Fund's investment objective, the PROCFI has also granted no-objection relief with respect to the Fund's investment-grade credit rating requirement for Puerto Rico securities, which permit the Fund to continue to invest in Puerto Rico municipal securities that do not have an investment grade credit rating, under certain conditions, at the discretion of the Fund's investment adviser.

These temporary waivers and no-objection relief may be renewed

by the PROCFI for additional periods of time, should market conditions warrant, and upon written request by the Fund. It is the Fund's intention to re-comply with these requirements as soon as market conditions permit, but there is no assurance as to whether and when the Fund will be able to do so

² The "Expense Ratio" calculation may reflect a partial waiver of the investment advisory and administration fees payable to UBS Trust Company of Puerto Rico, implemented on October 1, 2013. For more up-to-date information with respect to such partial fee waivers, if any, please see "Press Releases" at http://www.ubs.com/orfunds.

Credit quality is as of June 30, 2015. The Fund's investment portfolio is actively managed, and its composition (including the portfolio statistics and characteristics) will vary over time. Credit quality percentages include only fixed income securities and vary over time, as new investment securities are acquired and the credit rating of any investment held by the Fund is reassessed. For purposes of determining compliance with the Fund's investment requirements, ratings are as of the time of purchase, using a Standard & Poor's equivalent ratings scale. Fitch, Moody's, and S&P have recently downgraded further the general obligation bonds ("GOs") of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, as well as the obligations of certain Commonwealth agencies and public corporations, including COFINA, on numerous occasions, On June 29, 2015, Fitch and S&P further downgraded the GOs and related debt ratings from "B" to "CC" and from "CCC+" to "CCC-," respectively. Moody's followed suit on July 1, 2015, downgrading the GOs and COFINA's senior bonds to "Caa3," and S&P further downgraded all of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico's tax-backed debt to "CC" on September 10, 2015. All such ratings carry a negative outlook. Moreover, on June 29, 2015, the Government of Puerto Rico presented a report entitled "Puerto Rico—A Way Forward" by consultants and former International Monetary Fund economists Krueger, Teja, and Wolfe, which identified a deteriorating cash flow position and very large out-year central government budget gaps that approach the size of current full year general und revenues. The report projects a fiscal 2016 budget gap of \$3.7 billion, absent corrective action, which would rise to \$6.0 billion by 2018 and higher in subsequent years. The Government of Puerto Rico also announced that it would seek to negotiate with bondholders to defer and/or restructure its \$72 billion debt load and also designated the Working Group for the Fiscal and Economic Recovery of Puerto Rico, to provide a debt restructuring plan. Thereafter, on August 3, 2015, the Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation failed to make a required \$58 million payment on its debt, representing the first time a Puerto

Rico agency defaulted on its debt. The Working Group released the Puerto Rico Fiscal and Economic Growth Plan on September 9, 2015, which among other things, recommends restructuring all tax-backed debt, including GOs and COFINA sales tax debt. In this context, one could expect to see interruptions in cash flow on debt payments, in addition to more price volatility across Puerto Rico securities, as the results of many of the fiscal and budgetary measures adopted and to be adopted in the future by the Government of Puerto Rico are fully realized and such Plan or other debt restructuring is implemented. As a result of the foregoing, none of the bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico and its instrumentalities without credit enhancement currently carry an investment-grade credit rating. Inasmuch as the Fund invests a substantial portion of its assets in securities issued by the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, these recent rating downgrades will negatively impact the Fund's ability to maintain compliance with its maximum/minimum investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality. To the extent that such investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality are exceeded, Fund management may determine to continue to hold such lower-rated securities, provided any new investment proceeds are directed to acquire investment securities which satisfy the Fund's minimum credit rating requirements. In view of the fact that the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years and the subsequent credit rating downgrades of certain Puerto Rico bonds. Investors are encouraged to refer to current or more up-to-date information regarding the Fund's portfolio holdings available at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds. Currently, the Fund's percentage investment in securities rated below investment-grade (below "BBB" rating) or which are unrated, amounted to 52.69% of the Fund's total portfolio, which exceeds the Fund's maximum investment threshold of 5% of its total assets invested in securities rated below investment-grade or which are unrated. On August 2015, the Board of Directors approved an extension of the Fund's existing share repurchase program for the acquisition of up to 50% of the Fund's issued Shares. The Repurchase Program is intended to enhance shareholder value by providing additional liquidity to Fund shareholders. For the guarter ended June 30, 2015, the Fund had repurchased 906,586 Shares in the open market with an NAV of \$3,809,179, at a cost of \$3,317,807. Since the program's inception, the Fund has repurchased 6,840,011 Shares of

common stock in the open market with an NAV of \$33,799,449, at a cost of \$31,320,479, and which represent 36.95% of the aggregate number of Shares issued by the Fund (net of Shares acquired for dividend reinvestment purposes and which remain outstanding).

- 3 As of June 30, 2015. Return figures were not calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended, which requires that investment returns for an individual retirement account ("IRA") be calculated in the manner provided therein. To the extent that an individual invests in the Fund through an IRA, his or her investment return figures will be less than those reported herein, when computed in accordance with Regulation 5766 and inasmuch as actual sales charges applicable to such IRA investments are taken into consideration. "Average Annual Total Return" figures reflect the percentage change in the market value, determined by calculating the average between the bid and ask prices, plus any income and capital gain dividends, and return of capital distributions, all such dividends and distributions reinvested as of the corresponding record date thereof, at the month-end NAV as of that date. In the case of "NAV Total Return," the Fund's NAV per Share is used, rather than the average between the bid and ask prices, to determine such total return, as applicable. "Rolling Period Annual Returns" measure the monthly movement in the average of the Annualized Average Market Return figures over a one-year, three-year, five-year, and ten-year period (as applicable), as it moves over a consecutive time series that begins on the Fund's inception date. Additionally, in the case of the Average Annual Total Return and Rolling Period Annual Return figures, commissions or sales charges payable in connection with a purchase or sale of Shares may vary with each brokerage institution. Total return figures are not representative of the performance of any individual investment, and taxes on capital gain distributions or income dividends, if any, have not been deducted. All calculations were performed by Thomson Reuters, based on certain financial data provided by this Fund and are annualized with the exception of year-to-date figures.
- ⁴ A \$10,000 investment is hypothetical and is shown for illustrative purposes only.
- 5 "IPO Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the initial public offering price. "Current Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the month-end bid price.

⁶ Percentages may not total 100% due to rounding.



UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico Funds Quarterly Review

Second Quarter 2015

*Consideraciones Especiales

Cada Fondo es una compañía de inversión no diversificada de fin cerrado inscrita bajo la Ley Número 6 de 19 de octubre de 1954, según enmendada. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo pueden solamente ser adquiridos por, o transferidos a, individuos que sean residentes de Puerto Rico y a entidades cuya oficina y localización de negocios principal estén localizados en Puerto Rico. El rendimiento, el valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y el precio en el mercado de las acciones de capital común del Fondo (en adelante, las "Acciones"), podrán fluctuar y se determinarán por factores como la demanda y oferta en el mercado de las Acciones y las condiciones económicas, políticas y del mercado en general, al igual que otros factores que están fuera del control de un Fondo. Las Acciones son negociadas al precio del mercado, el cual puede reflejar una prima o descuento del valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y no se puede dar representación alguna sobre su liquidez o el mercado para disponer de las mismas. A pesar de que es la intención de UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico (en adelante, "UBSFSPR") de continuar manteniendo un mercado secundario para las Acciones, no está obligada a continuar haciéndolo. De otra parte, puede que no exista otra fuente de información de precios para las Acciones u otros compradores para las Acciones que no sea UBSFSPR.

Riesgo de concentración geográfica: El Fondo está expuesto a ciertos riesgos debido a la diversificación geográfica reducida de su cartera de inversiones. Los activos del fondo están invertidos primariamente en valores de emisores de Puerto Rico. A consecuencia, el Fondo generalmente es más susceptible a factores económicos, políticos, regulatorios y otros que podrían afectar adversamente a emisores de Puerto Rico que otra compañía de inversión la cual no esté tan concentrada en emisores de Puerto Rico. En adición, valores emitidos por el Gobierno de Puerto Rico o sus instrumentalidades se afectan por las finanzas del gobierno central. Eso incluye, pero no se limita a. las obligaciones generales de Puerto Rico y los bonos de ingresos, contribuciones especiales o de agencias. El efecto en cada deuda específica podría no ser el mismo y depende de que parte del dinero del gobierno o sus ingresos se supone paque el interés de dicha deuda. En la medida que un porcentaje relativamente alto de los activos del Fondo pueden ser invertidos en obligaciones de un número limitado de emisores de Puerto Rico, el valor neto de activos y su rendimiento puede aumentar o disminuir más que él de una compañía de inversión más diversificada, como resultado de cambios en cuanto a la evaluación de la condición financiera o prospectos de dichos emisores de Puerto Rico. El Fondo también puede ser más susceptible a cualquier ocurrencia individual económica, política o regulatoria en Puerto Rico que una compañía de inversión más diversificada. En los pasados años, los bonos principales del Gobierno de Puerto Rico, al igual que valores emitidos por ciertas instituciones financieras de Puerto Rico han sido degradados por varios factores, incluyendo sin limitación, al empeoramiento experimentado por la economía de Puerto Rico y la condición financiera pobre del Gobierno de Puerto Rico. Al presente, el mercado de bonos de Puerto Rico está experimentando un periodo de mas volatilidad,

mas con los bonos de Puerto Rico traficando a precios más bajos y rendimientos más altos a los puntos de referencia de los pasados dos (2) años, y así afectando el valor neto de activos del Fondo.

Transacciones de cartera entre un Fondo y UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (en el caso de un Fondo comanejado con Banco Popular de Puerto Rico) y otras afiliadas son efectuadas conforme a ciertos procedimientos adoptados por la Junta de Directores de un Fondo con miras a atender posibles conflictos de interés

Divulgación de Mercado Secundario: Dado a que actualmente UBSFSPR es la fuente dominante, y podría ser la única fuente, de liquidez para la negociación de las Acciones en el mercado secundario, cabe la posibilidad que un inversionista no pueda vender sus Acciones en el mercado secundario o que solamente pueda venderlas a pérdida, si UBSFSPR cesara de facilitar un mercado secundario para la negociación de las Acciones. Por lo tanto, la habilidad de un inversionista para vender sus Acciones dependerá del interés de otros inversionistas que estén comprando Acciones o la disponibilidad de UBSFSPR de designar capital adicional para mantener Acciones en su inventario. UBSFSPR podrá, a su única discreción, comprometer capital adicional para mantener Acciones en inventario cuando así lo estime apropiado, dependiendo de las condiciones del mercado y otras consideraciones, e igualmente en otras ocasiones, podrá reducir la cantidad de capital comprometida para financiar dicho inventario de las Acciones. Por ejemplo, cuando UBSFSPR compra Acciones para su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrán permanecer a los niveles previamente cotizados o aumentar. Por otro lado, cuando UBSFSPR vende Acciones de su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrían reducirse. En situaciones en que UBSFSPR está vendiendo Acciones de su inventario, podría ofrecer vender dichas Acciones a precios más bajos que cualquier orden de venta pendiente que fue puesta sobre sus Acciones por cualquier inversionista. Cualquier decisión de UBSFSPR de aumentar o reducir su inventario será tomada a su única discreción y no son divulgadas al público.

Divulgación Contributiva sobre Acuerdos de Recompra: A pesar de que existe precedente contable que apoya el concepto que los acuerdos de recompra y recompra a la inversa sean considerados como préstamos con garantía colateral para propósitos contributivos en Puerto Rico, dicho precedente no es determinante en cuanto a las disposiciones contributivas aplicables a los acuerdos de recompra que normalmente el Fondo suscribe, que contienen disposiciones que conceden al comprador de los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos el derecho a vender, transferir, pignorar o hipotecar dichos valores. A pesar de que el Departamento de Hacienda de Puerto Rico (en adelante, "Hacienda") nunca se ha expresado sobre si estos tipos de acuerdos deben ser considerados como una transferencia de titularidad sobre los valores subyacentes, Hacienda podría adoptar dicha posición y que los tribunales de Puerto Rico estén de acuerdo con dicha posición. En dicho caso, el interés exento pagado sobre los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos podría considerarse

como ingreso no exento del pago de contribución para el vendedor de tales valores subyacentes. En la medida que el Fondo sea considerado el vendedor bajo el acuerdo de recompra correspondiente, los dividendos distribuidos sobre las Acciones que a su vez son derivados del ingreso del acuerdo de recompra correspondiente podría ser considerado como un dividendo suieto a tributación o ganancias de capital. Si tal dividendo fuera considerado como dividendo sujeto a tributación, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico podrían estar sujetos a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014) sobre el dividendo (o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y aquellos que sean inversionistas corporativos estarían sujetos a una máxima tasa efectiva de 5.85% (o 4.5% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014), debido a la deducción de 85% sobre dividendos recibidos, según dispuesto por el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico, multiplicando el 15% del dividendo por una tasa contributiva corporativa máxima de 39% para los dividendos distribuidos en o después del 1 de julio de 2014 y 30% para los dividendos distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014). Por otro lado, si tales dividendos fueran considerados como dividendos de ganancias de capital, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014 o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y los tenedores de las Acciones que tributa como corporaciones, estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 20% (tasa contributiva de 15% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014).

Cambios Recientes al Derecho Tributario de Puerto Rico: El 29 de mayo de 2015, el Gobernador de Puerto Rico promulgó la Ley 72-2015, la cual enmendó significativamente el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico de 2011, según enmendado (el "Código"). En lo relevante, el Código fue enmendado en cuanto a lo siguiente: (1) en el 2014, el Código se enmendó para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas por un individuo después del 30 de junio de 2014 que serían admitidas como deducción estaban limitadas a 90% de las ganancias de capital más el ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que fuere menor; la Ley 72-2015 restaura el lenguaje existente previo a la enmienda del 2014 para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas en un año contributivo serán admitidas como deducción hasta el monto de las ganancias de capital generadas durante dicho año contributivo, y que si las pérdidas exceden las ganancias de dicho año contributivo, el contribuyente podrá deducir dicho exceso hasta el monto del ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que sea menor; (2) en el caso de corporaciones, para años contributivos comenzados después del 31 de diciembre de 2014, las pérdidas de capital (incluyendo el arrastre de pérdidas de capital) serán admitidas como deducción hasta el 80% de las ganancias de capital; y (3) con relación a la transición del impuesto sobre ventas y uso ("IVU") al nuevo impuesto sobre valor añadido ("IVA") de 10.5%, que será efectivo a partir del 1 de abril de 2016, (i) la tasa

de IVU aplicable a los cargos bancarios impuestos sobre cuentas comerciales aumentó de 6.0% a 10.5%, efectivo el 1 de julio de 2015, y (ii) a partir del 1 de octubre de 2015 y hasta el 31 de marzo de 2016, un IVU de 4.0% será impuesto sobre, entre otros, servicios profesionales y otros servicios (con ciertas excepciones limitadas) prestados al Fondo. No obstante, los intereses y otros cargos por el uso del dinero y servicios prestados (que no sean cargos bancarios) por instituciones financieras, tales como los Fondos, continuarán excluidos de la imposición del IVU y tampoco serán tributables para propósitos del IVA.

Aviso Legal

Rendimientos anteriores no son garantía de resultados futuros similares. Los rendimientos actuales podrían ser más bajos o más altos que el rendimiento aquí citado. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo están sujetos a riesgo de mercado, incluyendo la pérdida del principal invertido. Este documento no es una oferta de compra ni una solicitud de una oferta de compra para cualquier inversión en un Fondo y es para propósitos informativos solamente. Las inversiones en un Fondo están diseñadas principalmente y son adecuadas para inversionistas a largo plazo y no deben ser consideradas como un vehículo para fines de negociación. Estas inversiones puede que no sean adecuadas para cualquier inversionista. Una inversión en un Fondo no es equivalente a una inversión en los valores subvacentes en los cuales un Fondo invierte. El uso de apalancamiento por un Fondo representa ciertos riesgos a los inversionistas en éste, y en ciertos casos, las fluctuaciones en las tasas de intereses podrían aumentar la volatilidad en su rendimiento y afectar a un Fondo a mayor grado que a una compañía de inversión no apalancada. Información más detallada en cuanto a un Fondo, incluvendo los cargos, gastos y penalidades aplicables, objetivo(s) y políticas de inversión, factores de riesgo y el efecto de apalancamiento, se incluye en la documentación de oferta del Fondo, el cual usted debe leer cuidadosamente antes de hacer **una inversión.** Para obtener más información en cuanto a un Fondo (incluyendo los rendimientos de inversión calculados conforme el Reglamento 5766 de 11 de marzo de 1998, según enmendado) o una copia del prospecto para la oferta de las Acciones o los informes anuales del Fondo, favor de contactar a la familia de fondos UBS Puerto Rico o Puerto Rico Investors al 787-773-3888 ó 787-751-5452, respectivamente. Para obtener más información en cuanto a los rendimientos del Fondo de fin de mes o información más actualizada, por favor contactar a su Asesor Financiero en UBSFSPR o verifique los comunicados de prensa ("press releases") en http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Glossary of fund terms

- Ask Price: generally refers to the lowest price at which a seller will sell a specified number of units of a given security at a particular time. The ask price may incorporate a markup, which may vary by transaction and may include commissions and other charges. The ask prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price and age of pending customer orders.

- Average Duration: a time measure of a bond's interest-rate sensitivity, based on the weighted average of the time periods over which a bond's cash flow accrue to the bondholder. Time periods are weighted by multiplying by the present value of its cash flow divided by the bond's price. (A bond's cash flow consist of coupon payments and repayment of capital.) A bond's duration will almost always be shorter than its maturity, with the exception of zero-coupon bonds, for which maturity and duration are equal.
- Bid Price: generally refers to the highest price a buyer is willing to pay at a particular time for a unit of a given security. UBSFSPR publishes two types of bid prices for the Shares: firm or indicative. A firm bid is provided when UBSFSPR has the risk capacity and/or appetite at the particular time to purchase a specified number of Shares. An investor can sell to UBSFSPR at the firm bid price up to the specified number of Shares at a particular time. On the other hand, an indicative bid is provided for informational purposes only when UBSFSPR does not have the risk capacity and/or appetite at a particular time to purchase Shares. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for the Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price, and age of pending customer orders, and may be higher (in which case the price is at a premium) or lower (in which case
- the price is at a discount) than the NAV of the Fund. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR may also be affected by its willingness to hold additional inventory of the Shares or by its need to sell its inventory of Shares. Depending on market liquidity conditions. orders to buy or sell at the quoted price may not receive immediate execution, and an investor may not be able to sell its Shares at the price quoted by UBSFSPR. Moreover, the proceeds an investor receives on a sale of Shares may be lower than the bid price due to discounts, markdowns, and other charges. Since inception, the Shares have historically traded at prices which reflect a premium to their respective NAV per Share, though on certain limited instances, they have traded at prices which reflect a discount to their respective NAV per Share. However, there is no assurance that the Shares will continue to trade at prices which reflect such a premium. The Fund is presently experiencing liquidity issues. As a result, the bid price is for a limited number of shares, and it may not be possible for sellers to obtain the current bid price.
- Credit Quality: a measure of the likelihood that a financial obligation will not be honored provided by one or more of the rating agencies. Rating agencies assign classifications to their ratings, with "AAA" being the highest and "D" being the lowest for Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"). The Fund may use other ratings and adjust them for use in this scale.
- Effective Duration: a calculation of duration that takes into account the embedded options in the securities of a portfolio and their expected changes in the cash flow of a portfolio caused by those options.

- Expense Ratio: The percentage of the Fund's average net assets attributable to holders of the Shares and which is used to pay operating expenses and takes into account investment management fees, administration fees, and other operating expenses such as legal, audit, insurance, and shareholder communications.
- Hedge Notional: refers to the total net face value, reflecting any offsetting positions, of derivative instruments employed in hedging strategies of the Fund.
- Hedge Ratio: ratio of the Fund's hedge notional amount to its total dollar amount of leverage as of the end of a calendar quarter, assuming the Fund is fully invested at quarter-end. The Fund's investment adviser may, at its discretion, use a variety of derivative instruments including securities options, financial futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and other interest rate protection transactions such as swap agreements, to attempt to hedge its portfolio of assets and seek to enhance its return. There can be no assurance that any particular hedging strategy used will succeed.
- Leverage: the Fund may issue preferred stock or debt, enter into repurchase agreements, or borrow money, in order to increase the amounts available for investment ("leverage"). This gives the Fund's investment adviser, in the fixed income area in particular, the opportunity to enhance yield. The use of leverage increases the likelihood of price volatility and market risk for the Shares. There is also the risk that the cost of funding leverage will exceed the earnings on the related investments, which will have the likely effect of reducing the Fund's yield and the value of its investments.

- Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration: effective duration adjusted for the impact of the Fund's utilization of leverage. A Fund that utilizes leverage will have a leverage-adjusted effective duration that is longer than its effective duration.
- Maturity: date on which the face value of a security/bond must be repaid. It measures the average length to maturity in years of all the bonds in the Fund's portfolio. For mortgagebacked securities, the maturity takes into account the prepayment of the underlying mortgages.
- NAV: Net Asset Value. On a per-Share basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities and dividing such result by the Shares outstanding. On an aggregate, Fund basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities.
- Undistributed Income: the Fund's net income that has not been distributed to holders of its Shares as of the latest available audited financial statements. In the case of a target maturity-type investment company (which is liquidated on or by a specific date), it also includes the amounts to be distributed on or by the liquidation date as the return of the initial investment.



Tax-Free Puerto Rico Fund II, Inc.

Investment Objectives and Policies

Seeks current income that, for Puerto Rico residents, is exempt from both U.S. Federal and Puerto Rico income taxes, consistent with the preservation of capital, by investing:

- up to 33% of its total assets in, among other things, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, its agencies, and instrumentalities
- at least 67% of its total assets in securities issued by Puerto Rico issuers (as described in the Prospectus)¹
- at least 95% of total assets in investment-grade securities1,2
- may issue leverage representing up to 50% of total assets¹

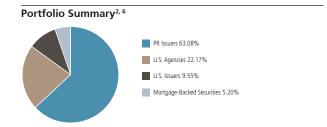
Pricing and Distribution History²

Initial Public Offering (IPO)	\$10.00
3	,
52-week Bid Low/High	\$2.48/\$4.05
YTD NAV Change	-\$1.18
YTD Bid Price Change	-\$1.21
IPO Yield⁵	5.45%
Current Yield ⁵	21.98%
Last Dividend Paid	\$0.0454
Last 12 Month Dividend	\$0.5459

Portfolio Statistics and Characteristics²

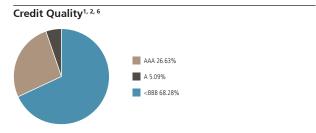
Commencement Shares Outstanding (mm) Bid Price Net Asset Value (NAV) Bid Price to NAV Ratio Net Assets (mm) Leverage (mm) Undistributed Income (mm) Expense Ratio	Jan-02 16.79 \$2.48 \$2.75 90.18% \$46.10 \$49.82 \$6.01 0.94%	Fiscal Year Weighted Avg. Coupon Average Maturity (yrs) Average Duration (yrs) Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration (yrs) Leverage % Leverage Cost Hedge Notional (mm) Hedge Ratio	30-Sep 4.18% 18.87 10.21 16.67 51.43% ¹ 2.12% \$13.05 26%
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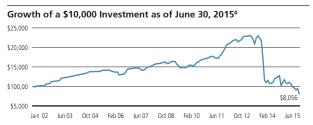
See Portfolio Holdings, Portfolio Manager, Special Considerations, Disclaimers, Glossary of Fund Terms, and Footnotes on reverse.













Portfolio Holdings^{2, 6}

PR Obligations Mortgage-Backed Secu	ırities	U.S. Obligations Federal Home Loan	4.000/
Participation Certific Doral	cate - 5.20%	Bank Federal Farm Credit	4.69%
AFICA	3.20 70	Bank	17.48%
Ashford	2.56%	Build America Bonds	7.47%
Palmas del Mar	0.74%	U.S. Municipals	2.08%
Employees Retirement		U.S. Obligations	31.72%
System	18.89%		
PR Sales Tax Financing	39.68%		
PREPA	1.20%		
PR Obligations	68.28%		

Portfolio Manager

Leslie Highley, Jr.

Portfolio Manager since inception UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico

*Special Considerations

The Fund is a non-diversified, closed-end management investment company registered under the Puerto Rico Investment Companies Act of 1954, as amended. Securities issued by the Fund may be purchased or otherwise transferred only to individuals who are residents of Puerto Rico and to entities whose principal office and principal place of business are located in Puerto Rico. The Fund's yield and net asset value and the market price of the Fund's shares of Common Stock (the "Shares") may fluctuate and will be determined by such factors as relative demand for and supply of the Shares in the market, as well as general market, political, and economic conditions and other factors beyond the control of the Fund. The Shares trade at market price, which may be at a discount or premium to NAV, and no assurance can be given as to their liquidity or trading market. While it is the intention of UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico ("UBSFSPR") to continue to maintain a secondary market for the Shares, it is not obligated to continue to do so. Moreover, there may be no other source of price information for the Shares or other purchasers of the Shares other than UBSFSPR.

Geographic Concentration Risk. The Fund is exposed to certain risks resulting from the reduced geographic diversification of its portfolio. The Fund's assets are invested primarily in securities of Puerto Rico issuers. Consequently, the Fund in general is more susceptible to economic, political, regulatory or other factors adversely affecting issuers in Puerto Rico than an investment company that is not so concentrated in Puerto Rico issuers. In addition, securities issued by the Government of Puerto Rico or its instrumentalities are affected by the central government's finances. That includes, but is not limited to, general obligations of Puerto Rico and revenue bonds, special tax bonds, or agency bonds. The effect on each specific debt may not be the same; it depends on exactly what part of the government's money or revenue is supposed to pay the interest thereon. Inasmuch as a relatively high percentage of the Fund's assets may be invested in obligations of a limited number of Puerto Rico issuers, the Fund's net asset value and its yield may increase or decrease more than that of a more diversified investment company as a result of changes in the market's assessment of the financial condition and prospects of such Puerto Rico issuers. The Fund may also be more susceptible to any single economic, political, or regulatory occurrence in Puerto Rico than a more widely diversified investment company. Over the past years, the principal Puerto Rico Government bonds as well as the securities issued by several

Puerto Rico financial institutions have been downgraded as a result of several factors, including without limitation, the downtum experienced by the Puerto Rico economy and the strained financial condition of the Government of Puerto Rico. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years, thereby affecting the Fund's net asset value.

Portfolio transactions between the Fund and UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (in the case of a co-managed Fund with Banco Popular de Puerto Rico), and other affiliates, are conducted in accordance with procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Directors in an effort to address potential conflicts of interest

Secondary Market Disclosure: Given UBSFSPR is currently the dominant, and may be the sole source of secondary market liquidity for the Shares, an investor may not be able to sell its Shares or may only be able to sell them at a loss, if UBSFSPR were to cease to facilitate such secondary market for the Shares. Accordingly, an investor's ability to sell its Shares will depend on the interest of other investors buying Shares, or UBSFSPR's willingness to commit additional capital to holding Shares in inventory. UBSFSPR may, in its sole discretion, commit additional capital to hold Shares in inventory when it deems it appropriate to do so, given market conditions or other considerations, and similarly may reduce the amount of capital committed to fund such inventory of Shares at other times. For example, when UBSFSPR purchases Shares and holds them in its inventory, quoted prices may remain at the previously quoted levels or increase. Conversely, when UBSFSPR sells Shares from its inventory, the quoted prices may decrease. In situations where UBSFSPR is selling Shares from its inventory, it may offer to sell its Shares at prices that are lower than pending sell orders that were placed by investors in the Shares. Decisions by UBSFSPR to increase or decrease inventory are made at its sole discretion and are

Repurchase Agreement Tax Disclosure: While there is authority generally supporting the treatment of repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements as collateralized loans for Puerto Rico income tax purposes, that authority does not specifically address the tax treatment of the repurchase agreements that the Fund typically enters into, which contain provisions that grant the buyer the right to sell, transfer, pledge, or hypothecate the securities that are the object of such agreements.

Although the Puerto Rico Treasury Department ("PR Treasury") has never pronounced itself as to whether this type of arrangement should be viewed as a transfer of ownership of the underlying securities, it is possible that the PR Treasury could take that position in the future and that Puerto Rico courts would agree with that view. In such event, the tax exempt interest paid on such underlying securities could be deemed not to constitute tax exempt income for the seller of such securities; to the extent that the Fund was such seller, the dividends distributed on its Shares from such income could be treated either as taxable dividends or capital gain dividends. If such dividends were treated as taxable dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts could be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014) on the dividend (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and those which are corporate investors would be subject to a maximum effective income tax rate of 5.85% (or 4.5% for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014), (due to the 85% dividend received deduction of the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, 15% of the dividend multiplied by a 39% maximum corporate income tax rate for dividends distributed on or after July 1, 2014 and 30% for dividends distributed before July 1, 2014). On the other hand, if such dividends were treated as capital gains dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts would be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014) (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and holders of the Shares which are taxed as corporations would be subject to a 20% income tax (15% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014).

Recent changes in the Puerto Rico tax law: Act No. 72-2015, enacted on May 29, 2015, introduced significant changes to the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code of 2011. as amended ("Code").

In relevant part, the Code was amended as to the following: (1) the Code was amended in 2014 to provide that the amount of a capital loss incurred by an individual after June 30, 2014 that may be claimed as a deduction is limited to 90% of capital gains plus the individual's net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; Act No. 72-2015 reinstates the pre-2014 amendment rules, to provide that capital losses derived in a taxable year may be deducted against capital gains generated in the taxable year and that if the capital losses exceed capital gains, the amount of the excess that may be claimed as a deduction is an amount equal to the individual's

net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; (2) in the case of corporations, for taxable years beginning after December 31st, 2014, capital losses (including capital loss carryovers) may only offset up to 80% of a corporate taxpayer's capital gains; and (3) in connection with the transition from a sales and use tax ("SUT") to a 10.5% value added tax ("VAT"), which would become effective on April 1, 2016, (i) the SUT rate applicable to bank charges on commercial accounts increased from 6.0% to 10.5%, effective July 1, 2015; and (ii) a 4% SUT will be imposed, beginning on October 1, 2015 and through March 31, 2016, on, among others, professional and other services (with limited exceptions) rendered to the Fund. Note, however, that interest and other charges for the use money and charges for services (other than bank charges) provided by financial institutions, such as the Funds, will continue to be excluded from the SUT and will not be subject to the VAT.

Legal Disclaimer

Past performance does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Securities issued by the Fund are subject to market risk, including the loss of principal amounts invested. This document is not an offer to sell, or the solicitation of an offer to buy any investment in the Fund, and is for informational purposes only. Fund investments are designed primarily and suitable for long-term investors and not viewed as a vehicle for trading purposes. They may not be suitable to all investors. Fund investments are not equivalent to investments in its underlying securities. The Fund's utilization of leverage poses certain risks to investors, and in some cases, interest rate fluctuations may increase the volatility of its return and affect the Fund to a significantly greater extent than a non-leveraged investment company. More detailed information about the Fund, including applicable fees, costs, penalties, investment objectives and policies, risk factors, and the effects of leverage, is further described in the Share's prospectus, which you should read carefully prior to making an investment. To obtain additional information related to the Fund (including investment returns calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended) or a copy of the Shares' prospectus or Fund's annual report, please contact the UBS Puerto Rico Family of Funds at 787-773-3888. To obtain the Fund's month-end performance or more up-to-date information, please contact your UBS Financial Advisor or see "press releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Footnotes:

Generally, the Fund must invest at least 67% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage) and cash, including cash equivalents, but excluding non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market), in Puerto Rico securities. Additionally, the Fund may issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage, representing not more than 50% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage), cash (including cash equivalents), and non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market), immediately after the issuance of any such preferred stock, or other debt securities. Moreover, the Fund may not issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage unless the value of its total assets less all its liabilities and indebtedness, other than the preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage being issued or already outstanding, is at least equal to 200% of the total aggregate liquidation preference/principal amount of all its outstanding preferred stock (not including any accumulated dividends or other distributions), debt securities, and other forms of leverage. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years. In view of these volatile market conditions, the Puerto Rico Office of the Commissioner of Financial Institutions (the "PROCFI") has granted to the Fund a temporary regulatory waiver from the Funds' investment requirement in Puerto Rico securities of at least 67% of the Fund's total assets and leverage limitation of 50% of its total assets and 200% asset coverage requirement described above, through January 31, 2016. Based on the representations and opinion of the Fund's investment adviser and consistent with the Fund's investment objective, the PROCFI has also granted no-objection relief with respect to the Fund's investment-grade credit rating requirement for Puerto Rico securities, which permit the Fund to continue to invest in Puerto Rico municipal securities that do not have an investment grade credit rating, under certain conditions, at the discretion of the Fund's investment adviser. These temporary waivers and noobjection relief may be renewed by PROCFI for additional periods

of time, should market conditions warrant, and upon written request by the Fund. It is the Fund's intention to re-comply with these requirements as soon as market conditions permit, but there is no assurance as to whether and when the Fund will be able to

2 The "Expense Ratio" calculation may reflect a partial waiver of the investment advisory and administration fees payable to UBS Trust Company of Puerto Rico, implemented on October 1, 2013. For more up-to-date information with respect to such partial fee waivers, if any, please see "Press Releases" at http://www.ubs.com/orfination.org/ reflect to such partial fee waivers, if any, please see "Press Releases" at http://www.ubs.com/orfination.org/ reflect to such partial waivers of the investment of the present of the partial waiver of the investment of the present of the pre

Credit quality is as of June 30, 2015. The Fund's investment portfolio is actively managed, and its composition (including the portfolio statistics and characteristics) will vary over time. Credit quality percentages include only fixed income securities and vary over time, as new investment securities are acquired and the credit rating of any investment held by the Fund is reassessed. For purposes of determining compliance with the Fund's investment requirements, ratings are as of the time of purchase, using a Standard & Poor's equivalent ratings scale. Fitch, Moody's, and S&P have recently downgraded further the general obligation bonds ("GOs") of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, as well as the obligations of certain Commonwealth agencies and public corporations, including COFINA, on numerous occasions, On June 29, 2015, Fitch and S&P further downgraded the GOs and related debt ratings from "B" to "CC" and from "CCC+" to "CCC-," respectively. Moody's followed suit on July 1, 2015, downgrading the GOs and COFINA's senior bonds to "Caa3," and S&P further downgraded all of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico's tax-backed debt to "CC" on September 10, 2015. All such ratings carry a negative outlook. Moreover, on June 29, 2015, the Government of Puerto Rico presented a report entitled "Puerto Rico-A Way Forward" by consultants and former International Monetary Fund economists Krueger, Teja, and Wolfe, which identified a deteriorating cash flow position and very large out-year central government budget gaps that approach the size of current full year general fund revenues. The report projects a fiscal 2016 budget gap of \$3.7 billion, absent corrective action, which would rise to \$6.0 billion by 2018 and higher in subsequent years. The Government of Puerto Rico also announced that it would seek to negotiate with bondholders to defer and/or restructure its \$72 billion debt load and also designated the Working Group for the Fiscal and Economic Recovery of Puerto Rico, to provide a debt restructuring plan. Thereafter, on August 3, 2015, the Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation failed to make a required \$58 million payment on its debt, representing the first time a Puerto

Rico agency defaulted on its debt. The Working Group released the Puerto Rico Fiscal and Economic Growth Plan on September 9, 2015, which among other things, recommends restructuring all tax-backed debt, including GOs and COFINA sales tax debt. In this context, one could expect to see interruptions in cash flow on debt payments, in addition to more price volatility across Puerto Rico securities, as the results of many of the fiscal and budgetary measures adopted and to be adopted in the future by the Government of Puerto Rico are fully realized and such Plan or other debt restructuring is implemented. As a result of the foregoing, none of the bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico and its instrumentalities without credit enhancement currently carry an investment-grade credit rating. Inasmuch as the Fund invests a substantial portion of its assets in securities issued by the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, these recent rating downgrades will negatively impact the Fund's ability to maintain compliance with its maximum/minimum investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality. To the extent that such investment threshold(s) in securities of a specific credit quality are exceeded, Fund management may determine to continue to hold such lower-rated securities, provided any new investment proceeds are directed to acquire investment securities which satisfy the Fund's minimum credit rating requirements. In view of the fact that the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years and the subsequent credit rating downgrades of certain Puerto Rico bonds. Investors are encouraged to refer to current or more un-to-date information regarding the Fund's portfolio holdings available at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds. Currently, the Fund's percentage investment in securities rated below investment-grade (below "BBB" rating) or which are unrated, amounted to 68.28% of the Fund's total portfolio, which exceeds the Fund's maximum investment threshold of 5% of its total assets invested in securities rated below investment-grade or which are unrated. On August 2015, the Board of Directors approved an extension of the Fund's existing share repurchase program for the acquisition of up to 50% of the Fund's issued Shares. The Repurchase Program is intended to enhance shareholder value by providing additional liquidity to Fund shareholders. For the guarter ended June 30, 2015, the Fund had repurchased 1,517,967 Shares in the open market with an NAV of \$4.711.318, at a cost of \$4.055.460, Since the program's inception, the Fund has repurchased 10,131,834 Shares of common stock in the open market with an NAV of \$41,259,555, at a cost of

\$38,170,408, and which represent 37.67% of the aggregate number of Shares issued by the Fund (net of Shares acquired for dividend reinvestment purposes and which remain outstanding).

3 As of June 30, 2015, Return figures were not calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended, which requires that investment returns for an individual retirement account ("IRA") he calculated in the manner provided therein. To the extent that an individual invests in the Fund through an IRA, his or her investment return figures will be less than those reported herein, when computed in accordance with Regulation 5766 and inasmuch as actual sales charges applicable to such IRA investments are taken into consideration. "Average Annual Total Return" figures reflect the percentage change in the market value, determined by calculating the average between the bid and ask prices, plus any income and capital gain dividends, and return of capital distributions, all such dividends and distributions reinvested as of the corresponding record date thereof, at the month-end NAV as of that date In the case of "NAV Total Return," the Fund's NAV per Share is used, rather than the average between the bid and ask prices, to determine such total return, as applicable. "Rolling Period Annual Returns" measure the monthly movement in the average of the Annualized Average Market Return figures over a one-year, three-year, five-year, and ten-year period (as applicable), as it moves over a consecutive time series that begins on the Fund's inception date. Additionally, in the case of the Average Annual Total Return and Rolling Period Annual Return figures, commissions or sales charges payable in connection with a purchase or sale of Shares may vary with each brokerage institution. Total return figures are not representative of the performance of any individual investment, and taxes on capital gain distributions or income dividends, if any, have not been deducted. All calculations were performed by Thomson Reuters. based on certain financial data provided by this Fund and are annualized with the exception of year-to-date figures

- ⁴ A \$10,000 investment is hypothetical and is shown for illustrative purposes only.
- 5 "IPO Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the initial public offering price. "Current Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the month-end bid price.
 6 Percentages may not total 100% due to rounding.



UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico Funds Quarterly Review

Second Quarter 2015

*Consideraciones Especiales

Cada Fondo es una compañía de inversión no diversificada de fin cerrado inscrita bajo la Ley Número 6 de 19 de octubre de 1954, según enmendada. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo pueden solamente ser adquiridos por, o transferidos a, individuos que sean residentes de Puerto Rico y a entidades cuya oficina y localización de negocios principal estén localizados en Puerto Rico. El rendimiento, el valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y el precio en el mercado de las acciones de capital común del Fondo (en adelante, las "Acciones"), podrán fluctuar y se determinarán por factores como la demanda y oferta en el mercado de las Acciones y las condiciones económicas, políticas y del mercado en general, al igual que otros factores que están fuera del control de un Fondo. Las Acciones son negociadas al precio del mercado, el cual puede reflejar una prima o descuento del valor neto de los activos de un Fondo y no se puede dar representación alguna sobre su liquidez o el mercado para disponer de las mismas. A pesar de que es la intención de UBS Financial Services Incorporated of Puerto Rico (en adelante, "UBSFSPR") de continuar manteniendo un mercado secundario para las Acciones, no está obligada a continuar haciéndolo. De otra parte, puede que no exista otra fuente de información de precios para las Acciones u otros compradores para las Acciones que no sea UBSFSPR.

Riesgo de concentración geográfica: El Fondo está expuesto a ciertos riesgos debido a la diversificación geográfica reducida de su cartera de inversiones. Los activos del fondo están invertidos primariamente en valores de emisores de Puerto Rico. A consecuencia, el Fondo generalmente es más susceptible a factores económicos, políticos, regulatorios y otros que podrían afectar adversamente a emisores de Puerto Rico que otra compañía de inversión la cual no esté tan concentrada en emisores de Puerto Rico. En adición, valores emitidos por el Gobierno de Puerto Rico o sus instrumentalidades se afectan por las finanzas del gobierno central. Eso incluye, pero no se limita a. las obligaciones generales de Puerto Rico y los bonos de ingresos, contribuciones especiales o de agencias. El efecto en cada deuda específica podría no ser el mismo y depende de que parte del dinero del gobierno o sus ingresos se supone paque el interés de dicha deuda. En la medida que un porcentaje relativamente alto de los activos del Fondo pueden ser invertidos en obligaciones de un número limitado de emisores de Puerto Rico, el valor neto de activos y su rendimiento puede aumentar o disminuir más que él de una compañía de inversión más diversificada, como resultado de cambios en cuanto a la evaluación de la condición financiera o prospectos de dichos emisores de Puerto Rico. El Fondo también puede ser más susceptible a cualquier ocurrencia individual económica, política o regulatoria en Puerto Rico que una compañía de inversión más diversificada. En los pasados años, los bonos principales del Gobierno de Puerto Rico, al igual que valores emitidos por ciertas instituciones financieras de Puerto Rico han sido degradados por varios factores, incluyendo sin limitación, al empeoramiento experimentado por la economía de Puerto Rico y la condición financiera pobre del Gobierno de Puerto Rico. Al presente, el mercado de bonos de Puerto Rico está experimentando un periodo de mas volatilidad,

mas con los bonos de Puerto Rico traficando a precios más bajos y rendimientos más altos a los puntos de referencia de los pasados dos (2) años, y así afectando el valor neto de activos del Fondo.

Transacciones de cartera entre un Fondo y UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (en el caso de un Fondo comanejado con Banco Popular de Puerto Rico) y otras afiliadas son efectuadas conforme a ciertos procedimientos adoptados por la Junta de Directores de un Fondo con miras a atender posibles conflictos de interés

Divulgación de Mercado Secundario: Dado a que actualmente UBSFSPR es la fuente dominante, y podría ser la única fuente, de liquidez para la negociación de las Acciones en el mercado secundario, cabe la posibilidad que un inversionista no pueda vender sus Acciones en el mercado secundario o que solamente pueda venderlas a pérdida, si UBSFSPR cesara de facilitar un mercado secundario para la negociación de las Acciones. Por lo tanto, la habilidad de un inversionista para vender sus Acciones dependerá del interés de otros inversionistas que estén comprando Acciones o la disponibilidad de UBSFSPR de designar capital adicional para mantener Acciones en su inventario. UBSFSPR podrá, a su única discreción, comprometer capital adicional para mantener Acciones en inventario cuando así lo estime apropiado, dependiendo de las condiciones del mercado y otras consideraciones, e igualmente en otras ocasiones, podrá reducir la cantidad de capital comprometida para financiar dicho inventario de las Acciones. Por ejemplo, cuando UBSFSPR compra Acciones para su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrán permanecer a los niveles previamente cotizados o aumentar. Por otro lado, cuando UBSFSPR vende Acciones de su inventario, los precios cotizados por éste podrían reducirse. En situaciones en que UBSFSPR está vendiendo Acciones de su inventario, podría ofrecer vender dichas Acciones a precios más bajos que cualquier orden de venta pendiente que fue puesta sobre sus Acciones por cualquier inversionista. Cualquier decisión de UBSFSPR de aumentar o reducir su inventario será tomada a su única discreción y no son divulgadas al público.

Divulgación Contributiva sobre Acuerdos de Recompra: A pesar de que existe precedente contable que apoya el concepto que los acuerdos de recompra y recompra a la inversa sean considerados como préstamos con garantía colateral para propósitos contributivos en Puerto Rico, dicho precedente no es determinante en cuanto a las disposiciones contributivas aplicables a los acuerdos de recompra que normalmente el Fondo suscribe, que contienen disposiciones que conceden al comprador de los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos el derecho a vender, transferir, pignorar o hipotecar dichos valores. A pesar de que el Departamento de Hacienda de Puerto Rico (en adelante, "Hacienda") nunca se ha expresado sobre si estos tipos de acuerdos deben ser considerados como una transferencia de titularidad sobre los valores subyacentes, Hacienda podría adoptar dicha posición y que los tribunales de Puerto Rico estén de acuerdo con dicha posición. En dicho caso, el interés exento pagado sobre los valores subvacentes a dichos acuerdos podría considerarse

como ingreso no exento del pago de contribución para el vendedor de tales valores subyacentes. En la medida que el Fondo sea considerado el vendedor bajo el acuerdo de recompra correspondiente, los dividendos distribuidos sobre las Acciones que a su vez son derivados del ingreso del acuerdo de recompra correspondiente podría ser considerado como un dividendo suieto a tributación o ganancias de capital. Si tal dividendo fuera considerado como dividendo sujeto a tributación, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico podrían estar sujetos a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014) sobre el dividendo (o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y aquellos que sean inversionistas corporativos estarían sujetos a una máxima tasa efectiva de 5.85% (o 4.5% para dividendos distribuidos antes del 15 de julio de 2014), debido a la deducción de 85% sobre dividendos recibidos, según dispuesto por el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico, multiplicando el 15% del dividendo por una tasa contributiva corporativa máxima de 39% para los dividendos distribuidos en o después del 1 de julio de 2014 y 30% para los dividendos distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014). Por otro lado, si tales dividendos fueran considerados como dividendos de ganancias de capital, los tenedores de las Acciones que sean individuos o fideicomisos de Puerto Rico estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 15% (o a una tasa contributiva de 10% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014 o la contribución básica alterna aplicable), y los tenedores de las Acciones que tributa como corporaciones, estarían sujeto a una tasa contributiva de 20% (tasa contributiva de 15% para dividendos de ganancias de capital distribuidos antes del 1 de julio de 2014).

Cambios Recientes al Derecho Tributario de Puerto Rico: El 29 de mayo de 2015, el Gobernador de Puerto Rico promulgó la Ley 72-2015, la cual enmendó significativamente el Código de Rentas Internas de Puerto Rico de 2011, según enmendado (el "Código"). En lo relevante, el Código fue enmendado en cuanto a lo siguiente: (1) en el 2014, el Código se enmendó para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas por un individuo después del 30 de junio de 2014 que serían admitidas como deducción estaban limitadas a 90% de las ganancias de capital más el ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que fuere menor; la Ley 72-2015 restaura el lenguaje existente previo a la enmienda del 2014 para disponer que las pérdidas de capital incurridas en un año contributivo serán admitidas como deducción hasta el monto de las ganancias de capital generadas durante dicho año contributivo, y que si las pérdidas exceden las ganancias de dicho año contributivo, el contribuyente podrá deducir dicho exceso hasta el monto del ingreso neto del contribuyente o \$1,000, lo que sea menor; (2) en el caso de corporaciones, para años contributivos comenzados después del 31 de diciembre de 2014, las pérdidas de capital (incluyendo el arrastre de pérdidas de capital) serán admitidas como deducción hasta el 80% de las ganancias de capital; y (3) con relación a la transición del impuesto sobre ventas y uso ("IVU") al nuevo impuesto sobre valor añadido ("IVA") de 10.5%, que será efectivo a partir del 1 de abril de 2016, (i) la tasa

de IVU aplicable a los cargos bancarios impuestos sobre cuentas comerciales aumentó de 6.0% a 10.5%, efectivo el 1 de julio de 2015, y (ii) a partir del 1 de octubre de 2015 y hasta el 31 de marzo de 2016, un IVU de 4.0% será impuesto sobre, entre otros, servicios profesionales y otros servicios (con ciertas excepciones limitadas) prestados al Fondo. No obstante, los intereses y otros cargos por el uso del dinero y servicios prestados (que no sean cargos bancarios) por instituciones financieras, tales como los Fondos, continuarán excluidos de la imposición del IVU y tampoco serán tributables para propósitos del IVA.

Aviso Legal

Rendimientos anteriores no son garantía de resultados futuros similares. Los rendimientos actuales podrían ser más bajos o más altos que el rendimiento aquí citado. Los valores emitidos por un Fondo están sujetos a riesgo de mercado, incluyendo la pérdida del principal invertido. Este documento no es una oferta de compra ni una solicitud de una oferta de compra para cualquier inversión en un Fondo y es para propósitos informativos solamente. Las inversiones en un Fondo están diseñadas principalmente y son adecuadas para inversionistas a largo plazo y no deben ser consideradas como un vehículo para fines de negociación. Estas inversiones puede que no sean adecuadas para cualquier inversionista. Una inversión en un Fondo no es equivalente a una inversión en los valores subvacentes en los cuales un Fondo invierte. El uso de apalancamiento por un Fondo representa ciertos riesgos a los inversionistas en éste, y en ciertos casos, las fluctuaciones en las tasas de intereses podrían aumentar la volatilidad en su rendimiento y afectar a un Fondo a mayor grado que a una compañía de inversión no apalancada. Información más detallada en cuanto a un Fondo, incluvendo los cargos, gastos y penalidades aplicables, objetivo(s) y políticas de inversión, factores de riesgo y el efecto de apalancamiento, se incluye en la documentación de oferta del Fondo, el cual usted debe leer cuidadosamente antes de hacer **una inversión.** Para obtener más información en cuanto a un Fondo (incluyendo los rendimientos de inversión calculados conforme el Reglamento 5766 de 11 de marzo de 1998, según enmendado) o una copia del prospecto para la oferta de las Acciones o los informes anuales del Fondo, favor de contactar a la familia de fondos UBS Puerto Rico o Puerto Rico Investors al 787-773-3888 ó 787-751-5452, respectivamente. Para obtener más información en cuanto a los rendimientos del Fondo de fin de mes o información más actualizada, por favor contactar a su Asesor Financiero en UBSFSPR o verifique los comunicados de prensa ("press releases") en http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Glossary of fund terms

- Ask Price: generally refers to the lowest price at which a seller will sell a specified number of units of a given security at a particular time. The ask price may incorporate a markup, which may vary by transaction and may include commissions and other charges. The ask prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price and age of pending customer orders.

- Average Duration: a time measure of a bond's interest-rate sensitivity, based on the weighted average of the time periods over which a bond's cash flow accrue to the bondholder. Time periods are weighted by multiplying by the present value of its cash flow divided by the bond's price. (A bond's cash flow consist of coupon payments and repayment of capital.) A bond's duration will almost always be shorter than its maturity, with the exception of zero-coupon bonds, for which maturity and duration are equal.
- Bid Price: generally refers to the highest price a buyer is willing to pay at a particular time for a unit of a given security. UBSFSPR publishes two types of bid prices for the Shares: firm or indicative. A firm bid is provided when UBSFSPR has the risk capacity and/or appetite at the particular time to purchase a specified number of Shares. An investor can sell to UBSFSPR at the firm bid price up to the specified number of Shares at a particular time. On the other hand, an indicative bid is provided for informational purposes only when UBSFSPR does not have the risk capacity and/or appetite at a particular time to purchase Shares. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR represent its judgment of the market price for the Shares. The price quotes take into account market factors, including, but not limited to, recent transactions, supply and demand, the yield of similar types of products, the size and age of UBSFSPR's inventory, and the size, price, and age of pending customer orders, and may be higher (in which case the price is at a premium) or lower (in which case
- the price is at a discount) than the NAV of the Fund. The prices quoted by UBSFSPR may also be affected by its willingness to hold additional inventory of the Shares or by its need to sell its inventory of Shares. Depending on market liquidity conditions. orders to buy or sell at the quoted price may not receive immediate execution, and an investor may not be able to sell its Shares at the price quoted by UBSFSPR. Moreover, the proceeds an investor receives on a sale of Shares may be lower than the bid price due to discounts, markdowns, and other charges. Since inception, the Shares have historically traded at prices which reflect a premium to their respective NAV per Share, though on certain limited instances, they have traded at prices which reflect a discount to their respective NAV per Share. However, there is no assurance that the Shares will continue to trade at prices which reflect such a premium. The Fund is presently experiencing liquidity issues. As a result, the bid price is for a limited number of shares, and it may not be possible for sellers to obtain the current bid price.
- Credit Quality: a measure of the likelihood that a financial obligation will not be honored provided by one or more of the rating agencies. Rating agencies assign classifications to their ratings, with "AAA" being the highest and "D" being the lowest for Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"). The Fund may use other ratings and adjust them for use in this scale.
- Effective Duration: a calculation of duration that takes into account the embedded options in the securities of a portfolio and their expected changes in the cash flow of a portfolio caused by those options.

- Expense Ratio: The percentage of the Fund's average net assets attributable to holders of the Shares and which is used to pay operating expenses and takes into account investment management fees, administration fees, and other operating expenses such as legal, audit, insurance, and shareholder communications.
- Hedge Notional: refers to the total net face value, reflecting any offsetting positions, of derivative instruments employed in hedging strategies of the Fund.
- Hedge Ratio: ratio of the Fund's hedge notional amount to its total dollar amount of leverage as of the end of a calendar quarter, assuming the Fund is fully invested at quarter-end. The Fund's investment adviser may, at its discretion, use a variety of derivative instruments including securities options, financial futures contracts, options on futures contracts, and other interest rate protection transactions such as swap agreements, to attempt to hedge its portfolio of assets and seek to enhance its return. There can be no assurance that any particular hedging strategy used will succeed.
- Leverage: the Fund may issue preferred stock or debt, enter into repurchase agreements, or borrow money, in order to increase the amounts available for investment ("leverage"). This gives the Fund's investment adviser, in the fixed income area in particular, the opportunity to enhance yield. The use of leverage increases the likelihood of price volatility and market risk for the Shares. There is also the risk that the cost of funding leverage will exceed the earnings on the related investments, which will have the likely effect of reducing the Fund's yield and the value of its investments.

- Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration: effective duration adjusted for the impact of the Fund's utilization of leverage. A Fund that utilizes leverage will have a leverage-adjusted effective duration that is longer than its effective duration.
- Maturity: date on which the face value of a security/bond must be repaid. It measures the average length to maturity in years of all the bonds in the Fund's portfolio. For mortgagebacked securities, the maturity takes into account the prepayment of the underlying mortgages.
- NAV: Net Asset Value. On a per-Share basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities and dividing such result by the Shares outstanding. On an aggregate, Fund basis, it is determined by calculating the Fund's total assets less its total liabilities.
- Undistributed Income: the Fund's net income that has not been distributed to holders of its Shares as of the latest available audited financial statements. In the case of a target maturity-type investment company (which is liquidated on or by a specific date), it also includes the amounts to be distributed on or by the liquidation date as the return of the initial investment.



Tax-Free Puerto Rico Target Maturity Fund, Inc.

Investment Objectives and Policies

Seeks current income that for Puerto Rico residents is exempt from both U.S. Federal and Puerto Rico income taxes, consistent with the preservation of capital, and the distribution to shareholders of common stock, of an amount equal to \$10 per share, by investing:

- up to 33% of its total assets in, among other things, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, its agencies, and instrumentalities

- at least 67% of its total assets in Puerto Rico History^{2, 3, A, B} obligations (as described in the Prospectus)¹
- at least 95% of total assets in investmentgrade securities1,2
- return initial investment of \$10, per share by or before December 31, 2031; (distributions of principal have commenced^{A, 2})
- may issue leverage representing up to 50% of total assets1

Life

Pricing and Distribution

Initial Public Offering (IPO)	\$10.00
Distribution to Date	\$2.35
Remaining Capital	\$7.65
IPO Yield ⁵	5.80%
Current Yield ⁵	22.64%
Last Dividend Paid	\$0.0370
Last 12-Month Dividend	\$0.4441

Portfolio Statistics and Characteristics²

Commencement Shares Outstanding (mm) Bid Price Net Asset Value (NAV) Net Assets (mm) Leverage (mm) Expense Ratio	Aug-01 24.93 \$1.96 \$2.10 \$52.29 \$53.70 0.78%	Average Duration (yrs) Leverage Adjusted Effective Duration Fiscal Year Leverage % Leverage Cost Hedge Notional (mm)	7.59 14.18 30-Jun 50.14% ¹ 2.36% 13.85
Expense Ratio Average Maturity (yrs)	0.78% 13.25	Hedge Notional (mm) Hedge Ratio	13.85 26%

See Portfolio Holdings, Portfolio Manager, Special Considerations, Disclaimers, Glossary of Fund Terms, and Footnotes on reverse.

Portfolio Summary^{2, 6} PR Issuers 92.24%

10% -10%

-20%

-36.42%-37.45%

YTD

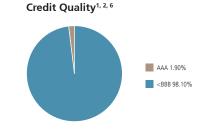
Market

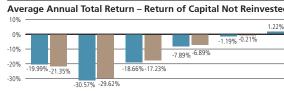


Average Annual Total Return - Return of Capital Reinvested³

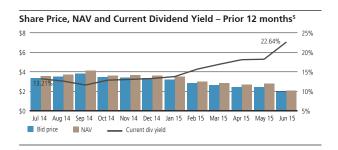
-30.58% -28.50%

-48.259 -50 13%











Portfolio Holdings^{2, 6}

PR Obligations		PR Sales Tax Financin	g 64.92%
Mortgage-Backed Secu	ırities	PREPA	7.12%
Participation Certific Doral	ate - 5.86%	PR Obligations	98.10%
AFICA Palmas del Mar	0.07%	U.S. Obligations Federal Home Loan	
Employees Retirement	20 120/	Bank	1.90%
System	20.13%	U.S. Obligations	1.90%

Pro-Forma ^B	Actual	Capital distributed to date	Adjusted Amount
Bid Price	\$1.96	\$2.35	\$4.31
NAV	\$2.10	\$2.35	\$4.45

Portfolio Manager

Leslie Highley, Jr., Portfolio Manager since inception UBS Asset Managers of Puerto Rico

- A During the principal distribution period, the Fund will distribute pro-rata to holders of common stock the principal payments received by the Fund on its portfolio securities, in addition to the regular monthly distributions of net investment income and annual distributions of net capital gains.
- ⁸ In order to compute the Pro-Forma values, the total aggregate amount of all return of capital distributions per Share made to date (i.e. since commencement of capital distributions on December 2007) is added back to (i) the bid price for the Shares and (ii) the NAV. The Pro-Forma value is intended to reflect the value of a Share on the basis of the original \$10.00 initial public offering (IPO) price per Share. An investor purchasing Shares at current market prices can expect to receive return of capital distributions of up to the amount labeled "Remaining Capital" in the "Pricing and Distribution History" table, although there can be no assurance that they will ultimately receive such amounts.

of the Shares other than UBSFSPR.

Geographic Concentration Risk. The Fund is exposed to certain risks resulting from the reduced geographic diversification of its portfolio. The Fund's assets are invested primarily in securities of Puerto Rico issuers. Consequently, the Fund in general is more susceptible to economic, political, regulatory or other factors adversely affecting issuers in Puerto Rico than an investment company that is not so concentrated in Puerto Rico issuers. In addition, securities issued by the Government of Puerto Rico or its instrumentalities are affected by the central government's finances. That includes, but is not limited to, general obligations of Puerto Rico and revenue bonds, special tax bonds, or agency bonds. The effect on each specific debt may not be the same; it depends on exactly what part of the government's money or revenue is supposed to pay the interest thereon. Inasmuch as a relatively high percentage of the Fund's assets may be invested in obligations of a limited number of Puerto Rico issuers, the Fund's net asset value and its yield may increase or decrease more than that of a more diversified investment company as a result of changes in the market's assessment of the financial condition and prospects of such Puerto Rico issuers. The Fund may also be more susceptible to any single economic, political, or regulatory occurrence in Puerto Rico than a more widely diversified investment company. Over the past years, the principal Puerto Rico Government bonds as well as the securities issued by several

Puerto Rico financial institutions have been downgraded as a result of several factors, including without limitation, the downturn experienced by the Puerto Rico economy and the strained financial condition of the Government of Puerto Rico. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years, thereby affecting the Fund's net asset value.

Portfolio transactions between the Fund and UBSFSPR, Popular Securities (in the case of a co-managed Fund with Banco Popular de Puerto Rico). and other affiliates, are conducted in accordance with procedures adopted by the Fund's Board of Directors in an effort to address potential conflicts

Secondary Market Disclosure: Given UBSFSPR is currently the dominant, and may be the sole source of secondary market liquidity for the Shares, an investor may not be able to sell its Shares or may only be able to sell them at a loss, if UBSFSPR were to cease to facilitate such secondary market for the Shares. Accordingly, an investor's ability to sell its Shares will depend on the interest of other investors buying Shares, or UBSFSPR's willingness to commit additional capital to holding Shares in inventory. UBSFSPR may, in its sole discretion, commit additional capital to hold Shares in inventory when it deems it appropriate to do so, given market conditions or other considerations, and similarly may reduce the amount of capital committed to fund such inventory of Shares at other times. For example, when UBSFSPR purchases Shares and holds them in its inventory, quoted prices may remain at the previously quoted levels or increase. Conversely, when UBSFSPR sells Shares from its inventory, the quoted prices may decrease. In situations where UBSFSPR is selling Shares from its inventory, it may offer to sell its Shares at prices that are lower than pending sell orders that were placed by investors in the Shares. Decisions by UBSFSPR to increase or decrease inventory are made at its sole discretion and are

Repurchase Agreement Tax Disclosure: While there is authority generally supporting the treatment of repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements as collateralized loans for Puerto Rico income tax purposes. that authority does not specifically address the tax treatment of the repurchase agreements that the Fund typically enters into, which contain provisions that grant the buyer the right to sell, transfer, pledge, or hypothecate the securities that are the object of such agreements.

Although the Puerto Rico Treasury Department ("PR Treasury") has never pronounced itself as to whether this type of arrangement should be viewed as a transfer of ownership of the underlying securities, it is possible that the PR Treasury could take that position in the future and that Puerto Rico courts would agree with that view. In such event, the tax exempt interest paid on such underlying securities could be deemed not to constitute tax exempt income for the seller of such securities; to the extent that the Fund was such seller, the dividends distributed on its Shares from such income could be treated either as taxable dividends or capital gain dividends. If such dividends were treated as taxable dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts could be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014) on the dividend (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and those which are corporate investors would be subject to a maximum effective income tax rate of 5.85% (or 4.5% for dividends distributed before July 15, 2014), (due to the 85% dividend received deduction of the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, 15% of the dividend multiplied by a 39% maximum corporate income tax rate for dividends distributed on or after July 1, 2014 and 30% for dividends distributed before July 1, 2014). On the other hand, if such dividends were treated as capital gains dividends, holders of the Shares who are individuals or Puerto Rico trusts would be subject to a 15% income tax (or 10% income tax for capital dividends distributed before July 1, 2014) (or the applicable alternate basic tax), and holders of the Shares which are taxed as corporations would be subject to a 20% income tax (15% income tax for capital dividends distributed

Recent changes in the Puerto Rico tax law: Act No. 72-2015, enacted on May 29, 2015, introduced significant changes to the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code of 2011, as amended ("Code").

In relevant part, the Code was amended as to the following: (1) the Code was amended in 2014 to provide that the amount of a capital loss incurred by an individual after June 30, 2014 that may be claimed as a deduction is limited to 90% of capital gains plus the individual's net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; Act No. 72-2015 reinstates the pre-2014 amendment rules, to provide that capital losses derived in a taxable year may be deducted against capital gains generated in the taxable year and that if the capital losses exceed capital gains, the amount of the excess that may be claimed as a deduction is an amount equal to the individual's

net income or \$1,000, whichever is less; (2) in the case of corporations, for taxable years beginning after December 31st, 2014, capital losses (including capital loss carryovers) may only offset up to 80% of a corporate taxpayer's capital gains; and (3) in connection with the transition from a sales and use tax ("SUT") to a 10.5% value added tax ("VAT"), which would become effective on April 1, 2016, (i) the SUT rate applicable to bank charges on commercial accounts increased from 6.0% to 10.5%, effective July 1, 2015; and (ii) a 4% SUT will be imposed, beginning on October 1, 2015 and through March 31, 2016, on, among others, professional and other services (with limited exceptions) rendered to the Fund. Note, however, that interest and other charges for the use money and charges for services (other than bank charges) provided by financial institutions, such as the Funds, will continue to be excluded from the SUT and will not be subject to the VAT.

Legal Disclaimer

Past performance does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted. Securities issued by the Fund are subject to market risk, including the loss of principal amounts invested. This document is not an offer to sell, or the solicitation of an offer to buy any investment in the Fund, and is for informational purposes only. Fund investments are designed primarily and suitable for long-term investors and not viewed as a vehicle for trading purposes. They may not be suitable to all investors. Fund investments are not equivalent to investments in its underlying securities. The Fund's utilization of leverage poses certain risks to investors, and in some cases, interest rate fluctuations may increase the volatility of its return and affect the Fund to a significantly greater extent than a non-leveraged investment company. More detailed information about the Fund, including applicable fees, costs, penalties, investment objectives and policies, risk factors, and the effects of leverage, is further described in the Share's prospectus, which you should read carefully prior to making an investment. To obtain additional information related to the Fund (including investment returns calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended) or a copy of the Shares' prospectus or Fund's annual report, please contact the Puerto Rico Investors Family of Funds at 787-751-5452. To obtain the Fund's month-end performance or more up-to-date information, please contact your UBS Financial Advisor or see "press releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Generally, the Fund must invest at least 67% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage) and cash, including cash equivalents, but excluding non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap marked-to-market), in Puerto Rico securities. Additionally, the Fund may issue preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage, representing not more than 50% of the total market value of the Fund's portfolio securities (including, but not limited to, portfolio securities purchased with the proceeds of leverage), cash (including cash equivalents), and non-cash, non-portfolio securities items (including, but not limited to, prepaid items, receivables, and swap markedto-market), immediately after the issuance of any such preferred stock, or other debt securities. Moreover, the Fund may not issue preferred stock. debt securities, or other forms of leverage unless the value of its total assets less all its liabilities and indebtedness, other than the preferred stock, debt securities, or other forms of leverage being issued or already outstanding, is at least equal to 200% of the total aggregate liquidation preference/principal amount of all its outstanding preferred stock (not including any accumulated dividends or other distributions), debt securities, and other forms of leverage. Currently, the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years. In view of these volatile market conditions, the **Puerto Rico Office of the Commissioner of Financial Institutions** (the "PROCFI") has granted to the Fund a temporary regulatory waiver from the Funds' investment requirement in Puerto Rico securities of at least 67% of the Fund's total assets and leverage limitation of 50% of its total assets and 200% asset coverage requirement described above, through January 31, 2016. Based on the representations and opinion of the Fund's investment adviser and consistent with the Fund's investment objective, the PROCFI has also granted no-objection relief with respect to the Fund's investment-grade credit rating requirement for Puerto Rico securities, which permit the Fund to continue to invest in Puerto Rico municipal securities that do not have an investment grade credit rating, under certain conditions, at the discretion of the Fund's investment adviser. These temporary waivers and no-objection relief may be renewed by the PROCFI for additional periods of time, should market conditions warrant, and upon

written request by the Fund. It is the Fund's intention to recomply with these requirements as soon as market conditions permit, but there is no assurance as to whether and when the Fund will be able to do so.

The "Expense Ratio" calculation may reflect a partial waiver of the investment advisory and administration fees payable to UBS Trust Company of Puerto Rico, implemented on October 1, 2013. For more up-to-date information. with respect to such partial fee waivers, if any, please see "Press Releases" at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds.

Credit quality is as of June 30, 2015. The Fund's investment portfolio is actively managed, and its composition (including the portfolio statistics and characteristics) will vary over time. Credit quality percentages include only fixed income securities and vary over time, as new investment securities are acquired and the credit rating of any investment held by the Fund is reassessed. For purposes of determining compliance with the Fund's investment requirements, ratings are as of the time of purchase, using a Standard & Poor's equivalent ratings scale. Fitch, Moody's, and S&P have recently downgraded further the general obligation bonds ("GOs") of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, as well as the obligations of certain Commonwealth agencies and public corporations, including COFINA, on numerous occasions. On June 29, 2015, Fitch and S&P further downgraded the GOs and related debt ratings from "B" to "CC" and from "CCC+" to "CCC-," respectively. Moody's followed suit on July 1, 2015, downgrading the GOs and COFINA's senior bonds to "Caa3." and S&P further downgraded all of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico's tax-backed debt to "CC" on September 10, 2015. All such ratings carry a negative outlook. Moreover, on June 29, 2015, the Government of Puerto Rico presented a report entitled "Puerto Rico—A Way Forward" by consultants and former International Monetary Fund economists Krueger, Teja, and Wolfe, which identified a deteriorating cash flow position and very large out-year central government budget gaps that approach the size of current full year general fund revenues. The report projects a fiscal 2016 budget gap of \$3.7 billion, absent corrective action, which would rise to \$6.0 billion by 2018 and higher in subsequent years. The Government of Puerto Rico also announced that it would seek to negotiate with bondholders to defer and/or restructure its \$72 billion debt load and also designated the Working Group for the Fiscal and Economic Recovery of Puerto Rico, to provide a debt restructuring plan. Thereafter, on August 3, 2015, the Puerto Rico Public Finance Corporation failed to make a required \$58 million payment on its debt, representing the first time a Puerto Rico agency defaulted on its debt. The Working Group released the Puerto Rico Fiscal and Economic Growth Plan on September 9, 2015.

which among other things, recommends restructuring all tax-backed debt. including GOs and COFINA sales tax debt. In this context, one could expect to see interruptions in cash flow on debt payments, in addition to more price volatility across Puerto Rico securities, as the results of many of the fiscal and budgetary measures adopted and to be adopted in the future by the Government of Puerto Rico are fully realized and such Plan or other debt restructuring is implemented. As a result of the foregoing, none of the bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico and its instrumentalities without credit enhancement currently carry an investment-grade credit rating. In view of the fact that the Puerto Rico bond market is experiencing a period of increased volatility, with Puerto Rico bonds trading at lower prices and higher yields compared to benchmarks of the past two (2) years and the subsequent credit rating downgrades of certain Puerto Rico bonds. Investors are encouraged to refer to current or more up-to-date information regarding the Fund's portfolio holdings available at http://www.ubs.com/prfunds. The Fund has commenced pro-rata distributions to its holders of common stock of the principal payments received on its portfolio securities.

On August 2015, the Board of Directors approved an extension of the Fund's existing share repurchase program for the acquisition of up to 50% of the Fund's issued Shares. The Repurchase Program is intended to enhance shareholder value by providing additional liquidity to Fund shareholders. For the quarter ended June 30, 2015, the Fund had repurchased 890, 294 Shares. in the open market with an NAV of \$2,190,571, at a cost of \$1,857,116. Since the program's inception, the Fund has repurchased 6,699,192 Shares of common stock in the open market with an NAV of \$29,244,493, at a cost of \$27,456,851, and which represent 21.18% of the aggregate number of Shares issued by the Fund (net of Shares acquired for dividend reinvestment purposes and which remain outstanding).

As of June 30, 2015, Return figures were not calculated in accordance with Regulation 5766 of March 11, 1998, as amended, which requires that investment returns for an individual retirement account ("IRA") be calculated in the manner provided therein. To the extent that an individual invests in the Fund through an IRA, his or her investment return figures will be less than those reported herein. when computed in accordance with Regulation 5766 and inasmuch as actual sales charges applicable to such IRA investments are taken into consideration. This Fund has commenced return of capital distributions to its shareholders of Common Stock. This Fund has never offered a dividend reinvestment plan

for the Shares. Solely for purposes of providing investors with (a) the ability to compare the performance of the Fund to that of other similar closed-end investment companies, and (b) performance information which does not take into account any reinvestment of return of capital distributions, two (2) separate sets of "Average Annual Total Return" figures are set out above. The first set of "Market Total Return" figures reflect the percentage change in the market value, determined by calculating the average between the bid and ask prices, plus any income and capital gain dividends, and return of capital distributions, all such dividends and distributions reinvested as of the corresponding record date thereof, at the month-end NAV as of that date. The second set of "Market Total Return" figures reflect the percentage change in the market value, determined by calculating the average between the bid and ask prices, including in each case the aggregate amounts of all return of capital distributions to date, plus any income and capital gain dividends, all such dividends reinvested as of the corresponding record date thereof, at the month-end Pro Forma NAV as of that date. In the case of "NAV Total Return," the Fund's NAV per Share is used, rather than the average between the bid and ask prices or the sum of (i) the average between the bid and ask prices and (ii) the aggregate amount of return of capital distributions to date, to determine such total return, as applicable. "Rolling Period Annual Returns" measure the monthly movement in the average of the Annualized Average Market Return figures over a one-year, three-year, five-year, and ten-year period (as applicable), as it moves over a consecutive time series that begins on the Fund's inception date. Additionally, in the case of the Average Annual Total Return and Rolling Period Annual Return figures, commissions or sales charges payable in connection with a purchase or sale of Shares may vary with each brokerage institution. Total return figures are not representative of the performance of any individual investment, and taxes on capital gain distributions or income dividends, if any, have not been deducted. All calculations were performed by Thomson Reuters, based on certain financial data provided by this Fund and are annualized with the exception of year-todate figures.

- A \$10,000 investment is hypothetical and is shown for illustrative purposes
- "IPO Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the remaining capital. "Current Dividend Yield" is calculated by multiplying the current month's distribution by twelve (12) and dividing the result by the month-end bid price.
- ⁶ Percentages may not total 100% due to rounding.